DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SAM. L. ROGERS, DIRECTOR

CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES 1914

NORTH DAKOTA

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EXPLANATION OF TERMS.

Scope of census.—Census statistics of manufactures are compiled primarily for the purpose of showing the absolute and relative magnitude of the different branches of industry covered and their growth or decline. Incidentally, the effort is made to present data throwing light upon character of covnership, size of establishments, and similar subjects. When use is made of the statistics for these purposes it is imperative that due attention should be given to their limitations, particularly in connection with any attempt to derive from them figures purporting to show average wages, cost of production, or profits.

The census did not cover establishments which were idle during the entire year or whose products were valued at less than \$500, or the manufacturing done in educational, eleemosynary, and penal institutions.

Period covered.—The returns relate to the calendar year 1914, or the business year which corresponded most nearly to that calendar year, and cover a year's operations, except for establishments which began or discontinued business during the

The establishment.—As a rule, the term "establishment" represents a single plant or factory, but in some cases it represents two or more plants which were operated under a common ownership or for which one set of books of account was kept. If, however, the plants constituting an establishment as thus defined were not all located within the same city or state, separate reports were secured in order that the figures for each plant might be included in the statistics for the city or state in which it was located. In some instances separate reports were secured for different industries carried on in the same establishment.

Classification by industries.—The establishments were assigned to the several classes of industries according to their products of chief value. The products reported for a given industry may thus, on the one hand, include minor products very different from those covered by the class designation, and, on the other hand, may not include the total product eovered by this designation, because some part of this product may be made in establishments in which it is not the product of chief value. As a rule, the same designation is used for the industry wherever it appears, although all of the products indicated by this designation were not manufactured in the state or city for which these statistics are presented. In some instances the wording is changed so as to more correctly describe the products represented. For a number of industries subclasses are shown which indicate more definitely the kind of products.

Selected industries.—The general tables at the end of this bulletin give the principal facts separately for the industries of the state. A selection has been made of the leading industries of the state for more detailed consideration. Sometimes an industry of greater importance than some of those selected is omitted because it comprises so few establishments that these detailed presentations would reveal the operations of individual concerns.

Comparisons with previous censuses.—Owing to changes in industrial conditions it is not always possible to classify establishments by industries in such a way as to permit accurate comparison with preceding censuses. At the census of 1909 the figures for kindred industries were combined. This practice, as a rule, has been followed in compiling the statistics of 1914 when placed in comparison with those for 1909 and prior years. The comparative summary for 1914, 1909, and 1904, therefore, does not show separately all the industries given for 1914 in the detailed statement for the state.

Influence of increased prices.—In comparing figures for cost of materials, value of products, and value added by manufacture in 1914 and 1909 with the corresponding figures for earlier censuses, account should be taken of the general increase in the prices of commodities during recent years. To the extent to which this factor has been influential the figures fail to afford an exact measure of the increase in the volume of hydrogen.

Persons engaged in the industry.—The following general classes of persons engaged in the manufacturing industries were distinguished: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officers of corporations, (3) superintendents and managers, (4) clerks (including other subordinate salaried employees), and (5) wage earners. In the reports for the censuses of 1904 and 1899 these five classes were shown according to the three main groups: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officials, clerks, etc., and (3) wage earners. In comparative tables covering the census of 1904 it is of course necessary to group the figures according to the classification that was employed at the earlier censuses.

The number of persons engaged in each industry, segregated bysex, and, in the case of wage earners, also by age (whether under 16 or 16 and over), was reported for a single representative day. The 15th of December was selected as representing for most industries normal conditions of employment, but where this date was not a representative day an earlier date was chosen.

In the case of employees of the than wage earners the number thus reported for the representative date has been treated as equivalent to the average for the year, since the number of employees of this class does not ordinarily vary much from month to month. In the case of wage earners the average has been obtained in the manner explained in the next paragraph.

In addition to the more detailed report bysex and age of the number of wage earners on the representative date, a report was obtained of the number employed on the 15th of each month, without distinction of sex or age. From these figures the average number of wage earners for the year has been calculated by dividing the sum of the numbers reported for the several months by 12. The average thus obtained approximates the number of wage earners that would be required to perform the work done if all were constantly employed during the entire year. Accordingly, the importance of the industry as an em

measured by this average than by the number employed at any one time or on a given day.

The number of wage earners reported for the representative day, though given in certain tables for each separate industry, is not totaled for all industries combined for any state, because, in view of the variations of date, such a total is believed not to be significant. It would involve more or less duplication of persons working in different industries at different times, would not represent the total number employed in all industries at any one time, and would give an undue weight to seasonal industries as compared with industries in continual operation. This total, however, is shown for the different cities, because the limited area and greater regularity of employment largely overcame the objection incident to its publication for the separate states or the United States.

In particular, totals by sex and age for the wage earners reported for the representative day for all industries combined would be misleading because of the undue weight given to seasonal industries, in some of which, such as canning and preserving, the distribution of the wage earners by sex and age is materially different from that in most industries of more regular operation. In order to determine as nearly as possible the sex and age distribution of the average number of wage earners for a given state as a whole, the per cent distribution by sex and age of the wage earners in each industry for December 15, or the nearest representative day, has been calculated from the actual numbers reported for that date. The percentages thus obtained have been applied to the average number of wage earners for the year in that industry to determine the average number of men, women, and children employed. These calculated averages for the several industries have been added to give the average distribution for each state as a whole and for the entire country.

Salaries and wages.—Under these heads are given the total ray.

Salaries and wages, respectively. The Census Bureau has not undertaken to calculate the average annual earnings of either salaried employees or wage earners. Such averages would possess little real value, because they would be based on the earnings of employees of both sexes, of all ages, and of widely varying degrees of skill. Furthermore, so far as wage earners are concerned, it would be impossible to calculate accurately even so simple an average as this, since the number of wage earners fluctuates from month to month in every industry, and in some cases to a very great extent. The Census Bureau's figures for wage earners, as already explained, are averages based on the number employed on the 15th of each month and represent the approximate number who would be required to perform the work in any industry if all were continuously employed during the year, whereas the actual number to whom the total wages were paid would be larger.

Prevailing hours of labor.—No attempt was made to ascertain the number of wage earners working a given number of hours per week. The inquiry called merely for the prevailing practice followed in each establishment. Occasional variations in hours in an establishment from one part of the year to another were disregarded, and no attention was paid to the fact that a few wage earners might have hours differing from those of the majority. All the wage earners of each establishment are therefore counted in the class within which the establishment itself falls. In most establishments, however, all or practically all the wage earners work the same number of hours, so that the figures give a substantially correct representation of the hours of labor.

Capital.—The instructions on the schedule for securing data relating to capital were as follows:

"The answer should show the total amount of capital, both owned and borrowed, on the last day of the business year reported. All the fiems of fixed and live capital may be taken at the amounts carried on the books. If land or buildings are rented, that fact should be stated and no value given. If a part of the land or buildings sowned, the remainder being rented, that fact should be so stated and only the value of the owned property given. Do not include securities and loans representing investments in other enterprises."

These instructions were identical with those employed at the census of 1909. The data compiled in respect to capital, however, at both censuses, as well as at all preceding censuses of manufactures, have been so defective as to be of little value except as indicating very general conditions. In fact, it has been repeatedly recommended by the census authorities that this inquiry be omitted from the schedule. While there are some establishments whose accounting systems are such that accurate return for capital could be made, this is not true of the great majority, and the figures therefore do not show the actual amount of capital invested.

Materials.—The statistics as to cost of materials relate to the materials used during the year, which may be more or less than the materials purchased during the year. The term "materials" covers fuel, rent of power and heat, mill supplies, and containers, as well as materials which form a constituent part of the product.

Rent and taxes.—The taxes include internal revenue, corporation income tax, and state, county, and local taxes. In some instances the amount of the corporation tax for 1914 had not been ascertained when the report was prepared and the amount paid for 1913 was therefore given.

Value of products.—The amounts given under this heading represent the selling value or price at the factory of all products manufactured during the year, which may differ from the value of the products sold.

Value added by manufacture.—The value of products is not a satisfactory measure of either the absolute or the relative importance of a given industry, because only a part of this value is actually created by the manufacturing processes carried on in the industry itself. Another part, and often by far the larger one, represents the value of the materials used. For many purposes, therefore, the best measure of the importance of an industry is the value created by the manufacturing operations carried on within the industry. This value is calculated by deducting the cost of the materials used from the value of the products. The figure thus obtained is termed in the census reports "value added by manufacture."

Cost of manufacture and profits.—The census data do not show the entire cost of manufacture, and consequently can not be used for the calculation of profits. No account has been taken of interest or depreciation, rent of offices and buildings other than factory or works, insurance, ordinary repairs, advertising, and other

Primary horsepower.—This item represents the total primary power generated by the manufacturing establishments plus the amount of power, principally electric, rented from other concerns. It does not cover the power of electric motors taking their current from dynamos driven by primary power machines operated by the same establishment, because the inclusion of such power would obviously result in duplication. The figures for primary horsepower represent the rated capacity of the engines, motors, etc., and not the amount of power in actual daily use, since in most cases an engine or motor is not required to deliver continuously its full rated horsepower.

Fuel.—Statistics of the quantity of fuel used are shown only for anthracite and bituminous coal, coke, oil, and gas. They relate to the quantity used during the year, which may be more or less than the quantity purchased. As only the principal varieties of fuel are shown, no comparison can be made with the total cost of all fuel.

NORTH DAKOTA.

By MARY E. FEENEY.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

General character of the state.—North Dakota, with a gross area of 70,837 square miles, of which 70,183 represent land surface, ranks sixteenth in size among the states. Its inhabitants in 1900 numbered 319,146, and in 1910, 577,056, and its estimated population in 1914 was 687,000. In population North Dakota ranked thirty-seventh among the states in 1910; and in density of population it ranked thirty-ninth, with 8.2 inhabitants per square mile, the corresponding number for density in 1900 being 4.5.

The urban population in 1910—that is, the population residing in cities and towns of 2,500 inhabitants or more—was 63,236, or 11 per cent of the total, as against 7.3 per cent in 1900. There were, in the state in 1914, two cities, each having an estimated population of more than 10,000, namely, Fargo and Grand Forks. These two cities, whose aggregate population in that year formed but 4.5 per cent of the estimated total population of North Dakota, reported 22.8 per cent of the state's manufactured products.

Several important railway systems traverse the state, from east to west, and these lines, with connecting railways, provide good transportation facilities. The steam-railway mileage in 1914, as reported by the Interstate Commerce Commission, was 5,160.

North Dakota is primarily an agricultural state. In 1909 more than three-fifths of its entire land area was in farms. The total value of all farm crops in that

year was \$180,635,520, of which more than threefifths, \$109,129,869, represented wheat. This state leads all others in the production of wheat, its crop in 1909 being 116,781,886 bushels, or more than onesixth of the total for the United States.

The mineral products of North Dakota in 1914, according to the annual report of the United States Geological Survey, were valued at \$1,063,540, the principal product being brown coal or lignite.

Importance and growth of manufactures.—In 1914 the value of the products of North Dakota's manufacturing industries was \$21,147,431; the average number of wage earners engaged in such industries, 3,275; and the value added by manufacture, which is the best measure of importance of manufacturing industries, was \$6,663,116. In 1914 the state ranked forty-sixth in value of products, forty-eighth in average number of wage earners, and forty-seventh in value added by manufacture; while in 1909 it ranked forty-fifth, fortyeighth, and forty-sixth, respectively. At each of the last three censuses the value of the manufactured products of North Dakota represented only one-tenth of 1 per cent of the total for the United States.

Table 1 summarizes the more important data relative to all classes of manufactures combined in the state, for the censuses of 1914, 1909, 1904, and 1899, and gives the percentages of increase from census to

Table 1			MANUFACTURIN	PER CENT OF INCREASE.				
		1914	1909	1904	1899	1909-1914	1904-1909	1899-1904
Persons engaged Proprietors and firm men Salaried employees. Wage earners (average nu Primary horsepower. Capital. Salaries and wages. Salaries Wages Paid for contract work Rent and taxes (including int Cost of materials.	mbers mber). ernal revenue). (value of products less cost of materials).	4,627 603 749 3,275 15,062 \$14,213,362 3,302,200 885,965 2,416,235 72,009 213,328 14,484,315	752 4,148 723 636 2,789 13,196 \$11,584,747 2,416,135 26,8730 1,787,405 21,323 159,787 13,673,590 19,137,506 5,463,916	507 2,545 494 296 1,755 9,873 \$5,703,837 1,289,119 257,812 1,031,307 17,869 8,77,961 7,095,986 10,217,914 3,121,928	337 (2) 1,358 7,351 \$3,511,968 800,853 129,532 671,321 (2) 4,150,860 6,259,840 2,108,980	35. 2 237. 7 33. 5	48. 3 63. 0 46. 4 114. 9 58. 9 33. 7 103. 1 87. 4 143. 9 73. 3 19. 3 75. 0	94. 7 29. 2 34. 3 62. 4 61. 6 99. 6 53. 6

A minus sign (—) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where comparable figures can not be given.
 Figures not available.
 Exclusive of internal revenue.

During the period covered by the table the number of establishments engaged in manufactures, the number of wage earners employed, and the primary horsepower used in these manufactures have more than doubled, and the value of manufactured products have more than trebled.

All of the items, except contract work, show smaller increases from 1909 to 1914 than for the preceding five-year period, while two show actual decreases. The decrease of 53, or 7 per cent, from 1909 to 1914 in the number of establishments was due chiefly to the decreases in the flour-mill and gristmill and bakery

industries, and the decrease of 16.6 per cent in the number of proprietors and firm members was due largely to the smaller number of establishments in the two industries referred to, which were chiefly of individual or partnership organization. The large percentage of increase shown for contract work does not signify the expansion of manufacturing operations, but a change of the methods employed. The industry which influenced the increase in this item in 1914 was print-

ing and publishing. The value added by manufacture, although greater in amount at each successive census for which figures are given in the table, shows a smaller proportional increase from 1909 to 1914 than for either of the preceding five-year periods.

Table 2 shows the relative importance of the leading manufacturing industries in 1914, and gives percentages of increase for the three five-year periods from 1899 to 1914.

Table 2				CENSUS OF 1	914.					P	ER CEN	T OF IN	CREASE	.1		
industry.	Num-	Wage ea	arners.	Value of pro	ducts.	Value add manufac			age eari age nur		Valu	e of pro	ducts.		n adde nufactu	
NU USIBI.	ber of estab- lish- ments.	Average number.	Per cent distri- bu- tion.	Amount.	Per cent distri- bu- tion.	Amount.	Per cent distri- bu- tion.	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904	1909- 1914	1904– 1909	1899- 1904	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904
All industries	699	3, 275	100.0	\$21, 147, 431	100.0	\$6,663,116	100.0	17.4	58.9	29. 2	10.5	87.3	63. 2	21.9	75.0	48.0
Flour-mill and gristmill products Printing and publishing Butter. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad com-	59 351 58	424 752 115	12.9 23.0 3.5	12,029,905 2,220,217 1,739,692	56.9 10.5 8.2	1, 957, 661 1, 765, 211 275, 215	29. 4 26. 5 4. 1	-2.5 -4.6	39. 4 53. 0	14. 7 34. 8	3. 0 16. 2 69. 1	80. 8 72. 1 83. 1	67. 9 54. 2 360. 7	20. 1 20. 1 100. 0	63.0 68.4 64.3	33.7 58.7 223.1
panies	7	871	26.6	1, 235, 171	5.8	823, 555	12.4	88.1	217.1	15.9	81.6	236.6	43.3	116:6	214.0	59.2
Bread and other bakery products Confectionery Saddlery and harness. Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work	58 3 10 9	205 105 88 65	6.3 3.2 2.7 2.0	810, 465 442, 914 421, 973 321, 018	3.8 2.1 2.0 1.5	365, 785 140, 612 148, 414 113, 893	5.5 2.1 2.2	40.4	•••••		34.8 -2.6	93.2	284.0	43. 1 -10. 2	100.8	188.0
Mineral and soda waters Gas, illuminating and heating Brick All other industries	24 9 9 102	56 52 171 371	1.7 1.6 5.2 11.3	282,300 273,022 270,199 1,100,555	1.3 1.3 1.3 5.2	161, 569 163, 639 211, 240 536, 322	1.7 2.4 2.5 3.2 8.0	-9.0	60. 7	8.3	24.4 -7.2 37.2 -5.9	94.9 95.1 68.8	78. 4 239. 1 28. 8	-13.0 -5.8 35.5 -1.4	52.7 77.9 57.4	37.1 348.0 33.3

¹ Percentages are based on figures in Table 22; a minus sign (—) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100, or where comparable figures can not be given.

Separate statistics are presented for 11 industries or industry groups, for each of which products valued at more than \$250,000 were reported for 1914. These industries include 1 with products exceeding \$12,000,000, 3 with products between \$1,000,000 and \$3,000,000, and 7 with products valued at less than \$1,000,000.

The industries in this table are arranged in the order of their importance as shown by value of products, but the arrangement would vary considerably from that shown, if determined by average number of wage earners, or value added by manufacture. Flour mills and gristmills ranked first in value of products and value added by manufacture but third in average number of wage earners. Butter, third in value of products, was fifth in value added by manufacture and sixth in average number of wage earners. The operations of steam-railroad repair shops ranked fourth in value of products, was first in number of wage earners, and third in value added by manufacture.

In rank, according to value of products, there were a number of changes in 1914 as compared with 1909. Of the more important industries shown, flour mills and gristmills, printing and publishing, and butter held the same rank in value of products at both censuses. The operations of steam-railroad repair shops and bakeries, ranking fourth and fifth, respectively, in 1914, were fifth and sixth in 1909. Confectionery, which was sixth in 1914, ranked seventh in 1909.

Flour-mill and gristmill products.—This industry, which excludes custom mills grinding for toll or local consumption, is the most important industry in the state as measured by value of products, contributing 56.9 per cent of the total value of products for the state in 1914 and 1.4 per cent of the total value of products of this industry reported for the United States. There was an increase of \$344,789, or 3 per cent, in value of products, and of \$327,459, or 20.1 per cent, in value added by manufacture. Machinery is largely used in this industry and comparatively few employees are required, therefore, the proportional value added to the raw material by manufacture is small in comparison with the corresponding proportions for most other industries.

Printing and publishing.—In 1914 over one-half of the total number of establishments reported in the state were engaged in this industry, which was second in importance in wage earners employed, value of products, and value added by manufacture. Although there was an increase of 21 in the number of establishments reporting in 1914, as compared with 1909, the average number of wage earners decreased by 36, or 4.6 per cent. In 1914 the value of products was \$2,220,217, an increase of \$310,703, or 16.2 per cent, over 1909; the growth was more pronounced from 1904 to 1909, when the increase was 72.1 per cent.

Butter.—The 58 establishments in this industry were practically wholly engaged in the manufacture of butter in 1914. In value of products it was third in importance in the state in 1914 and in 1909. The increase in value of products from 1909 to 1914 was \$710,557, or 69.1 per cent. The growth of this industry was much greater during the census period 1899–1904, when the value of products increased by 360.7 per cent, and the value added by manufacture, 223.1 per cent, than during the two following census periods.

Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies.—The statistics for this industry represent the work done in car shops operated by steam-railroad companies but do not include the minor repairs made in roundhouses. The operations consist principally of repairs to rolling stock and equipment but include also shopwork done for the track and bridge and building departments. Employment was given to an average of 871 wage earners, the largest number reported by any of the industries. This number represents an increase of 408, or 88.1 per cent, as compared with 1909. The value of work done in 1914 was \$1,235,171, or 81.6 per cent increase over 1909.

Persons engaged in manufacturing industries.—Table 3 shows, for 1914 and 1909, the number of persons engaged in manufactures, distributed by sex, the average number of wage earners being distributed also by age. The sex and age classification of the average number of wage earners in this and other tables is an estimate obtained by the method described in the "Explanation of terms."

In 1914 the number of persons engaged in manufactures was 4,627, of whom 3,275, or more than two-

thirds, were wage earners, 860 were proprietors and officials, and 492 were clerks and other subordinate salaried employees. Ninety per cent of the total number of persons engaged in manufactures were males. The largest number of males (2,972) reported for 1914 were employed as wage earners. The largest proportion of females (27.6) were reported as clerks and other subordinate salaried employees. Figures for individual industries will be found in Table 23.

Table 3		PERSO	NS ENG.			'AC-
CLASS.	Cen- sus year.	Total.	Male.	Fe-	Per co	ent of al.
		1004.	Maie.	male.	Male.	Fe- male.
All classes	1914 1909	4,627 4,148	4,164 3,777	463 371	90.0 91.1	10. 0 8. 9
Proprietors and officials	1914 1909	860 965	836 936	24 29	97. 2 97. 0	2. 8 3. 0
Proprietors and firm members \dots	1914 1909	603 723	582 697	21 26	96. 5 96. 4	3. 8
Salaried officers of corporations	1914 1909	63 64	62 64	ĩ	98.4	1.6
Superintendents and managers	1914 1909	194 178	192 175	2 3	99. 0 98. 3	1.0 1.7
Clerks and other subordinate sala- ried employees.	1914 1909	492 394	356 303	136 91	72. 4 76. 9	27. 6 23. 1
Wage earners (average number)	1914 1909	3,275 2,789	2,972 2,538	. 303 251	90. 7 91. 0	9. 8 9. 0
16 years of age and over	1914 1909	3,245 2,732	2,945 2,489	300 243	90.8 91.1	9.2
Under 16 years of age	1914 1909	30 57	2,489 27 49	3 8	90.0	10.0 14.0

Table 4 gives, for the several classes of persons engaged in manufactures, the percentages of increase from 1909 to 1914 and the per cent distribution at the two censuses.

Table 4	PEESONS ENGAGED IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.											
	Per cent of increase, 1909-1914. Per cent distribution.											
CLASS,				То	tal.	Ma	le.	Fem	ale.			
	Total.	Male.	Female.	1914	1909	1914	1909	1914	1909			
All classes	11. 5	10. 2	24. 8	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.			
Proprietors and officials. Proprietors and firm members. Salaried officers of corporations. Superintendents and managers.		-10.7 -16.5		18. 6 13. 0 1. 4 4. 2	23. 3 17. 4 1. 5 4. 3	20. 1 14. 0 1. 5 4. 6	24. 8 18. 5 1. 7 4. 6	5. 2 4. 5 0. 2 0. 4	7. 7. 0.			
Clerks and other subordinate salaried employees	24. 9	17.5		10.6	9. 5	8. 5	8.0	29. 4	24.			
Wage earners (average number)	17. 4 18. 8	17. 1 18. 3	20. 7 23. 5	70. 8 70. 1 0. 6	67. 2 65. 9 1. 4	71. 4 70. 7 0. 6	67. 2 65. 9 1. 3	65. 4 64. 8 0. 6	67. 65. 2.			

¹ A minus sign (—) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

This table shows increases in the total of the several classes of employees but a decrease in proprietors and firm members. This class formed 13 per cent of the total for all classes in 1914, having decreased from 17.4 per cent in 1909. The decrease is due to reductions in the number of small establishments operated by individuals or firms, as previously explained, and also to the fact that some establishments,

reported in 1909 as owned by individuals or firms, were incorporated during the period between the censuses. Wage earners over 16 years of age formed 70.1 per cent of the total number of persons engaged in manufacturing industries in the state in 1914 and 65.9 per cent in 1909. The largest percentage of increase for both sexes combined, 24.9, is shown for clerks and other subordinate salaried employees. The proportion

which this class formed of the total number for all classes was 10.6 per cent in 1914 and 9.5 per cent in 1909.

The average number of wage earners employed, and their per cent distribution as males 16 years of age and over, females 16 years of age and over, and children under 16 years of age is given in Table 5, for 1914, 1909, and 1904. The table also shows, for some of the important industries separately, a similar distribution of wage earners for 1914 and 1909.

Table 5		w	AGE EA	RNERS.				
			Per cent of total.					
INDUSTRY,	Census year.	Aver- age num- ber.1	16 year and	Un- der 16				
		per	Male.	Fe- male.	years of age.			
All industries	1914 1909 1904	3,275 2,789 1,755	89. 9 89. 3 86. 7	9.2 8.7 11.3	0.9 2.0 2.0			
Bread and other bakery products	1914 1909	205 146	72.2 77.4	27.3 19.9	0.5 2.7			
Brick	1914 1909	171 188	100.0 97.3		2.7			
Butter	1914 1909	115 62	97.4 98.4	0.9	1.7 1.6			
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies.	1914 1909	871 463	99.8 100.0		0.2			
Confectionery	1914 1909	105 98	35.2 38.8	64.8 61.2				
Flour-mill and gristmill products	1914 1909	424 435	100.0 99.8	0.2				
Printing and publishing	1914 1909	752 788	79.9 77.4	17.2 17.3	2.9 5.3			
All other industries	1914 1909	632 609	92.2 96.4	7.3 2.8	0.5 0.8			

¹ For method of estimating the distribution, by sex and age periods, of the average number in all industries combined, see "Explanation of terms."

For all industries combined, the proportion of male wage earners over 16 years of age has increased from census to census. The proportion of females decreased during the decade but shows a small increase from 1909 to 1914. The actual number of females employed, however, has increased from census to census. The proportion of children under 16 years of age employed as wage earners was the same in 1904 and in 1909, but shows a decrease for the decade.

Of the seven industries for which comparative figures are given, three show an increased proportion of males in 1914, as compared with 1909; three an increased proportion of females; and two an increase in the proportion of children employed. In the manufacture of brick and of flour-mill and gristmill products in 1914, all of the wage earners were males 16 years of age and over, while in the confectionery industry, females over 16 years of age formed 64.8 per cent of the wage earners employed. The brick industry, which employed an average of five children under 16 years of age as wage earners in 1909, reported none of this class in 1914.

Wage earners employed, by months.—The following table gives, for all industries combined, the total number of wage earners employed on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day, for 1914 and 1909, and the average number employed during each month in 1904, together with the percentage which the number reported for each month forms of the greatest number reported for any month.

Table 6	WAGE EARNERS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES,									
MONTH.		Number.1	Per cent of maximum.							
ļ	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904				
January February March April May June July August September October November December	3,000 2,954 2,976 3,104 3,207 3,442 3,625 3,554 3,533 3,333 3,333 3,175	2,356 2,386 2,443 2,580 2,816 3,041 3,004 2,880 2,927 3,033 3,052 2,950	1, 522 1, 521 1, 561 1, 577 1, 773 1, 907 1, 878 1, 928 1, 928 1, 896 1, 834 1, 735	82. 8 81. 5 82. 1 85. 6 88. 5 95. 0 100. 0 98. 0 97. 5 93. 7 91. 9 87. 6	77. 2 78. 2 80. 0 84. 5 92. 3 99. 6 98. 4 94. 4 95. 9 90. 4 100. 0 96. 7	78. 9 78. 9 81. 0 81. 8 92. 0 98. 9 97. 4 100. 0 100. 0 98. 3 95. 1				

 1 The figures for 1914 and 1909 represent the number employed on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day; those for 1904, the average number employed during the month.

In 1914 the summer months show the greatest activity in the employment of wage earners in the combined industries of the state, the maximum number appearing for July and the minimum number for February, the minimum number forming 81.5 per cent of the maximum. The year 1909 shows a different condition, when the largest number was employed in November and the smallest number in January, the minimum number forming 77.2 per cent of the maximum. The greatest difference between the numbers for the maximum and minimum months in any one of the three census years was 696, in 1909; the corresponding figures for 1914 and 1904 being 671 and 407, respectively.

Table 7 gives the total average number of wage earners employed during 1914, together with the total number employed on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day, for the combined industries of the state, for a number of selected industries, and for the total industries of each of the two cities

having more than 10,000 inhabitants.

Among the selected industries, a marked variation is shown between the maximum and minimum number of wage earners employed during the different months. The manufacture of brick, which is a seasonal industry, shows a great variation in the number of wage earners employed, the 53 reported for February, the minimum month, forming only 16.3 per cent of the 326 reported for June, the maximum month. The greatest stability of employment is shown for printing and publishing, where the proportion which the minimum number formed of the maximum was 90.8 per cent. Of the two cities, the greatest stability of employment of wage earners is shown in Fargo, for which the percentage that the minimum number formed of the maximum was 80.5.

Table 7	[Mo	nth of m	aximum	employi	nent for		AGE EAR ustry is i italic fi		914. 1 by bole	iface fig	ures and	that of	minimur	n by
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Aver-		Nu	mber em	ployed o	n 15th d	ay of the	month	or neares	t represe	ntative (lay.		Per
	num- ber em- ployed during year.	Janu- ary.	Febru- ary.	March.	April,	Мау.	June.	July.	August.	Sep- tem- ber.	Oc- tober.	No- vem- ber.	Decem- ber.	mini- mum
All industries	3,275	3,000	2,954	2,976	3,104	3,207	3,442	3, 625	3,554	3,533	3,397	3,333	3,175	81.5
Bread and other bakery products. Brick. Butter. Cars and general shop construction and repairs	205 171 115	188 95 89	188 53 89	187 71 92	193 130 108	195 212 118	199 326 146	224 321 150	227 255 147	227 210 129	224 140 115	217 124 100	191 115 97	82.4 16.3 59.3
by steam-railroad companies	871	812	837	838	829	832	853	983	906	948	918	908	788	80.2
Confectionery Flour-mill and gristmill products Printing and publishing. All other industries	105 424 752 632	106 402 750 558	100 403 751 533	102 399 746 541	100 411 739 594	95 <i>375</i> 743 637	90 381 748 699	84 414 733 716	100 417 743 759	127 472 736 684	127 486 756 631	120 466 772 626	109 462 807 606	66, 1 77, 2 90, 8 70, 2
Total for cities	1,033	954	921	933	981	1,006	1,101	1,101	1,118	1, 120	1,081	1,053	1,017	82.2
FARGO. GRAND FORKS.	690 343	628 326	608 313	616 317	646 335	684 322	697 404	727 374	754 364	755 365	745 336	727 326	687 330	80. 5 77. 5

Prevailing hours of labor.—In Table 8 the average number of wage earners reported for 1914 and 1909, for all industries combined and for selected industries throughout the state, have been classified according to number of hours of labor per week prevailing in the establishments in which they were employed. A

similar classification is given for 1914 only, for all industries combined, in each of the two cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants. The number employed in each establishment is classified as a total, even though a few employees worked a greater or smaller number of hours.

Table 8				AVERAG	E NUMBI	ER OF W	AGE EAR	NERS.				
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Census		In establishments where the prevailing hours of labor per week were—									
	year.	Total.	48 and under	Be- tween 48 and 54.	54.	Be- tween 54 and 60.	60.	Be- tween 60 and 72.	72.	Over 72.		
All industries	1914 1909	3, 275 2, 789	763 423	116 186	560 542	472 227	996 1,303	285 59	65 30	18 19		
Bread and other bakery products	1914 1909	205 146	12 1	10	33 2	2 33	122 108	16 2	10			
Briek	1914 1909	171 188			16 4		155 184					
Butter	1914 1909	115 62	3 7		9	5	60 50	27	$^{11}_{\ 2}$			
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies	1914 1909	871 463	280	124	88 216	341	123	162	- 			
Confectionery	1914 1909	105 98			59	46 40	58					
Flour-mill and gristmill products	1914 1909	424 435	3	<u>i</u>	13	1 3	317 348	51 52	42 28			
Printing and publishing.	1914 1909	752 788	405 377	91 46	186 268	9 58	59 39		2			
All other industries	1914 1909	632 609	63 35	15 15	156 49	68 93	283 393	29 5		18 19		
Total for cities	1914	1,033	218	43	172	114	347	108	16	15		
FARGO	1914 1914	690 343	136 82	41 2	147 25	27 87	259 88	64 44	16	15		

The figures in this table, for the state as a whole and for the selected industries, emphasize the tendency toward a shortening of the working day of wage earners. In 1914, for all industries combined, a larger proportion of the wage earners were employed in establishments where the prevailing hours of labor were 60 per week than in any other group. Of the total number of wage earners in the state,

58.4 per cent were in establishments where the hours of labor were less than 60 per week; the corresponding proportion for 1909 was 49.4 per cent. In 1909, in the operations of steam-railroad repair shops, 73.4 per cent of the wage earners were employed in establishments where the working hours were less than 60 per week, but in 1914 the proportion of wage earners thus employed had increased to 81.4 per cent. In

the printing and publishing industry 53.9 per cent of the wage earners were reported by establishments where the prevailing hours of labor were 48 per week and under, as compared with 1909 where the proportion of wage earners thus employed was 47.8 per cent.

Of the combined total average number of wage earners employed in Fargo and in Grand Forks in 1914, slightly more than one-half (547) were in establishments where the prevailing hours of labor were fewer than 60 per week, while only 139, or 13.5 per cent, were in establishments in which the hours of labor were more than 60 per week.

Location of establishments.—Table 9 shows, for 1914 and 1909, the extent to which the manufactures in North Dakota were centralized in the two cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants.

A comparison of the total for the two cities combined in 1914 with those for 1909 shows actual increases in each item, a condition similar to that which prevailed in the districts outside the two cities, except in number of establishments.

The table shows that for 1914 the two cities, which represented only 4.5 per cent of the estimated population of the state, reported 31.5 per cent of the total average number of wage earners; 31.3 per cent of the total value added by manufacture; 22.8 per cent of the total value of products; and 15.5 per cent of the total number of establishments.

In Fargo, in 1914, the total value of products was \$3,006,043, the most important industries, as measured by value of products, being printing and publishing and the making of butter, bakery products, and sad-

dlery and harness. The total value of products in Grand Forks was \$1,815,669, where flour milling and gristmilling, printing and publishing, and the making of confectionery were the leading industries.

			,			
Table 9	Cen-	Aggregate.	CITIES HA POPULATI 10,000 OR	ON OF	DISTRICTS SIDE OF HAVING A LATION OF OR OVER.	CITIES POPU-
	year.		Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.
Number of places	1914 1910		2 2			
Population1	1914	686, 966	31, 178	4.5	655, 788	95.5
	1910	577, 056	26, 809	4.6	550, 247	95.4
Number of establishments.	1914	699	108	15.5	591	84. 5
	1909	752	99	13.2	653	86. 8
Average number of wage earners.	1914	3,275	1,033	31.5	2,242	68. 5
	1909	2,789	860	30.8	1,929	69. 2
Value of products	1914	\$21, 147, 431	\$4,821,712	22.8	\$16,325,719	77. 2
	1909	19, 137, 506	4,386,907	22.9	14,750,599	77. 1
Value added by manufacture.	1914	6,663,116	2,087,718	31.3	4,575,398	68. 7
	1909	5,463,916	1,726,061	31.6	3,737,855	68. 4

¹ Census estimate of population for 1914.

Character of ownership.—Table 10 presents statistics concerning character of ownership, or legal organization, of manufacturing enterprises. For all industries combined, comparative figures are given for 1914, 1909, and 1904; for selected industries, statistics for 1914 and 1909 are shown; and for individual cities, the figures are for all industries combined and relate only to 1914. In order to avoid disclosing the operations of individual establishments, it is necessary to omit several important industries from this table.

Table 10		NU	MBER	OF	AVE	RAGE	NUMBE	3 OF W	AGE E	ARNER	s.		,	VALUE OF PE	ODUCTS.			
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.		NED B			In establishments owned by—			ent of	total.		Of estab	lishments ow	ned by—	Per cent of total.			
	Jour.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All others.	Total.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All others.	Indi- vid- uals.	Corpora-	All oth-	Total.	Individ- uals.	Corpora- tions.	All others.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor-4 pora- tions,	oth-
All industries	1914	418	165	116	3,275	703	2,366	206	21.5	72. 2	6.3	\$21, 147, 431	\$3,262,469	\$16,140,195	\$1,744,767	15.4	76.3	8,3
	1909	472	133	147	2,789	775	1,752	262	27.8	62. 8	9.4	19, 137, 506	3,555,937	13,586,608	1,994,961	18.6	71.0	10,4
	1904	295	81	131	1,755	565	826	364	32.2	47. 1	20.7	10, 217, 914	2,546,425	5,146,817	2,524,672	24.9	50.4	24,7
Bread and other bakery products.	1914	48	5	5	205	99	91	15	48.3	44. 4	7.3	810, 465	374, 288	353,506	82,671	46. 2	43.6	10.2
	1909	55	3	9	146	96	40	10	65.8	27. 4	6.8	600, 621	435, 369	113,067	52,185	72. 5	18.8	8.7
Butter	1914	14	21	23	115	27	56	32	23.5	48.7	27.8	1,739,692	425, 525	881,514	432,653	24.4	50.7	24.9
	1909	14	16	38	62	10	18	34	16.1	29.0	54.8	1,029,135	217, 563	267,249	544,323	21.1	26.0	52.9
Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914	13	37	9	424	38	354	32	9.0	83.5	7.5	12,029,905	1,005,772	10,345,596	678,537	8.4	86.0	5.6
	1909	32	35	17	435	52	342	41	12.0	78.6	9.4	11,685,116	1,268,595	9,581,286	835,135	10.9	82.0	7.1
Printing and publishing	1914	256	44	51	752	360	343	49	47.9	45.6	6.5	2,220,217	917, 075	1,019,195	283,947	41.3	45.9	12.8
	1909	257	31	42	788	389	327	72	49.4	41.5	9.1	1,909,514	897, 080	829,231	183,203	47.0	43.4	9.6
Total for cities	1914	37	55	16	1,033	137	862	34	13.3	83.4	3.3	4,821,712	456,632	4,170,158	194,922	9.5	86.5	4.0
FARGOGRAND FORKS	1914	28	36	12	690	109	552	29	15. 8	80. 0	4. 2	3,006,043	396, 715	2,504,307	105,021	13.2	83.3	3. 5
	1914	9	19	4	343	28	310	5	8. 2	90. 4	1. 4	1,815,669	59, 917	1,665,851	89,901	3.3	91.7	5. 0

This table shows, for all industries combined, an increase during the decade in the number of establishments throughout the state that were operated under both individual and corporate ownership and a decrease in the "all other" class. The greatest proportion of the establishments, nearly three-fifths of the total in 1914, is shown for those under individual

ownership, but in value of products and average number of wage earners those owned by corporations greatly predominated. In 1914, although only 23.6 per cent of the total number of establishments in the state were under corporate ownership, this class reported 76.3 per cent of the total value of products and 72.2 per cent of the total average number of wage

earners. In 1909 and 1904 the corresponding percentages were slightly less. In the bread and bakery industry, 91.4 per cent of the establishments, reporting 56.4 per cent of the value of products, were under individual and all other forms of ownership. The largest proportion of the value of products for the four industries was shown for corporate ownership, with the exception of bread and bakery products, in which the proportion for corporations is only slightly less than that for individual ownership. For all industries

combined in Fargo and Grand Forks in 1914 more than one-half of the establishments were under corporate ownership, and the proportion of value of products and average number of wage earners was greatly in excess of that for the individual and the all other forms of ownership combined.

Size of establishments.—The tendency for manufacturing to become concentrated in large establishments, or the reverse, is indicated by the statistics given in Table 11.

Table 11 VALUE OF PRODUCT.		UMBER (AVERAGE	NUMBER EARNERS		VALUE OF PRODUCTS. VALUE ADDED BY MANUF.						
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	
All classes	699	752	507	3,275	2,789	1, 755	\$21, 147, 431	\$19, 137, 506	\$10, 217, 914	\$6,663,116	\$ 5, 463, 916	\$3, 121, 928	
Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$20,000	360 206 92 1 41	382 238 99 1 33	285 132 66 24	302 581 886 1, 506	351 628 951 859	290 439 591 435	906, 316 2, 000, 450 4, 038, 119 14, 202, 546	915, 406 2, 350, 795 4, 767, 125 11, 104, 180	669, 773 1, 262, 776 2, 798, 317 5, 487, 048	677, 473 1, 009, 318 1, 677, 089 3, 299, 236	658, 537 1, 103, 610 1, 703, 216 1, 998, 553	469, 202 641, 385 1, 024, 540 986, 801	
			,				PER CENT DI	STRIBUTION.					
All classes	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	
Less than \$5,000	51. 5 29. 5 13. 2 5. 9	50. 8 31. 6 13. 2 4. 4	56. 2 26. 0 13. 0 4. 7	9. 2 17. 7 27. 1 46. 0	12. 6 22. 5 34. 1 30. 8	16. 5 25. 0 33. 7 24. 8	4. 3 9. 5 19. 1 67. 2	4. 8 12. 3 24. 9 58. 0	6. 6 12. 4 27. 4 53. 7	10. 2 15. 1 25. 2 49. 5	12. 1 20. 2 31. 2 36. 6	15. 0 20. 5 32. 8 31. 6	

1 Includes the group "\$1,000,000 and over."

This table shows that of the 699 establishments reported for the state in 1914, 41, or 5.9 per cent of the total number, each reported products exceeding \$100,000 in value, as compared with 33, or 4.4 per cent, in 1909, and 24, or 4.7 per cent, in 1904. For 1914 these establishments employed an average of 1,506 wage earners, or 46 per cent of the total for the state, and reported 67.2 per cent of the total value of products and 49.5 per cent of the total value added by manufacture. There was a general increase at each successive census in value of products and value added by manufacture in the relative importance of

these large establishments, and a decrease in each of the other classes. In the same year the small establishments—those having products valued at less than \$5,000—represented 51.5 per cent of the total number of establishments, but reported only 4.3 per cent of the total value of products and 10.2 per cent of the value added by manufacture.

Table 12 gives, for 1914 and 1909, for four of the more important industries, a classification of establishments, wage earners, value of products, and value added by manufacture, similar to that presented in Table 11 for all industries combined.

Table 12	NUM		F ESTAI	BLISH-			UMBER ARNERS		VA	LUE OF PROD	OUCTS.		VALUE AD	DED BY MA	NUFACT	URE.
INDUSTRY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	1914	1909	Per distril		1914	1909		cent oution.	1914	1909	Per distrib		1914	1909	Per o distrib	ent oution.
	1914 1909 1914 1909 191		1011	1000	1914	1909	1711	1000	1914	1909		2000	1914	1909		
BREAD AND OTHER BAKERY PRODUCTS	58 67 100.0 100.0		205	146	100.0	100.0	\$810,465	\$600,621	100.0	100.0	\$365,785	\$254,706	100.0	100.0		
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$1,000,000	21 31 36.2 46.3 14 32 30 55.2 44.8 86 15 6 8.6 9.0 105		14 86 105	14 68 64	6.8 42.0 51.2	9. 6 46. 6 43. 8	64,779 313,551 432,135	82, 071 290, 483 228, 067	8. 0 38. 7 53. 3	13.7 48.4 38.0	30,562 143,013 192,210	38,881 124,193 91,632	8. 4 39. 1 52. 5	15.3 48.8 36.0		
Butter	58	68	100.0	100.0	115	62	100.0	100.0	1,739,692	1,029,135	100.0	100.0	275, 215	137,806	100.0	100.0
Less than \$20,000 ² \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000	36 17 5	51 17	62. 1 29. 3 8. 6	75.0 25.0	33 40 42	39 23	28.7 34.8 36.5	62. 9 37. 1	434,887 567,606 737,199	500, 442 528, 693	25. 0 48. 6 32. 6 51. 4 42. 4		57,595 91,522 126,098	74,096 63,710	20.9 33.3 45.8	53. 8 46. 2
FLOUR-MILL AND GRISTMILL PRODUCTS	59	84	100.0	100.0	424	435	100.0	100.0	12,029,905	11,685,116	100.0	100.0	1,957,661	1,630,202	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 and over ³ .	3 11 24 21	3 22 35 24	5. 1 18. 6 40. 7 35. 6	3. 6 26. 2 41. 7 28. 6	1 14 65 344	2 14 105 314	0.2 3.3 15.3 81.1	0.5 3.2 24.1 72.2	10,428 113,789 1,160,300 10,745,388	11, 123 282, 066 2, 029, 191 9, 362, 736	0.1 0.9 9.6 89.3	0.1 2.4 17.4 80.1	1,821 21,036 211,702 1,723,102	1,869 46,980 362,469 1,218,884	0.1 1.1 10.8 88.0	0.1 2.9 22.2 74.8
Printing and publishing	351	330	100.0	100.0	752	788	100.0	100.0	2, 220, 217	1,909,514	100.0	100.0	1,765,211	1, 469, 733	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$1,000,000 1.	265 70 16	248 69 13	75. 5 19. 9 4. 6	75. 2 20. 9 3. 9	231 231 290	254 246 288	30. 7 30. 7 38. 6	32. 2 31. 2 36. 5	661,716 560,468 998,033	599, 352 559, 883 750, 279	29. 8 25. 2 45. 0	31. 4 29. 3 39. 3	544, 325 444, 794 776, 092	489, 455 439, 454 540, 824	30.8 25.2 44.0	33. 3 29. 9 86. 8

¹ Includes the group "\$100,000 to \$1,000,000."

² Includes the group "less than \$5,000."

³ Includes the group "\$1,000,000 and over."

For 1914, as compared with 1909, this table shows that, for the industries reporting establishments having products of less than \$20,000 in value, the printing and publishing and bread and bakery industries show increases during the five-year period in value of products and in value added by manufacture, the former increasing also in number of establishments and the latter in the number of wage earners employed. For the industries reporting establishments having products valued at \$20,000 and over, the butter and the printing and publishing industries show increases in each item, while the flour-mill and gristmill industry decreased slightly in number of establishments and in average number of wage earners but increased in value of products and value added by manufacture.

Table 13 presents, for 1914, for all industries combined in each of the two cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants, statistics similar to those given in Table 11 for the state as a whole.

In the cities the same general condition prevails as that found in the state as a whole, namely, a greater proportion of the value of products and the value added by manufacture for establishments in the group of \$100,000 and over than in the other groups. In Fargo this class represented 55.6 per cent of the total value of products and 46 per cent of the total value added by manufacture for the city, and in Grand Forks the corresponding proportions were 65.7 and 59.4 per cent, respectively. In Fargo 28.9 per cent of the total number of establishments, 46.7 per cent of the wage

earners, and 35.5 per cent of the value of products are shown for the group "\$20,000 to \$100,000"; and in Grand Forks, this group forms 31.2 per cent of the total number of establishments, 45.5 per cent of the average number of wage earners, and 27.4 per cent of the total value of products for the city.

Table 13	estab- its.	WA EARI	GE NERS.	VALUE PRODUC		VALUE ADI MANUFAC	
CITY AND VALUE OF FRODUCT.	Number of estimated lishments.	Average number.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	Amount,	Per cent of total.
FARGO	76	690	100.0	\$3,006,043	100.0	\$1,265,101	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000.	23 21 22 10 32	15 82 322 271 343	2. 2 11. 9 46. 7 39. 3 100. 0	54,721 214,567 1,064,408 1,672,347 1,815,669	1. 8 7. 1 35. 5 55. 6 100. 0	42,102 131,751 509,743 581,505 822,617	3.3 10.4 40.3 46.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000.	9 9 10 4	14 38 156 135	4.1 11.1 45.5 39.4	26, 176 97, 502 498, 365 1, 193, 626	1. 4 5. 4 27. 4 65. 7	17, 926 54, 727 261, 606 488, 358	2, 2 6, 7 31, 8 50, 4

Table 14 shows the size of establishments in 1914 as measured by the average number of wage earners employed. The figures given are for all industries combined, for seven of the more important industries, and for the two cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants.

Table 15 presents, for 1914, percentages based on the figures in Table 14, and for 1909, similar percentages for all industries combined and for individual industries in the state as a whole.

Table 14							EST.	ABLISHM	ENTS E	MPLOYIN	7G				
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	то	TAL.	No wage earn- ers.		wage ners.		20 wage ners.		50 wage ners.		00 wage ners.		to 250 earners.		o 500 arners.
	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners (average num- ber).	Estab- lish- ments.	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners.	Estab- lish- ments.	wage	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners.	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners.	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners.	Estab- lish- ments.	earn-
All industries	699	3, 275	131	469	863	66	660	23	687	7	445	2	279		341
Bread and other bakery products. Brick. Butter. Cars and general shop construction and repairs	9 58	205 171 115	11	39 1 52	78 4 74	7 6 2	59 79 15	1 1	28 26	1	68 60				
Confectionary		871 105						1 3	40 105	3	211	2	279	1	341
Flour-mill and gristmill products. Printing and publishing All other industries	59 351 154	424 752 632	87 27	37 241 99	90 399 2 18	12 17 22	107 143 257	6 5 6	172 159 157	1	55 51				
Total for cities	108	1,033	16	46	116	27	2 92	17	506	2	119				
FARGOGRAND FORES	76 32	690 343	15 1	29 17	82 34	19 8	193 99	12 5	347 159	1 1	68 51				

Of the 699 establishments reported for all industries combined in the state, 131, or 18.7 per cent, employed no wage earners. These establishments were small and as a rule the work was done by the proprietors, firm members, or persons classed as salaried employees. If wage earners were reported, the number was so small and the term of employment so short that in computing the average, as described in the "Explanation of

terms," the number was less than one person, and the establishment was classed as having "no wage earners." The small establishments—those employing from 1 to 5 wage earners—formed 67.1 per cent of the total for the state, and gave employment to 26.4 per cent of the total number of wage earners. The establishments employing 50 or fewer wage earners constituted 79.8 per cent of the total number of establish-

ments and gave employment to 67.6 per cent of the total number of wage earners. There were only 10 establishments in the state having more than 50 wage

earners and they gave employment to 1,065 wage earners, or 32.5 per cent of the total wage earners employed.

Table 15 INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-	BE LIS	CENT (R OF W HMENT MBER.	VAGE E NS EMI	ARNEI	RS IN E	STAB-	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-	BE	R OF V	OF TOT VAGE I	ARNE	RS IN E	STAB-
	year.	1 to 5	6 to 20	21 to 50	51 to 100	101 to 250	251 to 500	INDUSTRY AND CITY.		1 to 5	6 to 20	21 to 50	51 to 100	101 to 250	251 to 500
All industries	1914 1909	26. 4 34. 3	20. 2 23. 4	21.0 25.3	13. 6 8. 1	8. 5 8. 9	10.4	Flour-mill and gristmill products	1914 1909	21. 2 26. 7	25, 2 32, 2	40. 6 29. 2	13.0 12.0		
Bread and other bakery products	1914 1909	38. 0 63. 0	28. 8 15. 8	21.2	33. 2			Printing and publishing	1914 1909	53. 1 54. 7	19. 0 19. 3	$21.1 \\ 26.0$	6.8		
Brick	1914 1909	2.3 6.9	46. 2 47. 9	16. 4 45. 2	35, 1			All other industries	1914 1909	34. 5 39. 7	40. 7 37. 8	24. 8 22. 5			
Butter	1914 1909	64.3 100.0		22.6				Total for cities	1914	11.2	28. 3	49.0	11.5		
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad com- panies.	1914 1909			4.6 9.1		32. 0 53. 3	39. 2	FARGO. GRAND FORKS.	1914 1914	11. 9 9. 9	28. 0 28. 9	50.3 46.4	9. 9 14. 9		
patnes. Confectionery.	1914 1909		19.4								·				

A comparison of the industries shown in this table brings out the fact that in 1914 a majority of the wage earners engaged in the manufacture of butter and in printing and publishing were in establishments that employed from 1 to 5 wage earners; while in the steam-railroad repair shops, the majority of the wage earners were in establishments where more than 100 were employed. In Fargo 50.3 per cent of the wage earners were in establishments employing from 21 to

50 wage earners and in Grand Forks 46.4 per cent were in this group.

Engines and power.—Table 16 shows, for 1914, 1909, and 1904, for all industries combined, the number and horsepower of engines or motors employed in generating power (including electric motors operated by purchased current). It also shows separately the number and horsepower of electric motors operated by current generated by establishments reporting.

Table 16	NUMBE	R OF ENGI	NES OR			HORSEPOWE	R.		
POWER.	., 0	MOTORS.			Amount.		Per cer	nt distrib	ution.
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904
Primary power, total	1,036	749	290	15,062	13,196	9,873	100.0	100.0	100.0
Owned. Steam engines and turbines ¹ Internal-combustion engines. Water wheels, turbines, and motors.	438 135 294 9	442 169 265 8	290 147 136 7	11,124 9,627 1,198 299	12,004 10,170 1,304 530	9,586 8,619 645 322	73. 9 63. 9 8. 0 2. 0	91. 0 77. 1 9. 9 4. 0	97. 1 87. 3 6. 5 3. 3
Rented Electric. Other.	598	307 307	(2) (2)	3,938 3,856 82	$1.192 \\ 1,164 \\ 28$	287 281 6	26.1 25.6 0.5	9.0 8.8 0.2	2.9 2.8 0.1
Electric Rented. Generated by establishments reporting.	660 598	335 307 28	(2) 14 14	4,800 3,856 944	1,698 1,164 534	477 281 196	100.0 80.3 19.7	100.0 68.6 31.4	100.0 58.9 41.1

¹ Figures for horsepower include for 1909 and 1904 the amounts reported under the head of "other" owned power.

² Not reported.

This table shows that during the period from 1909 to 1914 the power of engines and other prime movers employed in the manufactures of the state increased 1,866 horsepower, or 14.1 per cent. This increase was due entirely to the increase in rented power, as each kind of owned power decreased. The use of rented power, now almost wholly electric, has greatly increased since 1904, when it represented only 2.9 per cent of the total primary power reported. In 1909 the amount of rented power had increased to 9 per cent, and in 1914, to 26.1 per cent of the total. The increase in the use of electric motors run by current generated within the same establishments, although considerable, has not kept pace with that in rented power. The

power of motors operated by current generated in the same establishments represented 41.1 per cent of the total electric power in 1904, but decreased to 19.7 per cent in 1914.

Fuel.—Closely related to the kind of power employed in manufactures is that of fuel consumed in generating this power or otherwise used in the manufacturing processes.

Table 17 gives, for 1914, the quantity of each kind of fuel used, for which data were obtained, for all industries combined and for selected industries in the state as a whole, and for all industries combined in each of the two cities.

Table 17	cc	OAL.		Oil, in-		·	со	AL.		Oil.in-	
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Anthracite (tons, 2,240 lbs.).	Bituminous (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	Coke (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	cluding gasoline (bar- rels.).	Gas (1,000 cubic feet).	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Anthracite (tons, 2,240 lbs.).	Bituminous (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	Coke (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	cluding gasoline (bar- rels.).	CARS
All industries	5, 282	145, 871	1,371	3,280	2,221	Gas, illuminating and heating Printing and publishing	10 707 226	16,504 1,912	542 45	1,224 782	1.508
Bread and other bakery products Brick Butter	2,800 174	1,437 12,147 3,704	219	23 349	403	All other industries	226 963	2, 333 22, 230	565 374	210 11	1,508 294 2,111
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies Flour-mill and gristmill products	1,062	43,287 64,547		200		FARGOGRAND FORES	70 893	12,542 9,688	336 38	11	1,700 402

SPECIAL STATISTICS.

For certain industries the Census Bureau collects, by means of special schedules, details regarding the quantities and cost of materials, the quantity and value of products, and other information for securing which no provision is made on the general schedule. Certain data of this character for three important industries in North Dakota are here presented, and also statistics for power laundries.

Flour-mill and gristmill products.—Table 18 gives the quantity and value of flour-mill and gristmill products for the last three census years.

Table 18	1914	1909	1904
Total value	\$12,029,905	\$11,685,116	\$6,463,228
Wheat flour: BarrelsValue Value	2,165,078 \$9,864,400	1,825,920 \$9,034,418	1, 223, 219 \$5, 513, 554
BarrelsValueCorn meal and corn flour:	844 \$ 4,037	153 \$581	50 \$300
BarrelsValue Bran and middlings:	\$2, 129	1,626 \$5,124	
Tons	80, 415 \$1,594,885 13,575 \$463,155	106,932 \$2,360,171	64, 124 \$945, 076
Breakfast foods: Pounds. Value.	363, 761 \$18, 480		
Allother cereal products, value All other products, value	\$74,619 \$8,200	\$266, 213 \$18, 609	\$417 \$3,881

In 1914 there were 59 establishments engaged in this industry, a decrease of 25 as compared with 1909. Wheat flour is the principal product and shows substantial gains during the two five-year periods. The output of wheat increased 339,158 barrels, or 18.6 per cent, from 1909 to 1914, and 602,701, or 49.3 per cent, from 1904 to 1909. Measured by value of products, wheat flour constituted 82 per cent of the total of the flour-mill and gristmill industry for the state in 1914, 77.3 per cent in 1909, and 85.3 per cent in 1904. Bran and middlings and feed and offal were the next most important products, but represented only 17.1 per cent of the total value of the products of the industry in 1914.

The equipment of the mills reported in 1914 consisted of 380 stands of rolls, 5 runs of stone, and 23 attrition mills. One establishment manufactured barrels and four manufactured sacks.

Printing and publishing.—Table 19 shows the number and aggregate circulation per issue for the different classes of newspaper and periodical publications for the census years 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 19 PERIOD OF ISSUE.		MBER			ATE CIRCU PER ISSUE.	LATION
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904
Total	341	333	235	457,595	372, 642	245,71
Daily Sunday Semiweekly. Weekly Monthly All other classes.	10 2 2 315 10 2	12 4 1 310 5	9 2 3 212 6 3	74,660 267,275 115,660	{ 56, 954 23, 900 200, 288 31, 500	31,00

For the five-year period from 1909 to 1914 the total number of publications increased by 8 and the aggregate circulation per issue increased 84,953, or 22.8 per cent. Weekly and semiweekly publications had a circulation of 267,275, an increase of 6,987, or 2.7 per cent. Of the 341 newspapers and periodicals published in 1914, 315, or 92.4 per cent, were published weekly. There was a decrease of 2 each, in the dailies and Sundays from 1909 to 1914, and during the same period the circulation of both decreased. There was an increase both in the number and circulation of the monthly publications. The circulation of these are combined with 2 bimonthly publications in "all other," to avoid disclosure. The increase in circulation of this group was 84,160, or more than double, and it was practically limited to the monthly publications. All of the publications were in the English language, except 17, all weeklies, 11 of which were in English and German, 3 in German, and 3 in Norwegian, with a combined circulation of 35,273.

Butter.—Table 20 gives the quantity and value of products for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

There has been a steady increase in the amount of butter manufactured in the state at each successive census, but a slight decrease in the number of establishments engaged primarily in the industry. During the decade the output of butter increased from 3,013,151 pounds, valued at \$556,408 in 1904, to 5,814,240 pounds, valued at \$1,506,492 in 1914, a gain of 93 per cent in quantity and 170.8 per cent in

value. Of the total quantity of butter manufactured in 1914, 77.7 per cent was packed solid and 22.3 per cent was put up in prints or rolls; the packed butter greatly exceeded that reported as prints or rolls at each census, in both quantity and value.

Table 20	1914	1909	1904
Total value	\$1,739,692	\$1,029,135	\$562, 481
Butter: Packed solid—			
PoundsValue	4,518,736 \$1,161,820	2,873,519 \$756,158	2, 657, 328 \$485, 758
Prints or rolls— PoundsValue	1, 295, 504 \$344, 672	810, 160 \$225, 197	355, 823 \$70, 650
Cream sold: Pounds. Value.	307, 547 \$30, 941	3,348 \$496	120 \$12
All other products, value	1 \$202, 259	\$ 47, 284	\$ 6,061

¹ Includes ice cream to the value of \$134,805.

Laundries.—Statistics for power laundries are not included in the general tables or in the totals for manufacturing industries. Table 21, however, summarizes these statistics for 1914 and 1909.

In 1914 North Dakota ranked thirty-ninth among the states in amount received for work done and forty-

second in number of persons engaged in the industry. In 1909 it ranked thirty-seventh and fortieth, respectively. Establishments owned by individuals reported \$186,808, or 31.5 per cent of the amount received for work done; those owned by corporations, \$229,293, or 38.7 per cent; and those under other forms of ownership, \$176,742, or 29.8 per cent.

Table 21	POW:	ER LAUNDE	res.
	Number o	r amount.	Per cent
	1914	1909	crease, ¹ 1909– 1914.
Number of establishments. Persons engaged. Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees. Wage earners (average number). Primary horsepower. Capital. Salaries and wages. Salaries. Wages. Paid for contract work Rent and taxes. Cost of materials. Amount received for work done.	478 31 38 409 725 \$552,458 242,805 34,852 207,953 2,155 13,884 142,804	34 503 39 30 434 606 \$444,817 208,492 20,366 188,126 5,466 13,562 102,412 102,412 102,412	-5.0 -5.8 19.6 24.2 16.4 71.1 10.5 -60.6 2.4 39.4 8.1

 $^{^1}$ A minus sign (—) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

GENERAL TABLES.

Table 22 gives, for 1914, 1909, and 1904, the number of establishments, average number of wage earners, primary horsepower, wages, cost of materials, and value of products, for selected industries in the state; and for the cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants, similar data for all industries combined.

Table 23 presents, for 1914, statistics in detail for each industry in the state that can be shown without the disclosure of individual operations, and for the cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants, for all industries combined.

TABLE 22.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost. of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.
	year.	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	sed in th	ousands.		year.	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Express	ed in tho	usands.
		ŗ	THE ST	'ATE-A	LL INI	OUSTRI	ES COM	BINED AND SELECTE	INI	OUSTR	ies.				
All industries	1914 1909 1904	699 752 507	3,275 2,789 1,755	15,062 13,196 9,873	\$2,416 1,787 1,031	\$14, 484 13, 674 7, 096	\$21,147 19,138 10,218	Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909 1904	59 84 56	424 435 312	7,810 8,907 5,770	\$330 283 200	\$10,072 10,055 5,463	\$12,030 11,685 6,463
Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909 1904	58 67 39	205 146 86	226 88 14	121 84 44	445 346 184	810 601 311	Gas, illuminating and heating.	1914 1909 1904	9 6 4	52 28 10	65 52 1,825	29 13 6	109 78 34	273 199 102
Brick	1914 1909 1904	9 13 14	171 188 117	1,728 668 407	101 88 60	59 73 34	270 287 170	Mineral and soda waters	1914 1909 1904	24 26 16	56 63 36	149 103 62	35 38 21	121 133 44	282 304 156
Butter	1914 1909 1904	58 68 60	115 62 55	669 854 618	93 46 38	1,464 891 478	1,740 1,029 562	Printing and publishing	1914 1909 1904	351 330 229	752 788 515	2,212 948 392	547 533 313	455 440 237	2,220 1,910 1,110
Cars and general shop con- struction and repairs by steam-railroad compa- nies.	1914 1909 1904	7 5 3	871 463 146	718 332 98	746 340 102	412 300 81	1, 235 680 202	Saddlery and harness	1914 1909 1904	10 19 3	88 98 48	57 93 18	63 53 28	274 462 86	422 683 151
Confectionery	1914 1909	3 3	105 98	72 60	50 38	302 298	443 455	All other industries	1914 1909 1904	102 123 77	371 357 390	1,284 1,055 661	250 230 193	564 471 412	1,101 1,047 900
Copper, tin, and sheet- iron work.	1914 1909 1904	9 8 6	65 63 40	72 36 8	51 41 26	207 127 43	321 258 91		1001		000	002			
·			CITIE	S OF 10	,000 ТО	50,000 T	NHABIT	ANTS-ALL INDUSTRIE	es co	MBINE	ED.				
Fargo	1914 1909	76 61	690 510	1,275 789	\$447 325	\$1,741 1,410	\$3,006 2,477	GRAND FORKS	1914 1909	32 38	343 350	913 773	\$288 218	\$993 1,251	\$1,816 1,910

MANUFACTURES—NORTH DAKOTA.

TABLE 23.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE, BY INDUSTRIES,

					PERSO	NS ENG	AGED 1	IN THE I	NDUS	TRY.				E EARNE ST REPRE				,
		Num-			Sala- ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wa	ge earn	ers.			16 and	over.	Und	ler 16.	
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	ber of estab- lish-	m / 1	Pro- prie- tors	offi- cers, super-				Nu	nber, 1	5th de	y of—	Total.					Capital.
		ments.	Total.	and firm mem- bers.	in- tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	Aver- age num- ber.		imum nth.		imum onth.	I Otali	Male.	Fe- male.	Male	Fo- male	_
	` TH	E STA	TE—AL	L INI	DUSTI	RIES C	омві	NED A	ND S	PECIF	TED	INDU	STRIES					<u>.</u>
	All industries	699	4,627	603	257	356	136	3,275	Ју	3,625	Fe	2,954	(8)	(8)	(3)	(3)	(3)	\$14, 213, 362
	Artificial stone products Automobile repairing Bread and other bakery products Brick Butter	10 6 58 9 58	27 23 296 189 178	11 7 58 3 22	2 9 9 17	1 1 16 5 13	8 1 11	14 13 205 171 115	Jy Se Se Jo Jy	29 14 227 326 150	Fe 4 Jy Mh Fe Fe 4	3 12 187 53 89	25 14 195 255 115	25 14 141 255 112	53	1 2		53,884 49,943 535,688 1,039,899 757,057
-	Carriages, wagons, and repairs Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad com-	5 7	20 931	5	29	28	3	15 871	Ар Ју	17 983	Au De	13 788	17 788	17 786		2		51,273 1,879,058
	panies. Confectionery and ice cream Confectionery Ice cream. Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work. Flour-mill and gristmill products	6 3 3 9 59	131 124 7 86 699	3 3 6 33	4 4 7 62	13 13 8 141	2 2 39	109 105 4 65 424	Oc So 4 No Oc	127 5 87 486	Jy De 4 Ja My	84 3 41 375	105 102 3 77 462	38 36 2 77 462	67 66 1			279, 329 254, 954 24, 375 263, 642 4, 040, 709
	Foundry and machine-shop products. Gas, illuminating and heating Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	17 9 6	106 74 84	21 2 2	3 7 8	$\begin{smallmatrix} 4\\11\\3\end{smallmatrix}$	2 2 2	76 52 69	Au Jy Se	95 76 84	Fe Mh Fe	66 40 48	70 50 67	70 49 67	i			270, 369 832, 89 198, 160
	Marble and stone work. Mineral and soda waters	7 24	32 99	7 20	2 10	1 10	1 3	21 56	Au Au		Ja Ja	14 44	19 51	19 49		2		118, 835 279, 074
	Printing and publishing, job work only Printing and publishing, newspapers	20 331	176 1,128	14 336	15 49	. 77	11 41	127 625	De	140	Ју	118	140 665	107 537	32 106	1 19	3	403, 904 2, 1 48, 364
Total Section Control	and periodicals. Printing and publishing. Printing, publishing, and job printing.	308	71 1,040	6 321	5 42	17 55	5 35	38 587	No De	$\frac{42}{627}$	Ja Se	34 573	38 627	32 505	6 100	19	3	107,762 2,007,386
	Publishing without printing Saddlery and harness Tobacco, cigars All other industries *	17 10 18 30	17 113 51 184	9 9 19 25	2 10 1 13	5 5 1 9	1 1 1 7	88 29 130	Je No	98 32	De Oc	76 25	93 32	93 24	6	2		33, 216 586, 116 50, 205 375, 460
	CI	TIES	OF 10,000	TO	0,000 I	NHAB	ITAN'	TS—AL	L IN	DUSTI	RIES	COMB	INED.					The second secon
-	FARGOGRAND RAPIDS.	76 32	914 462	40 16	63 28	73 53	48 22	690 343	Se Je	755 404	Fe Fe	608 313	691 397	556 348	134 47	1 2		\$2,969,781 1,345,733
ç	* All other industries embrace— tomobile bodies and parts. nings, tents, and sails. ning, vegetables. s and general shop construction and rep		1 Co	rsets re exti	nguishe	rs, che	nical	² Includ		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\1\end{bmatrix}$	Food Fur ge Furni	oods ture, woo	ons for a	than r	attan	and w	/illow

AND FOR CITIES OF 10,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1914.

			EXPE	NSES.								POW	ER.		
Sal	aries and w	ages.		Rent ar	nd taxes.	For ma	terials.		** 1		Primar	y horser	ower.		Electric
Officials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including internal revenue and corporation income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	Value added by manufac- ture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	Inter- nal- com- bus- tion en- gines.2	Water wheels and mo- tors,1	Electric (rented).	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.
			THE	STATE-	ALL INI	USTRIES	COMBINE	D AND SPE	CIFIED IN	DUSTR	IES.				
\$406,962	\$479,003	\$2,416,235	\$72,009	\$116,463	\$96,865	\$13,957,277	\$527,038	\$21, 147, 431	\$6,663,116	15,062	9,627	1,280	299	3,856	944
1,872 13,740 19,800 12,389	720 600 18, 280 4, 210 14, 123	11, 241 8, 376 121, 183 101, 446 93, 368	200 790 1, 222	14,622 $14,622$ $1,725$	250 272 5, 777 3, 918 3, 379	27, 678 13, 204 422, 776 12, 251 1, 444, 369	175 1,463 21,904 46,708 20,108	48, 245 36, 651 810, 465 270, 199 1, 739, 692	20, 392 21, 984 365, 785 211, 240 275, 215	47 33 226 1,728 669	1,026 404	40 31 19 69 100	220	5 2 207 633 145	4
45,037	29,585	1,2,326 745,900			516 1,725	9,000 301,355	1, 187 110, 261	31,900 1,235,171	21; 713 823, 555	25 718	643	6		19 75	332
11,488 11,488 10,600 111,224	20,672 20,672 10,668 226,676	52, 195 49, 887 2, 308 50, 916 329, 859	482	2, 280 1, 380 900 3, 060 4, 820	2, 041 1, 886 155 1, 521 30, 545	318, 590 299, 513 19, 077 205, 440 9, 895, 336	3, 177 2, 789 388 1, 685 176, 908	474, 434 442, 914 31, 520 321, 018 12, 029, 905	152, 667 140, 612 12, 055 113, 893 1, 957, 661	90 72 18 72 7,810	50 50 6,798	10 10 4 286	270	30 22 8 68 456	32 32 568
7,950 9,371 15,420	5,246 9,286 4,586	61,478 28,591 52,773	150 4,950 194	2,482 220 295	1,887 8,939 2,451	76, 511 26, 296 163, 044	5, 242 83, 087 3, 831	215,521 273,022 249,144	133, 768 163, 639 82, 269	184 65 289	20 40 147	48 25 15		116 127	5
$3,000 \\ 13,521$	1,800 9,860	16,530 35,428	1,255	288 5,320	974 1, 868	49, 056 116, 234	668 4,497	92,466 282,300	42,742 161,569	19 149	35	4 13		15 101	2
23,373 72,367	23, 136 84, 286	94,932 451,678	2, 259 54, 387	16,273 50,303	2,778 16,954	133, 968 283, 364	4, 225 33, 449	415,146 1,805,071	276, 953 1, 488, 258	1, 158 1, 054	8	5 596		1,153 443	i
4,980 65,937	10,808 67,694	22, 349 429, 329	10,691	2,040 46,943	655 16, 092	16, 134 267, 166	891 32,558	89,144 1,603,954	72, 119 1, 304, 230	54 1,000	8	594	7	52 391	i
1,450 18,080 960 16,770	5,784 7,940 1,352 5,977	62,715 17,673 67,627	43,696 6,120	1,320 3,447 1,380 9,343	207 3, 249 4, 991 2, 830	272, 170 28, 334 158, 301	1,389 611 6,463	111,973 421,973 69,964 325,144	111, 909 148, 414 41, 019 160, 380	57 609	456	7		50 211	
			CITI	ES OF 10	,000 TO 5	0,000 INHA	BITANTS-	-ALL INDU	STRIES CO	MBINE	D.	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
\$101,291 48,170	\$110,383 69,538	\$447, 155 288, 150	\$22, 085 1, 124	\$30,996 12,112	\$21,643 13,485	\$1,655,913 924,286	\$85,029 68,766	\$3,006,043 1,815,669	\$1,265,101 822,617	1,275 913	275 499	16 82		984 332	4 39

i	\$101,291 48,170	\$110,383 69,538	\$447, 155 288, 150	\$22,085 1,124	\$30,996 12,112	\$21,643 13,485	\$1,655,913 924,286	\$85, 029 68, 766	\$3,006,043 1,815,669	\$1,265,101 822,617	1,275 913	275 499	82		984 332	4 39	1 2
	,	,		-,-	-,	,	,	,	, ,						- 1	}	

³ No figures given for reasons stated under "Explanation of terms."

⁴ Same number reported for one or more other months.

Hosiery and knit goods Looking-glass and picture frames.	1 1	Optical goods Patent medicines and compounds. Perfumery and cosmetics. Pickles and sauces	1		Sar To Tr
--	--------	--	---	--	-----------------

Sand-lime brick. 1 Pools, not elsewhere specified 1 Prunks and valises. 2

0

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SAM. L. ROGERS, DIRECTOR

CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES: 1914

ОНІО

Prepared under the supervision of W. M. STEUART, Chief Statistician for Manufactures

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Flour-mill and gristmill products	7
Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products	8
Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies	8
Boots and shoes, including cut stock and findings	8
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-	
railroad companies	8
Liquors, malt	8
Lumber and timber products.	8
Tobacco manufactures	8
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Paper and wood pulp.	39
Paint and varnish.	
Butter, cheese, and condensed milk	40
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EXPLANATION OF TERMS.

Scope of census.—Census statistics of manufactures are compiled primarily for the purpose of showing the absolute and relative magnitude of the different branches of industry covered and their growth or decline. Incidentally, the effort is made to present data throwing light upon character of ownership, size of establishments, and similar subjects. When use is made of the statistics for these purposes it is imperative that due attention should be given to their limitations, particularly in connection with any attempt to derive from them figures purporting to show average wages, cost of production, or profits.

The census did not cover establishments which were idle during the entire year or whose products were valued at less than \$500, or the manufacturing done in educational, eleemosynary, and penal institutions.

Period covered.—The returns relate to the calendar year 1914, or the business year which corresponded most nearly to that calendar year, and cover a year's operations, except for establishments which began or discontinued business during the

The establishment.—As a rule, the term "establishment" represents a single plant or factory, but in some cases it represents two or more plants which were operated under a common ownership or for which one set of books of account was kept. If, however, the plants constituting an establishment as thus defined were not all located within the same city or state, separate reports were secured in order that the figures for each plant might be included in the statistics for the city or state in which it was located. In some instances separate reports were secured for different industries carried on in the same establishment.

Classification by industries.—The establishments were assigned to the several classes of industries according to their products of chief value. The products reported for a given industry may thus, on the one hand, include minor products very different from those covered by the class designation, and, on the other hand, may not include the total product covered by this designation, because some part of this product may be made in establishments in which it is not the product of chief value.

As a rule, the same designation is used for the industry wherever it appears, although all of the products indicated by this designation were not manufactured in the state or city for which these statistics are presented. In some instances the wording is changed so as to more correctly describe the products represented. For a number of industries subclasses are shown which indicate more definitely the kind of products.

Selected industries.—The general tables at the end of this bulletin give the principal facts separately for the industries of the state. A selection has been made of the leading industries of the state for more detailed consideration. Sometimes industry of greater importance than some of those selected is omitted because it comprises so few establishments that these detailed presentations would reveal the operations of individual concerns tions of individual concerns.

Comparisons with previous censuses.—Owing to changes in industrial conditions it is not always possible to classify establishments by industries in such a way as to permit accurate comparison with preceding censuses. At the census of 1909 the figures for kindred industries were combined. This practice, as a rule, has been followed in compiling the statistics of 1914 when placed in comparison with those for 1999 and prior years. The comparative summary for 1914, 1909, and 1904, therefore, does not show separately all the industries given for 1914 in the detailed statement for the state.

Influence of increased prices.—In comparing figures for cost of materials, value of products, and value added by manufacture in 1914 and 1909 with the corresponding figures for earlier censuses, account should be taken of the general increase in the prices of commodities during recent years. To the extent to which this factor has been influential the figures fail to afford an exact measure of the increase in the vol-

been influential the figures sail to alrord an exact measure of the increase in the volume of business.

Persons engaged in the industry.—The following general classes of persons engaged in the manufacturing industries were distinguished: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officers of corporations, (3) superintendents and managers, (4) clerks (including other subordinate salaried employees), and (5) wage earners. In the reports for the censuses of 1904 and 1899 these five classes were shown according to the three main groups: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officials, clerks, etc., and (3) wage earners. In comparative tables covering the census of 1904 it is of course necessary to group the figures according to the classification that was employed at the earlier censuses.

The number of persons engaged in each industry, segregated bysex, and, in the case of wage earners, also by age (whether under 16 or 16 and over), was reported for a single representative day. The 15th of December was selected as representing for most industries normal conditions of employment, but where this date was not a representative day an earlier date was chosen.

In the case of employees other than wage earners the number thus reported for the representative date has been treated as equivalent to the average for the year, since the number of employees of this class does not ordinarily vary much from month to month. In the case of wage earners the average has been obtained in the manner explained in the next paragraph.

In addition to the more detailed report by sex and age of the number of wage earners on the representative date, a report was obtained of the number employed on the 15th of each month, without distinction of sex or age. From these figures the average number of wage earners for the year has been calculated by dividing the sum of the numbers reported for the several months by 12. The average thus obtained approximates the number of wage earners that would be required to perform the work done if

measured by this average than by the number employed at any one time or on a given day.

The number of wage earners reported for the representative day, though given in certain tables for each separate industry, is not totaled for all industries combined for any state, because, in view of the variations of date, such a total is believed not to be significant. It would involve more or less duplication of persons working in different industries at different times, would not represent the total number employed in all industries at any one time, and would give an undue weight to seasonal industries as compared with industries in continual operation. This total, however, is shown for the different cities, because the limited area and greater regularity of employment largely overcame the objection incident to its publication for the separate states or the United States.

In particular, totals by sex and age for the wage earners reported for the representative day for all industries combined would be misleading because of the undue weight given to seasonal industries, in some of which, such as canning and preserving, the distribution of the wage earners by sex and age is materially different from that in most industries of more regular operation. In order to determine as nearly as possible the sex and age distribution of the average number of wage earners for a given state as a whole, the per cent distribution by sex and age of the wage earners in each industry for December 15, or the nearest representative day, has been calculated from the actual numbers reported for that date. The percentages thus obtained have been applied to the average number of wage earners for the year in that industry to determine the average number of men, women, and children employed. These calculated averages for the several industries have been added to give the average distribution for each state as a whole and for the entire country.

Salaries and wages.—Under these heads are given the total payments during the year for salaries and wages, respectively. The Census Bureau has not undertaken to calculate the average annual earnings of either salaried employees or wage earners. Such averages would possess little real value, because they would be based on the earnings of employees of both sexes, of all ages, and of widely varying degrees of skill. Furthermore, so far as wage earners are concerned, it would be impossible to calculate accurately even so simple an average as this, since the number of wage earners fluctuates from month to month in every industry, and in some cases to a very great extent. The Census Bureau's figures for wage earners, as already explained, are averages based on the number employed on the 15th of each month and represent the approximate number who would be required to perform the work in any industry if all were continuously employed during the year, whereas the actual number to whom the total wages were paid would be larger.

Prevailing hours of labor.—No attempt was made to ascertain the number of was earners working a given number of hours per week. The inquiry called merely for the prevailing practice followed in each establishment. Occasional variations in hours in an establishment from one part of the year to another were disregarded, and no attention was paid to the fact that a few wage earners might have hours differing from those of the majority. All the wage earners of each establishment are therefore counted in the class within which the establishment itself falls. In most establishments, however, all or practically all the wage earners work the same number of hours, so that the figures give a substantially correct representation of the hours of abort.

Capital .-The instructions on the schedule for securing data relating to capital were as follows:

"The answer should show the total amount of capital, both owned and borrowed, on the last day of the business year reported. All the items of fixed and live capital may be taken at the amounts carried on the books. If land or buildings are rented, that fact should be stated and no value given. If a part of the land or buildings is owned, the remainder being rented, that fact should be so stated and only the value of the owned property given. Do not include securities and leans representing investments in other enterprises."

These instructions were identical with those employed at the census of 1909. The These instructions were identical with those employed at the census of 1909. The data compiled in respect to capital, however, at both censuses, ns well as at all preceding censuses of manufactures, have been so defective as to be of little value except as indicating very general conditions. In fact, it has been repeatedly recommended by the census authorities that this inquiry be omitted from the schedule. While there are some establishments whose accounting systems are such that an accurate return for capital could be made, this is not true of the great majority, and the figures therefore do not show the actual amount of capital invested.

Materials.—The statistics as to cost of materials relate to the materials used during materials.—Inestatistics as to cost of materials relate to the materials in the year, which may be more or less than the materials purchased during the year. The term "materials" covers fuel, rent of power and heat, mill supplies, and containers, as well as materials which form a constituent part of the product.

Rent and taxes.—The taxes include internal revenue, corporation income tax, and state, county, and local taxes. In some instances the amount of the corporation tax for 1914 had not been ascertained when the report was prepared and the amount paid for 1912 was therefore given paid for 1913 was therefore given.

Value of products.—The amounts given under this heading represent the selling value or price at the factory of all products manufactured during the year, which may differ from the value of the products sold.

Value added by manufacture.—The value of products is not a satisfactory measure of either the absolute or the relative importance of a given industry, because only a part of this value is actually created by the manufacturing processes carried on in the industry itself. Another part, and often by far the larger one, represents the value of the materials used. For many purposes, therefore, the best measure of the importance of an industry is the value created by the manufacturing operations carried on within the industry. This value is calculated by deducting the cost of the materials used from the value of the products. The figure thus obtained is termed in the census reports "value added by manufacture."

Cost of manufacture and profits.—The census data do not show the entire cost of manufacture, and consequently can not be used for the calculation of profits. No account has been taken of interest or depreciation, rent of offices and buildings other than factory or works, insurance, ordinary repairs, advertising, and other sundry expenses

Primary horsepower.—This item represents the total primary power generated by the manufacturing establishments plus the amount of power, principally electric, rented from other concerns. It does not cover the power of electric motors taking their current from dynamos driven by primary power machines operated by the same establishment, because the inclusion of such power would obviously result in duplication. The figures for primary horsepower represent the rated capacity of the engines, motors, etc., and not the amount of power in actual daily use, since in most cases an engine or motor is not required to deliver continuously its full rated horsepower.

Fuel.—Statistics of the quantity of fuel used are shown only for anthracite and bituminous coal, coke, oil, and gas. They relate to the quantity used during the year, which may be more or less than the quantity purchased. As only the principal varieties of fuel are shown, no comparison can be made with the total cost of all fuel.

OHIO.

By W. W. SAWYER.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

General character of the state.—Ohio was admitted to the Union as a state in 1803. With a gross area of 41,040 square miles, of which 40,740 represents land surface, it ranks thirty-fifth in size among the states. Its inhabitants in 1900 numbered 4,157,545, and in 1910, 4,767,121, and its estimated population in 1914 was 5,026,898. In total population Ohio ranked fourth among the states in 1910 and in density of population it ranked eighth, with 117 inhabitants per square mile, the corresponding figure for 1900 being 102.1.

The urban population of the state in 1910—that is, the population residing in cities and towns of 2,500 inhabitants or more—was 2,665,143, or 55.9 per cent of the total, as against 48.1 per cent in 1900. There were in the state in 1914, 9 cities having an estimated population of more than 50,000, as follows: Cleveland, 639,431; Cincinnati, 402,175; Columbus, 204,567; Toledo, 184,126; Dayton, 123,794; Youngstown, 93,341; Akron, 80,291; Canton, 57,426; and Springfield, 50,058. There were also 34 cities with an estimated population of 10,000, but less than 50,000. These 43 cities, whose aggregate population in 1914 formed 49.1 per cent of the estimated population of the state, reported 77.4 per cent of the state's manufactured products.

The industrial importance of Ohio is due in great measure to its natural resources. The value of the output of the mines, quarries, and wells, in 1914, as reported by the United States Geological Survey, was \$101,661,384, the most important being bituminous coal, \$21,250,642; natural gas, \$14,667,790; and petroleum, \$13,372,729. The state ranked fourth in 1914 in total value of mineral products, first in output of clay products, fifth in quantity and fourth in value of coal, fourth in quantity and third in value of natural gas, and seventh in output of petroleum. Furthermore, the splendid transportation facilities, both by rail and water, can not be overestimated. Lake Erie and the Erie Canal make a direct outlet to the Atlantic seaboard, while the western Great Lakes and the Sault Ste. Marie Canal furnish a water route to the Northwestern states. The Ohio River, which forms 436 miles of the southern boundary of the state, furnishes communication with Pennsylvania and the states of the Mississippi Valley. Two canals, one from Cleveland to Portsmouth and the other from Toledo to Cincinnati, connect Lake Erie with the Ohio River. The steam-railway mileage in 1914 was 9,148 and the electric-railway mileage in 1912 (the latest year for which statistics are available) was 3,852. Ohio is the sixth state in the mileage of steam railways and third in the mileage of electric railways.

The total value of all farm crops in 1909 was \$230,337,981, the most important products being cereals, \$137,907,934; and hay and forage, \$42,357,364.

Importance and growth of manufactures.—The value of the state's manufactured products in 1914 was \$1,782,808,279, the average number of wage earners employed in its manufacturing industries was 510,435, and the value added by manufacture, which is the best measure of the importance of manufacturing industries, amounted to \$762,026,264. In 1914 Ohio ranked fourth among the states in all three items, and fifth in 1909. The value of manufactured products in Ohio in 1914 represented 7.4 per cent of the total for the United States. The corresponding proportions for 1909 and 1904 were 7 per cent and 6.5 per cent, respectively.

The statistics in this report do not include the manufacture of clothing, bedding, and other articles at the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, located near Dayton, in Montgomery County. In 1914 this establishment employed an average of 172 wage earners and turned out products valued at \$152,782.

Table 1 summarizes the more important data relative to all classes of manufactures combined in the state of Ohio, for the censuses of 1914, 1909, 1904, and 1899, and gives the percentages of increase from census to census.

This table brings out the fact that the manufacturing industries of Ohio show a lower rate of development during the period 1909–1914 than during the preceding five-year period. There was an increase from 1909 to 1914, however, in every item, except proprietors and firm members and amount paid for contract work.

The decrease of 1,095, or 7.4 per cent, in the number of proprietors and firm members is probably due to the fact that some establishments under individual or firm ownership in 1909 were incorporated during the period between the censuses. The number of salaried employees increased by 34.9 per cent during the five-year period. The decrease of 19.1 per cent in the amount paid for contract work is no indication of a depression in any industry, because the expenditure for such work depends upon the methods used and not upon the magnitude of the operations.

The percentages of increase for average number of wage earners, value of products, and value added by manufacture for Ohio for the period 1909–1914 were 14.2, 24, and 24.2, respectively, whereas the corre-

sponding percentages for the United States were only | proportionally as that for the United States as a whole, 6.4, 17.3, and 15.8, respectively. Thus the state's and its increases in value of products and value added increase in wage earners was more than twice as great | by manufacture were about one-third greater.

Table 1		MANUFACTURIN		PER CENT OF INCREASE.1			
: 4	1914	1909	1904	1899	1909-1914	1904-1909	1899-1904
Number of establishments. Persons engaged. Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees. Wage earners (average number). Primary horsepower. Capital Salaries and wages. Salaries Wages. Paid for contract work. Rent and taxes (including internal revenue). Cost of materials. Value of products. Value added by manufacture (value of products less cost of materials).	5,437,438 37,433,863	15, 138 523, 004 14, 719 61, 351 446, 934 1, 583, 155 \$1, 300, 732, 732 72, 147, 499 245, 449, 904 6, 717, 474 29, 413, 298 824, 201, 947 1, 437, 935, 817 613, 733, 870	13, 785 417, 946 13, 657 39, 991 364, 298 1, 116, 932 \$856, 988, 830 225, 864, 293 43, 434, 868 182, 429, 425 5, 377, 027 3, 8, 106, 126 527, 636, 585 960, 811, 857 433, 175, 272	13,868 (2) (2) 28,109 308,109 783,665 \$570,908,968 164,579,020 28,151,441 136,427,579 (2) (2) 409,302,501 748,670,855 339,368,354	3. 4 16. 0 -7. 4 34. 9 14. 2 26. 5 29. 0 33. 6 45. 9 29. 5 -10. 1 27. 3 23. 8 24. 0 24. 2	9.8 25.1 7.8 53.4 22.7 41.7 51.8 40.6 66.1 34.5 24.9 56.2 49.7 41.7	-0.6 42.3 18.2 42.5 50.1 37.2 54.3 33.3

¹ A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

manufacturing industries in 1914, and gives percentages | to 1914.

Table 2 shows the relative importance of the leading | of increase for the three five-year periods from 1899

Table 2				CENSUS OF 19)14.					P	ER CEN	T OF IN	CREASE.	,1		
INDUSTRY.	Num-	Wage es	ırners.	Value of pro	ducts.	Value add manufact		W (aver	age eari age nur	iers nber).	Valu	e of pro	ducts.		e addec nufactu	
INDUSTRI.	ber of estab- lish- ments.	Average number.	Per cent dis- tribu- tion.	Amount.	Per cent dis- tribu- tion.	Amount.	Per cent dis- tribu- tion.	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904
All industries	15, 658	510,435	100.0	\$1,782,808,279	100.0	\$762, 026, 264	100.0	14. 2	22.7	18. 2	24.0	49.7	28.3	24. 2	41.7	27.6
Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills	70	46,397	9.1	205, 023, 391	11.5	65, 346, 900	8.6	20, 2	39.0	0, 4	3.7	76. 6	13.6	11.6	73.3	9.8
uctsRubber goods, not elsewhere speci-	1,379	73, 103	14.3	178, 855, 069	10.0	101, 352, 054	13.3	12.8	22.3	5.7	22.6	40.6	17.3	24.7	37.4	19.9
fied	54	21,705	4.3	109,658,605	6.2	50, 921, 129	6.7	109.1	115.6	37.4	103.4	237.7	117.8	137. 2	274.2	123.0
parts. Iron and steel, blast furnaces	102 33	18,752 5,786	3.7 1.1	85,710,585 72,969,368	4.8 4.1	30, 380. 088 12, 230, 844	4.0 1.6	54.6 -20.7	345, 6 34, 2	3,065.1 -10.0	120.7 -12.8	510.9 104.8	4,284.8 1.2	$49.5 \\ -19.9$	434.0 82.2	4,376.5 —50.5
Slaughtering and meat packing. Printing and publishing. Flour-mill and gristmill products	169 1,783 649	3,619 18,070 2,363	0.7 3.5 0.4	66, 674, 379 55, 608, 924 45, 171, 200	3.7 3.1 2.5	6, 993, 279 38, 538, 944 6, 213, 814	0.9 5.1 0.8	17.3 14.7 —8.6	33.3 13.7 -4.3	29.8 4.9 15.7	31. 2 33. 5 -6. 1	74.3 33.0 17.7	40.4 31.4 16.5	8.3 29.5 -7.8	68.0 31.4 28.9	39. 2 34. 3 2. 7
Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products.	549	27,334	5.4	38,667,374	2, 2	26, 491, 419	3.5	14.0	6.0	31.4	26.6	18.9	110.6	21.2	13.7	110.0
Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies	119	12,695	2.5	36, 120, 978	2.0	18, 638, 730	2.4	57.3	57.9	35.5	92.4	70.4	69.4	61.4	82.8	99.6
Bootsand shoes, including cutstock and findings. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad com-	73	14,674	2.9	33,641,705	1.9	13,758,680	1.8	-8.4	14.2	9.9	6.6	22.6	41.0	8.5	18.0	54.9
panies Bread and other bakery products Liquors, malt	101	21,639 7,665 5,340	$\frac{4.2}{1.5}$	33, 286, 205, 30, 560, 881 31, 990, 274	1.9 1.7 1.8	17, 232, 484 13, 265, 708 22, 799, 792	2.3 1.7 3.0	4.4 28.3 22.6	21.7 12.8 15.5	47. 6 50. 5 11. 2	16.0 32.8 26.3	33.9 47.1 17.2	65. 1 58. 7 19. 0	19.5 42.0 21.5	28.8 41.9 19.8	59.8 48.6 12.2
Lumber and timber products Tobacco manufactures Clothing, men's, including shirts Food preparations, not elsewhere	257	11,921 13,282 10,758	2.3 2.6 2.1	31, 852, 694 28, 467, 079 27, 621, 829	1.8 1.6 1.5	13,835,983 16,550,307 13,865,495	1.8 2.2 1.8	-11.4 5.2 8.1	-0.8 13.0 38.5	-17.8 10.3 0.8	$ \begin{array}{r r} -7.9 \\ -1.5 \\ \hline 11.1 \end{array} $	5. 1 41. 1 28. 5	0.3 20.6 11.7	-5.4 -1.7 16.0	-3.7 29.6 27.0	-3.2 14.4 20.0
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products.	76 288	1,523 7,448	$0.3 \\ 1.4$	27,346,187 25,059,351	1, 5 1, 4	7,311,430 10,609,552	1.0 1.4	49.3 12.9	16.7 66.2	20.5 48.5	152.3 31.3	37.9 102.7	9.7 75.1	185.0 42.1	72. 1 83. 3	-17.8 87.0
Paper and wood pulp Clothing, women's. Stoves and furnaces, including gas and oil stoves.	48 170	5,430 9,775	$\frac{1.1}{1.9}$	23, 284, 192 22, 881, 753	$1.3 \\ 1.3$	7, 174, 918 10, 791, 914	0.9 1.4	16. 2 10. 5	20.3 38.6	22. 0 32. 4	37. 2 17. 4	54.8 52.2	67.5 64.7	18.3 17.3	26, 2 52, 5	73.3 81.6
and oil stoves. Paint and varnish. Butter, cheese, and condensed milk.	105 95 286	8,575 2,107 1,480	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.7 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.3 \end{array} $	19,981,599 19,326,576 19,325,977	1.1 1.1 1.1	11,566,412 7,987,354 3,357,766	1.5 1.0 0.4	17.9 37.3 38.7	11.8 38.2 118.7	31.9 25.4	30.1 41.9 99.4	50.7 59.6 111.0	27. 2 20. 6	27.7 58.3 67.5	46. 4 88. 7 132. 1	3.3 14.0
Glass. Agricultural implements. Furniture and refrigerators Carriages and wagons and materials. Coffee and spice, roasting and grind-	39 59 213 341	10,997 5,464 7,831 5,997	2. 2 1. 1 1. 5 1. 2	19, 191, 342 17, 484, 615 16, 687, 466 16, 192, 449	1. 1 1. 0 0. 9 0. 9	12, 145, 665 9, 674, 830 9, 258, 295 7, 631, 487	1.6 1.3 1.2 1.0	8.2 -8.9 -4.9 -32.0	$ \begin{array}{r} 29.5 \\ 6.0 \\ -5.1 \\ -20.1 \end{array} $	72.5 -17.4 29.0 -5.4	33.7 21.1 2.6 -26.2	59.1 12.0 17.6 -8.6	98.5 -7.8 45.3 5.3	25.6 19.1 2.7 -27.6	56. 2 12. 8 8. 9 -5. 5	87.9 -9.0 51.3 4.9
ing	35	822	0. 2	13, 312, 493	0.7	3, 128, 109	0.4	7.9	28.7	-12.7	18.6	12.7	70.2	6.1	26.4	104.4
Cars, steam-railroad, not including operations of railroad companies. Leather, tanned, curried, and fin-	5	2,885	0.6	11,795,726	0.7	3, 237, 432	0.4	26.4	10.5	14.4	82.9	16.5	40.5	43.5	3.4	89.7
ished	28 29 7	1,605 2,017 1,519	0.3 0.4 0.3	11,627,916 11,388,140 11,169,189	0.7 0:6 0.6	3, 121, 663 4, 662, 147 1, 244, 744	0.4 0.6 0.2	-14.8 78.2 -8.4	17.0 10.4 -12.7	16.3 68.3 88.5	14.8 47.1 3.9	55.5 68.7 -1.8	25. 7 28. 4 30. 4	29.7 55.7 —52.3	17. 4 88. 7 20. 6	45.7 6.4 48.1
Tin plate and terneplate. Liquors, distilled Confectionery. Iron and steel, wrought pipe. Canning and preserving	7 18 132 5 135	953 332 3,149 2,285 2,507	0. 2 0. 1 0. 6 0. 4 0. 5	10,826,098 10,683,552 10,133,602 9,367,581 8,951,383	0.6 0.6 0.5 0.5	1,383,355 8,695,341 4,053,093 3,215,372 3,054,175		41. 0 -11. 2 26. 3 111. 4 24. 8						88. 4 -8. 4 25. 9 252. 7 96. 0		14.2 34.0 36.0

¹ Percentages are based on figures in Table 54; a minus sign (—) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100, or where comparable figures can not be given.

² Figures not available.

³ Exclusive of internal revenue.

Table 2—Continued.				CENSUS OF 19	014.					P	ER CEN	T OF INC	CREASE.	1		
	Num-	Wage es	irners.	Value of pro	ducts.	Value adde manufact			age eari		Valu	e of pro	ducts.		ie adde nufacti	
INDUSTRY.	ber of estab- lish- ments.	Average number.	Per cent dis- tribu- tion.	Amount.	Per cent dis- tribu- tion.	Amount.	Per cent dis- tribu- tion.	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904	1909- 1914	1904– 1909	1899- 1904
Hosiery and knit goods	38 29 84 252 24	3,411 2,269 2,277 1,032	0.7 0.4 0.4 0.2 0.2	\$8,654,103 8,148,155 7,843,092 7,734,181	0.5 0.5 0.4	\$3,621,578 3,950,785 3,653,547 4,715,814	0.5 0.5 0.5	8.3 11.2 2.0	26. 5 -0. 4 50. 3 -13. 5	75. 4 175. 4 12. 9 20. 4	34. 5 29. 2 19. 3	60. 9 58. 7 96. 4 -20. 5	152. 2 47. 6 46. 0 52. 2	40. 2 37. 5 20. 2	41. 9 34. 4 68. 6	134.8 63.4 43.7 54.6
Fertilizers Iron and steel forgings, not made in steel works or rolling mills Cutlery and tools, not elsewhere	29	1,005 2,308	0.5	7, 245, 998 6, 752, 467	0.4	2,619,304 2,815,031	0.3	15.3	71.6 45.3	22.5	63.4	93. 8 42. 3	38.1	37. 8 54. 4	20.2	41.1
specified Leather goods Marble and stone work Gas and electric fixtures and lamps and reflectors	81 187 213 52	3, 199 1, 743 2, 523 1, 832	0.6 0.3 0.5	6,611,697 5,717,732 5,263,992 4,899,095	0.4 0.3 0.3	4,650,899 2,244,835 3,214,875 2,299,426	0.6 0.3 0.4 0.3	13. 4 -7. 8 25. 4 27. 5	14.3 -21.6 -33.7	55. 5 2. 9 44. 7 7. 4	31. 3 15. 8 36. 8	41. 2 -9. 3 -20. 9 177. 5	46. 1 19. 4 59. 0 22. 8	37. 4 7. 9 34. 1 28. 7	46. 5 -17. 2 -23. 4 123. 2	47. 1 40. 4 62. 5 27. 6
Shipbuilding, including boat building. Iron and steel, bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets, not made in steel	29	2,879	0.6	4, 716, 787	0.3	2,808,207	0.4	-10.0			-16.9		22.0	-12.6		21.0
and Fivets, not made in seen works and rolling mills. Sewing machines and attachments. Safes and vauits	15 3 10	2,365 1,925 1,760	0.5 0.4 0.3	4,651,422 4,508,758 4,337,430	0.3 0.3 0.2	2,049,698 1,901,461 2,854,552	0.3 0.2 0.4	-15.4 -12.6	20. 0 6. 5	62. 2	-25. 7 21. 0	49. 1 12. 1	103. 3	-27.7 -14.2	59. 0 16. 8	121.6
Ico cream Boxes, fancy and paper Oil, linseed Cooperage and wooden goods, not elsowhere specified	160 49 3	2,456 150 1,516	0. 2 0. 5 (²) 0. 3	4, 208, 066 4, 060, 322 3, 957, 939 3, 945, 968	0.2 0.2 0.2	1,925,935 1,973,707 315,908 1,399,245	0.3 0.3 (2) 0.2	-2.9 -29.2 -8.8	45. 2 200. 0 -3. 5	18. 2 -51. 7 -4. 3	11. 7 9. 1 12. 2	70. 4 51. 1 -1. 2	51. 5 -23. 0 36. 3	15. 8 -42. 1 7. 6	60. 6 106. 0 —18. 3	34.6 17.3 26.5
Roofing materials	18	715 916	0. 1 0. 2 0. 3	3, 905, 812 3, 594, 163	0.2	1,586,715	0.2	24.8	67.8 -4.1	178. 2	0. 2 83. 8	23. 9	239. 8	110. 9 51. 6	2. 0	147. 2
Signs and advertising novelties Musical instruments, pianos and organs and materials Paving materials	50 27 66	1,372 1,745 1,957	0.3 0.4	3, 551, 045 3, 544, 686 3, 507, 253	0. 2 0. 2 0. 2	1,807,190 1,871,769 2,784,008	0. 2 0. 2 0. 4	25. 2 -5. 2 3,394.6	—16. 7	186.6	36.7 9.7 1,570.8	6.6	153. 9	9. 1 -6. 6 1,868.0	-2.7	177.9
Wirework, including wire rope and cable. Mattresses and spring beds. Furnishing goods, men's. Pumps, not including power pumps. Screws, machine.	43 43 40 17 7	810 934 2,368 1,014 1,464	0. 2 0. 2 0. 5 0. 2 0. 3	3, 434, 551 3, 426, 908 3, 296, 867 3, 277, 182 3, 275, 186	0. 2 0. 2 0. 2 0. 2 0. 2	1, 267, 406 1, 429, 362 1, 182, 573 1, 873, 162 1, 906, 898	0. 2 0. 2 0. 2 0. 2 0. 2	-44.3 -2.8 13.0 351.9	5.5 44.9 143.1 -26.0	50. 3 344. 6	-5.1 3.6 19.3 447.7	43.8 44.0 308.8 -24.6	135.5	-30. 1 -12. 1 26. 9 354. 0	46. 3 79. 8 225. 1 -14. 6	128.3 340.8
Ice, manufactured. Coffins, burial cases, and undertak- ers' goods. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts Bags, paper Springs, steel, car and carriage.	132 19 9 9 7	1,277 1,252 752 646 819	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1	3, 134, 302 2, 966, 388 2, 931, 383 2, 893, 011 2, 773, 666	0. 2 0. 2 0. 2 0. 2 0. 2 0. 2	2, 258, 393 1, 672, 652 1, 297, 217 1, 061, 732 1, 223, 167	0.3 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2	43. 2 0. 6 20. 2 16. 0 157. 5	71. 5 7. 0 111. 2 15. 6	73. 9 18. 3 87. 4 121. 1	38. 1 -3. 1 27. 0 20. 9 332. 1	86.5 21.3 121.7 58.2	108.7 40.1 -74.6 110.4	32. 4 -3. 7 4. 4 40. 7 254. 2	84. 4 28. 9 112. 7 35. 3	107. 9 45. 1 68. 4 168. 3
Ink, printing Oil, not elsewhere specified Flags, banners, regalia, society badges and emblems.	7 20 17	254 138 1,074	(2) (2) (2)	2, 763, 537 2, 675, 950	0. 2 0. 2 0. 1	1,409,603 787,494 1,402,094	0. 2 0. 1 0. 2	38. 8 -12. 1 -14. 9	35. 6 12. 1 12. 7	32. 4	44. 9 31. 4 —13. 9	44.6 29.7 34.1	86. 6 25. 7	28. 4 0. 4 -7. 6	20. 4 49. 5 22. 9	174. 7 57. 4
Carriages and sleds, children's Cars and general shop construction and repairs by electric-railroad companies	48	1,267 1,879	0.2	2, 426, 231 2, 385, 584	0.1	1,305,480 1,308,178	0.2	22. 4 42. 6	-4.7	38. 0 -34. 5	22. 7 41. 1	8.4	-30.9	9. 5 47. 0	16. 9 660. 7	-24. 5
Lime Wood, turned and carved Cordage and twine and jute goods Salt Salt Stationery goods, not elsewhere specified	38 61 6 8	1,416 985 560 813	0.3 0.2 0.1 0.2	2,334,349 2,284,105 2,281,973 2,197,204	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	1,628,367 997,858 828,166 992,996	0. 2 0. 1 0. 1 0. 1	11. 2 -18. 5 -29. 2 25. 5	$\begin{array}{c} 41.6 \\ 0.1 \\ -26.1 \\ 20.2 \end{array}$	1. 7 -20. 5	44.1 -7.1 -18.2 21.6	21. 4 11. 1 -16. 1 54. 7	9. 9 42. 8	59. 3 -28. 5 12. 6 38. 5	1.6 42.0	15. 8 28. 2
Coke, not including gas-house coke. Awnings, tents, and sails Coment. Sugar, beet.	15 5 38 7 3	708 489 615 849 282	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1	2, 174, 425 2, 156, S14 2, 130, 707 2, 111, 574 2, 051, 307	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	1, 268, 311 550, 169 860, 571 1, 221, 244 1, 174, 270	0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2	98.8 56.9 -4.3		59. 2	-10.7 153.5 53.7 44.2	182.6 228.6 -2.9	1.6		-15. 1	-23.9
Mineral and soda waters Artificial stone products Millinery and lace goods Toys and games Clocks and watches, including cases	202 403 30 36	575 954 911 1,103	0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2	2,003,699 1,946,139 1,917,919 1,908,700	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	1, 143, 546 1, 182, 816 912, 998 1, 109, 661	0. 2 0. 2 0. 1 0. 1	19. 0 32. 9 185. 0	186. 4 197. 6 2. 1	16.3	43.6 41.3 30.1 148.6	42. 0 209. 0 360. 4	8.8	21. 2 34. 6 -28. 9 185. 3	215. 1 317. 2	37.5
and materials Liquors, vinous Wall plaster Brushes Explosives	9 28 22 16 11	1,305 186 626 677 311	0.3 (2) 0.1 0.1 0.1	1, 808, 486 1, 800, 050 1, 713, 618 1, 544, 399 1, 439, 009	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	1, 129, 166 747, 361 943, 629 812, 417 466, 905	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	24.8 141.7 59.3 —13.1	$ \begin{array}{r rrr} -15.0 \\ -12.4 \\ -44.4 \\ -16.4 \\ -70.3 \end{array} $	34. 7 -5. 0 21. 6 61. 2	-8.7 38.0 83.3 26.6 -16.3 -53.5	6.0 -2.3 -9.8 -6.7 -36.0	27. 4 66. 5 38. 6 22. 4	-22. 4 27. 5 88. 4 36. 7 -24. 1 -57. 7	26. 0 -9. 0 -23. 5 8. 3 -35. 0	16. 4 72. 7 2. 0 13. 8
Gas, illuminating and heating House-furnishing goods, not elsewhere specified Wool, shoddy Dairymen's, poultrymen's, and	25 26 5	398 320 523	0. 1 0. 1 0. 1	1, 431, 826 1, 430, 265 1, 353, 121	0.1 0.1 0.1	952, 045 434, 735 533, 459	0.1 0.1	-40. 2 -12. 1 19. 4 -7. 7	-0.5 2.8 32.7	-10.1	-8.3 7.6	97.3 1.5	-16.2	-31.6 3.5	81. 2 77. 0	
apiarists' supplies. Jewelry. Grease and tallow, not including lubricating greases	18 57 34	442 477 400	0.1	1, 277, 115 1, 265, 096 1, 215, 913	0.1 0.1 0.1	555, 546 861, 622 544, 437	0. 1 0. 1 0. 1	34.0	35. 9 140. 0	17. 0	0.8 19.5	34. 9 92. 2 58. 2	-24.4	10.6 35.5 27.7	43.6 50.0 116.9	21.5
Hats and caps, other than felt, straw, and wool All other industries	28 1, 254	431 36, 156	0. 1 7. 1	1,040,277 124,516,683	0. 1 7. 0	465, 816 58, 222, 716	0. 1 7. 6	6.2	16.3	-46.8	29. 4	25. 2	-36. 1	22. 0	3. 2	14. 2

¹ Percentages are based on figures in Table 51; a minus sign (—) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100, or where comparable figures can not be given.

2 Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Separate statistics are presented for 101 industries, or industry groups, for which products valued at more than \$1,000,000 were reported for 1914. These industries include 7 with products exceeding \$50,000,000 in value; 12 with products between \$25,000,000 and \$50,000,000; 17 with products between \$10,000,000 and \$25,000,000; 11 with products between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000; and 54 with products between \$1,000,000 and \$5,000,000.

Among those included under the head of "all other industries" are the following, which have products exceeding in value some for which figures are presented in the table: Babbitt metal and solder; bags, other than paper; cash registers and calculating machines; clothing, horse; firearms and ammunition; galvanizing; locomotives, not made by railroad companies; matches; cottonseed oil and cake; enameled oilcloth; oleomargarine; scales and balances; silk goods; soap; waste; wire; wool pulling; and woolen, worsted, and felt goods. Statistics for these can not be shown separately without the possibility of disclosing the operations of individual establishments.

More than one-half of the value of the manufactured products of the state is represented by the first 10 industries shown in the preceding table, but there are a large number of others which are of considerable importance. It will be seen from Table 55 that there is a wide diversity in the manufactures of the state, since of the 353 classifications shown for the United States in 1914, 291 were represented in Ohio. The leading industries of the state are steel works and rolling mills, foundries and machine shops, rubber goods, and automobiles, the first three of which in 1914 reported products in excess of \$100,000,000 each in value.

The industries in this table are arranged in the order of their importance as measured by value of products, but would vary considerably if based on average number of wage earners, or value added by manufacture. Steel works and rolling mills and foundries and machine shops, ranking first and second, respectively, in value of products, were second and first, respectively, in both average number of wage earners and value added by manufacture. A marked variation in these items appears for iron and steel, blast furnaces; slaughtering and meat packing; and flour-mill and gristmill products. Iron and steel, blast furnaces ranked fifth in value of products, twentieth in average number of wage earners, and fifteenth in value added by manufacture; slaughtering and meat packing held sixth place in value of products, but only twentyfourth in number of wage earners and twenty-sixth in value added by manufacture; and flour-mill and gristmill products ranked eighth in value of products, and thirty-third and twenty-seventh, respectively, in number of wage earners and value added by manufacture. Printing and publishing, seventh in value of products and average number of wage earners, was fourth in value added by manufacture.

In rank according to value of products, there were a number of changes in 1914 as compared with 1909. Of the more important industries shown in the table, steel works and rolling mills, foundries and machine shops, and printing and publishing held the same rank at both censuses. Automobiles, including bodies and parts, advanced from eighth place in 1909 to fourth in 1914, while iron and steel, blast furnaces, slaughtering and meat packing, flour-mill and gristmill products, and boots and shoes, ranking third, fifth, sixth, and tenth, respectively, in 1909, were fifth, sixth, eighth, and eleventh, respectively, in 1914. Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies advanced from twentieth place in 1909 to tenth in 1914, whereas lumber and timber products dropped from ninth place in 1909 to fifteenth in 1914. Tobacco manufactures and men's clothing ranked twelfth and fifteenth, respectively, in 1909, but only sixteenth and seventeenth, respectively, in 1914. The changes in rank are affected somewhat by the inclusion in the table of "rubber goods, not elsewhere specified," in 1914, and by reason of the fact that the establishments engaged in the manufacture of brick and tile and of pottery products were reclassified at the census of 1914, and are shown combined in the table, in order to present comparative figures for the manufacture of clay products for the different censuses.

Iron and steel.—Steel works and rolling mills and blast furnaces may be grouped, for convenience of presentation, with the tin-plate and terneplate industry. The three allied industries combined gave employment in 1914 to an average of 53,136 wage earners, and turned out products valued at \$288,818,857, or 10.4 per cent and 16.2 per cent of the respective totals for all manufactures in the state. These figures represent an increase over 1909 in the average number of wage earners of 6,579, or 14.1 per cent, and in value added by manufacture of \$4,415,472, or 5.9 per cent, but a decrease in the value of products of \$549,791, or two-tenths of 1 per cent. there were increases in average number of wage earners, value of products, and value added by manufacture in the steel works and rolling mills and the tinplate and terneplate branches of the industry, in the blast furnace branch there was a decrease of 1,509, or 20.7 per cent, in average number of wage earners, \$10,729,870, or 12.8 per cent, in value of products, and \$3,043,672, or 19.9 per cent, in value added by manufacture.

The plating of sheet metal with tin or with terne (a mixture of lead and tin) is treated as a separate industry, notwithstanding the fact that nearly all the establishments so engaged roll all or a portion of the plates dipped. Measured by value of products, in 1914 Ohio ranked second among the states in the combined industries, and also in each of the two leading branches, and third in tin plate and terneplate, contributing 22.3 per cent of the total value reported in 1914 for all steel works and rolling mills in the United States, 23 per cent for

all blast furnaces, and 15.8 per cent for all tin-plate and terneplate mills. The corresponding percentages for the respective branches in 1909 were 20.1 per cent, 21.4 per cent, and 16.4 per cent, respectively.

Foundry and machine-shop products.—The statistics presented for this classification cover products of great diversity, embracing not only the output of general foundries and machine shops, but also that of establishments engaged in automobile repairing, where repairs partake of the character of machine-shop work; the manufacture of bells; cast-iron and cast-steel pipe; steam and gas engines; gas machines and gas and water meters; hardware; saddlery hardware; power pumps; plumbers' supplies; steam fittings and steam and hot-water heating apparatus; and structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills. The statistics for nine branches of the industry are shown separately for 1914 in Table 55. The foundry and machine-shop industry in its broadest sense is of greater importance in the state than is indicated by the statistics presented under this specific title, for the reason that some machine shops manufacturing special products, such as cash registers and calculating machines; cutlery and tools; electrical machinery; files; firearms; iron and steel bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets; doors and shutters; loocmotives; sewing machines; stoves and furnaces; vault lights and ventilators; and washing machines and clothes wringers, have been assigned to other classifications. The foundry and machine-shop industry gave employment to an average of 73,103 wage earners in 1914, which was 14.3 per cent of the total reported for all manufactures, and was the largest number shown for any of the industries specified in the table; it represented an increase of 8,286, or 12.8 per cent, over the number reported for 1909. During the same period the value of products increased \$33,018,421, or 22.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture, \$20,075,301, or 24.7 per cent.

Rubber goods.—This classification covers the manufacture of rubber tires, clothing, mats, type, springs, tubing, brushes, bands, etc. Ohio held first rank among the states in the manufacture of rubber goods, both in 1914 and 1909, the value of products for the industry in the state representing 49 per cent of the total value of products for the industry for the United States in 1914 and 42 per cent in 1909. In 1914 the industry gave employment to an average of 21,705 wage earners, an increase of 11,323, or 109.1 per cent, over the number reported for 1909, while the value of products increased \$55,748,074, or 103.4 per cent, and value added by manufacture, \$29,453,013, or 137.2 per cent, during the same period. As measured by value of products, the manufacture of rubber goods ranked third in 1914 and fourth in 1909 among the industries of the state. The growth of this industry during recent years is due principally to the increased demand for rubber tires, the value of which represented the greater part of the total value of products reported for the industry in 1914.

Automobiles, including bodies and parts.—In addition to the articles named in the industry designation, this classification includes the manufacture of automobile accessories; this branch of the industry, however, is to a considerable extent interwoven with other industries. A number of the foundries and machine shops and establishments engaged in the manufacture of electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies and in brass and bronze products incidentally manufacture automobile accessories and parts, while, as already stated, a number of establishments classified under the head of "rubber goods, not elsewhere specified" manufacture automobile tires. In 1914, as in 1909, Ohio ranked second among the states in the manufacture of automobiles, although the proportion which the state contributed of the total value of products for the industry in the United States was slightly less in 1914 than in 1909, being 13.5 per cent and 15.6 per cent, respectively. There was an increase of 6,622, or 54.6 per cent, in the average number of wage earners employed from 1909 to 1914, while the value of products increased \$46,871,831, or 120.7 per cent, and value added by manufacture, \$10.063,332, or 49.5 per cent, during the same period.

Slaughtering and meat packing.—Under this head are included wholesale slaughtering and meat-packing establishments and those engaged in the manufacture of sausage exclusively. During the five-year period 1909–1914 the value of products for this industry showed an increase of \$15,870,278, or 31.2 per cent, while the average number of wage earners employed increased 533, or 17.3 per cent. The industry developed more rapidly, however, during the period 1904–1909 than during either the preceding or later census periods.

Printing and publishing.—This classification includes establishments engaged in job printing; the printing and publishing of books, newspapers, and periodicals, and of music; bookbinding and blankbook making; steel engraving and plate printing; and lithographing. The industry as a whole shows an increase in value of products of \$13,951,618, or 33.5 per cent, from 1909 to 1914, only slightly more than that for the preceding five-year period.

Flour-mill and gristmill products.—This classification includes all merchant mills grinding wheat, corn, rye, or other grains. It does not, however, include factories making fancy cereal foods as a chief product. During the five-year period 1909–1914 the number of establishments in the industry decreased 24, or 3.6 cent, the average number of wage earners, 222, or 8.6 per cent, while the decrease in value of products was \$2,922,153, or 6.1 per cent. Notwithstanding these decreases, Ohio ranked fifth among the states in this industry, as measured by value of products, both in 1909 and 1914.

Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products.—At the censuses of 1909, 1904, and 1899 the statistics for clay products were shown separately for "brick and tile" and "pottery, terra-cotta, and fire-clay products," but in 1914 the establishments were classified differently and included under the headings "brick and tile, terracotta, and fire-clay products" and "pottery." For the combined industry, Ohio ranked first among the states in 1914, contributing 22.2 per cent of the total value of products of the industry in the United States; the corresponding proportions for 1909 and in 1904 were 18.1 per cent and 19 per cent, respectively. In 1914 the total value of products for the combined industry was \$38,667,374, an increase over 1909 of \$8,136,372, or 26.6 per cent, and over 1904 of \$12,980,504, or 50.5 per cent.

Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies.— The rapid advance in the use of electricity in science and industry has created a great demand for electrical machinery and appliances of all sorts. The industry in Ohio shows remarkable development during the last decade, the value of products having increased over threefold and the average number of wage earners more than doubled. The increase in value of products of 92.4 per cent over 1909 is an indication of the rapid advance the state has made in recent years in the manufacture of electrical machinery. Measured by value of products, this industry ranked tenth among the manufacturing industries of the state in 1914, having advanced from twentieth place in 1909.

Boots and shoes, including cut stock and findings.—Of the 73 establishments included under this classification in 1914, 62 were engaged primarily in the manufacture of boots and shoes, giving employment to 14,461 wage earners and turning out products amounting to \$32,773,922. Although there was a decrease from 1909 to 1914 of 1,352, or 8.4 per cent, in the average number of wage earners employed, the value of products increased \$2,090,748, or 6.6 per cent.

Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies.—This industry represents the work done in car shops of steam-railroad companies and consists principally of repairs to the rolling stock and equipment of the companies, although there may be some new construction of rolling stock. The statistics exclude minor repairs in roundhouses. As measured by value of products, the growth of the industry was less during the five-year period 1909–1914 than during either of the preceding five-year periods. In 1914 employment was given to 21,639 wage earners, this being the fifth largest number reported by any of the industries of the state specified in the table and representing an increase of 87.6 per cent over the number reported in 1899 and 27.1 per cent for the decade.

Liquors, malt.—Although the number of establishments reported for this industry in 1914 was smaller

by four than the number in 1909, the average number of wage earners increased 984, or 22.6 per cent, the value of products \$6,658,215, or 26.3 per cent, and value added by manufacture \$4,030,833, or 21.5 per cent. The percentage of increase was greater for all items for the period 1909–1914 than for either of the earlier census periods.

Lumber and timber products.—This industry embraces not only logging operations, sawmills, and planing mills, but also establishments engaged in the manufacture of wooden packing boxes and window and door screens and weather strips. The industry as a whole was practically at a standstill at the census of 1909, the increase at that census over 1904 being only 5.1 per cent, while from 1909 to 1914 there were decreases as follows: Number of establishments, 202, or 14.5 per cent; average number of wage earners, 1,535, or 11.4 per cent; and value of products, \$2,744,375, or 7.9 per cent.

Tobacco manufactures.—The statistics for this industry in Ohio include the manufacture of chewing and smoking tobacco and snuff, and of cigars. Of the 961 establishments reporting, 937 were cigar factories, but the value of their products represented only about 40 per cent of the total for the combined industry. From 1909 to 1914 there was a decrease in the value of products of \$440,190, or 1.5 per cent, while for the decade 1904—1914 there was an increase of \$7,978,557, or 38.9 per cent.

Persons engaged in manufacturing industries.—Table 3 shows, for 1914 and 1909, the number of persons engaged in manufactures, distributed by sex, the average number of wage earners being distributed also by age. The sex and age classification of the average number of wage earners in this and other tables is an estimate obtained by the method described in the "Explanation of terms."

Table 3		PERSON	IS ENGAG IND	ED IN MA USTRIES		URING
CLASS.	Cen- sus year.			Fe-	Per co	
		Total.	Male.	male.	Male.	Fe- male.
All classes	1914 1909	606,807 523,004	512,621 439,811	94,186 83,193		
Proprietors and officials	1914 1909	32, 582 31, 213			97. 1 97. 2	
Proprietors and firm members	1914	13,624	13,001	623	95.4	4.6
Salaried officers of corporations	1909 1914	14,719 7,114	6,945	169		
Superintendents and managers	1909 1914 1909	6, 371 11, 844 10, 123	6,258 11,676 9,942	168	98. 2 98. 6 98. 2	
Clerks and other subordinate salaried employees.	1914 1909	63, 790 44, 857	46,357 34,101	17, 433 10, 756	72. 7 76. 0	27.3 24.0
Wage earners (average number)	1914 1909	510, 435 446, 934	434,642 375,369	75, 793 71, 565	85, 2 84, 0	
16 years of age and over	1914 1909	508, 693	433,325		85. 2	
Under 16 years of age	1909 1914 1909	441, 690 1, 742 5, 244	372,694 1,317 2,675	68, 996 425 2, 569	84.4 75.6 51.0	15. 6 24. 4 49. 0

In 1914 there were 606,807 persons engaged in the manufactures of the state of whom 510,435, or more than four-fifths, were wage earners, 32,582 were proprietors and officials, and 63,790 were clerks and other subordinate salaried employees. Of the wage earners 16 years of age and over, 433,325, or more than four-fifths, were males, and 75,368, or less than one-sixth, were females. The largest number of females were employed as wage earners, but of the classes pre-

sented, that of clerks and other subordinate salaried employees shows the largest proportion. Figures for the sex and age distribution of wage earners for individual industries will be found in Table 55.

Table 4 gives, for the several classes of persons engaged in manufactures, the percentages of increase from 1909 to 1914 and the per cent distribution at the two censuses.

Table 4		PERS	ONS ENGAG	ED IN MA	NUFACTU	RING INDU	STRIES.				
	Per cent o	of increase,1	1909-1914.	Per cent distribution.							
CLASS.	Total.	Male.	Female.	To	tal.	Ma	ıle.	Female.			
			2 0220101	1914	1909	1914	1909	1914	1909		
All classes	16.0	16. 6	13. 2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Proprietors and officials Proprietors and firm members Salaried officers of corporations. Superintendents and managers.	4. 4 -7. 4 11. 7 17. 0	4. 2 -8. 1 11. 0 17. 4	10. 1 7. 8 49. 6 -7. 2	5. 4 2. 2 1. 2 2. 0	6. 0 2. 8 1. 2 1. 9	6. 2 2. 5 1. 4 2. 3	6. 9 3. 2 1. 4 2. 3	1. 0 0. 7 0. 2 0. 2	1. 0 0. 7 0. 1 0. 2		
Clerks and other subordinate salaried employees	42. 2	35.9	62.1	10.5	8.6	9.0	7.8	18. 5	12.9		
Wage earners (average number). 16 years of age and over. Under 16 years of age.	14. 2 15. 2 -66. 8	15. 8 16. 3 50. 8	5. 9 9. 2 —83. 5	84.1 83.8 0.3	85. 4 84. 4 1. 0	84. 8 84. 5 0. 3	85. 3 84. 7 0. 6	80. 5 80. 0 0. 5	86.0 82.9 3.1		

1 A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

This table shows increases for the five-year period for each of the several classes of employees with the exception of proprietors and firm members and for wage earners under 16 years of age. The largest percentage of decrease is shown for the latter class, but the proportion which this class formed of the total number of wage earners was only three-tenths of 1 percent in 1914 and 1 percent in 1909. The decrease in proprietors and firm members is referred to in connection with Table 1. The largest percentage of increase for both sexes combined is shown for clerks and other subordinate salaried employees. Wage earners over 16 years of age represented 83.8 percent of the total number of persons engaged in the manufacturing industries of the state in 1914 and 84.4 percent in 1909.

In order to compare the distribution of persons engaged in manufactures in 1914 with that shown at the census of 1904, it is necessary to use the classification employed at the earlier census. (See "Explanation of terms.") Table 5 makes this comparison according to occupational status.

Table 5	PERSONS ENGAGED IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES												
CLASS.	1	Number	:.		er cer tribut		Per c	ent of ease.1					
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1909- 1914	1904- 1909					
Total	606,807	523,004	417, 946	100.0	100.0	100.0	16.0	25. 1					
Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees Wage earners (average)	82,748	61,351	39, 991	2. 2 13. 6 84. 1		9.6		7. 8 53. 4 22. 7					

¹ A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

During the decade there were slight decreases in the percentage that proprietors and firm members and wage earners formed of the total number engaged in the manufactures of the state, and a corresponding increase in the proportion of salaried employees. Proprietors and firm members show an increase of 7.8 per cent from 1904 to 1909, but decreased by 7.4 per cent during the five-year period 1909–1914. The two other classes, as well as the total for all classes combined, show increases for both five-year periods.

The average number of wage earners employed and their per cent distribution as males 16 years of age and over, females 16 years of age and over, and children under 16 years of age, are given in Table 6 for 1914, 1909, and 1904. The table also shows for some of the important industries separately a similar distribution of wage earners for 1914 and 1909.

For all industries combined, the proportion of male wage earners 16 years of age and over was slightly larger in 1914 than in 1909, while the proportions for both females over 16 years of age and for children under 16 decreased.

In 1914, as compared with 1909, of the 42 industries for which separate figures are given in the table, 29 show an increased proportion of males and 12 an increased proportion of females, while but 4 show an increase in the proportion of children under 16 years of age. Five of the industries that gave employment to children under 16 years of age in 1909 reported no employees of this class in 1914.

In the manufacture of hosiery and knit goods in 1914, over three-fourths of the wage earners 16 years of age and over were women, while in the manufacture of paper boxes, men's clothing and women's clothing, confectionery, and tobacco manufactures,

although the proportions were smaller, there was an increase in the proportion of female wage earners 16 years of age and over in 1914 as compared with 1909.

Table 6			WAGE E.	ARNERS	•			V V	VAGE EA	RNERS.	
			Per	cent of	total.				Perc	ent of t	otal.
industry.	Census year.	A verage num- ber. ¹	16 year and c	s of age over.	Un- der 16	INDUSTRY.	Census year.	Average num- ber. ¹		ent of to	Un- der 16
·			Male.	Fe- male.	years of age.				Male.		of age.
All industries	1914 1909 1904	510, 435 446, 934 364, 298	84. 9 83. 4 83. 4	14. 8 15. 4 15. 2	0.3 1.2 1.4	Foundry and machine-shop products	1914 1909	73, 103 64, 817	98.1 98.3	1.4 1.3	0. 5 0. 4
Agricultural implements	1914 1909	5, 464 5, 997	99. 4 99. 1	0.4	0. 2 0. 2	Furniture and refrigerators	1914 1909	7,831 8,232	94. 6 96. 7	4. 4 2. 4	1. 0 0. 9
Automobiles, including bodies and parts.	1914 1909	18,752 12,130	97. 8 98. 6	2. 1 1. 1	0. 2 0. 2	Glass	1914 1909	10,997 10,159	91. 6 87. 6	7. 9 S. 2	0. 5 4. 3
Boots and shoes, including cut stock and findings.	1914 1909	14,674 16,026	58. 4 55. 5	40.8	0.8	Hosiery and knit goods	1914 1909	3, 411 3, 149	22. 9 16. 5	76. 4 76. 5	0. 7 7. 0
Boxes, fancy and paper	1914 1909	2,456 2,530	35. 1	64.5	0.4	Iron and steel, blast furnaces	1914 1909	5, 786 7, 295	100.0 100.0		
Brass, bronze, and copper products	1914	2,277	98. 6	1.4	7.3	Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	1914 1909	46, 397 38, 586	99.3 99.2		(2) (2)
Bread and other bakery products	1909 1914	2, 232 7, 665	97. 5 79. 1	2.2	0.3	Iron and steel, bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets, not made in steel works or roll-	1914 1909	2,365 2,797	88. 1 85. 1		(2) 3. 0
Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay	1909 1914	5,972 27,334	80.7 87.0	18.5 12.7	0.9	ing mills. Iron and steel forgings, not made in steel works or rolling mills.	1914 1909	2,308 2,002	99. 7 96. 3		0. 2 3. 3
products. Butter, cheese, and condensed milk	1909 1914	23,985 1,480	94. 0	13. 1 5. 8	0.9	lron and steel, wrought pipe	1914 1909	2, 285 1, 081	100. 0 99. 3	0.7	
Canning and preserving	1909 1914	1,067 2,507	89.7 55.2	9.0 44.3	1.3 0.5	Liquors, malt	1914 1909	5, 340 4, 356	99. 8 99. 8	0.2	(2)
Carriages and wagons and materials	1909 1914	2,009 5,997	45.6 95.9	52.8 4.0 2.7	1.6 0.2	Lumber and timber products	1914 1909	11, 921 13, 456	98. 8 98. 8	1.1	0, 1
Cars and general shop construction and ropairs by electric-railroad companies.	1909 1914 1909	8,815 1,879 1,318	96. 8 98. 6 98. 4	2.7 1.4 1.5	0.6 (2)	Marble and stone work	1914 1909	2, 523 2, 012	99. 9 99. 3	0.1	0.6
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies.	1914 1909	21,639 20,728	99. 9 99. 8	0.1	(2) (2)	Paint and varnish	1914 1909	2,107 1,535	92. 0 88. 5		(2) 0.1
Cars, steam-railroad, not including opera- tions of railroad companies.	1914 1909	2, 885 2, 282	99.8	0.2		Paper and wood pulp	1914 1909	5,430 4,673	87. 7 84. 5		0. 6 0. 1
Chemicals	1914 1909	2, 232 2, 017 1, 132	98. 3 96. 4	0.4 1.7 3.6		Paper goods, not elsewhere specified	1914 1909	2,269 2,040	50. 5 47. 8		0.7
Clothing, men's, including shirts	1914 1909	10,758 9,950	29. 5 30. 0	69. 6 66. 5	0.9 3.5	Printing and publishing	1914 1909	18,070 15,756	77. 1 73. 7		1. 1 1. 4
Clothing, women's	1914 1909	9, 775 8, 843	35. 7 35. 0	64. 2 63. 6	0.1 1.3	Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified	1914 1909	21,705 10,382	88. 8 84. 8		0. 1 0. 9
Confectionery	1914 1909	3, 149 2, 493	35. 3 30. 4	63. 9 59. 5	0.7 10.1	Shipbuilding, including boat building	1914 1909	2,879 3,200	99. 9 100. 0	0.1	
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products	1914 1909	7, 448 6, 598	81. 5 78. 7	18.3 16.3	0. 2 5. 0	Slaughtering and meat packing	1914 1909	3,619 3,086	97. 7 97. 8		(2)
Cutlery and tools, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909	3, 199 2, 820	91. 8 90. 5	8. 1 9. 2	0.1 0.3	Stoves and furnaces, including gas and oil stoves.	1914 1909	8,575 7,274	99.3 99.5	0.4	0.3 0.2
Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies.	1914 1909	12, 695 8, 073	77. 9 67. 6	22.0 31.5	0.1 0.9	Tobacco manufactures	1914 1909	13, 282 12, 631	32. 9 32. 3	66.9	0. 1 0. 9
Flour-mill and gristmill products	1914 1909	2,363 2,585	99. 1 96. 0	0.8 4.0	(2)	All other industries	1914 1909	91,819 80,830	80. 3 78. 2	19, 3	0. 5 1. 6

¹ For method of estimating the distribution, by sex and age periods, of the average number for all industries combined, see "Explanation of terms." 2 Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Table 7 shows the average number and the per cent distribution of wage earners employed in each of the 43 cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants, classified according to age periods, and in the case of those 16 years of age and over, according to sex, for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 8 gives percentages of increase from census to census, based on the figures in Table 7, for cities where per cent of increase can be computed.

In each of the cities the male wage earners 16 years of age and over greatly outnumbered the females, the only cities in which the proportion of adult males fell below 75 per cent in 1914 being Coshocton, East Liverpool, Findlay, Lancaster, Piqua, and Portsmouth. Nearly all of the cities show marked decreases from census to census in both numbers and proportions of wage earners under 16 years of age. Lorain shows the largest proportion of male wage earners 16 years of age and over at each of the five-year periods, although there was a slight decrease between 1909 and 1914.

Cleveland, the most important city in respect to number of wage earners employed in 1914, shows an increase, both actual and proportional, in adult males and females during the five-year period 1909-1914. The number of wage earners under 16 years of age decreased 63.3 per cent, while the proportion which this class formed of the total decreased from 1.6 per cent in 1909 to five-tenths of 1 per cent in 1914. Cincinnati, the second city in respect to wage

earners, shows, for 1909–1914, an increase in the proportion of adult males, a slight decrease in the proportion of adult females, while the proportion of wage earners under 16 years of age decreased from 2.2 per cent in 1909 to six-tenths of 1 per cent in 1914.

Table 7	AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.																				
					1 6 yea	rs of ag	e and	over.							1	er cer	t of to	tal.			
CITY.		Total.			Male.			Female			nder rs of a			16 yes	ers of a	ge and	over.			nder	
								ı Ommu						Male.]	Female		yea	rs of a	age.
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904
Akron Alliance Ashtabula Barberton Bellaire	24,680 2,333 1,868 3,118 2,603	2,524 1,471	 [21, 825 2, 266 1, 770 2, 696 2, 357	13,387 2,385 1,334 2,301	737	69	131 128	107	53 3 3 1 12	221 8 9		88. 4 97. 1 94. 8 86. 5 90. 5	90.7	82. b	2.7	8. 7		0.1	1. 4 0. 3 0. 6	
Cambridge	1 09,001	1 1 674 2 $^{60.182}$	5,938 1,553 58,584	1,353 10,823 1,239 44,991 85,069	1,174 8,892 1,157 43,889 69,643	5,011 1,207 43,387	318 14,509	955	896 316 14,213	3 361		30 984	93. 0 88. 3 79. 6 75. 2 82. 3	69. 1 72. 9		20. 2 24. 2	30. 9 24. 8	20. 3 24. 3	0. 2 0. 6	1. 2 2. 2 1. 6	1.9 1.7
Columbus. Coshocton Dayton. East Cleveland. East Liverpool.	17,236 1,614 24,061 129 4,830	21,549	17,093	14, 269 991 20, 222 124 3, 566	13, 137 17, 876 3, 587	14, 183	3, 812	3,572	2, 798		145 101 68	112	82. 8 61. 4 84. 0 96. 1 73. 8	80. 0 83. 0 73. 6		38. 6 15. 8 3. 9	19. 2 16. 6 25. 0	17. 3 16. 4 28. 1	0. 1	0. 9 0. 5	
Elyria Findlay Fostoria Fremont Hamilton	2,735 1,737 1,252 2,063 6,043		1,343	2,355 1,020 1,013 1,682 5,252		1,044	239	454	294 721	4 8 2 16			86. 1 58. 7 80. 9 81. 5 86. 9	88. 2 66. 9	77. 7 87. 1	13. 7 40. 8 19. 1 18. 4 12. 8			0. i	1. 0 0. 1	0.4
Ironton. Lakewood Lancaster Lima Lorain	1,420 1,774 1,583 4,876 6,436	1,532 3,607	2,733	1, 193 1, 555 1, 134 3, 676 6, 357	1,647 1,118 2,474 6,674	2,042	219 449 1, 199	412 1,082	76 591 26	i	4 2 51 3		84. 0 87. 7 71. 6 75. 4 98. 8	68.6	95. 2 74. 7 99. 1	14. 6 12. 3 28. 4 24. 6 1. 2		21.6	(1)	0. 2 0. 1 1. 4 (1)	0.6 3.7
Mansfield Marietta Marion Massillon Middletown	3,398 1,401 2,577 1,768 4,003	1,288 2,619 1,934	1,721 1,995	2,663 1,317 2,323 1,591 3,523	2,201 1,181 2,344 1,826 1,805	1,517 1,766	80 248	106 272 87	786 59 160 54	6	19 1 3 21 2	10 44	78. 4 94. 0 90. 1 90. 0 88. 0		73. 3 94. 7 88. 1 88. 5	21. 5 5. 7 9. 6 10. 0 12. 0	10. 4 4. 5	26. 0 4. 5 9. 3 2. 7	0.3 0.2	0. 6 0. 1 0. 1 1. 1 0. 1	0.7 0.8 2.6 8.8
Mount Vernon. Newark. Norwood. Piqua Portsmouth.	772 4,583 5,808 2,777 3,597	3,913 3,907 2,683 3,728	2,044	736 4,132 4,538 1,923 2,441	3, 215 1, 913	1.647	1, 269 850	286 684 751	226 386 1,173	16 11 1 4 19	51 8 19 101	75 11 173	95. 3 90. 2 78. 1 69. 2 67. 9	82.3	91. 7 80. 6 66. 9	2. 6 9. 6 21. 9 30. 6 31. 6	17. 5 28. 0	18. 9	0.1	0. 2 0. 7	
Sandusky Springfield Steubenville Tiffin	2,727 7,868 4,506 2,177	4,267	4.184	2,403 7,074 4,294 1,775	1,608 6,616 4,045 1,289	3,791	202	777 196	463 482 257 514	2 8 10 54	44 12 26 65	43 14 136 1	88. 1 89. 9 95. 3 81. 5			11. 8 10. 0 4. 5 16. 0	4.6	19. 9 7. 7 6. 1 31. 2	0. 1 0. 2	2. 1 0. 2 0. 6 4. 0	
Toledo	27,076 2,862 15,861 3,035	1 798		22, 859 2, 347 14, 997 2, 540	15,279 1,190 10,214 2 2,582	7,935	511 860	547 272	2, 114 123 509	102 4 4 3	272 61 12 25		84. 4 82. 0 94. 6 83. 7	66. 2 97. 3	98. 0	17. 9 5. 4	30. 4 2. 6	1.5	0.1	1. 4 3. 4 0. 1 0. 9	0.5

¹ Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
² Figures do not agree with those published, because it was necessary to revise them in order to include data only for those establishments located within the corporate limits of the city.

Table 8	PER CENT O	PER CENT OF INCREASE IN AVERAGE NUMBER C			JMBER OF		PER CENT OF INCREASE IN AVERAGE NUMBER WAGE EARNERS. ¹				
CITY.	Period.	Total.		s of age over.	Under 16 years	CITY.	Period.	Total.		s of age over.	Under 16 years
			Male.	Female.	of age.				Male.	Female.	of age.
Akron	1904–1914 1909–1914 1904–1909	156. 4 55. 9 64. 5	174. 4 63. 0 68. 3	82. 1 26. 0 44. 4	-60. 7 -76. 0 63. 7	Canton	1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	106. 4 23. 0 67. 8	116.0 21.7 77.4	55. 5 45. 9 6. 6	-66.7
Alliance	1909-1914 1904-1914 1909-1914	-7.6 120.8 27.0	-5.0 . 140.2 32.7	-51.1 -11.2 -25.7		Chillicothe	1904–1914 1909–1914 1904–1909	0.3 -7.0 7.8	2.7 7.1 -4.1	-0.3 -39.1 63.6	
BellaireCambridge	1904-1909 1909-1914 1909-1914	73. 9 0. 2 18. 3	81. 0 2. 4 15. 2	19.6 -7.9		Cincinnati	1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	2. 2 -0. 5 2. 7	3.7 2.5 1.2	$\begin{array}{c c} 2.1 \\ -2.9 \\ 5.2 \end{array}$	-63. 3 -73. 1 36. 6

¹ A minus sign (-) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

Table 8—Continued.	PER CENT (SE IN AVE E EARNER		MBER OF		PER CENT O		E IN AVEI EARNERS		iber of
CITY.	Period.	Total.		s of age over.	Under 16 years	CITY.	Period.	Total.		s of age over.	Under 16 years
			Male.	Female.	of age.				Male.	Female.	of age.
Cleveland	1904–1914 1909–1914 1904–1909	61.3 21.9 32.3	59. 6 22. 2 30. 6	89. 7 29. 2 46. 8	-63. 9 -63. 3 -1. 8	Massillon	1904–1914 1909–1914 1904–1909	-11.4 -8.6 -3.1	-9.9 -12.9 3.4		
Columbus	1904–1914 1909–1914 1904–1909	20.1 4.9 14.5	23. 4 8. 6 13. 6	18.0 -7.1 27.1	-85.5 -69.0 -53.4	Middletown	1909-1914 1904-1914 1909-1914	55. 4 26. 4 17. 1	95. 2 24. 2 15. 5	-37. 6 94. 7 53. 8	
Dayton	1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	40.8 11.7 26.1	42. 6 13. 1 26. 0	36. 2 6. 7 27, 7	-75.9 -73.3 -9.8	Norwood	1909-1914 1909-1914	7.9	7. 5 41. 2	26. 5 85. 5	
East Liverpool	1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	-7.6 -0.9 -6.8	-4.1 -0.6 -3.6	-15.7 1.6 -17.0		Piqua	1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	35. 9 3. 5 31. 3	16. 8 0. 5 16. 2	120, 2 13, 2 94, 6	
ElyriaFindlay	1909-1914 1904-1914	2.3 29.3	-0.1 -2.3	30. 1 141. 2		Portsmouth	1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	-11.7 -3.5 -8.4	-10.5 9.1 -17.9	-3. 1 -18. 2 18. 5	-89.0 -81.2 -41.6
Hamilton	1909-1914 1904-1909 1904-1914	26. 2 2. 5 -1. 0	10.7 -11.8 -1.3			Sandusky	1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	17. 4 28. 8 8. 8	32.3 49.4 —11.5	-30. 5 -30. 9 0. 6	
Ironton	1909-1914 1904-1909 1904-1914	-12.4 12.9 -21.1	-13. 1 13. 7 -30. 4	3.1		Springfield	1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	25. 7 6. 3 18. 3	22.8 6.9 14.8	63. 1 1. 2 61. 2	
	1909-1914 1904-1909	-26.0 6.7	-27. 6 -3. 9	-23.0		Steubenville	1904-1914 1909-1914	7. 7 5. 6 2. 0	13.3 6.2 6.7	$ \begin{array}{c c} -21.4 \\ 3.1 \\ -23.7 \end{array} $	-92.6
LancasterLima.	1909-1914 1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	3. 3 78. 4 35. 2 32. 0	1. 4 80. 0 48. 6 21. 2	9.0 102.9 10.8 83.1	-99. 0 -98. 0 -49. 0	Tiffin	1904-1909 1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	32.3 33.4 -0.8	57. 1 37. 7 14. 1	-23. 7 -32. 3 25. 2 -45. 9	
Lorain	1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	107. 5 -3. 9 115. 9	106. 7 -4. 7 117. 0			Toledo	1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	72. 5 43. 4 20. 3	69. 1 49. 6 13. 0	94. 7 23. 7 57. 4	-62.5
Mansfield	1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	12. 5 6. 1 6. 1	20. 2 21. 0 -0. 6	-25.8		Warren Youngstown	1909-1914 1904-1914 1909-1914	59. 2 95. 9 51. 1	97. 2 89. 0 46. 8	-6.6 599.2 216.2	
Marietta		6. 6 8. 8 -2. 0	5. 8 11. 5 -5. 1	-24.5		Zanesville	1909-1914 1904-1909 1904-1914 1909-1914	29. 7 -2. 0 3. 5	28.7 -1.0 -1.6	121. 1	
Marion	1904-1914 1909-1914 1904-1909	49. 7 -1. 6 52. 2	53. 1 -0. 9 54. 5	55. 0 —8. 8			1909-1914	-5. 4	0.7	-36. 2	

 1 A minus sign (—) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 10).

Wage earners employed, by months.—The following table gives, for all industries combined, the total number of wage earners employed on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day, for 1914 and 1909, and the average number employed during each month in 1904, together with the percentage which the number reported for each month forms of the greatest number reported for any month.

Table 9	WAGE	EARNERS IN	NANUFAC	TURING	INDUSTRI	ES.
MONTH.		Number.		Per cen	t of max	imum.
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904
January February March April May June July August September October November December	511, 055 524, 663 534, 537 533, 186 523, 653 518, 316 506, 133 506, 991 510, 037 501, 396 478, 412 476, 841	414, 278 421, 945 432, 343 432, 828 436, 450 444, 998 435, 241 448, 898 465, 351 474, 448 476, 023 480, 405	349, 853 358, 147 368, 365 374, 025 378, 007 367, 146 349, 660 357, 622 369, 182 370, 224 367, 997 366, 348	95. 6 98. 2 100. 0 99. 7 98. 0 97. 0 94. 7 94. 8 95. 4 93. 8 89. 5 89. 2	86. 2 87. 8 90. 0 90. 1 90. 8 92. 6 90. 6 93. 4 96. 9 98. 8 99. 1 100. 0	93. 5 95. 8 98. 5 100. 0 99. 7 98. 2 93. 5 95. 6 98. 7 99. 0 98. 4

¹ The figures for 1914 and 1909 represent the number employed on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day; those for 1904, the average number employed during the month

For 1914 and 1904 the spring months show the greatest activity in the combined industries of the state, the maximum number of wage earners for 1914 appearing for March and the minimum number for December, while in 1904 the maximum number was reported for April and the minimum for July.

The year 1909 shows a different season of activity, the maximum number being employed in December and the minimum in January. The greatest difference between the maximum and minimum months in any one of the three census years was 66,127 in 1909. The average monthly employment of wage earners in 1914 was 510,435; in 1909, 446,934; and in 1904, 364,298.

Table 10 gives the total average number of wage earners employed during 1914, together with the total number employed on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day, for the combined industries of the state, for a number of selected industries, and for the total industries of each of the 43 cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants.

Of the selected industries, canning and preserving, because of its seasonal character, shows the greatest degree of fluctuation, the number of wage earners employed in February being but 12.8 per cent of the number in September. In the manufacture of steamrailroad cars the number reported for December was but 51.3 per cent of the number reported for January, while in the glass industry the number reported for August was only 54.1 per cent of that for April. The greatest stability of employment is shown for flour-mill and gristmill products, printing and publishing, and tobacco manufactures, the percentages which the minimum formed of the maximum being 94.8, 97.4, and 95, respectively. Of the 43 cities, Middletown

and Portsmouth show the greatest fluctuation, the proportion which the minimum formed of the maximum being 32.4 per cent and 53 per cent, respectively, while the most steady employment of wage earners is

shown for Coshocton and East Liverpool, the proportion which the minimum number formed of the maximum for the former being 96.4 per cent and for the latter 93.8 per cent.

Table 10	[Mo	nth of ma	ximum eı	nployme	at for eacl	w industry	AGE EARI is indicat	ners: 1914 ted by bo	l. ldface fig	ures and t	that of mi	nimum b	y <i>italic</i> fig	ures.]
INDUSTRY AND CITY,	Aver- age		N	umber er	nployed o	n the 15th	day of tl	ne month	or neares	t represen	tative da	у.		Per cent
MODELLE SELECTION	num- ber em- ployed during year.	Janu- ary.	Febru- ary.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	Octo- ber.	November.	Decem- ber.	mini- mum is of maxi- mum.
All industries	510, 435	511,055	524,663	534, 537	533, 186	523,653	518, 316	506,133	506,991	510,037	501,396	478, 412	476,841	89.2
Agricultural implementsAutomobiles, including bodies and	5,464	6,629	6, 793	6,758	6, 383	5,592	5,468	5,210	5,300	4,801	4,175	4, 132	4,327	60.8
parts Boots and shoes, including cut stock	18,752 14,674	17,294 14,648	17, 944 16, 385	18,766 15,219	19,188	18,460 13,903	17,640 15,346	17,232 15,642	18,209 15,400	18,745 14,374	20,529 14,006	20, 188 14, 679	20,829 14,853	82.7 71.0
and findings	2,456 2,277	2,522 2,156	2,588 2,355	2,603 2,408	2, 565 2, 573	2,447 2,448	2,460 2,378	2,381 2,216	2,413 2,218	2, 405 2, 238	2,422 2,134	2,385 2,096	2,281 2,104	87. 6 81. 5
Bread and other bakery products Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay	7,665	7,370	7, 467	7,477	7,508	7,568	7,771	7,840	7,761	7,846	7,816	7,798	7,758	93.9
products Canning and preserving Carriages and wagons and materials. Cars and general shop construction	27,334 2,507 5,997	24,861 1,020 6,198	25, 094 990 6, 514	26,136 1,080 6,765	27, 911 1, 076 6, 771	29,123 1,336 6,543	29,276 2,226 6,243	28,609 1,863 5,814	28,945 4,765 5,704	28,772 7,739 5,515	27,664 4,826 5,389	26,190 1,986 5,220	25,427 1,177 5,288	84.9 12.8 77.1
and repairs by steam-railroad companies.	21,639	21,847	22,070	22,371	20,953	21,006	20,207	21,620	21,829	22,637	22,271	21,619	21,238	89.3
Cars, steam-railroad, not including operations of railroad companies Chemicals Clothing, men's, including shirts Clothing, women's	2,885 2,017 10,758 9,775	3,915 2,158 10,994 9,507	3,445 2,063 11,266 10,717	3,311 2,130 11,374 10,740	3,042 2,106 11,351 10,286	3,440 1,978 11,084 8,889	3,055 1,960 10,680 8,980	3,073 1,980 10,502 9,936	2,132 1,896 10,500 10,613	2,304 1,974 10,420 10,550	2,281 1,959 10,420 10,309	2,614 2,005 10,431 8,895	2,008 1,995 10,074 7,878	51.3 87.9 88.6 73.4
Confectionery Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products.	3,149 7,448	2,889 7,612	2,886 7,683	2,989 7,753	2,902 7,784	2,771 7,680	2,568 7,480	2,451 7,212	2,938 7,493	3, 799 7, 633	4,178 7,463	3,861 6,730	3,556 6,853	58.7 86.5
specified	3, 199	3,422	3,422	3,473	3,448	3,302	3,170	3,254	3,253	3,086	2,960	2,831	2,767	79.7
Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies	12,695 2,363	13,819 2,350	13,040 2,342	$13,175 \\ 2,352$	13,081 2,348	12,602 2,301	12,737 2,299	12,357 2,382	12,587 2,425	12,379 2,420	12,571 2,374	12,104 2,379	11,888 2,384	86.0 94.8
Foundry and machine-shop products. Furniture and refrigerators. Glass. Hosiery and knit goods. Iron and steel, blast furnaces.	73,103 7,831 10,997 3,411 5,786	76, 180 8, 291 12, 182 3, 685 6, 277	77, 408 8, 440 12, 665 3, 646 6, 199	77,865 8,555 12,810 3,709 6,449	77, 292 8, 371 13, 290 3, 646 6, 630	76,349 8,182 12,204 3,567 6,440	75,219 7,732 11,207 3,502 6,262	73,241 7,150 8,147 3,400 5,698	72,212 7,659 7,192 3,179 5,781	69,592 7,465 9,653 3,166 5,537	68,454 7,505 10,185 3,261 5,195	66,698 7,414 11,103 3,081 4,456	66,726 7,208 11,326 3,090 4,508	85. 6 83. 6 54. 1 83. 1 67. 2
Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills	46,397	47,117	49, 467	51,727	50,869	46,394	47,493	47,420	46,984	47,006	45,152	36,645	40,490	70.8
Iron and steel, bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets, not made in steel works or rolling mills	2,365	2,354	2,477	2,525	2,586	2,490	2,411	2,369	2,368	2,295	2,247	2,172	2,086	80.7
Iron and steel forgings, not made in steel works or rolling mills Iron and steel, wrought, pipe Liquors, malt	2,308 2,285 5,340	2,598 1,951 4,931	2,622 2,571 4,910	2,697 2,736 4,930	2,639 2,630 5,103	2,449 2,322 5,374	2,172 2,352 5,897	2,075 2,425 6,028	2,008 2,430 5,909	2,075 2,164 5,610	2,163 1,868 5,237	2,044 1,905 5,121	2,154 2,066 5,030	74.5 68.3 81.4
Lumber and timber products Marble and stone work Paint and varnish. Paper and wood pulp	11,921 2,523 2,107 5,430	11, 299 2, 368 2, 056 5, 456	11,327 2,252 2,168 5,479	11,986 2,389 2,247 5,534	12,540 2,748 2,267 5,480	12,802 2,765 2,269 5,494	12,753 2,690 2,227 5,534	12,453 2,679 2,075 5,338	12,073 2,636 2,059 5,427	11,905 2,692 2,005 5,499	11,580 2,474 1,972 5,508	11, 383 2, 247 1, 969 5, 307	10,951 2,336 1,970 5,104	85. 5 81. 3 86. 8 92. 2
Paper goods, not elsewhere specified. Printing and publishing Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified Shipbuilding, including boat building	2,269 18,070 21,705 2,879	2,380 18,323 19,479 3,175	2,338 18,232 21,577 3,431	2,362 18,246 23,524 3,566	2,349 18,184 25,409 3,443	2,308 18,092 25,439 3,209	2,286 17,985 22,558 2,852	2,239 17,966 21,657 2,890	2,185 17,841 20,025 2,752	2,184 17,864 20,410 2,444	2,202 18,048 20,246 2,077	2,185 17,999 20,118 2,076	2,210 18,060 20,018 2,633	91. 8 97. 4 76. 6 58. 2
Slaughtering and meat packing Stoves and furnaces, including gas	3,619	3, 755	3,619	3,557	3,453	3,458	3,545	3,580	3,473	3,452	3,513	3,725	4,298	80.3
and oil stoves Tobacco manufactures All other industries	8,575 13,282 95,178	8,209 13,270 94,508	9,042 13,731 95,998	9,045 13,641 97,557	9,073 13,374 98,901	8,672 13,168 97,733	8,887 13,059 97,749	7,856 13,052 94,821	8,151 13,176 95,090	8,405 13,149 95,828	8,701 13,253 94,808	8,456 13,202 90,963	8,403 13,309 88,180	86. 6 95. 0 89. 2
Total for cities	387,632	391,398	403,049	409,376	405, 222	397,183	391,124	384,892	382,764	379, 827	376,238	366, 240	364, 228	70.0
AKRON ALIJANCE ASHTABULA BARBERTON BELLAIRE	24,680 2,333 1,868 3,118 2,603	22,831 2,384 1,578 3,262 2,832	24,676 2,326 1,628 3,339 2,685	26,839 2,339 1,784 3,423 2,809	28,774 2,373 1,878 3,332 2,810	28,407 2,366 1,860 3,190 2,678	25,371 2,488 1,929 3,064 2,599	24,159 2,568 1,966 3,050 2,488	22,912 2,555 2,087 2,950 2,533	23, 091 2, 286 2, 084 3, 085 2, 428	23,004 2,111 2,055 3,023 2,439	23, 120 2, 061 1, 854 2, 928 2, 474	22,976 2,139 1,715 2,779 2,461	79.3 80.2 75.6 81.2 85.7
Cambridge Canton Chillicothe Cincinnati Cleveland	12,255 1,557 59,861	1,712 12,213 1,549 61,805 105,431	1,759 12,119 1,552 62,782 107,769	1,784 12,500 1,461 62,567 108,913	1,570 12,724 1,375 60,516 107,955	1,231 12,418 1,478 61,169 103,952	1,355 12,353 1,647 60,767 103,094	1,562 11,654 1,684 59,882 101,861	1,500 12,169 1,838 59,349 101,170	1,495 12,642 1,822 57,566 100,840	1,438 57,189	11,639 1,419	1,118 11,873 1,425 57,594 98,406	62.3 91.3 74.8 91.0 90.4
COLUMBUS COSHOCTON DAYTON EAST CLEVELAND EAST LIVERPOOL	1,614 24,061 129	17,140 1,591 25,417 107 4,771	17,800 1,613 25,313 142 4,830	18,056 1,636 25,382 139 4,943	17,807 1,638 25,428 131 4,935	17,774 1,626 25,663 129 4,891	17,619 1,599 25,151 118 4,905	16,951 1,581 24,479 121 4,638	16,875 1,593 23,435 132 4,845	16, 838 1, 593 22, 785 158 4, 879	1,640 22,478 140	22,030 121 4,797	4,721	1
Elyria Findlay Fostoria Fremont Hamilton	2,735 1,737 1,252 2,063	2,679 1,646 1,274 1,881 6,642	2,774 1,764 1,290 2,082 6,503	2,941 1,700 1,359 2,199 6,342	3,024 1,728 1,384 2,148 6,304	3,061 1,770 1,279 2,110 6,167	2,775 1,782 1,195 1,992 5,982	2,609 1,784 1,124 1,936 5,799	2 055	1.188	1,700 1,218 2,217	1,274 2,078	2,586 1,736 1,275 1,913 5,663	84.8

Table 10—Continued.	[Mo	nth of ma	ximum er	nploymei	nt for each	v n industry	AGE EAR is indica	NERS: 191 ted by bo	4. ldface fig	ures and	that of mi	nimum b	y <i>italic</i> fig	ures.]
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Aver- age		Ŋ	Jumber ei	mployed o	on the 15tl	h day of t	he month	or neares	t represen	tative da	у.		Per cent
	num- ber em- ployed during year.	Janu- ary.	Febru- ary.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	Octo- ber.	Novem- ber.	Decem- ber.	mini- mum is of maxi- mum.
IRONTON LAREWOOD LANCASTER LIMA LORAIN	1,420	1,500	1,572	1,671	1,490	1,560	1,659	1,451	1,451	1,277	1,306	1,009	1,094	60.4
	1,774	1,744	1,713	1,751	1,766	1,750	1,696	1,671	1,767	1,815	1,866	1,906	1,843	87.7
	1,583	1,478	1,515	1,524	1,564	1,613	1,657	1,693	1,652	1,636	1,583	1,544	1,544	87.0
	4,876	4,407	4,787	4,801	4,961	4,953	4,987	5,067	5,150	5,330	5,202	4,574	4,286	80.4
	6,436	7,150	7,593	7,874	7,653	6,766	6,355	6,733	5,901	5,726	5,150	4,946	5,389	62.8
Mansfield. Marietta. Marion. Marsillon. Middletown	3,398	3,208	3,476	3,617	3,712	3,569	3,483	3,481	3,561	3,559	3,204	2,923	2,949	78. 7
	1,401	1,448	1,468	1,443	1,509	1,523	1,535	1,407	1,444	1,212	1,256	1,260	1,307	70. 0
	2,577	2,684	2,814	2,846	2,814	2,691	2,497	2,490	2,560	2,423	2,370	2,370	2,365	83. 1
	1,768	1,747	1,896	1,935	1,943	1,957	1,944	1,964	1,683	1,643	1,648	1,580	1,276	65. 0
	4,003	4,072	4,084	4,279	4,362	4,198	3,989	3,945	3,948	3,970	3,920	5,594	3,675	82. 4
Mount Vernon. Newark. Norwood. Piqua. Portsmouth		784 4,368 5,746 2,701 2,995	781 4,663 5,695 2,867 4,456	791 4,710 5,886 2,948 4,072	818 4,722 6,015 2,933 2,360	792 4,666 6,042 2,895 2,597	764 4,765 6,047 2,724 3,746	733 4,502 5,901 2,596 4,016	752 4,719 5,787 2,796 3,915	768 4,595 5,850 2,733 3,675	808 4,675 5,710 2,749 3,774	752 4,442 5,544 2,706 3,751	721 4,369 5,473 2,677 3,809	88.1 90.3 90.5 88.1 53.0
Sandusky	2,727	2,612	2,625	2,671	2,910	2,757	2,734	2,769	2,727	2,727	2,707	2,817	2,669	89.8
Springfield	7,868	8,836	8,727	8,752	8,372	7,802	7,852	7,747	7,770	7,569	7,148	6,739	7,004	70.3
Steubenville	4,506	3,945	4,826	4,878	4,945	4,991	4,824	4,563	4,493	4,446	4,446	4,228	8,490	69.9
Tiffin	2,177	2,202	2,215	2,241	2,268	2,226	2,232	2,207	2,077	2,164	2,047	2,104	2,143	90.2
Toledo • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	27, 076	27,080	27, 161	27,847	27,431	27, 051	25,827	25,504	26, 574	28, 295	28,037	27, 299	26,806	90.1
	2, 862	2,992	2, 986	2,985	2,891	2, 777	2,844	2,799	2, 843	2, 809	2,799	2, 803	2,816	92.8
	15, 861	16,310	17, 198	17,449	16,669	15, 682	16,072	16,712	17, 119	15, 458	14,589	13, 583	18,491	77.3
	3, 035	2,649	3, 185	3,289	3,280	3, 106	3,106	3,245	2, 772	3, 017	2,881	2, 915	2,979	80.5

Prevailing hours of labor.—In Table 11 the average number of wage earners reported for 1914 and 1909 for all industries combined and for selected industries throughout the state have been classified according to the number of hours of labor per week prevailing in the establishments in which they were employed.

A similar classification is given for 1914 only, for all industries combined, in each city having more than 10,000 inhabitants. The number employed in each establishment is classified as a total, even though a few employees worked a greater or smaller number of hours.

Table 11				AVERA	GE NUMBE	R OF WAG	E EARNER	s,	***************************************	
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Census year.		In est	ablishmen	ts where th	ıe prevaili	ng hours of	labor per	week w	ere-
		Total.	48 and under.	Between 48and 54.	54.	Between 54 and 60.	60.	Between 60 and 72.		Over 72.
All industries	1914 1909	510, 435 446, 934	69,975 31,977	78, 201 29, 296	116, 627 88, 915	126, 649 130, 852	89,552 131,853	15, 815 14, 484	9,501 8,714	4, 025 10, 843
Agricultural implements.	1909	5, 464 5, 997	10 195	593 1,294	811 387	3, 519 2, 354	531 1,767			
Automobiles, including bodies and parts	1914 1909	18, 752 12, 130	476 2	10, 138 64	2,674 4,469	4, 963 6, 055	501 1,051			
Boots and shoes, including cut stock and findings	1914 1909	14,674 16,026	828 190	103 305	6, 121 2, 608	7, 364 9, 106	258 3,817			
Boxes, fancy and paper	1914 1909	2,456 2,530	329 112	149 430	1,594 339	219 1,208	165 441			
Brass, bronze, and copper products	1914 1909	2,277 2,232	484 30	422 36	543 831	651 1,114	75 94	102 127		
Bread and other bakery products	1914 1909	7,665 5,972	758 589	328 149	3,787 1,007	493 512	1,969 3,244	243 299	62 132	25 40
Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products	1914 1909	27, 334 23, 985	2, 195 2, 498	2, 904 2, 725	7, 939 4, 690	3,757 1,587	10, 407 12, 279	132 139	102	67
Canning and preserving	1914 1909	2,507 2,009	90 208	86 18	870 79	345 149	1,094 1,555			
Carriages and wagons and materials	1914 1909	5, 997 8, 815	828 641	589 651	1, 115 1, 634	2,013 1,993	1,452 3,896			
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies.	1914 1909	21, 639 20, 728	8, 512 1, 718	3, 164 2, 660	5, 025 3, 057	730 6, 273	857 4,094	3, 189		162 1,417
Cars, steam-railroad, not including operations of railroad companies.	1914 1909	2, 885 2, 282		929 121	98 279	1,858 1,830	52			
Chemicals.	1914 1909	2, 017 1, 132	380		3	859 164	266 586	1 13	508 34	3 330
Clothing, men's, including shirts	1914 1909	10, 758 9, 950	3, 610 1, 300	4, 728 2, 023	2, 240 5, 428	142	38			
Plothing, women's	1914 1909	9, 775 8, 843	903	7, 385 1, 146	1, 457 5, 242	1,090 3 1,952	109 27 47			

Table 11—Continued.				AVERAG	E NUMBE	R OF WAGE	EARNERS	S.		
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Census year.		In est	ablishmen	ts where th	ne prevail i r	g hours of	labor per	week w	ere-
		Total.	48 and under.	Between 48 and 54.	54.	Between 54 and 60.	60.	Between 60and72.	72.	Over 72.
Confectionery	1914 1909	3,149 2,493	251 322	343 342	1,899 280	532 280	114 1,266	8	3	2
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products.	1914 1909	7,448 6,598	1,100 549	1,018 167	2,173 1,384	2,238 1,250	824 3,000	95		248
Cutlery and tools, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909	3, 199 2, 820	73 40	1,600 11	96 118	1,347 2,007	83 644			
Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies.	1914 1909	12,695 8,073	657 20	3,850 1,086	4, 098 2, 430	3,795 3,071	295 1,452		14	
Flour-mill and gristmill products	1914 1909	2,363 2,585	115 207	18 53	216 56	105 66	1,683 1,571	168 378	58 253	i
Foundry and machine-shop products	1914 1909	73,103 64,817	6, 097 809	9,976 2,508	15, 013 11, 087	30,976 28,233	11,009 21,845	32 314	₂₁ .	
Furniture and refrigerators.	1 1	7,831 8,232	624 196	1,543 345	845 1,266	2,591 2,660	2,228 3,765			
Glass		10,997 10,159	784 1,797	4,515 2,279	2,916 1,726	198 2,501	2,276 1,139	118 652	190 65	
Hosiery and knit goods.		3,411 3,149	64	205 45	3, 035 921	107 1,019	1,154			
Iron and steel, blast furnaces.		5,786 7,295					918	580 606	1,577	2,711 6,688
Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.		46,397 38,586	3,303 1,483	2,013 44	2,961 5,442	8, 094 7, 260	20,551 13,352	4, 453 6, 296	4,997 4,709	25
Iron and steel, bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets, not made in steel works and rolling mills.	1914 1909	2,365 2,797	341	7	60 270	1,957 539	1,988			
Iron and steel forgings, not made in steel works or rolling mills		2,308 2,002	449 188	234	244 168	1,174 682	41 690	166 274		
Iron and steel, wrought pipe		2, 285 1, 081			176	1,083 273	1,026 808			
Liquors, malt		5,340 4,356	4, 287 2, 309	59 1	619 1,479	143 89	232 471	7		
Lumber and timber products		. 11,921 13,456	855 704	806 358	3,076 2,802	3, 423 2, 238	3,744 7,348		4	17
Marble and stone work		2,523 2,012	403 341	96 61	422 478	287	1,314 1,001	1 44	68	
Paint and varnish		2,107 1,535	82 53	319 267	235 198	925 520	546 497			
Paper and wood pulp		5,430 4,673			829	344 468	820 1,498	2, 042 1, 233	1,376 1,456	19
Paper goods, not elsewhere specified	1 '	2, 269 2, 040	5 40	102 19	1,957 853	69 200	78 928	58		
Printing and publishing		18,070 15,756	12,587 6,888	1,826 1,951	2, 453 4, 670	1,055 1,485	149 744	18		
Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified.		21,705 10,382	3,057	5, 848 843	99	12, 297 5, 158	64	340		
Shipbuilding, including boat building		2,879 3,200	9 3	11 16	327 131	794 375	1,738 2,675			
Slaughtering and meat packing		3,619 3,086	111 26	27 6	635 484	528 90	2,317 2,333	67	80	
Stoves and furnaces, including gas and oil stoves		8,575 7,274	2,844 336	1,006 350	893 1,539	2,400 3,116	1,432 1,933			
Tobacco manufactures		13,282 12,631	4,490 4,327	1,959 2,431	6, 280 938	464 2,806	85 2,113	4	3	
All other industries.	. 1914 1909	95,178 83,215	7,984 3,388	9,302 4,491	30,796 16,062	22,807 29,060	18,345 24,305	4,078 2,496	1	1,04 2,03
Total for cities.	1914	387,632	58,020	69,074	92, 241	99,594	47,747	10,568	7,079	3,30
AKRONALLIANCE		24,680 2,333	4,188 306	5,936 11	953 1,136	11,873 107	580 711	1,095 62		
ASHTABULA BARBERTON BELLAIRE	. 1914	1,868 3,118 2,603	265 6 118	25 19 19	1, 201 1, 099	1,245 469	615 642 36	105	. 1	,.
Cambridge Canton	1914 1914	1,455 12,255 1,557	180 1,400	491 811	615 1,555	136 7,579	27 566	261	. 4	. 8
CHILLIGOTHE CINCINNATI CLEYELAND	1914 1914	1,557 59,861 103,317	11,975 17,103	13, 526 20, 680	401 16,330 24,581	12,713 19,409	198 4,410 16,556	840	30	3
COLUMBUS. COSHOCTON	1914 1914	17,236 1,614	5,611 57	1,614 240	3, 965 1, 206 8, 492	4,702	1,255 21	3	30	1
DAYTON. EAST CLEVELAND. EAST LIVERPOOL.	1914 1914	24,061 129 4,830	2,335 2 1,590	1, 451	. 14	1 104	1,605 1 146		8	14

Table 11—Continued,				AVERA	GE NUMBE	R OF WAG	E EARNER	s.	-	
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Census year.		In esta	ablishment	ts where tl	e prevailir	ng hours of	labor per	week w	ere—
		Total.	48 and under.	Between 48 and 54.	54.	Between 54 and 60.	60.	Between 60 and 72	72.	Over 72.
ELYRIA FINDLAY FOSTORIA FREMONT HAMILTON	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	2,735 1,737 1,252 2,063 6,043	25 104 145 193 797	988 124 269 118 99	167 925 163 241 506	762 115 321 1,190 2,580	429 326 350 318 926	361 143 4 1,057	78	3
IRONTON LAKEWOOD LANCASTER LIMA LORAIN	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	1,420 1,774 1,583 4,876 6,436	236 35 40 98 287	81 1,238 3 719 20	319 13 1,190 1,882 43	183 77 224 1,906	412 404 59 259 1,657	3 4 9 4,123	7 63 3 290	186
MANSFIELD. MARIETTA. MARION. MAISON. MASSILLON MIDDLETOWN.	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	3,398 1,401 2,577 1,768 4,003	300 58 1,383 57 44	469 22 154 354 29	1,456 523 862 744 1,088	1,006 178 26 509 417	160 608 132 98 2,041	12 6 6 304	3 5 78	4 9 2
Mount Vernon Newark Norwood. Piqua Portsmouth.	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	772 4,583 5,808 2,777 3,597	33 72 1,069 31 94	58 892 1,338 357	11 1,638 2,707 1,219 268	623 1,778 656 239 2,869	43 187 33 764 343	8 5 140 23	4 24	8
Sandusky Springfield Steubenville Tiffin	1914 1914 1914 1914	2,727 7,868 4,506 2,177	1,010 729 31	1, 227 533 498	785 471 33 331	710 4, 601 150 883	400 508 2, 663 404	220 38 235 30	127 17	4 13 146
Toledo. Warren. Youngstown. Zanesville.	1914 1914 1914 1914	27, 076 2, 862 15, 861 3, 035	2,258 1,665 1,384 264	13, 645 40 94 143	6,399 444 2,384 670	2,675 627 3,930 1,213	1,300 68 4,784 702	739 5 40 41	$\begin{array}{c} 54 \\ 3 \\ 2,382 \\ 2 \end{array}$	6 10 861

The table shows, for the state as a whole and for most of the individual industries, the tendency toward a shortening of the working day of wage earners. In 1909, 165,894, or more than one-third of the total average number of wage earners for all industries combined, were employed in establishments where the prevailing hours of labor were 60 or more per week; in 1914 but 118,983, or about one-fifth, were employed in such establishments. The proportion of wage earners employed in establishments where the prevailing hours of work were fewer than 60 per week increased from 281,040, or 62.9 per cent of the total, in 1909, to 391,452, or 76.7 per cent, in 1914. For all industries combined, and for a number of the separate industries, there was a marked increase during the fiveyear period in the proportion of wage earners in each of the three classes from 48 hours and under to 54 hours per week. Among the separate industries, decreases in the hours of employment are shown for automobiles, including bodies and parts; boots and shoes, including cut stock and findings; foundry and machineshop products; and hosiery and knit goods.

Of the combined total average number of wage earners, 387,632, for the 43 cities in 1914, 318,929, or 82.3 per cent, were in establishments where the prevailing hours were less than 60 per week, while only 20,956, or 5.4 per cent, were in establishments in which the hours of labor were more than 60 per week. In both Cincinnati and Cleveland the greatest number of wage earners in any class were employed in establishments operating 54 hours a week. In only two of the cities, Marion and Warren, were the greatest number employed in establishments where the prevailing hours of labor were 48 and under a week.

Location of establishments.—Table 12 shows, for 1914, 1909, and 1899, the extent to which the manufactures in Ohio are centralized in the 43 cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants.

In accepting the figures in this table it must be remembered that some of the cities-Barberton, Coshocton, East Cleveland, Fostoria, Fremont, and Mount Vernon—that had a population of 10,000 and over at the census of 1914, were included in the districts outside of the cities at prior censuses. Lakewood, while having a population in 1909 of over 10,000, was also included in the districts outside of the cities, to avoid disclosure of the operations of individual establishments. In 1909 Portsmouth and Steubenville each had less than 25,000 inhabitants, but during the five-year period 1909-1914 the population of each increased, so that they are now in the group of cities having between 25,000 and 100,000 inhabitants. It is apparent, therefore, that the figures in this table are not strictly comparable. The table shows, however, that for 1914 the cities, which represented 49.1 per cent of the estimated population of the state, reported 61.2 per cent of the number of establishments, 75.9 per cent of the total average number of wage earners, 77.4 per cent of the value of products, and 79.3 per cent of the value added by manufacture. Of the total value of products shown for the state in 1914, 10.5 per cent was reported from the 27 cities having between 10,000 and 25,000 inhabitants; 21.6 per cent from the 11 cities having between 25,000 and 100,000; and 45.3 per cent from the 5 cities having more than 100,000 inhabitants. Of the total average number of wage earners, 63.7 per cent were employed in cities having a population of 25,000 and over.

Table 12				CI	TIES HAVING A	POPULA	TION OF 10,000	OR OVE	R.		DISTRICTS OF CITIES	OUTSIDE
	Census	Aggregate.	Total		10,000 to 2	5,000.	25,000 to 10	0,000.	100,000 and	over.	A POPULA 10,000 OR	TION OF
	year.		Number or amount.	Per cent of aggregate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.
Number of places	1914 1910 1900		43 36 28		27 22 19		11 9 5		5 5 4			
Population 1	1914 1910 1900	5,026,898 4,767,121 4,157,545	2,468,149 2,130,013 1,512,007	49.1 44.7 36.4	414,314 345,803 305,089	8.3 7.2 7.4	499, 742 393, 371 241, 866	9.9 8.3 5.8	1,554,093 1,390,839 965,052	30. 9 29. 2 23. 2	2,558,749 2,637,108 2,645,538	50. 9 55. 3 63. 6
Number of establishments	1914 1909 1899	15,658 15,138 13,868	9,588 8,763 6,990	61.2 57.9 50.4	1,590 1,366 1,299	10.1 9.0 9.4	1,639 1,207 1,034	10.5 8.0 7.4	6,359 6,190 4,657	40. 6 40. 9 33. 6	6,070 6,375 6,878	38.8 42.1 49.6
Average number of wage earners	19 14 1909 1899	510,435 446,934 308,109	387,632 323,131 220,141	75.9 72.3 71.4	62,341 53,624 40,530	12.2 12.0 13.1	93,740 67,742 42,794	18.4 15.2 13.9	231, 551 201, 765 136, 817	45. 4 45. 1 44. 4	122,803 123,803 87,968	24.1 27.7 28.5
Value of products	1914 1909 1899		\$1,380,537,449 1,074,492,138 540,823,420	77.4 74.7 72.2	\$187,888,018 156,321,801 84,434,579	10.5 10.9 11.3	\$385,642,109 283,054,022 108,630,809	21.6 19.7 14.5	\$807,007,322 635,116,315 347,758,032	45.3 44.2 46.4	\$402,270,830 363,443,679 207,847,435	22.6 25.3 27.8
Value added by manufacture	1914 1909 1899	762,026,264 613,733,870 339,368,354	604, 253, 617 468, 164, 822 251, 523, 607	79.3 76.3 74.1	86, 583, 678 68, 825, 229 40, 462, 166	11.4 11.2 11.9	157, 346, 303 107, 359, 766 48, 808, 752	20.6 17.5 14.4	360, 323, 636 291, 979, 827 162, 252, 689	47.3 47.6 47.8	157,772,647 145,569,048 87,844,747	20.7 23.7 25.9

¹ Census estimate of population for 1914.

The relative importance in manufactures in each of the 43 cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants, as measured by average number of wage earners and by value of products, in 1914, 1909, and 1904, is shown in Table 13. The cities are listed in the order of their importance as shown by value of products. Those for which comparative figures are not shown for 1909 and 1904 had less than 10,000 inhabitants in those years.

Table 13		GE NUM		VAL	UE OF PRODU	CTS.
CITY.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1		1	
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904
Cleveland Cincinnati Akron Toledo Youngstown Dayton Columbus Canton Lorain Springfield Middletown Steubenville Hamilton Norwood Bellaire Lima Warren Mansfield Newark Barberton Elyria Zanesville Sandusky Piqua Portsmouth Alliance East Liverpool Marion Fostoria Massillon Ashtabula Tiffin Findlay Lancaster Marietta Chillicothe Cambridge Lakewood Coshocton Mount Vernon East Cleveland Castoveland Coshocton Mount Vernon East Cleveland Castoveland East Cleveland Coshocton Mount Vernon East Cleveland Eas	59,861 24,680 27,076	84,728 160,183 165,831 18,878 10,498 21,549 16,128 9,964 6,697 7,405 7,405 3,907 2,576 4,267 3,907 2,673 12,932 2,118 2,673 12,932 2,118 2,673 12,932 2,118 2,673 12,932 2,118 2,673 12,932 1,784 1,471 1,476 1,532 1,532 1,674 1,532 1,674 1,288 1,674 1,288 1,674 1,280 (2)	64,041 58,584 9,626 15,697 8,095 8,095 8,095 5,938 3,102 6,258 4,184 6,107	\$352, 418, 052 210, 800, 386 1122, 291, 600 115, 049, 426 92, 111, 72 71, 071, 374 57, 608, 92, 111, 721, 789 21, 787, 151 16, 955, 97 16, 877, 280 11, 787, 280 11, 787, 280 11, 787, 280 11, 787, 280 11, 787, 280 11, 787, 280 11, 787, 280 11, 787, 280 11, 788, 580 9, 276, 762 8, 843, 422 8, 791, 734 8, 284, 865 9, 276, 762 8, 848, 422 8, 791, 734 8, 284, 865 1, 246, 709, 982 1, 668, 185 1, 682, 178 1, 128, 618	\$271, 960, 833 1192, 515, 692 73, 168, 206 61, 229, 642, 28, 582, 811 82, 70, 747 60, 378, 376 49, 031, 872 83, 582, 811 38, 986, 996 19, 246, 141 16, 516, 785 21, 187, 127 18, 183, 99 884, 332 10, 091, 554 7, 753, 877 5, 988, 172, 911 7, 861, 118 8, 064, 914 18, 020, 433 5, 946, 853 6, 930, 672 7, 276, 893 6, 185, 429 8, 6, 185, 429 4, 787, 772 3, 488, 612 3, 244, 328 7, 118, 259 3, 486, 793 4, 074, 004 4, 787, 793 3, 486, 793 4, 074, 004 4, 18, 553 4, 345, 524 4, 290, 560	\$171, 923, 636 166, 059, 050 166, 059, 050 33, 559, 243 44, 501, 292 46, 853, 307 39, 596, 773 39, 530, 132 10, 591, 143 14, 491, 091 13, 381, 767 12, 369, 677 13, 810, 901 4, 827, 556 7, 353, 578 5, 012, 687 6, 347, 387 4, 878, 563 4, 035, 706 6, 645, 112 6, 437, 090 3, 227, 712 3, 707, 013 1, 895, 454 2, 434, 502 4, 755, 304 2, 925, 309 2, 599, 287 3, 146, 890

 ¹ Figures do not agree with those published, because it was necessary to revise them in order to include data only for those establishments located within the corporate limits of the city.
 ² Figures can not be shown without disclosing individual operations.

Of the 28 cities for which comparative figures are given for 1904, 1909, and 1914, 13 show an increase in both average number of wage earners and in value of products for each five-year period. All except Lorain, Steubenville, Hamilton, Ironton, and Chillicothe show an increase in value of products at each census. The percentages of increase, however, were generally smaller from 1909 to 1914 than from 1904 to 1909.

The principal industries in the cities having 50,000 inhabitants and over in 1914, for which statistics can be presented separately, are shown in Table 14. The industries are listed in the order of their importance as measured by value of products, and show the absolute and relative increase from 1909 to 1914, and the percentage which the value of products for each industry represents of the corresponding total for the state.

Table 14	VAL	UE OF E	PRODUCTS.	
		Per cent of in-	Increase of 1909.1	ver
CITY AND INDUSTRY.	Amount.	dus- try total for the state.	Amount.	Per cent.
AKRON.				
Rubber goods, not elsewhere specifiedFoundry and machine-shop products	\$92,547,496 3,946,859 1,938,085	84.4 2.2 3.5	\$43,218,261 1,698,800 -414,825	87. 6 75. 6 —17. 6
Brick, file, pottery, and other clay prod- ucts. Food preparations, not elsewhere specified. Automobiles, including bodies and parts	1,488,387 (2)	3.8 (2)	-2,033 (2)	-0.1
CANTON.	1			
Foundry and machine-shop products Agricultural implements Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	8,041,277 1,105,135	4.5 6.3	3,149,871 285,964	64. 4 34. 9
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified Safes and vaults	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
CINCINNATI.				
Slaughtering and meat packing	23,350,037 21,121,789	35. 0 11. 8	4,029,800 2,742,131	20.9 14.9
findings	15,329,293 15,104,838	45. 6 54, 7	-1,870,090	2. 2 -11. 0

(See notes at end of table.)

Table 14—Continued.	VAI	UE OF	PRODUCTS.			VAL	UE OF I	PRODUCTS.	
CITY AND INDUSTRY.		Per cent of in-	Increase 1909		CITY AND INDUSTRY.	,	Per cent of in-	Increase 1909.	
	Amount. dustry total for the state. Amount. Per cent.			Amount.	dus- try total for the state.	Amount.	Per cent.		
CINCINNATI—Continued.					DAYTON-Continued.				
Printing and publishing. Liquors, malt. Bread and other bakery products. Copper, tin, and sheet-fron products. Carriages and wagons and materials. Leather, tanned, curried, and finished. Paint and varnish. Liquors, distilled.	\$13,386,881 10,352,807 6,385,676 5,569,751 5,565,061 5,425,725 4,517,386	24. 1 32. 3 20. 9 22. 2 34. 4 46. 7 23. 4 (2)	\$1,867,763 1,479,300 1,283,083 2,795,154 -1,259,654 366,805 637,576 (2)	16. 2 16. 7 25. 1 100. 7 -18. 5 7. 3 16. 4 (2)	Cash registers and calculating machines. Cars, steam-railroad, not including operations of railroad companies. Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies. Automobiles, including bodies and parts. Coffee, roasting and grinding. Sewing machines and attachments. Paint and varnish.		(2)	(2)	(2)
CLEVELAND.				ļ	Paint and varnish. Bread and other bakery products Springfield.	J			
Foundry and machine-shop products	27, 116, 595	28.5 16.3 31.6 37.1	5,712,669 7,545,170	36.1 -13.2 26.7 43.9	Foundry and machine-shop products	5 761 511	3. 2 33. 0 6. 2	(3) (3) (3)	(3) (3) (8)
Clothing, women's Printing and publishing. Electrical machinery, apparatus, and sup-	16, 243, 292 13, 985, 626	71.0 25.2	3,454,517 4,350,943	27. 0 45. 2	E lectrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies. Flour-mill and gristmill products.	(2)	(2)	(3)	(8)
plies. Paint and varnish. Clothing, men's, including shirts. Stoves and turnaces, including gas and oil stoves.	11,357,538	31.4 52.2 34.6	7,321,730 3,954,513 3,592,461	181.4 64.4 60.3	TOLEDO.	7 855 075	4.4	\$831,091	11.8
stoves. Bread and other bakery products. Iron and steel, blast furnaces.	8,620,601 6,907,608 (2)	43.1 22.6 (2)	3,643,505 2,176,959 (2)	73. 2 46. 0 (2)	Coffee, roasting and grinding Flour-mill and gristmill products Electrical machinery, apparatus, and sup-	5, 815, 388	44. 2 12. 9	(2) 153, 197	2.7
COLUMBUS. Foundry and machine-shop products		3.9	—784, 708	-10.1	plies. Printing and publishing. Liquors, malt. Clothing, women's. Bread and other bakery products. Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products. Automobiles, including bodies and parts.	3, 229, 882 2, 990, 828 2, 474, 913 2, 433, 570 2, 307, 211	8.9 5.4 7.7 10.6	2,297,659 986,494 587,569 110,152	246. 5 49. 2 31. 1 4. 7
Boots and shoes Printing and publishing. Liquors, malt	5,224,348 3,527,674 3,297,419	15.5 6.3 10.3	-211,361 867,472 569,276	-3.9 32.6 20.9	Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products Automobiles, including bodies and parts Tobacco, cigars	2,307,211 2,029,356	7. 5 8. 1	709, 256 726, 113	44. 4 55. 7
Slaughtering and meat packing	3, 210, 921 (2)	4.8 (2)	856, 474 (2)	36. 4 (2)	Tobacco, cigars. Iron and steel, blast furnaces. Glass.	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
DAYTON.				`	Youngstown. Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	48,796,464 7,235,241	23.8	-1,378,689	-2.7
Foundry and machine-shop productsSlaughtering and meat packing	6,859,021 4,830,647	3.8 7.2	81,198 1,659,731	1.2 52.3	Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills. Foundry and machine-shop products. Lumber and timber products. Iron and steel, blast furnaces.	7,235,241 1,010,128	4.0 3.2	2,369,936 57,187	48.7 6.0
Tobacco manufactures. Lumber and timber products. Printing and publishing	2,055,431 1,899,216 1,773,518	7. 2 6. 0 3. 2	162,902 482,172 221,367	8. 6 34. 0 14. 3	Tron and steel, wrought pipe	(2)	(2)	(²)	(2)

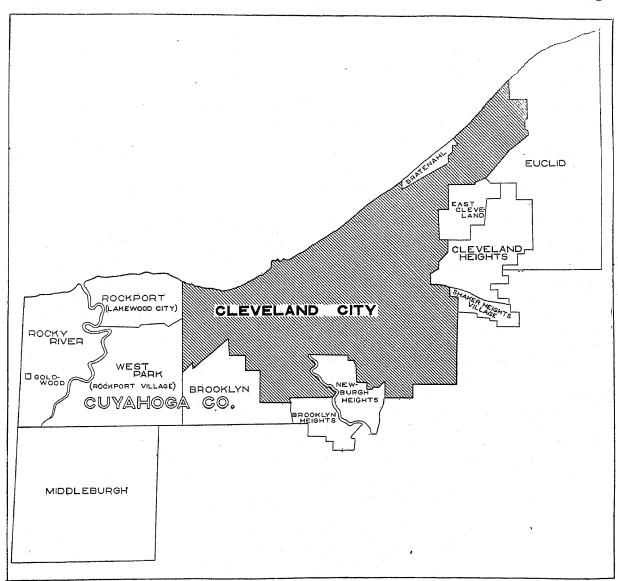
A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.
 Figures can not be shown separately without disclosing the operations of individual establishments.
 Figures not available.

The following statement gives the principal indus-tries in the cities of Ohio having from 10,000 to ranged according to their rank as to value of products.

					•
CITY.	Principal industries.	CITY.	Principal industries.	CITY.	Principal industries.
Alliance	Foundry and machine-shop products. Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	Hamilton	Paper and wood pulp, paper mills exclusively. Foundry and machine-shop products.	Mount Vernon	Foundry and machine-shop products. Flour-mill and gristmill products.
Ashtabula Barberton	Leather, tanned, curried, and fin- ished. Cars and general shop construction and ropairs, by steam-railroad companies. Matches. Foundry and machine-shop products.	Ironton	Safes and vaults. Iron and steel, blast furnaces. Wire. Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies. Lumber and timber products.	Newark	Glass. Stoves and furnaces, including gas and oil stoves. Printing and publishing. Paper goods, not elsewhere specified. Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies.
Bellaire	Rubber goods, not elsewhere speci- fied. Iron and steel, steel works and roll-	Lancaster	Boots and shoes, including cut stock and findings.		Furniture and refrigerators. Foundry and machine-shop products. Tinware, not elsewhere specified.
	ing mills. Iron and steel, blast furnaces. Glass.	Lima	Locomotives, not made by railroad companies	Piqua	Hosiery and knit goods. Felt goods.
Cambridge	Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	Lorain.	Tobacco manufactures, Slaughtering and meat packing. Iron and steel, steel works and roll-	Portsmouth	Boots and shoes.
Chillicothe	Paper and wood pulp. Flour-mill and gristmill products.	-	ing mills. Tron and steel, blast furnaces. Shipbuilding.	Steubenville	Paper goods, not elsewhere specified Foundry and machine-shop products. Tron and steel, steel works and roll-
Coshocton	Signs and advertising novelties. Furnishing goods, men's.	Mansfield	Agricultural implements.	Stedbenvine	ing mills. Iron and steel, blast furnaces. Tin plate and terneplate.
East Cleveland	Furniture.		Brass, bronze, and copper products.		
East Liverpool	Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products.	Marietta	Leather goods, not elsewhere speci- fied. Furniture.	Tiffin	Foundry and machine-shop products. Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products.
Elyria	Automobiles. Chemicals.	Marion	Foundry and machine-shop products.	-	Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work.
Findlay	Automobiles. Petroleum, refining.	Massillon	Silk goods. Agricultural implements.	Warren	Iron and steel, steel works and roll- ing mills.
Fostoria	Flour-mill and gristmill products. Automobiles, including bodies and parts.	Middletown	Foundry and machine-shop products. Iron and steel, steel works and roll-		Foundry and machine-shop products. Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies.
Fremont	Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies. Cutlery and tools, not elsewhere specified.		ing mills. Tobacco manufactures. Paper and wood pulp, paper mills exclusively. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts.	Zanesville	Tin plate and terneplate. Iron and steel, wrought pipe. Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products.

Cleveland metropolitan district.—The metropolitan district of Cleveland, which was eighth in the United States in importance of manufactures in 1914, embraces 103,174 acres of territory, of which 33,004 acres constituted the area of Cleveland. The area of the metropolitan district was the same in 1914 as in 1909. It includes, in addition to Cleveland, Bratenahl, Brooklyn, Brooklyn Heights, Cleveland Heights, East Cleveland, Euclid, Goldwood, Middleburgh, Newburgh city (annexed to Cleveland in 1915), Newburgh Heights.

Rockport, Rocky River, Shaker Heights Village (organized from a part of Cleveland Heights Village in 1911), and West Park townships in Cuyahoga County. The incorporated places of over 10,000 inhabitants within the district besides Cleveland are East Cleveland, which is coextensive with East Cleveland township, and Lakewood, which is coextensive with Rockport township. The estimated population of Cleveland in 1914 was 639,431, and that of the outside territory 56,192, the total for the district being 695,623.



The above outline map shows, for 1914, the territory and the cities and towns that are included in the metropolitan district of Cleveland.

Summary for the district.—Table 15 is a summary for 1914 of the statistics of manufacturing industries, with a statement of the estimated population for 1914, of the cities of Cleveland, East Cleveland, and Lakewood, and of the remainder of the district. The percentages which the figures for Cleveland represent of the total for the district are shown for each item.

In 1914 there were 2,432 manufacturing establishments in the Cleveland metropolitan district, which gave employment to 127,702 persons during the year and paid out \$96,590,837 in salaries and wages. Of the persons employed, 107,420 were wage earners. Products valued at \$363,664,188 were reported, to produce which materials costing \$204,039,634 were used. The value added by manufacture was thus \$159,624,554.

Table 15	CLEVELAND METROPOLITAN DISTRICT: 1914.								
			District exclusive of Cleveland.						
	The district.	Cleveland.	Total.	East Cleve- land.	Lakewood.	Remainder.	of total for dis- triet.		
Population 1 Number of establishments Persons engaged Proprietors and firm members Salaried employees. Wage earners (average number) Primary horsepower. Capital. Salaries and wages Salaries Wages Paid for contract work Rent and taxes. Cost of materials Value added by manufacture (value of products less cost of materials).	2, 432 127, 702 1, 753 18, 529 107, 420 296, 537, 839 96, 590, 837 26, 641, 984 69, 948, 853 1, 764, 923 6, 827, 391 204, 039, 634 363, 664 188	039, 431 2, 345 122, 758 1, 693 17, 748 103, 317 77, 066 \$312, 908, 956 92, 868, 865 22, 518, 086 67, 350, 779 1, 748, 342 6, 679, 749 198, 492, 564 352, 418, 052 153, 925, 488	56, 192 87 4, 944 60 781 4, 103 31, 678, 883 3, 721, 972 1, 123, 898 2, 598, 074 16, 581 147, 642 5, 547, 070 11, 246, 136 5, 699, 066	11, 914 7 153 7 17 129 397 \$288, 864 99, 766 16, 373 81, 393 3, 545 147, 190 295, 786 148, 596	20, 219 22 2, 217 16 427 1, 77 1, 78 2, 969 \$4, 463, 959 1, 561, 464 539, 470 1, 021, 994 420 97, 648 1, 603, 936 3, 606, 498 2, 002, 562	24,059 58 2,574 37 2,200 16,305 \$8,926,060 2,060,742 566,055 1,494,687 16,161 46,449 3,795,944 7,343,852 3,547,908	95. 8 96. 8 99. 1		

¹ Estimated population, July 1, 1914.

The great bulk of the value of the manufactured products was reported by the factories within the central city. Cleveland contained 91.9 per cent of the population of the district and contributed 96.9 per cent of the value of products. The proportions which each of the items relating to manufactures forms of the corresponding totals for the district range from 93.4 per cent for primary horsepower to 97.3 per cent for cost of materials.

Comparison with earlier censuses.—Table 16 is a comparative summary of the statistics of the Cleveland metropolitan district as a whole, for 1914, 1909, and 1904, together with the per cent of increase for the decade and for each five-year period.

The table shows an increase in every item, except proprietors and firm members, during the five-year period 1909–1914; the percentages of increase were smaller, however, than for the five-year period 1904–1909. For the decade, and for each five-year period, the largest increases appear for salaries and number of salaried employees. During the period 1909 to 1914 the population of the district increased by 13.4

per cent, while value of products increased by 29 per cent.

Table 16	CLEVEI	AND METRO DISTRICT.	PER CENT OF INCREASE,1			
	1914	1909	1904	1904- 1914	1909- 1914	1904- 1909
Population	² 695, 623				13. 4	
ments	2,432 127,702	2,230 103,709	1,720 76,671	41. 4 66. 6		29. 7 35. 3
members	1,753 18,529	1,771 12,850	1,529 7,341	14. 7 152. 4		
Wage earners (average number) Primary horsepower	107,420 296,737	216, 166	159, 297	86. 3	20. 6 37. 3	35.7
Capital Salaries and wages Salaries	96,590,837 26,641,984	66,805,430 16,150,153	44, 216, 685 8, 859, 767	118. 4 200. 7	44. 6 65. 0	51. 1 82. 3
Wages Cost of materials Value of products	69, 948, 853 204, 039, 634 363, 664, 188	159,896,454	100, 783, 886	97. 8 102. 5 103. 0	27.6	58.7
Value added by manufac- ture (value of products less cost of materials)	159, 624, 554	122,095,677	78, 400, 391	103.6	30.7	55.7

¹ A minus sign (—) denotes decrease. ² Estimated, July 1, 1914.

Comparative summary, by industries.—Table 17 gives statistics for 1914 and 1909 for certain selected industries so far as separate figures can be presented.

Table 17							CLEVE	LAND METROI	POLITAN DIST	RICT.			
			Person	s engag	ed in in	dustry.							
INDUSTRY.	Census year.	Num- ber of estab- lish- ments.	Total.	Pro- prie- tors and firm mem- bers.	Sal- aried em- ploy- ees.	Wage earners (aver- age. num- ber).	Pri- mary horse- power.	Capital.	Salaries.	Wages.	Cost of materials.	Value of products.	Value added by manufac- ture.
All industries	1914	2, 432	127,582	1,633	18,529	107, 4 20	296, 737	\$326,587,839	\$26,641,984	\$69,948,853	\$204,039,634	\$363,664,188	\$159,624,554
	1909	2, 230	103,709	1,771	12,850	89, 088	216, 166	236,911,140	16,150,153	50,655,277	159,896,454	281,992,131	122,095,677
Automobiles, including bodies and parts.	1914	36	7,977	15	956	7,006	10,867	23,633,040	1,741,395	5,371,159	14,731,674	27, 116, 595	12,384,921
	1909	32	7,115	20	687	6,408	9,135	16,600,162	875,471	4,022,846	10,417,034	21, 403, 926	10,986,892
Bread and other bakery products.	1914	232	2,305	233	444	1,628	1,803	2,954,338	536,776	1,235,596	3,961,787	6,987,148	3,025,361
	1909	210	1,732	213	267	1,252	14	2,619,019	312,142	820,767	2,766,268	4,812 449	2,046,181
Clothing, men's and women's.	1914	174	12,102	191	1,366	10, 545	1,720	11,767,832	2,219,229	5,413,103	12,782,471	25,789,274	13,006,803
	1909	189	9,392	210	1,019	8, 163	1,117	8,259,271	1,499,768	3,998,818	9,699,257	18,742,096	9,042,839
Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies.	1914	1 40	4,016	18	672	3,326	4,831	11,330,192	878,805	1,948,288	5,891,571	11,357,538	5,465,967
	1909	1 40	1,899	20	301	1,578	1,980	3,308,386	346,012	760,159	1,780,067	4,035,808	2,255,741
Foundry and machine-shop products.	1914	270	25,718	106	3,185	22,427	39,338	59, 549, 161	5,141,308	15, 272, 872	21,103,305	51,418,818	30,315,513
	1909	239	20,622	125	2,357	18,140	24,759	42, 445, 280	3,187,777	10, 624, 367	15,559,650	37,929,051	22,369,401
Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	1914 1909	² 15 ² 14	9,086 8,278	2 2	935 738	8,149 7,538	70,844 60,575	38, 988, 491 25, 086, 577	1,508,773 848,567	6,049,623 5,149,604	24,552,310 28,039,016	33, 388, 829 38, 463, 316	8,836,519 10,424,300

¹ Excludes statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
2 Excludes statistics for one establishment, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

³ Apr. 15, 1910. ⁴ No population census.

Table 17—Continued.	,	CLEVELAND METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.												
			Person	ns engag	ed in ind	lustry.					Nagarah A			
INDUSTRY.	il i		Num- ber of estab- lish- ments.	Total.	Pro- prie- tors and firm mem- bers.	Sal- aried em- ploy- ees.	Wage earners (aver- age num- ber).	Pri- mary horse- power.	Capital.	Salaries.	Wages.	Cost of materials.	Value of products.	Value added by manufac- ture.
Liquors, malt	1914	12	1,240	5	179	1,056	6,554	\$10,541,169	\$421,063	\$804,651	\$1,858,339	\$6,528,168	\$4,669,829	
	1909	11	904	5	155	744	3,395	9,887,715	357,945	593,579	1,484,143	5,124,478	3,640,335	
Lumber and timber products.	1914	53	2,106	19	178	1,909	6,139	2,429,374	240, 647	1, 208, 660	3,346,596	5,410,562	2,063,966	
	1909	56	1,528	26	155	1,347	5,959	2,647,529	177, 296	799, 965	2,869,205	4,299,586	1,430,381	
Printing and publishing	1914	279	5,701	190	1,496	4,015	5,166	8,154,848	2,032,907	3,447,881	4, 163, 414	14,014,686	9,851,272	
	1909	250	4,688	176	1,398	3,114	3,334	6,957,828	1,505,926	2,013,158	2, 782, 781	9,648,012	6,865,231	
Slaughtering and meat pack-	1914	46	1,691	45	242	$1,404 \\ 1,076$	3,229	6,491,772	300, 562	959, 552	22, 522, 306	24,977,759	2,455,453	
ing.	1909	1 35	1,336	28	232		2,570	3,555,435	259, 535	599, 489	15, 398, 662	17,192,048	1,793,386	
Stoves and furnaces, including gas and oil stoves.	1914	27	3,327	8	408	2,911	2,981	5,012,387	602, 248	1,870,597	4, 260, 943	8,620,601	4,359,658	
	1909	20	2,097	7	247	1,843	1,899	4,092,596	281, 126	1,155,072	2, 286, 206	4,977,096	2,690,890	
All other industries	1914	1,248	52,313	801	8,468	43,044	143, 265	145,735,235	11,018,271	26,366,921	84, 864, 918	148,054,210	63,189,292	
	1909	1,134	44,118	939	5,294	37,885	101, 429	111,451,342	6,498,588	20,117,453	66, 814, 165	115,364,265	48,550,100	

¹ Excludes statistics for one establishment, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

There were 202 more establishments in the district in 1914 than in 1909, an increase of 9.1 per cent. The number of wage earners increased 18,332, or 20.6 per cent; value of products, \$81,672,057, or 29 per cent; and value added by manufacture, \$37,528,877, or 30.7 per cent.

In 1914 of the 11 industries shown separately in the table, foundries and machine shops ranked highest in value of products, with 14.1 per cent of the total reported for all industries in the district, followed by steel works and rolling mills, automobiles, including bodies and parts, and men's and women's clothing, with 9.2 per cent, 7.5 per cent, and 7.1 per cent, respectively.

The greatest relative gain in value of products during the period 1909–1914 was in the manufacture of electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies, 181.4 per cent.

Cincinnati metropolitan district.—The metropolitan district of Cincinnati, which was eleventh in the United States in importance of manufactures in 1914, embraces 113,193 acres of territory, of which 44,615 acres constitute the area of Cincinnati. The changes in the area of Cincinnati city and of the metropolitan district since 1909 are due to annexation. The esti-

mated population of Cincinnati in 1914 was 402,175, and that of the outside territory 191,600, the total for the district being 593,775.

The metropolitan district comprises, in addition to Cincinnati, seven townships in Hamilton County, Ohio—Columbia, Delhi, Green, Miami, Millcreek, Springfield, and Sycamore, and seven magisterial districts in Kentucky, the first, second, third, and fourth in Campbell County and the first, second, and third in Kenton County.

The incorporated places of 10,000 inhabitants or over within the district besides Cincinnati are Norwood, Ohio; Newport, Ky., which comprises district 2 and part of district 1 in Campbell County; and Covington, Ky., which comprises district 1 and parts of districts 2 and 3 in Kenton County.

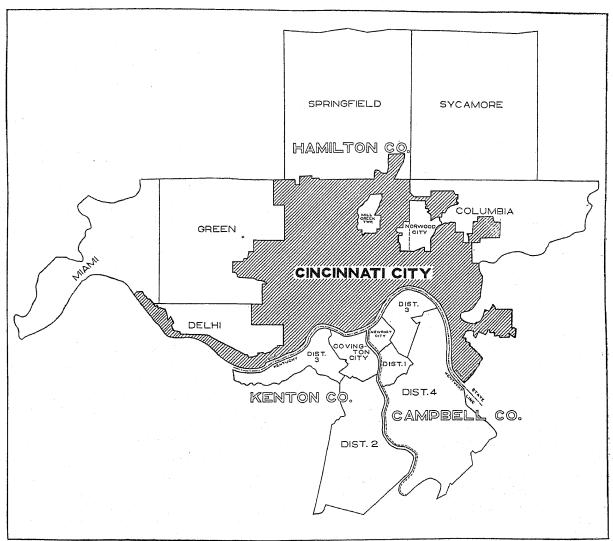
Summary for the district.—Table 18 is a summary for 1914 of the statistics of manufacturing industries, with a statement of the estimated population for 1914 of the cities of Cincinnati and Norwood in Ohio, and Covington and Newport cities, in Kentucky, and for the remainder of the district. The percentages which the figures for Cincinnati represent of the total for the district are shown for each item.

Table 18	CINCINNATI METROPOLITAN DISTRICT: 1914.										
		Cincinnati.	District exclusive of Cincinnati.								
	The district.	Cincamass:	Total.	Covington. Newport.		Norwood.	Remainder.	for dis- trict.			
Population ¹ Number of establishments Persons engaged Proprietors and firm members Salaried employees Wage earners (average number) Primary horsepower Capital Salaries and wages Salaries Wages Salaries Paid for contract work Rent and taxes Cost of materials Value of products Value added by manufacture (value of products less cost of materials)	13, 789 78, 179 173, 043 \$224, 325, 862 63, 164, 396 18, 679, 661 44, 484, 735 1, 928, 176	2, 135 72, 858 1, 898 11, 099 59, 861 106, 689 \$157, 468, 156	191,600 494 21,382 404 2,660 18,318 66,354 \$66,857,706 14,753,237 3,427,585 11,325,652 13,325,652 14,758,652 168,981 2,091,200 47,445,150 76,955,805 29,510,655	55, 896 161 3, 736 139 398 3, 199 \$7, 777, 518 2, 268, 787 453, 604 1, 815, 183 31, 057 932, 993 3, 729, 637 8, 265, 496 4, 535, 859	31,517 100 2,216 92 244 1,880 6,781 \$5,502,518 1,622,202 334,633 1,287,563 11,381 268,724 4,852,509 8,305,609	20, 320 58 6, 853 36 1,009 5, 808 \$21, 102, 363 4, 867, 844 1, 253, 862 3, 613, 982 13, 328 666, 354 7, 216, 950 16, 724, 360 9, 507, 410	83, 867 8, 577 1, 009 7, 431 1, 009 7, 431 1, 382, 475, 307 5, 994, 404 1, 385, 486 4, 608, 918 13, 215 223, 129 31, 464, 054 43, 680, 340 12, 014, 286	77.3 82.5 80.7 76.6 61.7 70.2 76.6 81.7 74.5			

The accompanying outline map shows, for 1914, the territory and the cities and towns that are included in the metropolitan district of Cincinnati.

In 1914 there were 2,629 manufacturing establishments in the Cincinnati metropolitan district, which gave employment to 94,240 persons during the year

and paid out \$63,164,396 in salaries and wages. Of the persons employed, 78,179 were wage earners. These establishments manufactured products valued at \$287,816,191, to produce which materials were used costing \$161,551,784. The value added by manufacture was thus \$126,264,407.



The greater part of the value of manufactured products for the Cincinnati district was reported by the establishments within the central city. Cincinnati contained over 67.7 per cent of the population of the district and contributed 73.3 per cent of the value of products. Its manufacturing establishments constituted 81.2 per cent of the total number in the district and gave employment to 76.6 per cent of the wage earners. Of the places outside Cincinnati for which separate statistics are given, Norwood had the largest value of products, representing 5.8 per cent of the total for the district. The districts outside of incorporated places having 10,000 or more inhabitants had a combined population equal to 14.1 per cent of the total for the district and contributed 15.2 per cent of the value of its products.

Comparison with earlier censuses.—Table 19 is a comparative summary of the statistics of the Cincinnati metropolitan district as a whole, for 1914, 1909,

and 1904, together with the per eent of increase for the decade and for each five-year period.

Table 19	CINCINNATI	METROPOLITA	AN DISTRICT.		CENT CREASI	
	1914	1909	1904	1904- 1914	1909- 1914	1904- 1909
Population	² 593,775	3 563,804	(4)		5.3	
Number of establishments Persons engaged	2,629 94,240	2, 827 95, 571	2,600 85,147	1. 1 10. 7	-7.0 -1.4	8. 7 12. 2
Proprietors and firm members Salaried employees	2,302 13,759	2,593 12,646	2, 587 9, 825	-11.0 40.0		0. 2 28. 7
Wage earners (average number) Primary horsepower Capital	78,179 173,043 \$224,325,862	140, 254	72,735 91,798 \$170,769,226	88. 5 31. 4	5.5	24. 5
Salaries and wages Salaries Wages	63, 164, 396 18, 679, 661 44, 484, 735	57,337,552 15,601,542 41,736,010	44,862,069 10,929,512 33,932,557	40.8 70.9 31.1	19. 7 6. 6	42. 7 23. 0
Cost of materials Value of products Value added by manufac-	161, 551, 784 287, 816, 191	139, 107, 061	102,721,628 203,095,605	57.3 41.7	16. 1 10. 5	35. 4 28. 2
ture (value of products less cost of materials)	126, 264, 407	121, 292, 558	100,373,977	25.8	4.1	20.8

¹ A minus sign (—) denotes decrease ² Estimated, July 1, 1914.

³ Apr. 15, 1910.4 No population census.

In all items shown, except number of establishments, proprietors and firm members, and average number of wage earners, there were increases between 1909 and 1914, although the percentages of increase were smaller than for the five-year period 1904–1909. For the decade and for each five-year period the relative increase was greater for primary horsepower and for salaries

than for any other item. During the period 1909 to 1914 the population of the district increased 5.3 per cent, while value of products increased 10.5 per cent.

Comparative summary, by industries.—Table 20 gives statistics for 1914 and 1909 for certain selected industries so far as separate figures can be presented.

Table 20	-			tal. and			CINC	NNATI METRO	POLITAN DIS	TRICT.	1		
			Person	ıs engag	ed in ind	lustry.							
industry,	Census year.	Num- ber of estab- lish- ments.	Total.	prie- tors and firm mem-	Salaried em- ployees.	Wage earners (average num- ber).	Pri- mary horse- power.	Capital.	Salaries.	Wages.	Cost of materials.	Value of products.	Value added by manu- facture.
All industries	1914	2,629	94, 240	2,302	13,759	78,179	173,043	\$224, 325, 862	\$18,679,661	\$44, 484, 735	\$161,551,784	\$287,816,191	\$126, 264, 407
	1909	2,827	95, 571	2,593	12,646	80,332	140,254	212, 555, 469	15,601,542	41, 736, 010	139,107,061	260,399,619	121, 292, 558
Boots and shoes, including cut stock and findings.	1914	1 34	8,062	14	753	7, 295	4, 195	9,374,418	1,121,627	3,715,710	8,322,420	15,329,293	7,006,873
	1909	1 32	8,702	21	692	7, 989	4, 631	7,656,352	1,015,786	3,517,986	8,583,670	14,998,672	6,415,002
Bread and other bakery products.	1914	239	2,430	252	349	1,829	1,633	4,334,629	376, 256	1,028,185	4,079,788	7,003,550	2,923,762
	1909	264	2,017	268	252	1,497	955	2,865,239	240, 612	817,761	3,395,179	5,691,232	2,296,053
Carriages and wagons and materials.	1914	89	2,193	92	313	1,788	2,863	4,771,707	405, 372	1,220,153	3,147,252	5,524,566	2,477,314
	1909	99	3,370	86	433	2,851	3,325	6,020,606	455, 415	1,621,880	4,367,976	8,157,665	3,789,689
Clothing, men's and women's.	1914	200	8,699	239	1,084	7,376	1,930	9,569,016	1,492,730	3,529,320	8,810,601	18,005,884	9, 195, 283
	1909	327	10,033	412	1,176	8,445	952	11,650,797	1,428,660	3,590,197	10,223,289	20,559,186	10, 335, 897
Cooperage and wooden goods, not elsewhere specified.	1914	23	643	23	41	579	1,561	1,139,659	62, 647	344, 932	868,003	1,472,116	604,113
	1909	20	697	17	48	632	1,269	1,445,850	75, 438	291, 804	766,016	1,232,289	466,273
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products.	1914	71	1,989	65	324	1,600	1,784	5, 588, 204	444, 290	975, 699	5, 952, 598	8, 599, 456	2,646,858
	1909	65	1,390	61	203	1,126	1,409	2, 652, 111	203, 115	548, 651	2, 969, 153	4, 470, 093	1,500,940
Fertilizers	1914 1909	5 5	561 442		104 96	457 346	2,664 1,314	3,752,357 1,551,162	159, 592 70, 217	279, 947 156, 346	1,878,678 1,003,766	3,057,798 1,675,679	1,179,120 671,913
Flags, banners, regalia, so-	1914	9	524	4 3	84	436	287	650, 910	85, 935	204, 751	505,050	947, 421	442,371
ciety badges and emblems.	1909	8	498		92	403	317	668, 178	88, 122	162, 418	503,151	888, 361	385,210
Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909	12 11	108 124	9 8	35 38	64 78	1,272 1,062	708, 580 570, 850	42, 162 42, 339	45, 479 53, 614	1,296,760 1,432,174	1,483,538 1,635,493	186,778 203,319
Foundry and machine-shop products.	1914	264	13,086	180	2,078	10,828	24,317	34, 151, 282	2,975,539	6, 953, 498	10,218,799	26, 222, 485	16,003,686
	1909	238	13,716	130	1,880	11,706	18,372	29, 542, 095	2,378,730	6, 793, 105	11,127,047	26, 186, 468	15,059,421
Furnishing goods, men's	1914	10	306	11	49	246	72	183,007	56,738	91, 689	393, 830	672,434	278, 604
	1909	10	302	13	45	244	14	283,746	50,618	76, 599	509, 649	760,348	250, 699
Furniture and refrigerators	1914	55	3,151	66	351	2,734	5,300	5,691,168	460, 148	1,451,417	2,339,873	5, 643, 267	3,303,394
	1909	63	3,059	68	237	2,754	5,079	4,953,600	291, 900	1,422,175	2,338,774	5, 646, 080	3,307,306
Ice, manufactured	1914	24	369	3	76	290	7,242	2, 790, 427	95, 740	188, 820	225, 503	652, 204	426,701
	1909	15	243	5	58	180	4,471	2, 343, 548	73, 093	115, 427	161, 161	567, 814	406,653
Leather goods	1914	17	673	17	127	529	386	1,887,750	160, 411	258, 785	1,043,641	1,801,207	757, 566
	1909	19	664	23	106	535	252	1,500,970	100, 886	278, 188	799,653	1,518,778	719, 125
Lumber and timber products .	1914	68	2,452	56	319	2,077	7,024	5, 135, 332	406, 791	1,331,419	3,327,343	6,056,740	2,729,397
	1909	80	2,809	66	330	2,413	9,318	8, 398, 650	412, 386	1,306,785	4,345,585	7,401,558	3,055,973
Marble and stone work	1914	36	447	37	57	353	1,290	709, 076	67, 400	233, 616	294, 137	818, 816	524, 679
	1909	39	396	47	43	306	1,012	639, 390	50, 846	208, 549	290, 104	731, 691	441, 587
Printing and publishing	1914	340	7,167	286	1,606	5,275	7,244	13, 606, 026	1,829,329	3,803,956	5, 423, 011	16, 663, 824	11, 240, 813
	1909	318	6,806	281	1,525	5,000	6,058	13, 183, 475	1,638,634	3,236,020	4, 220, 558	13, 998, 611	9, 778, 053
Slaughtering and meat packing	1914	56	1,456	75	223	1,158	5,029	4, 518, 282	286, 426	785,146	22, 164, 010	23, 901, 092	1,737,082
	1909	61	1,400	78	183	1,139	3,745	4, 701, 132	204, 899	683,196	17, 497, 119	19, 922, 613	2,425,494
Tobacco manufactures	1914	218	2,972	237	236	2, 499	560	2, 763, 857	258, 803	1,101,157	2,237,639	5, 271, 810	3, 034, 171
	1909	300	3,462	321	243	2, 898	634	3, 009, 283	257, 593	1,126,640	2,421,365	5, 496, 839	3, 075, 474
All other industries	1914	859	36,952	636	5,550	30,766	96,390	113, 000, 175	7,891,725	16,941,056	79,022,848	138, 588, 690	59, 565, 842
	1909	853	35,441	685	4,966	29,790	76,065	108, 918, 435	6,522,253	15,728,669	62,151,672	118, 860, 149	56, 708, 477

¹ Excluding statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

While there were decreases in the total number of establishments, proprietors, and firm members, and wage earners reported for the district during the census period 1909–1914, increases are shown for every other item. The principal industry of the district is foundry and machine-shop products, with slaughtering and meat packing, men's and women's clothing, printing and publishing, and boots and shoes

ranking next in the order named. Of these five leading groups, slaughtering and meat packing shows the greatest relative gain in value of products, there being an increase of 20 per cent since 1909. Printing and publishing follows with 19 per cent increase. The relative gains for the foundry and machine-shop and boot and shoe industries were very small, while there was a decrease of 12.4 per cent in the clothing industry.

Character of ownership.—Table 21 presents statistics concerning character of ownership, or legal organization, of manufacturing enterprises. For all industries combined, comparative figures are given for 1914, 1909, and 1904; for selected industries, statistics for

1914 and 1909 are shown; and for individual cities, the figures are for all industries combined and relate only to 1914. In order to avoid disclosing the operations of individual establishments it is necessary to omit several important industries from the table.

Table 21		NU	MBER	OF	AVE	RAGE N	UMBER	OF WAG	E EAF	RNERS			VAI	UE OF PRODU	CTS.			
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-	ESTA	BLISHN NED B	IENTS			tablishn wned by			r cen total			Ofestal	olishments ow	med by—		r cen total	
	year.	Indi- vidu- als.	Cor- pora- tions.	All others.	Total.	Indi- vidu- als.	Cor- pora- tions.	All others.	Indi- vidu- als.	Cor- pora- tions	All oth- ers.	Total.	Individ- uals.	Corpora- tions.	All others.		Cor- pora- tions	
Allindustries	1914 1909 1904	6,959 6,978 6,590	5,775 5,123 4,008	3,037	510, 435 446, 934 364, 298	32, 628 34, 345 36, 980	378, 473	28, 563 34, 116 38, 727	6.4 7.7 10.2	88.0 84.7 79.2	5.6 7.6 10.6	\$1,782,808,279 1,437,935,S17 960,811,857	\$89, 037, 502 88, 075, 465 80, 034, 354	\$1,601,796,776 1,249,778,444 777,392,416	\$91, 974, 001 100, 081, 908 103, 385, 087	5. 0 6. 1 8. 3	89.8 86.9 80.9	7.6
Agricultural implements	1914 1909	14 10	41 41	4 4	5, 464 5, 997	59 51	5, 232 5, 798	173 148	1.1	95. 8 96. 7	3.2 2.5	17, 484, 615 14, 440, 461	168, 920 122, 107	16, 335, 978 13, 792, 458	979, 717 525, 896	1.0	93. 4 95. 5	5. 3.
Automobiles, including bodies and parts.	1914 1909	18 10	77 52	7 13	18,752 12,130	188 147	18, 521 11, 755	43	1.0 1.2	98. 8 96. 9	0.2 1.9	85, 710, 585 38, 838, 754	846, 119 227, 816	84, 747, 433 37, 002, 042	117,033 1,608,896	1.0 0.6	98. 9 95. 3	0. 4.
Boots and shoes, includ- ing cut stock and find-	1914 1909	7 8	58 51		14,674 16,026	381 307	14, 072 13, 867	221 1,852	2.6 1.9		1.5 11.6	33,641,705 31,550,957	604, 945 514, 920	32, 280, 752 27, 675, 486	756, 008 3, 360, 551	1.8 1.6	96.0 87.7	2. 10.
ings. Bread and other bakery products:	1914 1909	1,318 1,232	81 70	235 165	7,665 5,972	3, 246 2, 824	3, 566 2, 542	853 606	42.3 47.3	46.5 42.6	11.1 10.1	30, 560, 881 23, 007, 131	12, 755, 385 10, 381, 455	14, 279, 550 10, 294, 221	3, 525, 946 2, 331, 455	41.7 45.1	46.7 44.7	
Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products.	1914 1909	135 228	299 304	115 171	27, 334 23, 985	1, 231 1, 729	24, 993 20, 845		4.5 7.2	91.4 86.9	4.1 5.9	38, 667, 274 30, 531, 002	1,568,978 2,060,316	35, 528, 829 26, 590, 683	1, 569, 567 1, 880, 003	4.1 6.7	91.9 87.1	4. 6.
Butter, cheese, and con- densed milk.	1914 1909	70 87	102 72	114 166	1,480 1,067	125 163	1,183 701	172 203	8.4 15.3	79.9 65.7	11.6 19.0	19, 325, 977 9, 689, 670	1, 352, 416 1, 592, 131	16, 076, 924 5, 874, 514	1, 896, 637 2, 223, 025	7.0 16.4	83.2 60.6	
Carriages and wagons and materials.	1914 1909	146 183	105 127	90 97	5,997 8,815	817 1,256	4, 516 6, 395	664 1,164	13.6 14.2	75.3 72.5	11.1 13.2	16, 192, 449 21, 949, 459	1,739,475 2,345,765	12, 454, 694 16, 744, 853	1, 998, 280 2, 858, 841	10.7 10.7	76. 9 76. 3	
Clothing, men's, includ- ing shirts.	1914 1909	131 227	63 45	63 70	10,758 9,950	2, 146 2, 873	5, 484 2, 823	3, 128 4, 254	19.9 28.9	51.0 28.4	29.1 42.8	27, 621, 829 24, 869, 437	3, 372, 090 4, 235, 966	14,071,519 7,246,115	10, 178, 220 13, 387, 356	12.2 17.0	50.9 29.1	36. 53.
Clothing, women's	1914 1909	67 62	66 47	37 44	9,775 8,843	692 589	7, 293 5, 810	1,790 2,444	7.1 6.7	74.6 65.7	18.3 27.6	22, 881, 753 19, 493, 060	1,336,251 750,916	16, 853, 882 13, 534, 496	4, 691, 620 5, 207, 648	5.8 3.9	73.7 89.4	20. 26.
Coffee and spice, roast- ing and grinding.	1914 1909	5 5	26 27	4 7	822 762	13 23	768 618	41 121	1.6 3.0	93.4 81.1	5.0 15.9	13, 312, 493 11, 224, 437	285, 284 302, 060	12, 274, 339 9, 911, 609	752, 870 1, 010, 768	$\frac{2.1}{2.7}$	92.2 88.3	5.
Confectionery	1914 1909	44 41	60 47	28 26	3, 149 2, 493	270 380	2, 514 1, 726	365 387	8.6 15.2	79.8 69.2	11.6 15.5	10, 133, 602 7, 306, 574	562, 041 909, 991	8, 746, 206 5, 479, 072	825, 355 917, 511	5.5 12.5	86.3 75.0	
Electrical machinery, apparatus, and sup-	1914 1909	20 18	87 84	12 13	12, 695 8, 073	88 109	12, 482 7, 855	125 109	0.7 1.4	98.3 97.3	1.0 1.4	36, 120, 978 18, 776, 769	257, 038 231, 352	35, 520, 772 18, 204, 476	343, 168 340, 941	0.7 1.2	98.3 97.0	1.
plies. Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909	263 280	137 121	249 272	2,363 2,585	478 604	1, 294 1, 310	591 671	20. 2 23. 4	54.8 50.7	25. 0 26. 0	45, 171, 200 48, 093, 353	6, 438, 927 8, 472, 566	28, 824, 681 27, 975, 576	9, 907, 592 11, 645, 211	14.3 17.6	63. 8 58. 2	21.1
Foundry and machine- shop products.	1914 1909	336 283	849 762	194 173	73, 103 64, 817	1,909 2,108	68, 436 59, 838	2, 758 2, 871	2.6 3.3	93.6 92.3	3.8	178, 855, 069 145, 836, 648	4, 531, 336 4, 727, 124	167, 474, 030 134, 759, 000	6, 849, 703 6, 350, 52 4	2.5 3.2	93. 6 92. 4	3.1
Furniture and refrigera- tors.	1914 1909	61 66	112 122	40 40	7, 831 8, 232	777 895	6, 507 6, 800	547 537	9.9 10.9	83. 1 82. 6	6.9 6.5	16, 687, 466 16, 258, 757	1, 358, 558 1, 698, 026	14, 213, 038 13, 490, 057	1,115,870 1,070,674	8.1 10.4	85. 2 83. 0	6. i
Liquors, malt	1914 1909	7 12	83 83	11 10	5, 340 4, 356	49 141	5, 200 4, 010	91 205	0.9	97.4 92.1	1.7 4.7	31, 990, 274 25, 332, 059	219, 265 644, 346	31, 429, 717 23, 130, 542	341, 292 1, 557, 171	0.7 2.5	98.2 91.3	1.1 6.1
Lumber and timber prod- ucts.	1914 1909	614 753	285 285	289 352	11, 921 13, 456	3, 181 3, 797	6, 583 7, 036	2,157 2,623	26.7 28.2	55. 2 52. 3	18.1 19.5	31, 852, 694 34, 597, 069	6, 458, 968 7, 708, 569	19, 651, 114 20, 765, 660	5,742,612 6,122,840	20.3	61.7 60.0	18.0
Printing and publishing.	1914 1909	885 829	562 483	336 343	18, 070 15, 756	2,895 2,745	13, 426 10, 832	1,749 2,179	16.0 17.4	74.3 68.7	9.7 13.8	55, 608, 924 41, 657, 306	7, 323, 345 6, 510, 373	43, 308, 709 29, 673, 914	4,976,870 5,473,019	13.2 15.6	77.9 71.2	8. 9 13. 2
Slaughtering and meat packing.	1914 1909	84 80	51 47	34 31	3,619 3,086	350 463	3,108 2,475	161 148		85.9 80.2	4.4 4.8	66,674,379 50,804,100	6, 758, 736 7, 690, 049	54, 632, 018 39, 069, 555	5, 283, 625 4, 044, 496	10.1 15.1	81.9 76.9	
Tobacco manufactures	1914 1909	789 963	57 46	115 137	13, 282 12, 631	3, 133 3, 259	7, 155 6, 621	2, 994 2, 751	23.6 25.8	53.9 52.4	22.5 21.8	28, 467, 079 28, 907, 269	5, 385, 866 5, 121, 142	19, 175, 244 20, 070, 332	3,905,969 3,715,795		67.4 69.4	
Total for cities	1914 1914		4,004		387, 632			21,412	 -	88.5	5.5	1, 380, 537, 449	61, 914, 475	1, 251, 814, 236	66,808,738	4.5	90.7	4.8
ALLIANCE. ASHTABULA. BARBERTON BELLAIRE	1914 1914 1914	115 24 25 17 21	144 19 26 10 13	46 9 6 7 6	24, 680 2, 333 1, 868 3, 118 2, 603	424 53 133 50 303	24, 141 2, 220 1, 693 3, 050 2, 281	115 60 42 18 19	2.3 7.1 1.6	97. 8 95. 2 90. 6 97. 8 87. 6	0.5 2.5 2.2 0.6 0.7	122, 291, 600 7, 174, 766 5, 020, 991 8, 843, 422 12, 170, 206	1, 249, 626 189, 478 481, 578 188, 073 401, 225	120, 416, 724 6, 714, 898 4, 440, 431 8, 539, 623 11, 608, 030	625, 250 270, 390 98, 982 115, 726 160, 951	$\begin{array}{c} 2.6 \\ 9.6 \\ 2.1 \end{array}$	98. 5 93. 6 88. 4 96. 6 95. 4	0. 5 3. 8 2. 0 1. 3
CANTON CHILLICOTHE CINCINNATI CLEVELAND	1914	12 107 21 935 1,005	18 140 18 786 1,032		1,455 12,255 1,557 59,861 103,317	36 510 90 6, 902 6, 421	1,394 11,545 1,315 45,679 91,218	25 200 152 7, 280 5, 678	2.5 4.2 5.7 11.5 6.2	95. 8 94. 2 84. 5 76. 3 88. 3	1.7 1.6 9.8 12.2 5.5	3,923,786 43,713,446 4,083,486 210,860,386	107, 104 1, 141, 757 409, 470 20, 172, 013 14, 847, 376	3, 669, 907 42, 005, 773 3, 399, 200 168, 157, 011 318, 827, 846	146, 775 565, 916 274, 816 22, 531, 362 18, 742, 830	2.7 2.6 10.0	93.5 96.1 83.2 79.7	3. 3 1. 3 6. 7 10. 7 5. 3
DAYTON EAST CLEVELAND EAST LIVERPOOL	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	266 21 214 3 30	268 24 219 2 36	109 2 90 2 14	17, 236 1, 614 24, 061 129 4, 830	1,232 54 1,219	15, 108 1, 529 21, 542 1 129 4, 555	896 31 1,300	3.3 5.1	87.7 94.7 89.5	5.2 1.9 5.4	57, 608, 084 3, 476, 686 71, 071, 374 295, 786 7, 092, 903	3, 781, 953 191, 570 3, 440, 523	50, 521, 905 3, 229, 540 64, 948, 376 1 295, 786	3,304,226 55,576 2,682,475	5.5	87. 7 92. 9 91. 4	5. 1. 6 3. 8
OSTORIA.	1914	23 25 15 16 59	34 37 23 36 53	6 16 9 13 17	2,735 1,737 1,252 2,063 6,043	140 74 42 36 303	2,586 1,557 1,178 1,978 5,424	9 106 32 49 316	5.1 4.3 3.4 1.7 5.0	94.6 89.6 94.1 95.9 89.8	0.3 6.1 2.6 2.4 5.2	7,092,903 8,791,734 4,662,778 6,124,679 4,779,982 16,877,260 closure of indiv	336, 296 556, 191 235, 748 166, 871 144, 794 958, 393	6, 456, 349 8, 168, 421 4, 066, 636 5, 571, 147 4, 526, 378 15, 131, 042	300, 258 67, 122 360, 394 386, 661 108, 810 787, 825	6.3	92. 9 87. 2 91. 0 94. 7 89. 6	0.8 7.7 6.3

Table 21 —Continued.		NU	MBER	OF	AVE	RAGE N	JMBER (OF WAG	E EA	RNERS			VAL	UE OF PRODU	JCTS.			
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.		BLISHM NED B				ablishm med by-		P	er cen total			Ofestab	olishments ow	ned by—		r cent	
·	J	Indi- vidu- als.	Cor- pora- tions.	All oth- ers.	Total.	Indi- vidu- als.	Cor- pora- tions.	All oth- ers.	Indi vidu als.		oth-	Total.	Individ- uals.	Corpora- tions.	All others.	Indi- vidu- als.	Cor- pora- tions	oth-
IRONTON LAKEWOOD LANCASTER LIMA LORAIN	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	14 14 23 41 28	31 7 19 42 32	14 1 11 14 6	1, 420 1, 774 1, 583 4, 876 6, 436	94 1 434 87 120 40	1, 143 1, 340 1, 436 4, 619 6, 336	60	24.	75.5 90.7 94.7	3.8 2.8	3, 606, 498 4, 602, 615 11, 598, 580	\$143, 954 1 594, 784 251, 656 506, 718 144, 226	\$4, 307, 442 3, 011, 714 3, 894, 283 10, 826, 368 28, 905, 193	\$214, 789 456, 676 265, 494 60, 618	5. 5 4. 4	83.5 84.6 93.3	9.9 2.3
MANSFIELD MARIETTA MARION MASSILLON MIDDLETOWN	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	46 24 27 37 24	37 33 27 30 29	20 14 12 3 10	3,398 1,401 2,577 1,768 4,003	208 90 74 177 87	2, 862 1, 153 2, 479 1, 580 3, 883	328 158 24 11 33	6.1 6.4 2.9 10.0 2.5	82.3 96.2 89.4	11.3 0.9 0.6	5, 293, 124	455, 534 204, 425 212, 432 374, 673 213, 240	8, 857, 109 3, 645, 653 6, 082, 327 4, 882, 357 21, 497, 753	969, 325 278, 540 90, 105 36, 094 76, 158	5.0 3.3 7.1	88.3 95.3 92.2	1.4 0.7
MOUNT VERNON NEWARK NORWOOD PIQUA PORTSMOUTH	1914	14 34 23 34 31	9 25 30 30 33	4 20 5 14 12	772 4,583 5,808 2,777 3,597	50 220 75 122 77	709 3,858 5,691 2,544 3,468	505 42 111	4.4	84.2 98.0 91.6	11.0 0.7 4.0	9, 276, 762 16, 724, 360 7, 988, 279	93, 895 465, 729 180, 651 501, 810 411, 158	2, 073, 283 7, 857, 081 16, 456, 088 7, 229, 095 7, 119, 608	87, 621	4.1 5.0 1.1 6.3 5.4	90. 0 84. 7 98. 4 90. 5 92. 7	10.3 0.5 3.2
SANDUSKY SPRINGFIELD STEUBENVILLE TIFFIN	1914 1914 1914 1914	41 111 23 33	53 91 22 22	13 51 15 21	2,727 7,868 4,506 2,177	78	2, 415 7, 003 4, 375 1, 757	155 426 53 103	5.8 5.6 1.7 14.6	89.0	$\frac{5.4}{1.2}$	16, 958, 987	504, 681 1, 399, 218 220, 660 932, 100	7, 273, 361 24, 688, 487 16, 510, 323 3, 821, 406	506, 823 1, 634, 084 228, 004 242, 374	6.1 5.0 1.3 18.7	89.1 97.4	5.9 1.3
TOLEDO WARREN YOUNGSTOWN ZANESVILLE	1914 1914	290 33 86 44	303 39 82 40	120 10 33 13	27, 076 2, 862 15, 861 3, 035	1,041 86 278 558	24, 632 2, 697 15, 439 1, 639	79	1.8	91.0 94.2 97.3 54.0	5. 2 2. 8 0. 9 27. 6	92, 111, 272	3, 246, 273 208, 895 771, 844 875, 880	107, 234, 068 9, 964, 379 90, 776, 424 4, 205, 411	4, 569, 085 226, 463 563, 004 3, 218, 940	2.8 2.0 0.8 10.6	95. 8 98. 6	2. 2 0. 6

1 Includes the group "all others."

For all industries combined, there was a considerable increase during the decade in number of establishments under corporate ownership. Although corporations show a smaller proportion of the establishments than the other two classes combined, in value of products and average number of wage earners they largely predominate. In 1914, with 36.9 per cent of the total number of establishments in the state, they reported 89.8 per cent of the total value of products and 88 per cent of the total average number of wage earners. In 1909 and 1904 the corresponding proportions were somewhat less. In 1914 there was only one industry among those mentioned in the table—bread and other bakery products—where the establishments under other forms of ownership exceeded

the corporations in value of products and average number of wage earners. In the cities, taken as a group, 41.8 per cent of the number of establishments were reported as under corporate ownership, while 88.5 per cent of the total number of wage earners and 90.7 per cent of the total value of products were reported from this class of establishments. Among the individual cities, the greatest proportion of value of products reported by establishments under corporate ownership, 99.3 per cent, is shown for Lorain, while the smallest proportion, 50.7 per cent, appears for Zanesville.

Size of establishments.—The tendency for manufacturing to become concentrated in large establishments, or the reverse, is indicated by the statistics given in Table 22.

Table 22		UMBER (GE NUMI		VAX	UE OF PRODUC	TS.	VALUE ADI	ED BY MANUF	ACTURE,
VALUE OF PRODUCT.	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904
All classes	15,658	15, 138	13,785	510, 435	446,934	364, 298	\$1,782,808,279	\$1, 437, 935, 817	\$960, 811, 857	\$762,026,264	\$613,733,870	\$433,175,272
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	5, 105 4, 614 3, 464 2, 175 300	5,095 4,474 3,405 1,919 245	4,857 4,147 3,083 1,562 136	6, 151 20, 996 61, 756 229, 226 192, 306	7,021 23,571 64,853 208,656 142,833	7,831 24,003 66,880 181,411 84,173	12, 447, 953 47, 806, 840 159, 828, 466 655, 779, 382 906, 945, 638	12, 198, 229 46, 028, 999 156, 080, 099 557, 384, 719 666, 243, 771	11, 864, 202 42, 532, 939 139, 906, 296 434, 781, 943 331, 726, 477	7,755,381 27,043,887 79,804,644 308,732,635 338,689,717	7,811,667 26,309,694 76,806,053 258,737,951 244,068,505	7,737,680 24,242,565 71,518,400 202,893,808 126,782,819
			·				PER CENT DIS	TRIBUTION.		-		
All classes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100. 0	100.0	100.0	100 0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	32. 6 29. 5 22. 1 13. 9 1. 9	33. 7 29. 6 22. 5 12. 7 1. 6	35. 2 30. 1 22. 4 11. 3 1. 0	1. 2 4. 1 12. 1 44. 9 37. 7	1. 6 5. 3 14. 5 46. 6 32. 0	2. 1 6. 6 18. 4 49. 8 23. 1	0.7 2.7 9.0 36.8 50.9	0.8 3.2 10.9 38.8 46.3	1. 2 4. 4 14. 6 45. 3 34. 5	1. 0 3. 5 10. 5 40. 5 44. 4	1.3 4.3 12.5 42.2 39.8	1. 8 5. 6 16. 5 46. 8 29. 3

For 1914, 300 establishments, or 1.9 per cent of the total number in the state, each reported products exceeding \$1,000,000 in value, as compared with 245, or 1.6 per cent, in 1909, and 136, or 1 per cent, in 1904. For 1914 these establishments reported an average of 192,306 wage earners, or 37.7 per cent of the total for the state, 50.9 per cent of the total value of products, and 44.4 per cent of the total value added by manufacture. In the same year the small establishments—those having products valued at less than \$5,000 in value—represented 32.6 per cent of the total number of establishments, but reported only 1.2 per

cent of the total average number of wage earners, seven-tenths of 1 per cent of the total value of products, and 1 per cent of the total value added by manufacture. For the establishments having products valued at \$100,000 and over, the proportion of the total shows an increase at each successive census—79.8 per cent in 1904 to 85.1 per cent in 1909 and 87.7 per cent in 1914.

Table 23 gives, for 1914 and 1909, for 20 of the more important industries, a classification of establishments, wage earners, value of products, and value added by manufacture, similar to that presented in Table 22.

Table 23	NUM		F ESTA	BLISH-	AVERA	GE NUM EARN		WAGE	VA	LUE OF PROD	ucts.		VALUE AI	DED BY MA	NUFACTI	ure.
INDUSTRY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	1914	1909		cent bution.	1914	1909		cent bution.	1914	1909	Per distri	cent bution.	1914	1909	Per distrib	cont oution.
			1914	1909			1914	1909			1914	1909			1914	1909
AGRICULTURAL IMPLE- MENTS	59	55	100.0	100.0	5,464	5,997	100.0	100.0	\$17,484,615	\$14,440,461	100.0	100.0	\$9,674,830	\$8,121,942	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over.	10 15 11 19 4	8 10 12 22 3	16. 9 25. 4 18. 6 32. 2 6. 8	14.5 18.2 21.8 40.0 5.5	8 75 287 3,024 2,070	12 50 291 3,340 2,304	0.1 1.4 5.3 55.3 37.9	0. 2 0. 8 4. 9 55. 7 38. 4	17, 421 129, 534 638, 360 9, 171, 804 7, 527, 496	19, 452 117, 250 652, 373 8, 389, 730 5, 261, 656	0.1 0.7 3.7 52.5 43.1	0.1 0.8 4.5 58.1 36.4	11, 353 76, 840 344, 419 4, 723, 398 4, 518, 820	12,550 69,183 391,332 4,696,335 2,952,542	0.1 0.8 3.6 48.8 46.7	0.2 0.8 4.8 57.8 36.4
A UTOMOBILES, INCLUD- ING BODIES AND PARTS	102	75	100.0	100.0	18,752	12,130	100.0	100.0	85, 710, 585	38, 838, 754	100.0	100.0	30, 380, 088	20, 316, 756	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	9 22 25 31 15	7 12 21 22 13	8.8 21.6 24.5 30.4 14.7	9.3 16.0 28.0 29.3 17.3	13 123 408 2,803 15,405	8 73 549 2, 714 8, 786	0.1 0.7 2.2 14.9 82.2	0.1 0.6 4.5 22.4 72.4	31, 469 228, 633 1, 251, 485 10, 946, 115 73, 252, 883	20, 426 148, 768 941, 263 7, 244, 613 30, 483, 684	(1) 0.3 1.5 12.8 85.5	0.1 0.4 2.4 18.7 78.5	23, 279 139, 500 602, 442 4, 269, 205 25, 345, 653	13, 391 93, 543 555, 539 3, 586, 193 16, 068, 090	0.1 0.5 2.0 14.1 83.4	0.1 0.5 2.7 17.6 79.1
BOOTS AND SHOES, IN- CLUDING CUT STOCK AND FINDINGS	73	72	100.0	100.0	14,674	16,026	100.0	100.0	33,641,705	31, 550, 957	100.0	100.0	13,758,680	12,678,950	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over.	5 4 17 37 10	. 9 9 40 10	6.8 5.5 23.3 50.7 13.7	5.6 12.5 12.5 55.6 13.9	5 50 407 6,516 7,696	7, 354 7, 368 8, 232	(1) 0.3 2.8 44.4 52.4	0.1 0.5 2.1 46.0 51.4	14, 662 32, 406 663, 486 14, 994, 171 17, 936, 980	9,827 94,097 404,621 14,136,417 16,905,995	(1) 0.1 2.0 44.6 53.3	(1) 0.3 1.3 44.8 53.6	7,920 22,932 321,430 6,412,068 6,994,330	5, 272 54, 113 199, 611 5, 555, 195 6, 864, 759	0.1 0.2 2.3 46.6 50.8	(1) 0.4 1.6 43.8 54.2
BREAD AND OTHER BAKERY PRODUCTS	1,634	1,467	100.0	100.0	7,665	5, 972	100.0	100.0	30, 560, 881	23, 007, 131	100.0	100.0	13, 265, 708	9,340,898	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000	608 781 192 53	557 726 151 33	37. 2 47. 8 11. 8 3. 2	38.0 49.5 10.3 2.2	1,933 1,806 3,482	397 1,854 1,458 • 2,263	5.8 25.2 23.6 45.4	6.6 31.0 24.4 37.9	1,800,731 7,499,783 6,997,065 14,263,302	1,618,993 6,687,277 5,521,220 9,179,641	5. 9 24. 5 22. 9 46. 7	7. 0 29. 1 24. 0 39. 9	813, 222 3, 357, 491 2, 777, 910 6, 317, 085	715, 540 2, 756, 564 2, 058, 762 3, 810, 032	0.1 25.3 20.9 47.6	7.7 29.5 22.0 40.8
BRICK, TILE, POTTERY, AND OTHER CLAY PRODUCTS	549	703	100.0	100.0	27,334	23, 985	100.0	100.0	38,667,374	30,531,002	100.0	100.0	26, 491, 419	21,865,179	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000	157 134 141 117	261 182 177 83	28. 6 24. 4 25. 7 21. 3	37.1 25.9 25.2 11.8	363 1,207 5,874 19,890	677 1,709 7,426 14,173	1.3 4.4 21.5 72.8	2.8 7.1 31.0 59.1	423,500 1,434,741 7,490,793 29,318,340	706, 168 1, 922, 171 8, 981, 173 18, 921, 490	1.1 3.7 19.4 75.8	2.3 6.3 29.4 62.0	319,637 1,112,396 5,203,049 19,856,337	559, 824 1, 481, 596 6, 632, 734 13, 191, 025	1.2 4.2 19.6 75.0	2.6 6.8 30.3 60.3
BUTTER, CHEESE, AND CONDENSED MILK	286	325	100.0	100.0	1,480	1,067	100.0	100.0	19, 325, 977	9, 689, 670	100.0	100.0	3, 357, 766	2,004,234	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 and over	78 78 89 2 41	123 104 77 21	27.3 27.3 31.1 14.3	37.8 32.0 23.7 6.5	32 85 301 1,062	54 112 282 619	2. 2 5. 7 20. 3 71. 8	5.1 10.5 26.4 58.0	224, 993 876, 869 3, 970, 052 14, 254, 063	333, 861 1, 059, 718 2, 890, 024 5, 406, 067	1. 2 4. 5 20. 5 73. 8	3.4 10.9 29.8 55.8	38,586 153,231 579,270 2,586,679	71, 210 195, 725 512, 951 1, 224, 348	1.1 4.6 17.3 77.0	3.6 9.8 25.6 61.1
CARRIAGES AND WAG- ONS AND MATERIALS.	341	407	100.0	100.0	5,997	8,815	100.0	100.0	16, 192, 449	21, 949, 459	100.0	100.0	7, 631, 487	10, 535, 458	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000.	80 137 80 44	84 172 89 62	23.5 40.2 23.5 12.9	20.6 42.3 21.9 15.2	129 751 1,591 3,526	155 1,073 1,968 5,619	2. 2 12. 5 26. 5 58. 8	1.8 12.2 22.3 63.7	220, 067 1, 459, 998 3, 698, 094 10, 814, 290	227, 147 1, 788, 714 4, 250, 008 15, 683, 590	1. 4 9. 0 22. 8 66. 8	1. 0 8. 1 19. 4 71. 5	149, 703 949, 809 1, 877, 851 4, 654, 124	154, 619 1, 118, 304 2, 092, 509 7, 170, 026	2. 0 12. 4 24. 6 61. 0	1. 5 10. 6 19. 9 68. 1
CLOTHING, MEN'S, IN- CLUDING SHIRTS	257	342	100.0	100.0	10,758	9,950	100.0	100.0	27,621,829	24, 869, 437	100.0	100.0	13, 865, 495	11, 949, 357	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 and over 2.	75 63 61 58	119 116 53 54	29. 2 24. 5 23. 7 22. 6	34.8 33.9 15.5 15.8	372 999 1,880 7,507	549 1,784 1,537 6,080	3.5 9.3 17.5 69.8	5. 5 17. 9 15. 4 61. 1	177, 731 625, 132 3, 121, 828 23, 697, 138	296, 605 1, 084, 327 2, 701, 557 20, 786, 948	0.6 2.3 11.3 85.8	1. 2 4. 4 10. 9 83. 6	159, 608 512, 154 1, 661, 958 11, 531, 775	284, 219 945, 399 1, 302, 380 9, 417, 359	1. 2 3. 7 12. 0 83. 2	2. 4 7. 9 10. 9 78. 8
CLOTHING, WOMEN'S	170	153	100.0	100.0	9,775	8,843	100.0	100.0	22, 881, 753	19,493,060	100.0	100. 0	10, 791, 914	9, 202, 477	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 15,000 to \$20,000 120,000 to \$100,000 110,000 to \$1,000,000 11,000,000 and over.	38 29 56 43 4	42 27 42 39 3	22. 4 17. 1 32. 9 25. 3 2. 4	27. 4 17. 6 27. 4 25. 5 2. 0	121 211 1,413 5,658 2,372	154 316 1,234 5,095 2,044	1. 2 2. 2 14. 5 57. 9 24. 3	1. 7 3. 6 14. 0 57. 6 23. 1	87, 497 310, 333 3, 063, 293 11, 997, 974 7, 422, 656	103, 484 286, 802 2, 162, 544 11, 562, 057 5, 378, 173	0. 4 1. 4 13. 4 52. 4 32. 4	0. 5 1. 5 11. 1 59. 3 27. 6	76, 978 193, 533 1, 412, 576 5, 528, 331 3, 580, 496	88, 862 209, 521 969, 594 5, 277, 791 2, 656, 709	0.7 1.8 13.1 51.2 33.2	1.0 2.3 10.5 57.3 28.9

¹ Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

² Includes the group "\$1,000,000 and over."

Table 23—Continued.	NUM		F ESTAB NTS.	LISH-	AVERAG	E NUMB		WAGE	VAI	UE OF PRODU	JCTS.		VALUE ADI	DED BY MAN	UFACTU	RE.
INDUSTRY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	1914	1909	Per o distrib		1914	1909	Per o distrib		1914	1909	Per o		1914	1909	Per c distrib	
			1914	1909			1914	1909			1914	1909			1914	1909
COFFEE AND SPICE, ROASTING AND GRIND- ING	35	39	100.0	100.0	822	762	100.0	100.0	\$13, 312, 493	\$11, 224, 437	100.0	100.0	\$3,128,109	\$2,947,098	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	1 7 10 14 4	3 4 10 18 4	20. 0 28. 6 40. 0 11. 4	7.7 10.3 25.6 46.2 10.3	14 52 431 325	2 10 45 407 298	1.7 6.3 52.4 39.5	0.3 1.3 5.9 53.4 39.1	58, 351 559, 877 5, 195, 542 7, 498, 723	9,465 45,975 446,753 4,819,723 5,902,521	0. 4 4. 2 39. 0 56. 3	0. 1 0. 4 4. 0 42. 9 52. 6	18, 735 162, 226 1, 096, 610 1, 850, 538	3,845 11,485 113,144 1,354,060 1,464,564	0. 6 5. 2 35. 1 59. 2	0. 1 0. 4 3. 8 45. 9 49. 7
Confectionery	132	114	100.0	100.0	3,149	2,493	100.0	100.0	10, 133, 602	7, 306, 574	100.0	100.0	4,053,093	3, 217, 656	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 and over	26 40 40 26	27 36 32 2 19	19. 7 30. 3 30. 3 19. 7	23. 7 31. 6 28. 1 16. 7	40 158 715 2,236	31 178 540 1,744	1. 3 5. 0 22. 7 71. 0	1, 2 7, 1 21, 7 70, 0	69, 168 404, 356 1, 920, 905 7, 739, 173	60, 400 378, 643 1, 568, 573 5, 298, 958	0. 7 4. 0 19. 0 76. 4	0. 8 5. 2 21. 5 72. 5	39,650 197,877 773,817 3,041,749	29, 231 181, 430 671, 091 2, 335, 904	1. 0 4. 9 19. 1 75. 0	0. 9 5. 6 20. 9 72. 6
ELECTRICAL MACHIN- ERY, APPARATUS, AND SUPPLIES	119	115	100.0	100.0	12,695	8,073	100.0	100.0	36, 120, 978	18, 776, 769	100.0	100.0	18,638,730	11, 550, 891	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000 000 \$1,000,000 and over	22 22 32 33 10	19 26 33 2 37	18. 5 18. 5 26. 9 27. 7 8. 4	16. 5 22. 6 28. 7 32. 2	35 101 572 3,995 7,992	32 138 695 7, 208	0.3 0.8 4.5 31.5 63.0	0. 4 1. 7 8. 6 89. 3	60,755 231,162 1,604,114 9,693,597 24,531,350	57,374 259,524 1,592,979 16,866,892	0. 2 0. 6 4. 4 26. 8 67. 9	0.3 1.4 8.5 89.8	29, 286 139, 649 865, 200 5, 578, 597 12, 025, 998	35, 838 155, 021 925, 848 10, 434, 184	0. 2 0. 7 4. 6 29. 9 64. 5	0.3 1.3 8.0 90.3
FLOUR-MILL AND GRISTMILL PRODUCTS.	649	673	100.0	100.0	2, 363	2,585	100.0	100.0	45, 171, 200	48,093,353	100.0	100.0	6, 213, 814	6,740,746	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	61 239 279 61 9	41 191 368 64 9	9. 4 · 36. 8 43. 0 9. 4 1. 4	6. 1 28. 4 54. 7 9. 5 1. 3	32 290 870 659 512	33 207 1,051 750 544	1. 4 12. 3 36. 8 27. 9 21. 7	1.3 8.0 40.7 29.0 21.0	178,668 2,920,130 12,458,066 14,522,437 15,091,899	125, 064 2, 308, 342 15, 827, 039 16, 641, 167 13, 191, 741	0. 4 6. 5 27. 6 32. 1 33. 4	0. 3 4. 8 32. 9 34. 6 27. 4	39,578 532,354 2,125,091 1,900,130 1,616,661	30, 114 460, 476 2, 719, 774 1, 954, 400 1, 575, 982	0.6 8.6 34.2 30.6 26.0	0. 4 6. 8 40. 4 29. 0 23. 4
FOUNDRY AND MA- CHINE-SHOP PROD- UCTS	1,379	1, 218	100.0	100. 0	73, 103	64,817	100.0	100.0	178, 855, 069	145,836,648	100.0	100.0	101, 352, 054	81, 276, 753	100.0	100. 0
Loss than \$5,000	337 402 355	198 303 401 293 23	18. 9 24. 4 29. 2 25. 7 1. 7	16. 3 24. 9 32. 9 24. 1 1. 9	333 1,716 8,956 45,375 16,723	280 1,830 9,752 38,563 14,392	0.5 2.3 12.3 62.1 22.9	0. 4 2. 8 15. 0 59. 5 22. 2	664,663 3,712,809 19,493,556 109,442,622 45,541,419	481, 119 3, 347, 103 19,627, 491 86,934, 104 35,446,831	0. 4 2. 1 10. 9 61. 2 25. 5	0.3 2.3 13.5 59.6 24.3	458, 262 2, 443, 032 11, 375, 581 60, 651, 839 26, 423, 340	317, 218 2, 172, 448 11, 223, 823 47, 427, 402 20, 135, 862	0. 5 2. 4 11. 2 59. 8 26. 1	0. 4 2. 7 13. 8 58. 3 24. 8
FURNITURE AND RE-	213	228	100.0	100.0	7,831	8, 232	100.0	100.0	16,687,466	16, 258, 757	100.0	100,0	9, 258, 295	9,016,312	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 and over 2.	37 52 79 45	35 54 101 38	17. 4 24. 4 37. 1 21. 1	15. 4 23. 7 44. 3 16. 7	39 316 2,017 5,459	43 357 3,086 4,746	0. 5 4. 0 25. 8 69. 7	0. 5 4. 3 37. 5 57. 7	87,011 573,661 3,850,281 12,176,513	91,623 599,079 5,341,808 10,226,247	0. 5 3. 4 23. 1 73. 0	0.6 3.7 32.9 62.9	59,142 343,900 2,106,602 6,748,651	62, 003 369, 452 2, 851, 220 5, 733, 637	0.6 3.7 22.8 72.9	0.7 4.1 31.6 63.6
Liquors, Malt	101	105	100.0	100.0	5,340	4,356	100.0	100.0	31,990,274	25, 332, 059	100.0	100.0	22,799,792 3,299	18, 768, 959 5, 915	(3)	(3)
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.		52	3. 0 4. 0 25. 7 60. 4 6. 9	3.8 6.7 34.3 49.5 5.7	344 3,132 1,845	30 467 2,370 1,484	0.3 6.4 58.7 34.6	0.1 0.7 10.7 54.4 34.1	5,047 49,665 1,390,076 18,316,357 12,229,129	8,855 75,779 2,126,651 13,794,286 9,326,488	0. 2 4. 3 57. 3 38. 2	0.3 8.4 54.5 36.8	35, 023 895, 955 13, 189, 816 8, 675, 699	46, 192 1, 485, 898 10, 318, 489 6, 912, 465	0.1 3.9 57.9 38.1	0. 2 7. 9 55. 0 36. 8
Lumber and timber products	1, 188	1,390	100.0	100.0	11,921	13, 456	100.0	100.0	31, 852, 694	34, 597, 069	100.0	100.0	13, 835, 983	14,624,706	-	100.0
Less than \$5,000	388	453 284	40. 0 32. 6 20. 2 7. 2	41. 3 32. 6 20. 4 5. 7	767 2,009 3,930 5,215	1, 121 2, 561 4, 901 4, 873	6.4 16.9 33.0 43.7	8.3 19.0 36.4 36.2	1,085,251 3,875,768 10,563,342 16,328,333	1,370,723 4,565,738 12,920,125 15,740,483	3. 4 12. 2 33. 2 51. 3	4. 0 13. 2 37. 3 45. 5	648, 812 2, 115, 537 4, 677, 314 6, 394, 320	868, 599 2, 504, 581 5, 425, 620 5, 825, 906	4. 7 15. 3 33. 8 46. 2	5. 9 17. 1 37. 1 39. 8
PRINTING AND PUB- LISHING	1, 783	1,655	100.0	100.0	18,070	15,756	100.0	100.0	55, 608, 924	41,657,306		100.0	38, 538, 944	29, 752, 952	=	=
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	- 539 - 319 - 85	524 260 72	17.9 4.8	48. 0 31. 7 15. 7 4. 4 0. 2	1,021 2.524 5,159 6,882 2,484	1,095 2,823 4,713 5,624 1,501	38.1	6. 9 17. 9 29. 9 35. 7 9. 5	2, 103, 822 5, 257, 186 13, 369, 214 22, 557, 184 12, 321, 518	1, 939, 089 5, 208, 241 10, 754, 812 18, 731, 793 5, 023, 371	3.8 9.5 24.0 40.6 22.2	4.7 12.5 25.8 45.0 12.1	1,647,070 4.021,980 9,581,787 15,169,785 8,118,322	1,496,403 4,044,780 7,765,373 13,187,171 3,259,219	1 10 4	26. 1 44. 3
SLAUGHTERING AND MEAT PACKING		158	100.0	100.0	3,619	3,086	100.0	100.0				100.0	6,993,279	-		
Tess than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	- 24 - 59 - 62	18 60 61	34. 9 36. 7	38.0	179 1,017	11 19 224 1,088 1,744	0.7	35.3	15, 467 298, 200 2, 904, 473 20, 771, 362 42, 684, 877	26, 156 196, 283 3, 277, 587 20, 274, 934 27, 029, 140	(3) 0.4 4.4 31.2 64.0	39.9	3,931 53,483 442,781 2,523,648 3,969,436	13, 00: 35, 27 568, 80: 2, 487, 57: 3, 352, 28:	8.0.1	0.4 8.3
TOBACCO MANUFAC- TURES		1, 146	100.0	100.0	13, 282	12,631	100.0	100.0	28, 467, 079			=	16,550,307		_	
Tess than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	178 61 42	860 5 184 6 64 2 34	70. 7 18. 2 6. 3 4. 4	16. 1 5. 6 3. 0	1,087 1,990 7,060	6,010	8. 2 15. 0 53. 2	10. 0 17. 6 47. 6	1,559,838 2,840,661 10,030,186	1,658,381 1,702,071 2,900,171 8,617,942 14,028,704	4.6 5.5 10.0 2 35.2 4 44.7	5.9 10.0 29.8	5,645,644	1,129,26 1,840,40 4,926,90	1 6.	6. 3 10. 1 29.

¹ Includes the group "less than \$5,000."

² Includes the group "\$1,000,000 and over."

³ Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

In 1914 and in 1909, as in the totals for all industries combined, this table shows that for each of the 20 industries the great bulk of the manufacturing was done in establishments having products valued at \$100,000 and over. Among the 20 industries presented in this table for 1914, as compared with 1909, 15 show increases in the number of establishments having products valued at \$100,000 and over and 5 show decreases. All but 5 industries in this group show increases in value of products and number of wage earners, while 16 show increases in value added by manufacture.

In the automobile, boot and shoe, electrical machinery, and slaughtering and meat-packing industries the establishments reporting products to the value of \$1,000,000 and over in 1914 reported a much larger proportion of the total average number of wage earners and total value of products than all other establishments combined. For automobiles, including bodies and parts, such establishments reported more than four-fifths of the total average number of wage earners and total value of products, while for both electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies, and slaughtering and meat packing, about two-thirds of the wage earners and value of products were reported by such establishments.

Table 24 presents, for 1914, for all industries combined in each of the 43 cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants, statistics similar to those given in Table 22 for the state as a whole.

Table 24	estab- ts.	WA EARN		VALUE (VALUE ADI MANUFAC			estab- ts.	WAG EARN		VALUE (VALUE ADI MANUFACT	
CITY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	Number of lishmen	Average number.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	CITY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	Number of lishmen	Average number.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.
AKRON	305	24,680	100.0	\$122, 291, 600	100.0	\$ 56 , 229, 208	100.0	Columbus	643	17, 236	100.0	\$57,608,084	100.0	\$26, 971, 586	100.0
Less than \$5,000	86 92 69 49	84 318 1,304 4,592 18,382	0.3 1.3 5.3 18.6 74.5	3,090,328 13,940,024	2.5	137, 200 507, 874 1, 723, 991 7, 289, 910 46, 570, 233	0. 2 0. 9 3. 1 13. 0 82. 8	Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	193 186 164 91 9	193 805 3,070 7,798 5,370	1.1 4.7 17.8 45.2 31.2	501, 149 1, 972, 642 7, 824, 665 25, 838, 753 21, 470, 875	0. 9 3. 4 13. 6 44. 9 37. 3	325, 075 1, 184, 976 4, 357, 325 12, 626, 113 8, 478, 097	16.2
ALLIANCE	52	2,333	100.0	7, 174, 766	100.0	3, 518, 380	100.0	Coshocton	47	1,614	100.0	3,476,686	100.0	1,663,032	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	14 17 14 4 3	11 82 263 587 1,390	0.5 3.5 11.3 25.2 59.6	701, 653	2.3 9.8	19, 728 100, 683 350, 015 634, 463 2, 413, 491	0.6 2.9 9.9 18.0 68.6	Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000	12 15 13 7	1,254	0.6 5.2 16.5 77.7	28, 131 176, 609 662, 303 2, 609, 643	0.8 5.1 19.0 75.1		17. 2 75. 6
ASHTABULA	57	1.868	100.0	5, 020, 991	100.0	2, 195, 930	100.0	DAYTONLess than \$5,000	523 146	24,061	0.7	71, 071, 374 366, 085	0.5	38, 117, 653 230, 094	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000	15 22 11 9	28 97 250 1, 493	1. 5 5. 2 13. 4 79. 9	599,420	0. 7 3. 9 11. 9 83. 5	19,124 99,992 237,569 1,839,245	10.8	\$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	143 129 93 12	164 679 2,015 9,710 11,493	2. 8 8. 4 40. 4 47. 8	1,525,601 5,724,705 24,148,937 39,306,046	2.1 8.1 34.0 55.3	927, 119 2, 835, 087 12, 448, 359	2. 4 7. 4 32. 7
Barberton	34	3,118	100.0	8,843,422		4,737,847	100.0	EAST LIVERPOOL	80	4,830	100.0	7, 092, 903	100.0	4, 250, 822	
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 and over 1	8 14 4 8	9 47 21 3,041	0.3 1.5 0.7 97.5	155,354 207,076	1.8 2.3	12, 297 81, 993 47, 526 4, 596, 031	0.3 1.7 1.0 97.0	Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000.	17 22 20 21	16 96 430 4,288	0.3 2.0 8.9 88.8	33, 165 229, 954 910, 230 5, 919, 554	0. 5 3. 2 12. 8 83. 5	20, 289 125, 877 459, 712 3, 644, 944	0. 5 3. 0 10. 8 85. 7
Bellaire	40	2,603	100.0	12, 170, 206	100.0	2,891,786	100.0	ELYRIA	63	2,735	100.0	8, 791, 734	100.0	3, 775, 398	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 and over 1	11 16 5 8	13 83 83 2,424	0. 5 3. 2 3. 2 93. 1	27, 430 132, 602 192, 466 11, 817, 708	0. 2 1. 1 1. 6 97. 1	15,662 75,127 96,159 2,704,838	0.5 2.6 3.4 93.6	Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 and over 1.	17 17 14 15	19 82 257 2,377	0.7 3.0 9.4 86.9	47,555 191,874 594,107 7,958,198	0. 5 2. 2 6. 8 90. 5	30, 292 123, 374 308, 087 3, 313, 645	8.2
CAMBRIDGE	39	1,455				1,583,832	100.0	FINDLAY	78	1,737	100.0	4,662,778	100.0	1,871,685	
Less than \$5,000	10 14 15	10 66 1,379		144, 346 3, 753, 284		13,796 76,074 1,493,962	0.9 4.8 94.3	Less than \$5,000	27 23 17 11	23 123 274 1,317	1.3 7.1 15.8 75.8	63, 286 230, 837 856, 401 3, 512, 254	1. 4 5. 0 18. 4 75. 3	40,907 133,935 397,457 1,299,386	2. 2 7. 2 21. 2 69. 4
CANTONLess than \$5,000	276 ————————————————————————————————————	12, 255	0.8	188, 780	0.4	21,905,360 130,420	100.0	FOSTORIA	47	1,252	100.0	6, 124, 679	100.0	1, 755, 714	100.0
\$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	91 56 52 8	446 980 5,957 4,773	3. 6 8. 0 48. 6 38. 9	1,071,615 2,538,082 16,807,475	2. 5 5. 8 38. 4 52. 9	612, 293 1, 533, 615 8, 075, 056 11, 553, 976	2.8 7.0	Less than \$5,000	15 9 14 9	10 35 268 939	0. 8 2. 8 21. 4 75. 0	31,325 89,971 597,603 5,405,780	0. 5 1. 5 9. 8 88. 3	18,783 46,461 317,362 1,373,108	1.1 2.6 18.1 78.2
CHILLICOTHE	46	1,557	100.0	4, 083, 486	100.0	1, 512, 485	100.0	FREMONT	65	2,063	100.0	4,779,982	100.0	2, 483, 486	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 and over 1	10 13 16 7	15 54 292 1,196	1. 0 3. 5 18. 8 76. 8	632, 463 3, 291, 123	0. 7 3. 2 15. 5 80. 6	15,570 76,777 347,406 1,072,732	1. 0 5. 1 23. 0 70. 9	Less than \$5,000	14 24 17 10	17 136 208 1,702	0. 8 6. 6 10. 1 82. 5	35,005 270,568 727,062 3,747,347	0. 7 5. 7 15. 2 78. 4	22,942 153,967 379,020 1,927,557	0.9 6.2 15.3 77.6
CINCINNATI		59,861	100.0	210, 860, 386	100.0	96, 753, 752	100.0	HAMILTON	129	6,043	100.0	16, 877, 260	100.0	7, 862, 268	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	569 585 551 400 30	3,211 10,506 35,500 9,970	1. 1 5. 4 17. 6 59. 3 16. 7	1,350,685 6,143,833 26,294,083 115,882,154 61,189,631	29.0	932,906 4,014,876 13,949,700 54,286,470 23,569,800	56. 1 24. 4	Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over	40 34 25 27 3	26 176 571 3,420 1,850	0. 4 2. 9 9. 4 56. 6 30. 6	83,897 413,607 1,136,690 8,166,510 7,076,556	0.5 2.5 6.7 48.4 41.9	49,092 238,515 666,935 4,009,663 2,898,063	0.6 3.0 8.5 51.0 36,9
CLEVELAND		103, 317	100.0	352,418,052		153, 925, 488	100.0	IRONTON	59		100.0	4,666,185	100.0	1,372,082	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	634 661 563 410 77	3,022 9,523 43,475 46,624	0. 7 2. 9 9. 2 42. 1 45. 1	1,558,724 6,998,818 27,593,346 129,166,024 187,101,140	0. 4 2. 0 7. 8 36. 7 53. 1	1,045,282 4,346,301 14,623,653 62,694,444 71,215,808	0. 7 2. 8 9. 5 40. 7 46. 3	Less than \$5,000	14 16 17 12	22 78 367 953	1. 5 5. 5 25. 8 67. 1	37,686 142,718 711,830 3,773,951	0. 8 3. 1 15. 3 80. 9	19, 236 86, 614 367, 895 898, 337	26, 8

¹ Includes the group "\$1,000,000 and over."

² Includes the groups "\$100,000 to \$1,000,000" and "\$1,000,000 and over."

Table 24—Continued.	estab- its.	WAGE EARNERS.	VALUE PRODUC		VALUE ADI MANUFAC			estab-	WA EARN		VALUE PRODUC		VALUE ADI MANUFAC	
CITY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	Number of lishment	Average rum of total	и иноши.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	CITY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	Number of ishment	Average number.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.
LANCASTER	53	1,583 100.	0 \$4,602,615	100.0	\$1,315,182	100.0	PIQUA	78	2,777	100.0	\$7,988,279	100.0	\$3,434,720	100.0
Less than \$5,000	16 16 12 9	24 1. 66 4. 185 11. 1,308 82.	2 158,809 7 513,874	11.2	22,608 103,382 235,030 954,162	7.9 17.9	Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000	16 27 16 19	16 123 222 2,416	4.4 8.0	38, 461 270, 061 726, 613 6, 953, 144	9.1	24,789 153,597 310,802 2,945,532	4.5 9.1
Lima	97	4,876 100.	0 11,598,580	100.0	5, 229, 472	100.0	PORTSMOUTH	76	3,597	100.0	7,682,145	100.0	3,603,031	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	28 24 30 12 3	586 12. 1,033 21. 3,138 64.	9 250, 056 0 1, 393, 157 2 2, 977, 661 4 6, 919, 168	12.0 25.7	1, 123, 135	3. 0 14. 5 21. 5 60. 4	Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	20 27 19 7 3	14 108 479 439 2,557	3.0 13.3 12.2 71.1	956, 594 5, 426, 543	12.5 70.6	19,669 131,708 542,860 526,858 2,381,936	15.1 14.6 66.1
LORAIN	66	6,436 100.	= ======		11, 180, 653		SANDUSKY	107		100.0	8, 284, 865		4,226,069	100.0
Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$20,000\$20,000 to \$100,000\$20,000 and over 1	26 17 16 7	21 0. 48 0. 245 3. 6,122 95.	7 176, 571 8 586, 829	2.0	28, 581 79, 523 305, 794 10, 766, 755	2.7	Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 and over 1.	43	25 68 888 1,746	32.5		0. 7 2. 4 26. 0 70. 9	35,338 136,036 1,305,369 2,749,326	0.8 3.2 30.9 65.1
Mansfield		3,398 100.	0 10,281,968	100.0	5,510,169		Springfield	253	7,868	100.0	27,721,789	100.0	14,018,281	100.0
Less than \$5,000	28 30 21 24	42 1. 117 3. 288 8. 2,951 86.	4 279,890 5 1,079,998	2.7 10.5	431,773 4,869,724	3.1 7.8 88.4	Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	86 70 47 44 6	82 300 681 3,842 2,963	1.0 3.8 8.7 48.8 37.7	195, 050 705, 021 2, 264, 080 11, 537, 667 13, 019, 971	0.7 2.5 8.2 41.6 47.0	132, 201 442, 949 1, 130, 104 5, 942, 102 6, 370, 925	0.9 3.2 8.1 42.4 45.4
MARIETTA	71	1,401 100.			1,745,829		STEUBENVILLE	60	4,506	i	16, 958, 987	100.0	5,526,731	100.0
Less than \$5,000	14 29 19 9	24 1. 153 10. 416 29. 808 57.	9 313,887 7 878,216	7.6 21.3	19,780 165,399 463,365 1,097,285	26.5	Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,00 and over 1	17 20 12 11	17 81 128 4,280	0.4 1.8 2.8 95.0	43, 182 245, 418 436, 717 16, 233, 670	0.3 1.4 2.6 95.7	24,659 144,269 196,572 5,161,231	0. 4 2. 6 3. 6 93. 4
Marion	66	2,577 100.				100.0	TIFFIN	76	2,177	100.0	4,995,880	100.0	2,604,215	100.0
Less than \$5,000	28 13 18 7	26 1. 48 1. 279 10. 2,224 86.	9 124,505 8 912,774	14.3	480, 114	12.5	Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000	17 30 17 12	17 144 343 1,673	0.8 6.6 15.8 76.8	46, 678 296, 617 799, 972 3, 852, 613	0. 9 5. 9 16. 0 77. 1	34,413 186,688 460,155 1,922,959	1.3 7.2 17.7 73.8
Massillon	70	1,768 100.			2, 574, 251		TOLEDO	713	27,076	100.0	115, 049, 426	100.0	44,555,157	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 and over 1.		38 2- 99 5. 211 11. 1,420 80.	6 200, 777 9 559, 997 3 4, 471, 552	10.6 84.5	42, 357 130, 561 223, 330 2, 178, 003	8.7 84.6	Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000.	209 206 169 108 21	196 816 3,092 10,555	39.0	513, 970 2, 189, 052 7, 584, 887 32, 296, 532	0, 4 1, 9 6, 6 28, 1 63, 0	338,770 1,364,189 4,135,588 15,278,704 23,437,906	0.8 3.1 9.3 34.2 52.6
MIDDLETOWNLess than \$5,000	63	4,003 100. 31 0.	-		28 239		\$1,000,000 and over WARREN	1 1	12,417 2,862	45.9 100.0	72, 464, 985 10, 399, 737	100.0	4,045,232	100.0
\$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$1,000,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	19 13 16 11 4	52 1. 208 5. 861 21. 2,851 71.	122,880 732,630 5,364,778	0.6 3.4 24.6 71.2	28, 239 70, 544 333, 229 1, 698, 256 9, 076, 889	3.0 15.2	Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 and over 1.	23 24 20	36 74 251 2,501	1.3	64, 677 231, 081 760, 115 9, 343, 864	0.6 2.2 7.3 89.8	35,014 121,328 348,910 3,539,980	0.9 3.0 8.6 87.5
Mount Vernon	27	772 100.	= =====================================		826,581		Youngstown	201	15,861	100.0	92, 111, 272	100.0	23,034,468	100.0
Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$20,000\$20,000 to \$100,000\$100,000	8 12 4 3	6 0. 61 7. 69 8. 636 82.	9 140,698 9 202,589 4 1,943,763	8.8	9, 425 75, 114 62, 943 679, 099	9.1 7.6	Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000.	50 69 38 28 16	46 242 708 2,348	1.5 4.5 14.8	123, 688 672, 375 1, 874, 262 8, 536, 145	9.3	83,409 380,665 1,004,068 3,766,749 17,799,577	4.4 16.3
NEWARK	79	4,583 100.			5,702,715		\$1,000,000 and over ZANESVILLE	97	12,517 3,035	78.9 100.0	80, 904, 802 8, 300, 231	100.0	3,054,116	l l
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 and over 1	19 25 22 13	18 0. 97 2. 390 8. 4,078 89.	236, 933 971, 202	0.5 2.6 10.5 86.4	30, 687 141, 101 464, 924 5, 066, 003	0.5 2.5 8.2 88.8	Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 and over 1	30 24 31 12	34 92 930 1,979	1.1 3.0 30.6 65.2	78, 943 229, 972 1, 678, 770 6, 312, 546	1. 0 2. 8 20. 2 76. 0	41,113 126,555 958,674 1,927,774	31.4
Norwood	58	5,808 100.			9,507,410	100.0	ALL OTHER CITIES 2	29	1,903	100.0	3,902,284	100.0	2,151,158	1
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	11 16 10 16 5	15 0. 55 0. 148 2. 2,084 35. 3,506 60.	9 156,685 4 364,545 9 6,309,406	37. 7	17, 152 101, 410 205, 954 3, 651, 045 5, 531, 849	0.1 1.1 2.2 38.4 58.2	Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 and over '	9 12 4 4	6 44 38 1,815			0. 4 3. 5 3. 9 92. 3	10,740 65,272 93,937 1,981,209	3.0 4.4

1 Includes the group "\$1,000,000 and over."

2"All other cities" embrace East Cleveland and Lakewood.

In the cities the same condition prevails as that found throughout the state, namely, a preponderance as to number of wage earners, value of products, and value added by manufacture for establishments having products valued at \$100,000 or over. The highest percentage of the total value of products for establishments in this class, 97.2 per cent, appears for Lorain, followed closely by Bellaire and Youngstown, with 97.1 per cent each, while the lowest, 70.3 per cent, is shown

for Marietta. In each of the cities a considerable proportion of the total number of establishments is shown for those having products valued at less than \$20,000, but the combined value of their products is relatively small. Of the total number of establishments in the five principal cities, as measured by value of products, those in this class formed, in Cleveland, 55.2 per cent; in Cincinnati, 54 per cent; in Akron, 58.4 per cent; in Toledo, 58.2 per cent; and in Youngstown, 59.2 per

cent, whereas the value of their products formed only 2.4 per cent, 3.5 per cent, nine-tenths of 1 per cent, 2.3 per cent, and nine-tenths of 1 per cent, respectively.

Table 25 shows the size of establishment in 1914, as

measured by the number of wage earners employed, for all industries combined, for 40 of the more important industries, and for each of the 43 cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants.

Table 25									ESTAI	BLISH	MENTS	EMPLO	YING—						
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	то	OTAL.	No wage earn- ers.		5 wage ners.		20 wage ners.		50 wage rners.	7	to 100 wage rners.		1 to 250 wage irners.	1	to 500 wage rners.		to 1,000 wage arners.	1 '	er 1,000 wage arners.
	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners (average number).	Establish- ments.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.
All industries	15,658	510, 435	1,720	7,557	17, 229	3,048	34, 145	1,470	47, 766	801	56, 944	663	104, 245	249	84,905	103	72, 823	47	92,378
Agricultural implementsAutomobiles, including bodies and	59	5, 464	2	16	38	10	131	7	237	6	469	13	2,149	3	1,138	2	1,302		
parts Boots and shoes, including cut stock	102	18,752	2	20	53	31	371	14	487	. 8	505	14	2,170	7	2,576	3	2,473	3.	10,117
and findings Boxes, paper and fancy Brass, bronze, and copper products	73 49 84	14,674 2,456 2,277	1	7 4 35	16 12 94	9 13 26	123 175 305	9 17 10	249 627 287	7 6 7	574 459 509	25 9 3	1,183 472	$\begin{bmatrix} & 7 \\ \dots & 2 \end{bmatrix}$	2,335	6	4,402	2	2,633
Bread and other bakery products		7,665	258	1,144	2,354	170	1,580	37	1,170	15	1,088	10	1,473	ļ					
Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products. Canning and preserving. Carriages and wagons and materials. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad com-	549 135 341	27, 334 2, 507 5, 997	5 3 16	195 44 149	515 125 451	108 59 106	1,314 648 1,153	79 19 40	2,754 619 1,309	77 5 21	5,227 383 1,515	67 5 8	10,628 732 1,313	15 1	4,718	3	2,178		
pames	88	21,639	 			6	95	12	452	18	1,240	22	3,745	22	7,617	5	3,518	8	4,072
Cars, steam-railroad, not including operations of railroad companies. Chemicals. Clothing, men's, including shirts. Clothing, women's. Confectionery.	5 29 257 170 132	2,885 2,017 10,758 9,775 3,149	6 1 2	10 62 44 64	19 189 115 158	9 82 44 26	114 948 485 291	1 3 53 40 22	36 101 1,743 1,331 735	2 3 35 20 8	162 182 2,365 1,326 596	1 12 13 9	194 1,920 1,746 1,101	2 5 5	843 1,895 1,718 268	1 1 1 2	929 564 562 1,561	1 1 1	1,758 1,136 1,493
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products. Cutlery and tools, not elsewhere	288	7,448	12	141	339	80	895	27	798	10	698	10	1,818	- 8	2,900			ļ	
specified	81	3,199	5	31	72	19	179	12	380	8	577	3	382	1	271	2	1,338		
supplies	119 649 1,379	12,695 2,363 73,103	78 57	40 487 455	116 1,053 1,153	24 69 332	284 628 3,933	16 8 217	583 215 7,365	10 7 147	662 467 10,927	11 104	1,827 17,109	6 47	2,121	4 15	2,482 10,153	4 5	4,620 6,149
Furniture and refrigeratorsGlassHosiery and knit goodsIron and steel blast furnacesIron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	213 39 38 33 70	7,831 10,997 3,411 5,786	13	54 4	147 10	59 6 4	760 71 57	45 4 9	1,511 113 305	26 3 5 10	1,904 211 432 740	14 16 11 11	2,059 2,561 1,763 1,731	9 3 5	3,082 830 1,533	2 7	1,450 5,030 1,725		
Iron and steel, bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets, not made in steel works	. 10	46,397	•••••	1	3	2	25	-3	101	- 6	455	13	2,309	12	4, 481	23	16,743	10	22, 280
and rivets, not made in steel works and rolling mills. Iron and steel forgings, not made in steel works or rolling mills. Iron and steel, wrought pipe Liquors, malt	15 29 5 101	2,365 2,308 2,285		3 1	9	4 6	53 82	3 7	115 251	3 4	188 296	1 8 1	148 1,218 176	3 1 1 4	922 452 284	1 1	939	 	1,026
Lumber and timber products	1,188	5,340 11,921	41	6 721	12 1,717	34 288	433 3,103	29 99	972 3,094	19 26	1,324 1,716	9	1,279 1,548		1,320 743	••••		••••	
Marble and stone work Paint and varnish Paper and wood pulp	213 95 48	11, 921 2, 523 2, 107 5, 430	24 4	132 44 1	274 103 2	32 26 3	355 282 47	17 13 12	587 423 398	4 3 16	306 244 1,142	11 2 3 12	327 489 1,810	2 2 2 3	674 566 977			i	1,054
Paper goods, not elsewhere specified. Printing and publishing. Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified Shipbuilding, including boat building.	1, 783 54 29	2, 269 18, 070 21, 705 2, 879	395 1	10 860 8	2, 152 16	346 14	3,831 162	117 7	3,504 230	34 6	231 2,359 453	26 9	159 4,175 1,376	2 4 1	781 1,476 340	1 1 4	884 573 2,774	4	16,354
Slaughtering and meat nacking	169	3,619	3 27	13 69	27 157	36	42	2 18	59 569	2 12	128 879	1	232 697	2	663	2	1,728	••••	
Stoves and furnaces, including gas and oil stoves Tobacco manufactures All other industries	105 961 4, 218	8, 575 13, 282 95, 178	312 444	17 474	55 919 4,724	29 86 840	336 937 9,431	19 34	601 1,084 12,257	18 21	1,321 1,469 11,215	13 21 136	1,691 3,577 20,616	1 4 12 44	302 1,298 3,884 14,717	1 1 11	603 564 7, 553	2 1 8	2,709 1,412 14,665
Total for cities	9,588	387,632	1,039	3,990	9,709	2,104	23, 894	1. 087	34, 373	-	39, 792	477	75, 170	193	63,173	81	57,897	44	83,624
AKRON ALIJANCE ASHTABULA BARBERTON BELLAIRE	305 52 57 34 40	24, 680 2, 333 1, 868 3, 118 2, 603	32 4 	139 24 32 22 18	294 48 88 48 48	57 11 9 3	636 119 103 30 103	31 7 8	1,023 219 189	20 1	1,410	14 1 7 3 1	1, 974 206 1, 149 533 230	5 3 1 3	1,463 1,048 339 701 1,019	4 1 1	2, 628 638		15,252
Cambridge Canton Chillicothe Cinginnati Cleveland	39 276 46 2,135 2,345	1, 455 12, 255 1, 557 59, 861 103, 317	3 2 1 256 280	15 104 22 792 957	40 338 56 2,016 2,279	14 64 12 502 499	130 660 109 5,788 5,749	2 38 5 299 249	72 925 161 9,816	1 29 2 142	92 1,586 178 9,682 10,027	19 3 109	384 2,270 457 17,014 18,871	2 16 27 57	737 3,200 9,177 19,011	3 1 7 23	1,144 1,266 596 5,042 17,958	1 1 16	2,010 1,326 21,570
COLUMBUS. COSHOCTON DAYTON EAST CLEVELAND EAST LIVERPOOL	643 47 523 7 80	17, 236 1, 614 24, 061 129 4, 830	94 5 49	257 17 226 4 33	661 43 546 4 83	138 14	1,538 158 1,320 21 192	82 5 54	2,359 189 1,636	42	3,007 160 2,725	20 2 23 1 8	3,043 424 4,081 104 1,334	5 2 6	1,649 640 2,665	3	1,791 996 1,493	2	3,188 10,092

Table 25—Continued.									ESTAB	LISHM	ENTS E	MPLO	YING—						
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	TO	TAL.	No wage earn- ers.		wage iers.) wage iers.	21 to 5 ear	0 wage iers.	w	o 100 age ners.	V	to 250 vage ners.	V	to 500 rage ners.	7	to 1,000 wage rners.	v	er 1,000 vage rners.
	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners (average number).	Establish- ments.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.
ELYRIA FINDLAY FOSTORIA FREMONT HAMILTON	63 78 47 65 129	2,735 1,737 1,252 2,063 6,043	6 11 5 4 18	26 32 21 31 48	62 75 47 61 116	14 21 9 16 30	191 219 91 216 309	4 7 4 5 10	125 223 140 106 289	4 2 4 2 9	318 176 287 140 628	53358	737 399 418 745 1,518	4 2 1 1 4	1,302 645 269 271 1,565	1 1	524 564	1	1,054
IRONTON. LAKEWOOD. LANGASTER. LIMA LORAIN.	59 22 53 97 66	1,420 1,774 1,583 4,876 6,436	2 5 6 6	25 11 32 45 34	57 29 78 93 66	16 3 10 21 14	187 34 97 225 153	8 3 17 3	262 58 588 60	4 1 3 3 3	297 77 210 113 51	4 1 2	721 114 385	1 1 2 2	404 419 657 732	1	876	1 2 1	1, 230 3, 086 4, 113
MANSFIELD. MARIETTA. MARION. MASSILION. MIDDLETOWN.	103 71 66 70 63	3,398 1,401 2,577 1,768 4,003	7 4 11 1 3	52 37 30 38 30	157 93 56 85 71	18 17 14 16 15	223 222 158 201 204	10 7 6 6 3	340 214 183 183 112	5 4 4 4	360 378 292 304	8 2 2 3 4	1,094 494 226 424 462	2 2 2 3	765 583 1,100	1	577	1 1	1,189 1,750
Mount Vernon. Newark. Norwood. Piqua. Portsmouth.	27 79 58 78 76	772 4,583 5,808 2,777 3,597	5 9 2 5 9	14 36 24 39 36	33 102 62 89 91	15 11 13 16	57 183 149 175 185	2 12 3 11 6	66 401 87 277 225	3 4 5	215 259 379	1 3 10 3 1	218 473 1,790 782 160	1 1 3	398 411 284 1,195	 4 2	1,565 3,221 1,249	1 1	1,448
Sandusky Springfield Steubenville Tiffin	107 253 60 76	2,727 7,868 4,506 2,177	11 35 7 3	34 119 28 38	74 289 69 87	30 45 14 17	361 525 156 178	16 21 2 9	500 662 67 288	9 11 4	608 740 243	16 6 3	624 2, 457 1, 019 462	2 4 2 2	560 1,418 731 919	1 	725	1 1	1,052 2,464
Toledo Warren Youngstown Zanesville	713 82 201 97	27,076 2,862 15,861 3,035	105 15 8	276 51 95 46	650 118 197 110	157 14 41 17	1,753 160 439 187	88 6 17 13	2,996 196 576 442	41 6 9 7	2, 870 473 537 503	28 3 7 3	4,596 577 1,116 468	12 2 2	3,993 617 530	5 2 12 1	3,824 1,338 8,478 795	3	6,394

Table 26 presents, for 1914, the percentages based | centages for all industries combined and for individual on the figures in Table 25, and for 1909, similar per- industries in the state as a whole.

Table 26	Cen-	W	LGE	OF TO EARN ING S	ERS	IN I	ESTAB	LISHM	R OF ENTS		Cen-	W	AGE	EARN	ERS	IN E	AGE N ESTABI UMBE	ISHM	
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	sus year.	to 5	6 to 20	21 to 50	51 to 100	101 to 250	251 to 500	501 to 1,000	Over 1,000	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	sus year.	to 5	6 to 20	21 to 50	51 to 100	101 to 250	251 to 500	501 to 1,000	O ver 1,000
All industries	1914 1909	3.4 3.8	6.7 7.9			20. 4 22. 1	16.6 15.6	14.3 15.9	18. 1 12. 5	Confectionery	1914 1909	5.0 4.4	9.2 12.2	23.3 18.3	18. 9 25. 9	35.0 39.2			
Agricultural implements	1914 1909	0.7 0.6	2.4 1.5	4.3 5.3	8.6 3.8	39.3 36.2	20.8 21.5	23.8 8.8	22, 4	Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products.	1914 1909	4.6 4.3		10.7 13.6	9.4 9.6	24.4 31.9			
Automobiles, including bodies and parts.	1914 1909	0.3 0.3	2.0 1.7		2.7 4.8	11.6 11.7	13.7 26.8	13.2 11.1	54.0 40.4	Cutlery and tools, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909	2.3 1.8	5.6 9.4		18.0 21.0	11.9 4.4			
Boots and shoes, including cut stock and findings.	1914 1909	0.1 0.1	0.8 0.7	1.7 1.0	3.9 4.6	29.6 24.2	15.9 20.6	30.0 30.6	17.9 18.1	Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies.	1914 1909	0.9 1.0	$\frac{2.2}{4.2}$	4.6 5.5	5. 2 10. 3	14, 4 30, 3	16.7 24.1	19.6 10.0	36.4 14.6
Boxes, fancy and paper	1914 1909	0.5 0.4	7.1 4.5							Flour-mill and gristmill prod- ucts.	1914 1909	44.6 45.7	$\frac{26.6}{25.0}$	9.1 16.5	19.8 7.0				
Brass, bronze, and copper products.	1914 1909	4.1 4.0				20.7 13.3	26.8 38.8			Foundry and machine-shop products.	1914 1909	1.6 1.6	5.4 5.9	10.1 11.1	14.9 14.2	$23.4 \\ 26.4$	22.3 18.4	13.9 16.3	8.4 6.1
Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909	30.7 35.5	20.6 23.3			19.2 13.7				Furniture and refrigerators	1914 1909	1.9 1.5	9.7 9.0		24.3 20.3	26.3 24.7	8.2	18.5 8.2	
Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products.	1914 1909	1.9 3.3	4.8 7.3	10.1 16.0		38. 9 35. 9	17.3 9.6	8.0 7.6		Glass	1914 1909		0.5	1.0 1.6		23.3 26.2		45.7 33.9	10.
Canning and preserving	1914 1909	5.0 6.8	25.8 21.8	24.7 29.7	15.3 15.1	29. 2 13. 5	13.1			Hosiery and knit goods	1914 1909	0.3 0.8	2.1 0.9		12.7 21.3	51.7 49.2	24.3 20.5		
Carriages and wagons and materials.	1914 1909	7.5 5.8	19.2 16.4	21.8 19.4	25.3 22.5	21.9 35.9	4.3			Iron and steel, blast furnaces	1914 1909	(1)	1.0	1.5	12.8 8.7	29.9 43.2	26. 5 30. 1	29.8 16.4	3 1
Cars and general shop construc- tion and repairs by steam-	1914 1909	······	0.4 0.4		$5.7 \\ 2.7$	17.3 9.4	35. 2 36. 5	16.3 40.6	23.0 9.6	Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	1914 1909	(1)	0.2	0. 2 0. 4	1.0 1.4			36.1 31.5	48. 41.
railroad companies. Cars, steam-railroad, not including operations of railroad com-	1914 1909			1.2 2.1	5.6 2.3		11.0	32.2		Iron and steel, bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets, not made in steel works or rolling mills.	1914 1909	 -	2. 2 1. 8	4.9 4.4		6.2 18.5			7 3
panies. Chemicals.	1914 1909	0.9 2.4	5.7 14.1			9.6 11.1	41.8 62.2	28.0		Iron and steel forgings, not made in steel works or rolling mills.	1914 1909	0.4 1.2			12.8 18.4		19.6		
Clothing, men's, including shirts.	1914 1909	1.8 3.1	17.1	16.2 19.5	17.2	20.5		5.5		Iron and steel, wrought pipe	1914 1909	0. 2 0. 5		3.1		7.7 25.3	12.4		3 44.
Clothing, women's	1914 1909	1.2 1.5	4.9 5.5	13.6 11.7	13.6 15.9	17.9 30.2	17.6 17.6	16.0 5.7	15.3 12.0	Liquors, malt	1914 1909	0.2		18. 2 25. 9	24.8 19.1	24.0 21.0	24.7 22.3	····	l::::

¹ Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Table 26—Continued.	Cen-	w.	AGE		ERS	IN :	ESTA:	BLISH	ER OF MENTS	INDUSTRY AND CITY.		INDUSTRY AND CITY. Census		Y. Sus					
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	year.	1 to 5	6 to 20	21 to 50	51 to 100	101 to 250	251 to 500	501 to 1,000	Over 1,000	INSURAN ILAS OFFI	year.	to 5	6 to 20	21 to 50	51 to 100	101 to 250	251 501 to to 500 1,00		
Lumber and timber products	1914 1909	14.4 15.0	26. 0 30. 2					2		CAMBRIDGE CANTON. CHILICOTHE	1914 1914 1914	2. 7 2. 8 3. 6	8. 9 5. 4 7. 0	$\frac{4.9}{7.5}$	12.9	26, 4 18, 5 29, 4	50. 7 26. 1 10. 38.	3 16.4	
Marble and stone work	1914 1909	10.9 13.2	$\frac{14.1}{21.0}$	23.3 20.3	12.1 8.0	$13.0 \\ 22.4$	26.7 15.1	7		CINCINNATI. CLEVELAND.	1914 1914	3.4	9. 7 5. 6	16.4	16.2	28.4	15.3 8.	4 2.5	
Paint and varnish	1914 1909	4.9 8.4	13.4 14.1	20. 1 14. 8	11.6	$\frac{23.2}{62.7}$	26.9	9		COLUMBUS	1914 1914 1914	3.8 2.7 2.3	8. 9 9. 8 5. 5	13.7 11.7 6.8	9.9	26, 3	39.7	4 18.8 i 4i.5	
Paper and wood pulp	1914 1909	(1)	0.9 1.9	$7.3 \\ 10.6$	$\frac{21.0}{20.4}$	36.3		21.4	1	EAST CLEVELAND	1914 1914	3. 1 1. 7	16.3 4.0	4.3	8.5	80.6 27.6	23.0 30.		
Paper goods, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909	1.1 1.1	$\frac{3.3}{4.0}$	5. 0 8. 3	10.2 10.9			39.0 36.6		ELYRIA FINDLAY FOSTORIA	1914 1914 1914	2.3 4.3 3.8	7.0 12.6 7.3	$\frac{4.6}{12.8}$ $\frac{11.2}{11.2}$	10.1	26. 9 23. 0	37.1		
Printing and publishing	1914 1909	11.9 13.1	21, 2 23, 6	19.4 20.1	$13.1 \\ 16.7$			3.2 3.3		FREMONT. HAMILTON.	1914 1914	3. 0 1. 9	10. 5 5. 1		6.8	36.1	13. 1 25. 25. 9 9.	4	
Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909	0.1 0.3	0. 7 0. 8	$\frac{1.1}{2.1}$	2.1 0.9					Ironton. Lakewood Lancaster	1914 1914 1914	4.0 1.6 4.9	13.2 1.9 6.1	18.5 3.7	20.9 4.3 13.3	43.5 45.5	22.8 26.5	69.	
Shipbuilding, including boat building.	1914 1909	0.9 0.8	1.5 2.8	2.0 4.8	$\frac{4.4}{3.4}$	8.1	23.0 8.8	60.0 45.8	33.6	Lima Lorain	1914 1914	$1.9 \\ 1.0$	$\frac{4.6}{2.4}$	12.1 0.9	2.3 0.8	$\frac{2.3}{6.0}$	13. 5 11. 4 13.	6 63.	
Slaughtering and meat packing	1914 1909	4.3 6.6	11.4 13.0	15.7 15.4	$\frac{24.3}{31.1}$	19.3 4.0	8.3 11.2	16.7 18.7		Mansfield	1914 1914 1914	$\begin{array}{c} 4.6 \\ 6.6 \\ 2.2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6.6 \\ 15.8 \\ 6.1 \end{array}$	10.0 15.3 7.1	10.6 27.0	32, 2 35, 3 8, 8	19. 0 17.		
Stoves and furnaces, including gas and oil stoves.	1914 1909	0.6 0.9	3.9 3.6	7. 0 8. 0	15.4 18.6	19.7 25.5	15.1 10.6		31.6 17.0	MASSILION	1914 1914	4.8 1.8	11.4 5.1	10.4 2.8	7.6	$24.0 \\ 11.5$	33. 0 27. 5		
Tobacco manufactures	1914 1909	6.9 9.0	7. 1 9. 1	8. 2 10. 0	11.1 9.7	26.9 23.6	29. 2 18. 2	20.4	10.6	MOUNT VERNON	1914 1914 1914	4.3 2.2 1.1	7.4 4.0 2.6	8.5 8.7 1.5	3.7	$10.3 \\ 30.8$		i 31.	
All other industries	1914 1909	5.0 4.8	9.9 10.7	12.9 12.4	11.8 12.7		15. 5 12. 8	7.9 12.7		Piqua Portsmouth Sandusky.	1914 1914 1914	3. 2 2. 5 2. 7	5.1	10.0 6.3 18.3	9.3 10.5 22.3	4.4	43. 0 34. 20. 5	7 36.	
Total for cities	1914	2.5	6.2	8.9	10.3	19.4	16.3	14.9	21.6	Springfield. Steubenville.	1914 1914	$\frac{3.7}{1.5}$	$\frac{6.7}{3.5}$	8.4	9.4	$\frac{31.2}{22.6}$	18.0 9. 16.2	2 13. 54.	
AKRON. ALLIANCE ASHTABULA BARBERTON. BELLAIRE	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	1. 2 2. 1 4. 7 1. 5 1. 8	2.6 5.1 5.5 1.0 4.0	4.1 9.4 10.1 2.3		8.0 8.8 61.5 17.1 8.8	44.9 18.1 22.5		38.4	TIFFIN. TOLEDO. WARREN. YOUNGSTOWN. ZANESVILLE	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	4. 0 2. 4 4. 1 1. 2 3. 6	6.5 5.6 2.8	11.1 6.8 3.6	16, 5	17.0 20.2 7.0			

¹ Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Of the 15,658 establishments reported for all manufacturing industries in the state, 1,720, or 11 per cent, employed no wage earners in 1914. These were small establishments in which the work is done by the proprietors and firm members. If wage earners were employed, the number was so small and the term of employment so short, that in computing the average, as described in the "Explanation of terms," the number was less than one person and the establishment was classed as one having "no wage earners." The small establishments, those employing from 1 to 20 wage earners, predominate in the majority of the industries of the state. While they represented 67.7 per cent of the total number of establishments, they reported but 10.1 per cent of the total number of wage earners. On the other hand, the group of establishments having more than 100 wage earners, while comprising but 6.8 per cent of the total number of establishments, employed 69.4 per cent of the wage earners. The industries in which comparatively large establishments do most of the business are steam-railroad repair shops; steel works and rolling mills; the manufacture of automobiles, including bodies and parts; boots and shoes, including cut stock and findings; brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products; clothing, men's and women's; electrical machinery, apparatus and supplies; glass; rubber goods; and tobacco.

Among the cities, the highest percentage of the total number of wage earners reported by establish-

ments employing more than 100 wage earners each is shown for Barberton, 97.5 per cent; Lorain, 94.9 per cent; and Steubenville, 93.5 per cent. In Cleveland 75 per cent of the total number of wage earners in all industries were in such establishments, and in Cincinnati 54.3 per cent.

Engines and power.—Table 27 shows, for 1914, 1909, and 1904, for all industries combined, the number and horsepower of engines and motors employed in generating power (including electric motors operated by purchased current). It also shows separately the number and horsepower of electric motors operated by current generated by the establishments reporting.

The table shows an increase in primary power amounting to 419,625 horespower, or 26.5 per cent, from 1909 to 1914, more than half of which was due to the increase in rented power. Although steam furnished the bulk of the total power reported, the use of rented power, almost wholly electric, has greatly increased during the decade, the proportion of horsepower of this character reported in 1914 being over ten times as great as that in 1904. While the amount of electric power generated within the establishments where produced is greater than that of electric rented power, the proportion which it forms of the total electric power used has decreased from 84 per cent in 1904 to 65.6 per cent in 1914. The use of internal-combustion engines has increased during the decade, while a decrease is shown for water wheels, turbines, and motors.

Table 27		NUMBER OF ENGINES OR			HORSEPOWER.					
POWER.	MOTORS.		Amount.			Per cent distribution.				
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	
Primary power, total	45, 288	25,970	11,598	2,002,780	1, 583, 155	1,116,932	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Owned. Steam engines and turbines ¹ Internal-combustion engines. Water wheels, turbines, and motors.	12,738 8,346 4,059 333	13,012 9,246 3,354 412	11,598 9,063 2,004 531	1,712,136 1,541,212 156,481 14,443	1, 483, 628 1, 363, 720 103, 801 16, 107	1,088,030 1,034,780 35,101 18,149	85. 5 77. 0 7. 8 0. 7	93. 7 86. 1 6. 6 1. 0	97. 4 92. 6 3. 1 1. 6	
Rented Electric Other	32,550	12, 958 12, 958	(2)	290, 644 283, 514 7, 130	99, 527 93, 592 5, 935	28,902 23,159 5,743	14.5 14.2 0.4	6.3 5.9 0.4	2. 6 2. 1 0. 5	
Electric. Rented. Generated by establishments reporting.	66, 137 32, 550 33, 587	34, 237 12, 958 21, 279	8,668 8,668	823,000 283,514 539,486	417, 844 93, 592 324, 252	144,467 23,159 121,308	100. 0 34. 4 65. 6	100. 0 22. 4 77. 6	100. 0 16. 0 84. 0	

¹ Figures for horsepower include for 1909 and 1904 the amounts reported under the head of "other" owned power.

Fuel.—Closely related to the kind of power employed in manufactures is that of the fuel consumed in generating this power or otherwise used in the manufacturing processes. Table 28 shows, for 1914,

the quantity of each kind of fuel used, for which data were obtained, for all industries combined and for certain selected industries in the state as a whole, and for all industries combined in each city.

Table 28	c	OAL.					c	OAL.			
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	An- thra- cite (tons, 2,240 lbs.).	Bitu- minous (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	Coke (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	Oil, in- cluding gaso- line (bar- rels).	Gas (1,000 cubic feet).	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	An- thra- cite (tons, 2,240 lbs.).	Bitu- minous (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	Coke (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	Oil, in- cluding gaso- line (bar- rels).	Gas (1,000 cubic feet).
All industries	43,198	13, 927, 612	6, 267, 733	678, 239	50,092,157	Total for cities	33, 128	8,212,648	4, 176, 553	519,818	36, 157, 096
Agricultural implements	7,640 100	44, 408 97, 177 32, 201	1,411	9, 558 71, 411 431	193, 264 522, 727 101, 855	AKRON ALLIANCE ASHTABULA BARBERTON BELLAIRE	410 62 153	88, 333	2, 595 770 3, 493	7,291 3,260 2,115 648 24	1,125,596 8,549 73,984 134,288 972,567
and findings. Brass, bronze, and copper products Bread and other bakery products Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products	3,774	14,612 32,516	19, 827	6,018 727	207, 507 1, 297, 877	CAMBRIDGE	226 21	68,304 447,721 57,260	20 12,744 44	9 37,167 2.083	200,842 2,057,927 90,460
Bûtter, cheese, and condensed milk . Carriages and wagons and materials . Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad	306	,	10,748 1,238		9,213,177 87,634 62,467	CINCINNATI CLEVELAND COLUMBUS COSHOCTON	2,015 16,657 1,316	260, 552 25, 001	1, 138, 216 10, 281 322	169, 746 14, 866 27	970, 783 79, 409
companies Cars, steam-railroad, not including operations of railroad companies.	449 53	,	3,640 1,375	,	162, 938 126, 309	DAYTON. EAST CLEVELAND. EAST LIVERPOOL.	2,014 3,170	343, 562 4, 691 43, 108	318	32,341 286	207,326 604 3,515,944
Chemicals Clothing, men's, including shirts Clothing, women's Coffee and spice, roasting and grind- ing	13 27 688	381, 767 6, 539 5, 427 2, 817	56,168 6 147	502 83 10	1,525,141 54,169 29,205 38,199	ELYRIA. FINDLAY FOSTORIA. FREMONT. HAMILTON.	72 200 629 13	41,078 51,685 22,317 9,010 173,469	174 759 1,085	5, 109 494 2, 773 2, 885 541	160, 969 27, 893 334, 255 255, 565 795, 296
Confectionery	1,332 763 81	23, 561 105, 576 59, 496	527 1,170 1,257	232 1,157 5,407	333, 780 557, 823 1, 094, 336	IRONTON. LAKEWOOD. LANCASTER.	14 10 6	14,213 3,540 5,187 55,583	138, 362 241 550	20 159 17, 536	312, 127 572, 953 82, 980 63, 399
and supplies	880	148, 071	330	3,082	238,027	Lima Lorain	86 282	569, 329	575, 917	4, 271 973	231, 764
ucts Furniture and refrigerators Glass	6,227 542	72, 747 271, 397	189, 993 1, 132 675	243 6,480	58, 033 7, 251, 445	Mansfield Marietta Marion Massillon Middletown	201 84 25	11,673 7,862 38,895 41,966	2,900 5,954	14 4,682 2,045	19,652
Ice, manufactured		230, 011 195, 662 4, 209, 990	5,736,226 134,533		828, 456 11, 775 12, 067, 011	Mount Vernon	31 270		550 4,513	21,985 1 416	170,074 4,044,936
Liquors, malt Lumber and timber products Paint and varnish Paper and wood pulp	268 1,551	327, 531 66, 910 18, 026 625, 807	1.246	388 2,092 9 179	1,595,729 153,961 223,179 210,388	NORWOOD. PIQUA. PORTSMOUTH. SANDUSKY.	26 3 18		2,518 973 1,776	1,437 2,018 57 295	309,740 315,009
Paving materials. Petroleum, refining Printing and publishing. Rubber goods, not elsewhere speci-		105, 277 244, 738 40, 519	3,433 714	799	36, 511 188, 311 409, 403	SPRINGFIELD STEUBENVILLE TIFFIN TOLEDO	1,180 2 32 3,583	65,676 468,522 18,278	13,086 204,290 3,449	153 303	907, 605 732, 813
fled	5	465, 184 92, 395		49 75	361, 961 396, 637	WARREN YOUNGSTOWN ZANESVILLE		72,911 1,096,744 110,020	656 1,470,823	680 43,680 44	12,977 1,069,737
Stoves and furnaces, including gas and oil stoves. Tin plate and temeplate. All other industries.	2, 545 9, 183	42,026 22,130 2,294,360	19,581	192 245, 748	177,313 123,423 5,671,068						

² Not reported.

SPECIAL STATISTICS.

For certain industries the Census Bureau collects, by means of special schedules, details regarding the quantity and cost of materials, the quantity and value of products, and other information for securing which no provision is made on the general schedule. Certain data of this character for 19 important industries and for power laundries in Ohio are here presented.

Iron and steel.—A large proportion of the pig-iron product of the blast furnaces is used in cooperating steel plants, more than 70 per cent being made for consumption by the producing companies; and all of the tin-plate and tempelate product of the state is made by companies that roll the black plates. Hence there is considerable duplication in cost of materials and in value of products between these separately classified industries. Considered as a combined industry, the blast furnaces, steel works and rolling mills, and tin and terne dipping plants gave employment to 53,136 wage earners, represent a capital investment of \$330,896,624, and show in added value the sum of \$78,961,099. The figures for 1909 for the combined industries are: Wage earners, 46,557; capital, \$258,980,157; and value added by manufacture, \$74,545,627. The increases in these items, 1909-1914, were 14.1 per cent, 27.8 per cent, and 5.9 per cent, respectively.

Ohio ranks second among the states as to the combined industries and the first two branches, and third in the production of tin plate and tempelate.

The industrial depression of 1914 accounts for the decrease in many of the items. The pig-iron tonnage in 1914 was 3.2 per cent less than in 1909 and was more than 1,800,000 tons below the output of 1913. Practically all the product is coke iron; that made with other fuels-some with mixed bituminous coal and coke, and some with charcoal-forming but 1.1 per cent of the total. There is a marked increase in the proportion of machine-cast pig iron. In 1914, 53 per cent was delivered molten, 31 per cent was machine cast, and but 12.1 per cent sand cast. In 1909, 50 per cent was delivered molten, 17.3 per cent was machine cast, and 29.8 per cent sand cast. There was a marked increase in the proportion of iron of basic grade. In 1914, 54.6 per cent of the product was Bessemer, 28.7 per cent basic, and 10.3 per cent foundry. In 1909, 63.5 per cent was Bessemer, 14.7 per cent basic, and 13.1 per cent foundry.

The statistics given in the table with respect to equipment refer only to that of establishments that were active at some time during the year. At the close of the year 1914, there were 74 blast furnaces in the state in active and idle establishments of 8,828,000 tons annual capacity, according to the annual statistical report of the American Iron and Steel Institute. It thus appears that the output for

the year was a little less than 60 per cent of the possible output. Since 1909 the power capacity of internal-combustion engines operated with blast-furnace gas has more than doubled.

Blast furnaces.—The following table gives the statistics for materials, products, and equipment for the blast furnaces for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 29	1914	1909	1904
MATERIALS. (Tons, 2,240 lbs.)			
Total cost	\$60,738,524	\$68,424,722	\$32,476,727
Iron ore:	0 624 750		
Tons Cost Mill einder, scale, scrap, slag, etc.:	9,624,750 \$36,348,602	9,884,358 \$41,830,645	5, 266, 473 \$18, 881, 573
Tons	353,518 \$806,739	368,931 \$1,041,384	328,841 \$604,526
TonsCost. Fuel for smelting, total cost	2,752,381 \$2,796,342 \$18,852,678	2,693,423 \$2,597,107 \$20,593,130	1,464,057 \$1,348,409
Coke— Tons (2,000 lbs.)	5,816,260 \$18,750,140	6,050,491	3,432,965 \$10,548,220
Cost Bituminous coal and charcoal	\$102,538	\$20,433,686 \$159,444	
All other fuel and rent of power All other materials	\$506,082 \$1,428,081	\$2,362,456	\$1,093,999
PRODUCTS. (Tons, 2,240 lbs.)			
Total value	\$72,969, 368	\$83,699,238	\$40,862,45
Pig fron: Tons. Value. For consumption in works of com-	5,279,045 \$71,686,701	5, 446, 971 \$82, 048, 712	2,987,78 \$40,705,77
pany producing— Tons. Assigned value. For sale—	3,877,188 \$52,469,007	3,564,358 \$53,108,589	1,751,730 \$23,624,230
Tons Value All other products Pig iron, classified according to fuel used:	1,401,857 \$19,217,694 \$1,282,667	1,882,613 \$28,940,123 \$1,650,526	1, 236, 05' \$17, 081, 54 \$156, 67
Coke— Tons. Value. All other, bituminous coal and coke mixed, and charcoal—	5,219,564 \$70,759,573	5,376,398 \$80,813,570	2,987,14 \$40,689,71
mixed, and charcoal— TonsValue	59,481 \$927,128	70,573 \$1,235,142	63: \$16,06
Pig iron, classified according to grades, tons:			
Bessemer Basic Foundry Malleable Forge or mill Ferrostlicon All other	2,880,759 1,516,905 541,354 194,606 75,095 65,778 4,548	3,456,131 798,173 714,322 364,067 60,805 47,352 6,121	2,120,64 206,45 441,22 127,33 66,72 16,49 8,90
Pigiron, classified by method of delivery or casting, tons: Delivered in molten condition to steel works, etc. Machine cast. Sand cast. Chill cast and direct castings.	2,797,254 1,635,242 636,639 209,910	2,723,700 945,036 1,625,073 153,162	1,105,15 516,33 1,361,16 5,12
EQUIPMENT.			
Furnaces in active establishments: Completed stacks at end of year— Number	61	67	- 5
Daily capacity, tons	21,524 59	21,017	15,88 5
In course of construction at end of year—	21,096	20,677	15,88
Number Daily capacity, tons	350	325	78
Pig casting machines, number	21	20	(1)
Number Horsepower	43,500	20,140	(1)

¹ Figures not available.

Steel works and rolling mill.—The following table shows, for 1914, 1909, and 1904, the quantity and cost of the principal materials used by steel works and

rolling mills, the quantity and value of the leading products, and the main features of equipment:

Table 30	1914	1909	1904
MATERIALS.			
(Tons, 2,240 lbs.) Total cost	\$139,676,491	\$139,243,155	\$78,209,770
Iron and steel: 1		*200,210,200	\$10,100,110
For furnaces and hot-rolls— Pig iron and ferroalloys—			
TonsCost.	4,388,023 \$62,109,373	4,209,149 \$64,441,978	2,393,614 \$33,040,901
Pig iron— Tons	4,341,857	4,172,114	(2)
Cost	\$59, 180, 555	\$62,747,851	
ferromanganese, ferrosili- con, etc— Tons.	AR 166	27 025	(2)
Cost	\$2,928,818	\$1,694,127	
Tons	855 163 \$9,452,349	530,408 \$8,093,044	635,967 \$8,067,895
Scrap made and consumed in	1,076,839	872,314	(2)
Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs, muck and scrap bar, rails for rerolling, and sheet and tin-	•	,	
plate pars-	1 000 000	4 050 455	
Tons.	1,902,828 \$38,370,551	1,858,171 \$40,358,367	1,059,744 \$23,607,315
Rolled forms for further manu- facture—			
Skelp— Tons Cost	26,936 \$888,978	57,144 \$1,730,190	10,192 \$315,343
Wire rods— Tons	76,045	97,539	92,246
Cost	\$1,843,093	\$2,708,015	\$2,563,171
Tons. Cost.	147, 464 \$455, 440	75,857 \$384,303	48,239 \$211,533
Fuel and rent of powerAll other materials	\$9,840,609	\$7,672,641 \$13,854,617	\$4,990,891 \$5,412,721
PRODUCTS.	\$16,716,098	\$10,004,017	50,412,121
(Tons, 2,240 lbs.)			
Total value	\$205, 0,23, 391	\$197,780,043	\$111,996,673
Rolled, forged; and other classified iron and steel products:	4 800 000	F 000 000	0 500 400
Tons	6,303,890 \$1 74,638,133	5, 898, 690 \$172, 105, 247	3,533,426 \$101,233,039
Value. Finished products and forgings— Tons. Value.	3,449,352 \$113,348,425	3, 100, 954 \$106, 819, 258	1,659,272 \$57,500,778
Plates and sheets— Tons	988,997	755,010)
Value Black plates or sheets for tin-	\$38, 892, 399	\$33,800,603	460,131
ning— Tons.	176, 835	111, 156	\$20,700,386
Value Skelp—	\$7, 424, 689	\$5,868,639]
Tons Value Merchant bars—	955, 597 \$2 4, 478, 568	739, 761 \$22, 198, 365	\$ 314,447 \$9,707,170
Tons	299,957		
Value Spike and chain rods, bolt and	\$10,784,383	704, 168	h
nut rods, horseshoe bars, strips, etc.—	64,838	\$21, 168, 583	
Tons	\$2,218,108)	\$8,672,928
Tons	77,309 \$2,233,658	70,978 \$2,063,084	
Wire rods, hoops, bands, and cotton ties, rails, structural shapes and other finished	4 , ,	 ,,	
shapes and other finished rolled forms or forgings—			
Tons. Value. Partly shilled products—	885,819 \$27, 316,620	719, 881 \$21, 719, 984	610, 503 \$18, 420, 294
blooms, bliets, and slabs—	7 700 000	1 007 000	
Tons Value Sheet and tin-plate bars—	1,708,862 \$33,187,270	1,975,730 \$42,301,868	1,803,873
TonsValue	1,033,972 \$20,877,350	679, 982 \$15, 611, 744	\$40,350,466
Muck and scrap bar— Tons.		15,875	32,464
Value Unrolled steel:	************	\$ 4 1 5, 651	\$1,008,781
Ingots— Tons.	8,369	32, 223	2,661
Value	\$1 46,679	\$613,540	\$64,836
Castings— Tons.	103,335	93,926	35, 156

¹ Includes material purchased and the quantity and assigned value of that transferred to the establishment reporting from other works of the same company.

Table 30—Continued.	1914	1909	1904
PRODUCTS—continued. (Tons, 2,240 lbs.)			
All other products, including value added to steel or iron rolling-mill products by further manufacture	\$ 30, 385 , 2 58	\$25,674,796	\$10,763,634
Steel production, tons.			
Total Bessemer Open-hearth Basic Acid Crucible and electric	5, 449, 981 2, 860, 129 2, 589, 535 2, 554, 956 34, 579 317	4,705,337 3,327,351 1,377,216 1,306,694 70,522 770	2, 529, 997 2, 049, 153 480, 844 425, 007 55, 837
EQUIPMENT.1			
Steel plants: Daily capacity of steel furnaces and converters, tons of steel, double turn:			
Open-hearth furnaces Number Basic Acid Daily capacity, tons of steel,	27, 661 111 103 8	21,684 66 58 8	13,752 42 33 9
double turn	13,062	6,329	2,922
Converters— Number	24	17	12
Daily capacity, tons of steel, double turn	14, 572	15,340	10,830
Number Crucible Electric	8 7 1	12 12	
Daily capacity, tons of steel, double turn	27	15	
Number Capacity, tons	15 4,300	13 3,350	(2)

¹ Statistics are for the equipment of active establishments. The annual capacity of the steel furnaces of all plants, active and idle, on December 31, 1914 (Statistical report of American Iron and Steel Institute), was as follows: Open-hearth furnaces, 3,982,250 tons; Bessemer, 4,572,600 tons; crucible, 5,150 tons; electric, 9,000 tons; and miscellaneous, 2,500 tons; total, 8,571,500 gross tons.

2 Figures not available.

In the preceding table manufactures from rolled stock made in the rolling mill, such as wire, wrought welded pipes and tubes, and horseshoes, are not shown, but the rolled stock used for such manufactures is included along with that made for sale, and the enhanced value secured through their manufacture beyond the rolling-mill product stage has been included under the head of "All other products." The output of partly finished rolled products by some establishments results in a large amount of duplication in the figures for cost of materials and value of products. Two plants of the same company frequently constitute different establishments, and nearly 30 per cent of the cost of materials is represented by ingots, blooms, billets, slabs, and bars that were products of establishments other than those that did the final rolling.

A comparison of the total steel production, 5,449,981 tons, with the capacity of the steel furnaces of all plants, active and idle, at the close of the year 1914, given as 8,571,500 tons for the year in the statistical report of the American Iron and Steel Institute, shows that the equipment was utilized to a little over 60 per cent of its capacity.

Tin plate and terneplate.—The special statistics for this industry for 1914 and 1909 are given in Table 31.

Ohio ranks third among the states in this industry, reporting 15.8 per cent of the total value of products for the United States in 1914 and 16.4 per cent in 1909.

² Figures not available. ³ Includes hoops, bands, and cotton ties.

Table 31	'	1914	1909
MATERIALS.			
Total cost		\$9,442,743	\$7,155,144
Black plates or sheets: Pounds. Cost.		349, 217, 545 \$6, 517, 529	213,764,915 \$5,143,579
Pig tin: Pounds		6,136,884 \$2,365,900	3,872,221 \$1,142,704
Pig lead: Pounds		469,630 \$20,069	249,000 \$10,612
Terne mixture, purchased: Pounds Cost		812,471 \$101,896	3,943,767 \$434,482
All other materials		\$437,349	\$423,767
PRODUCTS,			
Total value		\$10,826,098	\$7,889,367
Tin plate and terneplate: Pounds. Value.		325, 180, 210 \$10, 389, 051	212,737,039 \$7,669,423
All other products		\$437,047	\$219,944

Automobiles, including bodies and parts.—Table 32 shows the number and value of the different classes of automobiles manufactured, as reported at the censuses of 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 32		1914		1909		1904
PRODUCT.	Num- ber.	Value.	Num- ber.	Value.	Num- ber.	Value.
Total value		1 \$85,710,585		\$38,838,754		\$6,358,164
Automobiles Passenger vehicles	1 67,483 58,850		14, 299 13, 628		2,808 22,808	5,197,360 25,197,360
Runabouts and bug- gies Touring cars	7,117 49,421	4,783,840 44,800,434		18,356,985	² 2, 808	25, 197, 360
Closed (limousines, cabs, etc.)	2,010	4,251,172	1,185	2,775,891		
ernment and muni- cipal, etc.)	302	1,262,283	904	1,788,186		
chandise) Delivery wagons Trucks and all other	8,633 (3) (3)	14,367,641 (3) (3)	671 469 202	242, 105		
All other products, in- cluding repair work		16, 245, 215		15, 288, 642		1,160,804

¹ In addition, 102 automobiles, valued at \$159,850, were manufactured in 1914 by sstablishments engaged primarily in other industries.
² Includes "business vehicles," to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
³ Separate figures can not be shown without disclosing individual operations.

The total value of the output of automobiles, including bodies and parts, by establishments engaged in the industry in Ohio in 1914 was an increase of \$46,871,831, or 120.7 per cent, over the amount reported for 1909, while for the preceding five-year period 1904-1909 the increase was \$32,480,590, or 510.9 per cent. The number of automobiles of all kinds turned out in 1914 was an increase of 53,184, or 371.9 per cent, over the number reported in 1909, while from 1904 to 1909 the increase was 11,491, or 409.2 per cent.

Of the different kinds of automobiles manufactured in the state in 1914, passenger vehicles comprised the largest proportion of the output, with 87.2 per cent of the number and 79.3 per cent of the value reported. More than four times as many passenger vehicles were manufactured in 1914 as in 1909, and 84 per cent were touring cars.

There was a marked gain in the manufacture of business vehicles, the number of which formed 12.8 per cent of the entire output of automobiles in the state in 1914 as compared with 4.7 per cent in 1909. Most of the business vehicles were trucks, but separate figures for delivery wagons and trucks could not be shown without disclosing individual operations.

The horsepower rating of the total number of machines reported in 1914 shows the greatest increase in those rated at 30 to 50 horsepower when compared with the corresponding figures for 1909. There were 3,235 machines reported as having less than 20 horsepower in 1914 as compared with 5,258 in 1909. Those having 20 to 30 horsepower numbered 9,940 in 1914 against 3,825 in 1909. The largest class, those rated at 30 to 50 horsepower, numbered 54,029 in 1914 against 4.742 in 1909, an increase of more than elevenfold. Those rated at more than 50 horsepower decreased from 474 in 1909 to 279 in 1914.

"All other products," comprising chiefly automobile bodies and parts, amounted to \$16,245,215 in 1914. A number of these products, however, are used in the manufacture of the completed automobiles, and to that extent are responsible for a duplication in the cost of materials and value of products shown for the industry.

Ohio held second place in value of automobiles manufactured in 1909 and 1914. Of the total number of automobiles manufactured by establishments primarily engaged in the industry in the United States in 1914, establishments located in Ohio produced 11.9 per cent as compared with 11.3 per cent in 1909 and 12.9 per cent in 1904.

Flour-mill and gristmill products.—Table 23 gives the quantities and values of flour-mill and gristmill products for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 33	1914	1909	1904
Products, total value	\$45,171,200	\$48,093,353	\$40,855,566
Wheat flour: Barrels. Value. Rye flour: Barrels. Value. Buckwheat flour: Pounds. Value. Barley meal: Pounds. Value. Barley meal: Pounds. Value.	5,707,781 \$27,852,222 43,674 \$220,344 5,848,216 \$171,359 72,360 \$1,180	5,723,536 \$30,508,109 33,215 \$146,786 7,436,813 \$180,267	5, 628, 179 \$27, 856, 003 43, 691 \$181, 105 3, 599, 618 \$93, 967
Corn meal and corn flour: Barrels. Value Hominy and grits: Pounds. Value	524, 941 \$1,696, 817 83,822, 260 \$1,380, 905	865, 250 \$2, 528, 843 80, 855, 375 \$1, 247, 605	1,006,703 \$2,432,026 69,360,258 \$699,171
Oatmeal: Pounds. Value Bran and middlings: Tons. Value	296, 000 \$4, 500 255, 720 \$5,886, 947	(1)	(1)
Feed and offal: Tons. Value Breakfast foods: Pounds. Value	249, 551 \$7,536,048 3,460,011 \$66,369	502, 301 \$12, 406, 370	470,004 \$8,972,972
All other cereal products	\$16,622 \$337,887	\$931, 283 \$144, 090	\$619,722

1 Included in "feed and offal."

Ohio was fifth among the states in 1914, as in 1909, in the value of products for this industry, notwithstanding a decrease of \$2,922,153, or 6.1 per cent, during the five-year period. Wheat flour was the principal product and represented 61.7 per cent of the total value in 1914. 63.4 per cent in 1909, and 68.2 per cent in 1904. Of the 649 establishments reported for the industry at the census of 1914, 549 manufactured wheat flour to some extent, as compared with 593 in 1909. In 1914 the value of wheat flour, bran and middlings, and feed and offal combined formed 91.4 per cent of the total value of products, the corresponding proportion in 1909 being 89.2 per cent. Corn meal and corn flour constitute the next most important product, although in 1914 as compared with 1909 there was a decrease of 340,309, or 39.3 per cent, in the number of barrels produced, while the value decreased 32.9 per cent. The equipment reported for 1914 consisted of 3,222 stands of rolls, 315 runs of stone, and 529 attrition mills.

Slaughtering and meat packing.—Table 34 shows for the slaughtering and meat-packing industry for 1914, 1909, and 1904 the kind, number, and cost of the animals slaughtered; the cost of dressed meat purchased for curing and making lard compounds and substitutes; and the cost of all other materials, which includes curing materials, seasoning, cottonseed oil, ice, containers, mill supplies, fuel, rent of power, and freight; and the quantities and values of the various products manufactured, except canned goods, canned sausage, hoofs, horns, glue, goat and kid skins, oleo and other oils, and wool, which are included in "all other products," to avoid disclosure of individual operations. The figures do not include establishments engaged exclusively in the manufacture of sausage.

The total cost of materials shows an increase in 1914 as compared with 1909 of 33.6 per cent, which was approximately the same as the increase in the total value of products. With the exception of calves, for which there was a decrease in number of 8,865, or 5.9 per cent, the number and cost of each of the different kinds of animals slaughtered show increases for the five-year period. The cost of hogs slaughtered constituted the greatest proportion of the total cost of materials at each census, representing 56.3 per cent of the total in 1914 and 1909, and 59.8 per cent in 1904.

The total value of products for the industry increased at each successive census, although the absolute and relative increase was greater for the period 1904–1909 than for the later period, 1909 to 1914. The most important products were fresh and cured pork, their combined value in 1914 representing 45.1 per cent of the total value of products for the industry, as compared with 46.5 per cent in 1909. All the other products presented separately in the table, except cured beef, show increases in value for the five-year period 1909–1914.

Table 34	1914	1909	1904
MATERIALS.			
Total cost	\$58, 296, 970	\$43,639,913	\$25,022,324
Animals slaughtered: Beeves—			
Number Cost	269, 719 \$16, 375, 682	265,191 \$11,613,314	189, 613 \$6, 490, 507
Calves— Number	141,358 \$1,931,710	150,223 \$1,599,585	86,906
Cost Sheep and lambs— Number	300,337	229,985	\$665,385 148,418
Cost Hogs— Number	\$1,418,726	\$872,989	\$502,029
Cost	1,911,608 \$32,802,989	1,725,285 \$24,547,970	1,447,778 \$14,954,587
Dressed meat purchased for curing All other materials	1 \$3,012,778 \$2,755,085	1 \$2,415,702 \$2,590,353	1 \$1,522,516 \$887,300
PRODUCTS.			
Total value	\$64,960,396	\$49,795,368	\$28,729,044
Fresh meat: Beef—		1	
Pounds Value Veal—	118,627,111 \$13,009,363	119,597,666 \$10,047,217	89,925,370 \$5,967,126
PoundsValue	11, 157, 758 \$1, 569, 471	12,921,896 \$1,498,687	6,680,682 \$610,883
PoundsValue	9,245,870 \$1,169,054	7,738,777 \$763,364	5,406,034 \$472,931
Pork— Pounds. Value.	101, 775, 391 \$12, 669, 369	60, 320, 259 \$6, 950, 354	49,033,932 \$4,514,599
Value. Edible offal and all other fresh meat— Pounds.	11, 432, 187	6, 728, 033	
Value	\$837,898	\$493, 467	4,155,474 \$241,956
Beef, pickled and other cured— Pounds. Value.	1,695,084 \$245,076	4,450,976 \$328,334	2,434,645 \$175,972
Value. Pork, pickled and other cured— Pounds. Value.	121, 188, 242 \$16, 632, 373	121, 988, 353 \$16, 202, 666	116, 433, 401 \$10, 182, 724
Sausage: Pounds	31, 047, 288 \$3, 692, 691	24, 240, 181 \$2, 337, 761	17, 402, 744 \$1, 285, 789
Value deat puddings, scrapple, etc.: Pounds	3, 592, 848 \$328, 865	(2) (2)	(2) (2)
Value ∠ard: Pounds			` '
Value	67, 135, 365 \$7, 147, 098	58, 518, 712 \$6, 566, 768	49,180,666 \$3,427,690
Pounds	1,459,793 \$126,098	(2) (2)	(2) (2)
Callow, oleo stock, and stearin: Pounds. Value.	24,845,291 \$1,683,720	11,088,893 \$640,001	$\binom{2}{2}$
oap stock: Pounds Value	4,821,543 \$244,193	(2) (2)	(2) (2)
Sausage casings: Pounds	855,544 \$90,136	(2) (2)	(2) (2)
Value. 'ertilizers and fertilizer materials: Tons	6,602	``	``
Value	\$170,422	9,103 \$166,354	7,517 \$104,092
Cattle— Number Pounds	269,719 16,146,170	ן	
Value Calf—	\$2,391,107	410,573 16,900,033	254,572 11,638,587
Number Pounds Value	140,608 1,680,454 \$290,575	\$1,970,069	\$1,037,295
Sheep— Number Value	300,259 \$292,851	232,775 \$194,720	148,118 \$101,427
	\$2,370,036	\$1,635,606	\$606,560
All other products	\$2,370,036	\$1,635,606	\$606,56

¹ Includes cost of "all other animals."

Printing and publishing.—Table 35 gives the number of the different classes of newspapers and periodicals published in the state and their aggregate circulation per issue for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

In number of publications there was a net decrease of 8 during the period 1909 to 1914. The daily newspapers decreased by 3, the weeklies by 58, and the semiweeklies and triweeklies combined, 7. There was an increase of 3 Sunday newspapers, 31 monthly publications, and 20 quarterlies.

² Not reported separately.

Table 35	NUMBER OF PUBLICATIONS.			AGGREGATE CIRCULATION PER ISSUE.				
PERIOD OF ISSUE.	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904		
Total	1,173	1, 181	1, 250	15,707,597	10,753,143	9,321,545		
Daily. Sunday. Semiweekly and triweekly Weekly. Monthly. Quarterly. All other classes.	181 28 53 641 183 57 30	184 25 60 699 152 37 24	190 23 53 781 143 40 20	2,484,548 830,219 185,140 3,110,883 5,501,906 2,874,657 720,244	1,542,855 645,869 131,806 2,913,730 2,685,470 2,288,134 545,279	1,357,135 544,416 113,749 2,747,511 2,006,287 2,169,200 383,247		

In circulation of all publications there was for the later five-year period an increase of 4,954,454, or 46.1 per cent. The circulation of the dailies increased 941,693, or 61 per cent; the Sundays, 184,350, or 28.5 per cent; the weeklies, 197,153, or 6.8 per cent; the monthlies, 2,816,436, or 104.9 per cent; the quarterlies, 586,523, or 25.7 per cent. Of the daily newspapers, 137, with a circulation of 1,488,549, were evening editions. The great increase in the circulation of the monthly publications was due to the growth of magazines classed as general literature.

Table 36 gives the number and the circulation per issue of the various classes of publications in English and in foreign languages reported in 1914 and 1909.

Table 36			TOTAL.		ENGLISH.		FOREIGN GUAGES. ¹
PERIOD OF ISSUE.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber.	Aggregate circulation per issue.	Num- ber.	Aggregate circulation per issue.	Num- ber.	Aggregate circula- tion per issue.
Total	1914	1, 173	15, 707, 597	1,055	14,879,708	118	827, 889
	1909	1, 181	10, 753, 143	1,052	9,919,063	129	834, 080
Daily	1914	181	2, 484, 548	169	2,353,583	12	130, 965
	1909	184	1, 542, 855	173	1,453,190	11	89, 665
Sunday	1914	28	830, 219	23	742,519	5	87,700
	1909	25	645, 869	18	588,729	7	57,140
Semiweekly and tri-	1914	53	185, 140	45	164,144	8	20, 996
weekly.	1909	60	131, 806	52	111,438	8	20, 368
Weekly	1914	641	3, 110, 883	579	2,783,531	62	327,352
	1909	699	2, 913, 730	630	2,543,916	69	369,814
Monthly	1914	183	5, 501, 906	167	5, 391, 458	16	110,448
	1909	152	2, 685, 470	133	2, 550, 482	19	134,988
Quarterly	1914	57	2,874,657	47	2,738,119	10	136,538
	1909	37	2,288,134	29	2,151,180	8	136,954
All other classes	1914	30	720, 244	25	706, 354	5	13,890
	1909	24	545, 279	17	520, 128	7	25,151

¹ Includes those printed in English and a foreign language.

Eighty-one of the publications were in the German language, 6 in English and German, and 1 in English, German, and French. The circulation of the purely German was 529,400 copies per issue, or 63.9 per cent of the total circulation of foreign publications. Of these German publications, 7 were daily and 3 were Sunday newspapers, 40 were weeklies, 2 were semiweeklies, and 2 triweeklies, 2 semimonthlies, 15 monthlies, 1 bimonthly, and 9 quarterlies.

Of the foreign-language dailies other than German, 2 each were in Bohemian and Hungarian and 1 in Yiddish. There were also 2 Sunday papers—1 in Bohemian and 1 in Polish—and 22 weeklies—3 in Bohemian, 3 in English and German, 4 in Hungarian, 4 in Italian, 5 in Polish, 2 in Slovak, and 1 in English, German, and French. Of the foreign semiweeklies other than German, 1 was in Croatian and Servian, 1 in Roumanian, and 1 in Slovenian; the only triweekly was in Roumanian. There was 1 monthly publication, 1 bimonthly, and 1 quarterly in English and German, and 1 semimonthly in Hungarian.

Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products.—Table 37 presents statistics of the products of this industry, classified by kind, quantity, and value, for 1914, 1909, and 1904. The quantities and values for 1914 are taken from the reports of the United States Geological Survey and represent sales during the year.

Table 37	1914	1909	1904
Products, total value	\$38,667,374	\$30, 531, 002	\$25,686,870
Brick:			
Common—			
Thousands	436,117	420,999	1 459, 283
Value	\$2,862,109	\$2,429,879	\$2,046,126
Vitrified, paving, etc.—			100
Thousands	293,381	324,530	189,734
_ Value	\$3,682,230	\$3,113,128	\$1,915,139
Front—	400 0 2 4	100 001	00.550
Thousands	188,074	130,684 \$1,393,787	82,552 \$856,431
Value Fire—	\$1, 944,486	का, ठ४ठ, १०१	\$000,401
Thousands	102,735	² 103,148	87,626
Value.	\$1,833,740	\$1,730,401	\$1,288,872
Fancy or ornamental	\$14,727	\$24,367	\$149,142
Sewer pipe	\$4,691,719	\$3,009,798	\$2,939,772
Fireproofing	\$2,200,544	\$804,637	\$577,014
Tile, not drain	\$2,331,079	\$1,912,343	\$971,785
Draintile	\$1,589,565	\$2,032,528	\$1,174,290
Stove lining	\$51,192	\$23,803	(3)
Pottery:	4000 450	07.47 107	\$181,736
Red earthenware	\$300,453	\$145,137	\$101,100
Stoneware and yellow and Rock- ingham ware	\$1,592,102	\$1,806,798	\$1,146,718
White ware, including C. C. ware,	102 e200 e102	01,000,700	Q.1, 110, 110
white granite ware, semiporce-			
lain ware, and semivitreous			
norcelain ware	\$10, 227, 806	\$8,884,189	\$8,446,868
Sanitary ware, including solid			
porceiain path tubs, laundry		****	A40H 00H
tubs. etc	\$619,931	\$310,254	\$197, 225
Porcelain electrical supplies	\$1,472,359	\$1,146,694	\$584,243
All other products	\$3,253,332	\$1,763,259	\$2,611,509
I			

 ¹ Includes enameled brick, \$3,000, and sand-lime brick, \$8,750.
 ² Includes refractory block or tile, boiler and locomotive tile and tank blocks, and other refractory products (9-inch equivalent).
 ³ Not reported separately.

Ohio was first among the states in the manufacture of clay products at each census. The total value of products increased 26.6 per cent from 1909 to 1914, as compared with an increase of 18.9 per cent for the earlier five-year period, while the increase for the decade was 50.5 per cent.

White ware, including C. C. (cream-colored) ware, semiporcelain ware, and semivitreous ware, was the leading product at each census and formed 26.5 per cent of the total value of products of the combined industries in 1914, 29.1 per cent in 1909, and 32.9 per cent in 1904, the increase in value being 15.1 per cent for 1909 to 1914, as compared with an increase of 5.2 per cent for the earlier five-year period. The value of stoneware, while showing an increase of 38.8 per cent for the decade, decreased 11.9 per cent from 1909 to 1914. From 1909 to 1914 common brick increased 3.6 per cent in quantity and 17.8 per cent in value, while for vitrified paving, etc., brick there

was a decrease of 9.6 per cent in quantity, accompanied by an increase of 18.3 per cent in value. The greatest absolute increase, \$1,681,921, or 55.9 per cent, is shown for sewer pipe, while the greatest relative increase, \$1,395,907, or 173.5 per cent, appears for fireproofing.

Paper and wood pulp.—Table 38 gives the quantities and cost of materials used, the quantities and values of the principal products, and detailed information regarding equipment for the years 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 38	1914	1909	1904
MATERIALS.			
Total cost	\$16,109,274	\$10,898,285	\$6,153,761
Pulp wood	\$187,090	\$443,296	\$189,724
Pulp wood Wood pulp, purchased: Tons Cost	139, 451 \$6, 392, 759	80, 201 \$3, 743, 972	40,040 \$1,585,559
Ground— Tons	1 9, 504 1 \$200, 254	4,778	2,782 \$57,829
CostSulphite fiber— Tons	86,559	\$110,372 47,167 \$2,292,178	
CostSoda fiber— Tons	\$4,335,536 33,855	l	27,344 \$1,109,884
CostOther chemical fiber—	\$1,499,053	\$1,303,292	9,631 \$400,933
Tons. Cost. Rags, including cotton and flax waste and sweepings:	9,533 \$357,916	930 \$38, 130	283 \$16,913
TonsCost	37,303 \$978,771	33,744 \$893,509	22,877 \$556,545
Old and waste paper: Tons. Cost. Manla stock, including jute bagging,	200,996 \$2,307,643	93, 239 \$1, 286, 182	55,475 \$606,328
rope, waste, threads, etc.: Tons	39,230 \$850,851	25, 949 \$856, 420	12,268 \$354,112
Straw: Tons Cost	97,007 \$473,599	70,322 \$335,951	71,936 \$327,355
Fuel and rent of power	\$1,280,584 \$3,637,977	\$1,049,097 \$2,289,858	\$709,028 \$1,825,110
PRODUCTS.			
Total value	\$23, 284, 192	\$16,965,260	\$10,961,527
Book, cover, plate, and coated paper: Tons	89,006 \$7,712,459	75,607 \$6,752,103	45,604 \$4,019,447
Value. Writing and other fine paper: Tons. Value.	24, 155 \$2, 597, 349	19,579 \$2,306,016	8,722 \$1,057,920
Wrapping paper: Tons Value Manila (rope, jute, etc.)—	34,837 \$1,954,766	42,548 \$2,389,232	44,037 \$1,786,172
1 ons	8,800 \$816,247	12,393 \$1,264,635	10,056 \$777,055
Value. Heavy (mill wrappers, etc.)— Tons. Value.	5, 179 \$1 58, 715	5,725 \$147,869	6,314 \$164,873
Straw— Tons Value	6,395 \$172,156	8,682 \$217,050	9,078 \$207,610
All other— Tons Value	14,463 \$807,648	15,748 \$759,678	18,589 \$636,634
Boards: TonsValue	171,726 \$5,537,694	106,016 \$3,159,290	60,269 \$1,716,740
Strawboard— Tons	39,496 \$1,075,535	37,710 \$853,100	33, 953 \$866, 879
Value All other boards— Tons. Value	132,230 \$4,462,159	68,306 \$2,306,190	26,316 \$849,861
Value Building, roofing, and sheathirg paper: Tons Value			15, 400
Value	28,172 \$1,086,265	18,974 \$598,680	\$499, 692
All other products Wood pulp produced (including that used in mills where manufactured),	\$4,395,659	\$1,759,939	\$1,881,556
tons ¹ Includes 121 tons of mechan	14,399	25, 935	29,274

¹ Includes 121 tons of mechanical screenings, costing \$3,80

Table 38—Continued.	1914	1909	1904
EQUIPMENT.			
Paper machines:	İ		
Total number	99	118	1 96
Capacity, yearly, tons	478, 244	414,650	281,075
Number	44	63	37
Capacity per 24 hours, tons.	659	575	299
Cylinder—	000	010	200
Number	.55	55	59
Capacity per 24 hours, tons.	965	717	554
Pulp equipment:	900	111	009
ruip equipment.	4		
Grinders, number	7	5	
Digesters, total number		11	8
Sulphite fiber, number	3	8	8
Soda fiber, number	4	3	
Capacity, yearly, tons of pulp,		11 22 122	
total	20,032	54,400	34, 150
Ground, tons	6, 532	7,800	5,321
Sulphite, tons	9,000	43,600	28,829
Soda, tons	4,500	3,000	

In the value of paper and wood pulp produced Ohio ranked sixth among the states in 1914, 1909, and 1904. The industry as a whole has increased rapidly since 1904, the total cost of materials making a gain of 161.8 per cent during the decade, and the total value of products increasing 112.4 per cent. The wood pulp purchased in 1914 formed 39.7 per cent of the total cost of materials. Sulphite fiber was the principal kind of pulp purchased at each census.

The use of waste paper as a paper stock increased remarkably during the decade, 200,996 tons being reported in 1914 as compared with only 55,475 tons in 1904, a gain of 262.3 per cent.

Book paper was the principal product of the paper mills of the state at each census, forming 33.1 per cent of the total value of products in 1914, 39.8 per cent in 1909, and 36.7 per cent in 1904. Of the specified kinds of paper produced, boards made the greatest per cent of increase in value during the decade, and writing and other fine paper ranked second. Wrapping paper decreased by nearly one-fourth in quantity during the period 1904-1914, but increased 9.4 per cent in value. The \$4,395,659 shown for "all other products" in 1914 includes newspapers, cardboard, bristol board, card middles, tickets, etc., tag stock, tissue paper, blotting paper, all other paper, and wood pulp, to the amount of \$2,942,636, and other products to the amount of \$1,453,023. The latter item includes principally paper bags and boxes.

The total quantity of wood pulp manufactured in the state has decreased steadily from census to census, the output in 1914 being only about one-half of the 1904 production. Practically the entire production in 1914 was used by the mills in which it was manufactured. Sulphite fiber was the principal kind of pulp manufactured at each census.

The total capacity of the paper machines in use in the state increased 70.1 per cent during the decade, but the capacity of the pulp equipment in tons of pulp decreased 41.3 per cent. Paint and varnish.—Table 39 shows the kind, quantity, and value of the paint and varnish products of the state reported at the censuses of 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 39	1914 ¹	1909	1904
Products, total value	\$19,326,576	\$13,617,189	\$8,530,142
Pigments Paints In paste form, ground in oil—	\$717,352	\$949,613	\$781,117
	\$11,401,735	\$7,674,867	\$4,389,985
White lead— Pounds Value All other—	28,941,498	24,057,529	19,903,727
	\$1,905,492	\$1,532,797	\$957,134
Pounds Value In oil, ready mixed for use—	13,219,598	12, 237, 952	10,027,720
	\$1,085,100	\$807, 156	\$701,088
GallonsValue	8,187,973	6,769,267	3,081,836
	\$8,411,143	\$5,334,914	\$2,731,763
Varnishes and japansOleoresinous varnishes—	\$5,255,127	\$3,721,889	\$2,424,730
GallonsValueSpirit varnishes—	3,268,124	3,790,073	1,736,439
	\$2,887,622	\$2,413,323	\$1,181,203
Gallons	96,309	77, 786	80,675
	\$83,236	\$106, 848	\$107,147
and benzine varnishes— Gallons. Value. Drying japans and dryers—	150,659	309, 080	624,295
	\$171,309	\$259, 204	\$582,284
Drying japans and dryers— Gallons. Value Baking japans and lacquers— Gallons.	1,227,184 \$556,181 644,962	1,715,173 \$672,443	\$470,771
Value	\$340,961 \$1,215,818	\$270,071	\$83,325
Liquid—	281,063	292, 867	146, 469
GallonsValue	\$163,538	\$155, 869	\$89, 213
Dry or in paste— Pounds. Value	2,970,795	4,623,364	8,779,800
	\$1 75,981	\$159,570	\$246,412
Putty— Pounds Value Water paints and kalsomine, dry or in paste— Pounds Value	1,875,714 \$40,393 1,500,616 \$45,569	\$955,381	\$ 598, 685
All other products	\$1,526,881	IJ	

¹ In addition, paints and varnishes to the value of \$149,005 were made in establishments not engaged primarily in the manufacture of paints or varnishes.

The products in 1914 exceeded in value those for 1909 by \$5,709,387, or 41.9 per cent, the increase in value of paints, not including pigments, being 48.6 per cent and in varnishes and japans 41.2 per cent. In 1914 paints constituted 59 per cent of all products in value, and varnishes and japans 27.2 per cent. In 1909 the corresponding ratios were 56.4 per cent and 27.3 per cent and in 1904, 51.5 per cent and 28.4 per cent, respectively.

Paints in oil, ready mixed for use, are the most important class of products. In 1914 the value of the same was \$8,411,143, which was 43.5 per cent of the total value of products, and exceeded the product of 1909 by over \$3,000,000. Oleoresinous varnishes ranked second in 1914 among the products, with a value of \$2,887,622, but show a decrease since 1909 in quantity, with an increase in value.

Butter, cheese, and condensed milk.—Ohio is one of the leading dairy products states, ranking eighth in value of products in 1914 and ninth in 1909. Table 40 gives the quantity and value of the principal products for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

The butter, cheese, and condensed-milk industry in 1914 was represented by 143 butter, 129 cheese, and 14

condensed-milk factories. During the decade 1904-1914 the total value of products increased \$14,732,755, or 320.8 per cent. The increase from 1904 to 1909 was 111 per cent and from 1909 to 1914, 99.4 per cent. During the later five-year period the total quantity of butter produced increased 146.2 per cent and its value 151.1 per cent, the value in 1914 forming 64.8 per cent of the total value of products of the industry, as compared with 51.4 per cent in 1909.

Table 40	1914	1909	1904
Products, total value	\$19,325,977	\$9,689,670	\$4,593,222
Butter:			
PoundsValuePacked solid—	43,064,562 \$12,520,138	17, 491, 251 \$4, 985, 273	11,591,981 \$2,534,581
Pounds	23,616,649 \$6,719,266	11, 265, 341 \$3, 162, 518	7,233,289 \$1,527,514
PoundsValue	19,447,913 \$5,800,872	6, 225, 910 \$1, 822, 755	4,358,692 \$1,007,067
Cream sold: Pounds. Value.	13,012,456 \$1,310,242	4,735,900 \$500,528	1,843,868 \$116,253
Cheese: PoundsValue	8,717,996 \$1,051,795	11,860,601 \$1,533,517	17,351,773 \$1,655,963
Full cream— Pounds Value	6,104,862 \$881,369	9,768,970 \$1,305,461	13,219,415 \$1,231,779
Part cream— Pounds Value	1,797,534 \$78,564	1,550,560 \$197,656	
Other kinds— Pounds Value	815,600 \$91,862	541,071 \$30,400	4,132,358 \$424,184
Condensed milk: Pounds Value	50,509,848 \$3,066,631	37,655,347 \$2,409,959	1,947,218 \$139,063
Sweetened— Pounds Value	3,436,823 \$199,962	4,232,160 \$256,529	266,250 \$15,975
Value Unsweetened and evaporated— Pounds. Value	47,073,025 \$2,866,669	33,423,187 \$2,153,430	1,680,968 \$123,088
All other butter, cheese, and con- densed-milk factory products	\$972,497	\$ 16 1 ,537	\$127,212
All other products	\$404,674	\$98,856	\$20,150

Cheese decreased in quantity and in value during the decade and during each five-year period. From 1904 to 1909 the quantity decreased 31.6 per cent and the value 7.4 per cent, while from 1909 to 1914 the decrease in these items was 26.5 per cent and 31.4 per cent, respectively.

The output of condensed milk increased from less than 2,000,000 pounds in 1904 to over 37,000,000 pounds in 1909, and to more than 50,000,000 pounds in 1914. The remarkable growth of this branch of the industry was due almost entirely to the increased production of unsweetened condensed milk, the output of which in 1914 formed 93.2 per cent of the total quantity of condensed milk reported and its value represented 93.5 per cent of the total value; corresponding proportions for 1909 are 88.8 per cent and 89.3 per cent, respectively. From 1909 to 1914 sweetened condensed milk decreased 795,337 pounds, or 18.8 per cent, in quantity and \$56,567, or 22.2 per cent, in value.

Glass.—Table 41 shows the value of the different classes of glass products and the kind and quantity of the principal varieties of pressed and blown glass and of bottles and jars, for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

In 1914 Ohio ranked first among the states in the production of beer, soda, and mineral water bottles;

second in tableware, jellies, tumblers and goblets, lamps, and liquors and flasks; and third in window glass, blown tumblers, stem ware and bar goods, and produced more than one-third of the glass tableware and more than one-fourth of the lamps, gas goods, and beer, soda, and mineral water bottles manufactured in the United States.

Table 41	1914	1909	1904
Products, total value	\$19,191,342	\$14,358,274	\$9,026,208
Building glass Pressed and blown glass Bottles and jars All other products	3,805,669 6,490,498 7,422,402 1,472,773	2,744,513 6,160,707 4,717,658 735,396	1,625,126 3,954,660 2,961,727 484,695
Kind and quality of pressed and blown glass and bottles and jars.			·
Pressed and blown glass: Tableware, 100 pieces. Jellies, tumblers and goblets, dozens. Lamps, dozens.	525, 573 3,050, 566 182, 449	248, 815 4, 133, 100 50, 147	161,900 2,088,925 25,744
Chimneys, dozens Lantern globes, dozens Shades, globes, and other gas	1, 102, 386 318, 886	1,215,815 213,586	1,690,314 255,805
goods, dozensBlown tumblers, stem ware, and	625,019 1,739,548	641,896 2,255,805	162,946 1,835,350
bar goods, dozens	15,333	6,000	5,850
Beer, soda, and mineral, gross Liquors and flasks, gross. Fruit jars, gross. Packers' and preservers', gross	1,220,253 545,541 73,645 299,673	585, 924 222, 764 21, 626 138, 269	433,546 268,782 (1) 10,155
I		Į.	I

1 Not shown separately.

Pressed and blown glass was the most important product of the glass industry in Ohio in 1904 and 1909, and while it shows an increase in 1914 over that reported in 1909, and represents 33.8 per cent of the total value of products, bottles and jars displaced it for first place in 1914, with 38.7 per cent of the total.

To avoid disclosures of individual operations the quantity of a number of items have not been included in the table. The most important of these are window, obscured and plate glass, globes and other electrical goods, opal and decorated ware, bottles and jars for prescriptions, vials and druggists' ware, milk jars, and patent and proprietary bottles.

The number of furnaces, including both active and idle, was 139 in 1914, as compared with 138 in 1909 and 93 in 1904. Sixty-five of the total number in 1914 were pot furnaces, with a capacity of 860 pots. The corresponding figures for 1909 were 68 pot furnaces, with 736 pots, and in 1904, 43 pot furnaces, with 620 pots. Forty-one tank furnaces, with 615 rings, were reported in 1914; 57 in 1909, with 532 rings; and 36 in 1904, with 303 rings. Seven intermittent or day-tank furnaces were reported in 1914, with a capacity of 26 tons, as compared with 13 in 1909, with a capacity of 30 tons, and 14 in 1904, with a capacity of 42 tons. Twenty-six tanks, equipped with 52 automatic machines, were reported separately in 1914, corresponding figures for which were included with tank furnaces in 1909.

Gas is the principal fuel used in the glass industry in Ohio, over seven billion cubic feet being used in 1914.

Agricultural implements.—Table 42 gives the value of the principal classes of agricultural implements manufactured in the state for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 42	1914	1909	1904
Products, total value	\$17,484,615	\$14,440,461	\$12,891,197
Plows and cultivators	4,627,191 2,573,726 1,364,209	3, 062, 194 2, 675, 727 858, 106	3,031,384 3,193,853 501,482
Planters and seeders, and all other agricultural implements, including parts. All other products. Amount received for repair work	6, 156, 170 2, 379, 464 383, 855	7,536,850 307,584	5,641,056 523,422

Ohio ranked third among the states in the value of its output of agricultural implements at each of the last three censuses. The total value of products increased 35.6 per cent during the decade and 21.1 per cent for the five-year period 1909-1914. Plows and cultivators were the principal class of agricultural implements manufactured in 1914 and 1909, representing 26.5 per cent of the total value of products at the 1914 census and 21.2 per cent in 1909. Harvesting implements was the principal class in 1904. Planters and seeders could not be shown separately without disclosing the operations of individual establishments. The item "All other products" in 1914 includes engines to the value of \$1,697,777, and other products, such as wagons, windmills, castings, etc., to the value of \$681,687.

Carriages and wagons and materials.—Table 43 shows the number and value of the different kinds of carriages and wagons manufactured in 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 43	1914	1909	1904
Products, total value	\$16, 192, 449	\$21,949,459	\$24,002,500
Carriages (family and pleasure): Number Value	71,972	135,877	199,428
	\$4,611,603	\$8,126,285	\$11,373,346
Wagons (business, farm, etc.): Number Value	25, 417	28,882	40,905
	\$2, 384, 122	\$2,733,606	\$2,703,566
Public conveyances: Number Value	63	657	217
	\$29,706	\$ 206 , 458	\$107,141
Sleighs and sleds: Number	3,907	7,589	8,479
	\$30,711	\$78,542	\$52,166
All other products, including parts and amount received for repair work	\$9, 136, 307	\$1 0,804,568	\$9,766,281

Ohio ranked first among the states in the manufacture of carriages and wagons at the censuses of 1909 and 1904, but dropped to second place in 1914, being displaced by Indiana. There has been a steady decline in the total value of products for the industry at each successive census, the decrease from 1904 to 1909 being \$2,053,041, or 8.6 per cent, and from 1909 to 1914, \$5,757,010, or 26.2 per cent. Each class of vehicles shown in the table decreased both in number and value from 1909 to 1914. The greatest absolute decrease is shown for family and pleasure carriages, their number decreasing 63,905, or 47 per cent, and their value, \$3,514,682, or 43.3 per cent, while the greatest relative decrease is shown for the number and value of public conveyances, 90.4 per cent and 85.6 per cent, respectively. The decline is due largely to

the rapid development of the automobile industry in recent years, many of the factories formerly manufacturing carriages and wagons now being engaged in the manufacture of automobiles.

Leather, tanned, curried, and finished.—Table 44 gives, for 1914, 1909, and 1904, the quantities and values of the principal products reported for this industry.

Table 44	1914	1909	1904
Products, total value	\$11,627,916	\$10, 127, 836	\$6,512,754
Harness leather: Sides	335, 127 \$2, 802, 957	363, 981 \$2, 540, 892	309,434 \$1,860,772
opinistery leather (automobile, inf- niture, and carriage). All other leather. All other products. Work on materials for others	3,404,590 4,924,836 486,763 8,770	3,734,827 3,586,140 265,277 700	1,798,850 1,787,699 1,065,397 36

Ohio was eighth in rank among the states in the manufacture of leather in 1914, having advanced from tenth place in 1909. The total value of products for the industry increased 55.5 per cent from 1904 to 1909 and 14.8 per cent from 1909 to 1914. Upholstery leather (automobile, furniture, and carriage leather) was the product of chief value both in 1914 and 1909, although there was a decrease in value of \$330,237, or 8.8 per cent, for the five-year period. During the same period the value of harness leather increased 10.3 per cent, but there was a decrease of 28,854, or 7.9 per cent, in the number of sides reported. The manufacture of upper and sole leather was also important, but in order to avoid disclosing the operations of individual establishments the statistics for this branch of the industry have been included in "all other leather." Of the total value of leather made in Ohio at each of the censuses shown, Cincinnati contributed 52.3 per cent in 1904, 50 per cent in 1909, and 46.7 per cent in 1914.

The number of cattle hides treated in 1914 (460,521) represents a decrease of 53,705, or 10.4 per cent, as compared with the number reported in 1909, but their cost increased \$350,522, or 6.8 per cent.

Chemicals.—Table 45 presents statistics for the chemical industry in Ohio for 1914 and 1909.

Table 45	1914	1909
Products, total value	\$12,490,369	\$8,361,985
The chemical industry. Sulphuric, nitric, and mixed acids industry, and subsidiary chemical products from other industries.	\$11,388,140	\$7,742,045
subsidiary chemical products from other industries.	\$1,102,229	\$619,940
Acids. Sodas and sodium compounds. Compressed or liquefied gases. Glycerin	\$2,435,302 \$4,530,911 \$591,248	\$1,664,157 \$2,285,759 \$245,541
Pounds Value. Other chemicals. All other products.	6,437,784 \$1,246,795 \$2,810,810 \$875,303	6, 976, 859 \$1, 140, 639 \$2, 532, 633 \$493, 256

The classified chemical industry includes establishments engaged primarily in the manufacture of acids, with the exception of sulphuric, nitric, and mixed acids, for which there is a separate classification, sodas, potashes, alums, coal-tar products, cyanides, bleaching materials, compressed or liquefied gases. alkaloids, salts of various metals, chloroform, ether, glycerin, etc., and elementary and compound substances produced by the aid of electricity. Of these groups, sodas constituted the most important for Ohio. There is a considerable production of chemicals by establishments classified under other heads, and in the presentation of statistics for products in detail these have been included, but their value as a total is shown separately from that of the classified industry.

In the production of chemicals Ohio ranked fifth among the states at the censuses of 1914 and 1909, the value of its output constituting 7.2 per cent of the total for the United States in 1914, 6.6 per cent in 1909, 6.1 per cent in 1904, and 7.4 per cent in 1899. The total value of products of the classified chemical industry in Ohio in 1914 shows an increase of \$3,646,095, or 47.1 per cent, over that of 1909.

Petroleum, refining.—Table 46 gives the statistics of materials used, the quantities and values of the principal products, and detailed information regarding equipment, for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 46	1914	1909	1904
MATERIALS.			
Total cost	\$9,924,445	\$8,144,583	\$7,662,397
Crude petroleum: ¹ Barrels (42 gallons) Mid-Continent	5, 026, 251 2, 676, 019	4,833,675	4,195,871
Lima-Indiana Illinois Pennsylvania grade.	1,350,496 856,453	2,410,950 2,167,352	(2)
Cost	\$7,961,948	255,373 \$4,987,558	\$5, 143, 137
Containers and materials therefor:	\$182,309	\$250,480	(2)
Wooden	\$301, 123 \$115, 163	\$563,079 \$89,408	\$936,65
All other materials 3	\$1,363,902	\$2,254,058	\$1,582,60
PRODUCTS.			
Total value	\$ 11, 169, 189	\$10,753,738	\$10,948,86
Naphthas and lighter products: Gasoline(from crude petroleum)— Barrels (50 gallons) Value All other—	4 821, 524 \$3, 568, 834	539,828 \$2,224,283	467,59 \$1,676,52
BarrelsValueIlluminating oils:	66, 144 \$167, 483	•2,223,200	
Barrels Value	1,013,058 \$2,072,015	1,204,186 \$2,618,762	\$1,961,10
Fuel oils: Barrels. Value. Lubricating oils:	1,298,016 \$1,844,644	1,257,950 \$1,302,720	\$5,188,80
Barrels. Value	420,843 \$1,900,185	543, 526 \$2, 062, 387	336,11 \$1 ,540,89
Residuum or tar: BarrelsValue	132, 180 \$322, 272	101,105 \$193,403	111,33 \$ 210,91
Greases: Barrels Value	16,331 \$185,951	18,076 \$207,225	19,65 \$1 58,88
Paraffin wax: Barrels	56.395 \$410,929	54,536 \$470,760	47,53 \$549,51
ValueAll other products	\$696,876	\$1,674,198	\$1,623,32
EQUIPMENT.			
Stills, numberSteam—	174	198	21
Number	21,951	38 26, 589	(²)
Fire— Number Capacity	151 105,963	160 79, 292	(⁹)

¹ Marketed production of crude petroleum produced in the state: 1914, 8,536,352 barrels, 1909, 10,632,793 barrels; 1904, 18,876,631 barrels; 1899, 21,142,108 barrels.

² Figures not available.

³ Includes some partly refined oils and waxes.

⁴ In addition, there were produced at the wells in 1914, 48,803 barrels (50 gallons) of casing-head gasoline, valued at \$184,097.

Table 46—Continued.	1914	1909	1904
EQUIPMENT—continued.			
Agitators, number	53	44	52
Crude petroleum— Number Capacity (gallons)	20 14,126,000	21,521,000	8,964,000
Refined petroleum products— Number Capacity	321 26, 905. 000] .	
Fuel ofl— Number Capacity Other storage tanks—	26,771,000	78,612,000	499 84,889,000
Number	49,754,000	}	

In 1914 Ohio ranked tenth among the states in value of output of this industry, while in 1909 it ranked seventh. The total production of refined oils in 1914 was 3,619,585 barrels, of which fuel oils constituted 35.9 per cent; illuminating oils, 28 per cent; gasoline and naphthas, 24.5 per cent; and lubricating oils, 11.6 per cent. In 1909 the production of refined oils was 3,545,490 barrels, of which fuel oils formed 35.5 per cent; illuminating oils, 34 per cent; gasoline and naphthas, 15.2 per cent; and lubricating oils, 15.3 per cent. the crude petroleum used in 1914, a little more than one-half (53.2 per cent) was reported as from the Mid-Continent field; 26.9 per cent from the Lima-Indiana field; 17 per cent, Illinois; and 2.9 per cent of Pennsylvania grade. In 1909 one-half was Lima-Indiana oil, and the balance Illinois and Pennsylvania grade.

Hosiery and knit goods.—Table 47 shows for this industry, for 1914, 1909, and 1904, the quantities and cost of materials used and the quantities and values of the products.

The principal material used in the industry was cotton yarn purchased, its cost both in 1914 and 1909 representing about one-third of the total cost of all materials. In 1914, as compared with 1909, there was an increase of 46.3 per cent in the quantity used and 42.5 per cent in its cost. In 1914 cotton yarn formed 64.3 per cent of the total quantity and 44.1 per cent of the cost of all yarns purchased, the corresponding proportions for 1909 being 60.2 per cent and 38.0 per cent, respectively. In 1904 worsted yarn was the principal item of cost.

The total value of products of the industry increased 116.5 per cent for the decade, although the relative increase was greater for the earlier five-year period, 1904–1909, than for the more recent period 1909–1914, being 61 per cent and 34.5 per cent, respectively. The principal products in 1914 were combination suits, their value representing 37 per cent of the total value of all products, as compared with 32.3 per cent in 1909; the increase in number for the five-year period was 51.9 per cent, white their value increased 54.4 per cent. Cotton combination suits constituted 75.4 per cent of the total number in 1914 and 67.6 per cent of their total value, the corresponding proportions for 1909 being 68.4 per cent and 50.5 per cent, respectively. Substantial gains were made both in number

and value of hose and half hose during the decade, and in value during each five-year period. In 1914 the value of merino hose and half hose, although representing a decrease of 19.3 per cent as compared with 1909, formed 42.1 per cent of the total value of all hose and half hose, and in 1909, 76 per cent. The most remarkable increase from 1909 to 1914 is shown for the number and value of "all other" hose and half hose, from 3,725 dozen pairs, valued at \$8,725, in 1909, to 233,311 dozen pairs, valued at \$376,618, in 1914. Other important products for which increases are shown both in number and value for the later five-year period are hoods, scarfs, etc., and cardigan jackets, sweaters, etc.

Table 47	1914	1909	1904 ¹
MATERIALS.			-
Total cost	\$5,032,525	\$3,851,419	\$2,177,368
Yarns, purchased:			
Cotton— Pounds	6, 155, 521	4, 207, 238	1,649,479
Cost	6,155,521 \$1,765,372	4, 207, 238 \$1, 238, 527	\$444,930
Woolen— Pounds Cost	776,308 \$540,454	773, 371 \$439, 977	327, 684
Worsted-	1		\$215, 232
Pounds	1,449,655 \$1,040,979	1,095,829 \$1,003,980	784,770 \$760,490
Merino-			•
, Pounds Cost	1,107,919 \$493,278	843, 181 \$398, 934	564,372 \$195,266
All other—	1	Į.	
Pounds	78, 707 \$159, 906	66, 081 \$177, 528	14, 262 \$32, 941
Chemicals	\$37,534 \$74,288	\$22,591	\$21,730
ChemicalsFuel and rent of powerAll other materials	\$74,288 \$920,714	\$22,591 \$37,563 \$532,319	\$21,730 \$25,461 \$481,318
	0.20,	3332,333	·,
PRODUCTS.			20 00W 0/W
Total value	\$8,654,103	\$6, 433, 431	\$3,997,047
Hose and half hose:			
Cotton— Dozen pairs	107, 411 \$184, 169	72,602 \$150,464	74,840 \$131,142
Value Merino or mixed—	\$184,169		
Dozen pairsValue	253,477 \$407,241	323,948 \$504,939	239,162 \$321,864
All other—			
Dozen pairsValue	233,311 \$376,618	3,725 \$8,725	97,815 \$156,862
Shirts and drawers:	** 275,525		
Cotton— Dozens	48,410	87,151	82,264
ValueAll other—	\$174,640	\$166,667	\$228,170
Dozens	21,766 \$147,300	39,154	37,190 \$247,771
Value Combination suits:	\$147,500	\$234,037	φ2±1,111
Cotton— Dozens.	219,704	131.186	55,823
Value	219,704 \$2,165,308	131,186 \$1,047,775	\$395,058
Merino— Dozens	62,986 \$863,951	58,063	15, 643 \$212, 879
ValueAll other—	\$863,951	\$961,771	
Dozens	8,801 \$176,070	2,683 \$66,938	4,623 \$111,326
ValueGloves and mittens:			
Dozen pairs	253,137 \$248,048	319, 522 \$289, 848	231,990 \$360,111
Hoods, scarfs, etc.:			206,024
Dozens	537,175 \$1,587,664	272, 478 \$1,064,969	\$482,070
Cardigan jackets, sweaters, etc.:	150, 295	1	(2)
Value	\$1,669,895	\$1,355,728	(2) (2)
	\$653,199	\$581,570	\$1,349,794

 $^{^1}$ Excludes statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations. 2 Included in "all other products."

Boots and shoes.—Table 48 shows the number of pairs of the various kinds of boots, shoes, and slippers manufactured in Ohio in 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 48	N.	UMBER OF PAI	RS.
	1914	1909	1904
Products, total	17,973,441	18,908,915	18,263,416
Boots and shoes. Men's. Boys' and youths'. Women's. Misses' and children's.	17, 161, 199 1, 419, 925 1, 734, 957 10, 966, 825 3, 039, 492	17, 693, 316 1, 702, 194 1, 372, 330 11, 154, 083 3, 464, 709	18,063,299 1,661,202 1,590,568 9,797,093 5,014,436
Slippers. All other footwear	662, 456 149, 786	1,147,239 68,360	192, 053 8, 064

The boot and shoe industry in Ohio in 1914 showed a decrease of 4.9 per cent from the production in 1909. Women's boots and shoes were by far the most important class manufactured, 13.6 per cent of the total for this class for the United States in 1914 being made in Ohio, a larger proportion than in 1909, although there was a decrease in the number produced of 187,258 pairs, or 1.7 per cent.

Table 49 shows the number of pairs of the various kinds of footwear produced in 1914 and 1909, classified according to method of manufacture.

Table 49	~	NUMBER OF PAIRS, BY METHOD OF , MANUFACTURE.									
PRODUCT.	Cen- sus year.	Total.	Welted.	McKay.	Turned, and wood or metal fastened.						
Boots and shoes	1914 1909	17,161,199 17,693,316	6,027,083 5,760,738	9,914,687 9,706,685	1,219,429 2,225,893						
Men's, boys', and youths'	1914 1909	3,154,882 3,074,524	1,217,226 1,471,204	1,796,438 806,345	141, 218 796, 975						
Women's	1914 1909	10,966,825 11,154,083	4,603,637 4,038,641	5,332,200 6,073,809	1,030,988 1,041,633						
Misses' and children's	1914 1909	3,039,492 3,464,709	206, 220 250, 893	2, 786, 049 2, 826, 531	47, 223 387, 285						
Slippers	1914 1909	662,456 1,147,239	49,376	470, 055 579, 765	1 192, 401 518, 098						
All other footwear	1914 1909	149,786 68,360			149,786 2 68,360						

¹ Includes "welted."

Of the total number of boots and shoes manufactured, 57.8 per cent were made by the McKay method and 35.1 per cent were welted. Of the men's, boys', and youths', 56.9 per cent were made by the McKay method, and 38.6 per cent were welted; of the women's, which formed 63.9 per cent of all the boots and shoes made in the state, 48.6 per cent were of the McKay variety and 42 per cent were welted. Misses' and children's shoes were made principally by the McKay method, 91.7 per cent being of this type.

Laundries.—Statistics for power laundries are not included in the general tables or in the totals for all manufacturing industries. Table 50, however, summarizes these statistics for Ohio for 1914 and 1909.

In 1914 Ohio ranked sixth among the states both in number of persons engaged in the industry and in amount received for work done. The foregoing table shows increases between 1909 and 1914 for all items given except amount paid for contract work. The amount received for work done increased \$2,433,537, or 45.2 per cent, and the average number of wage earners 1,372, or 23.3 per cent. In 1914 establishments owned by individuals reported 18.2 per cent of the amount received for work done; those owned by corporations, 62.7 per cent; and those under all other forms of ownership, 19.1 per cent. Seventy-seven establishments had receipts for the year of less than \$5,000; 121, receipts of \$5,000 but less than \$20,000; 78, receipts of \$20,000 but less than \$100,000; and 20, receipts of \$100,000 but less than \$1,000,000.

Table 50	POW	ER LAUNDRII	es.
•.	Number o	r amount.	Per cent
	1914	1909	crease,1 1909- 1914.
Number of establishments. Persons engaged. Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees. Wage earners (average number). Primary horsepower. Capital. Salaries and wages. Salaries Wages. Paid for contract work. Rent and taxes. Cost of materials. Amount received for work done.	8, 434 309 860 7, 265 10, 909 \$5, 066, 162 3, 996, 649 839, 455 3, 157, 194 2, 555 180, 002 1, 361, 546	253 6,773 277 603 5,863 7,431 \$3,802,957 2,772,137 512,958 2,259,959 2,259,179 22,874 122,580 871,722 5,388,954	17. 0 24. 5 11. 6 42. 6 23. 3 46. 8 33. 2 44. 2 63. 6 39. 7 -89. 3 46. 8 56. 2

¹ A minus sign (—) denotes decrease.

Table 51 shows, for 1914 and 1909, the number of wage earners employed in the laundries on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day, and the percentage which this number represents of the greatest number employed in any month of the same year.

Table 51		WAGE EA	RNERS.	
MONTH.	Nun	iber.	Per cent o	
	1914	1909	1914	1909
January February March April May June July August September October November December	7,132 7,067 7,135 7,279 7,362 7,599 7,505 7,391 7,349 7,166 7,119 7,092	5,641 5,626 5,794 5,800 5,897 6,043 6,054 5,976 6,069 5,958 5,912 5,946	93. 8 93. 0 93. 9 95. 8 96. 9 100. 0 98. 8 97. 3 96. 7 94. 3 93. 7 93. 3	92.9 92.7 95.5 95.6 97.2 99.6 99.8 98.5 100.0 98.2 97.4

Table 52 gives statistics as to kinds and amounts of power used in the laundries of the state in 1914 and 1909, together with the percentages of increase for the five-year period.

² Includes all kinds reported.

Table 52	NUMBI		HORSEPOWER.						
	ENGINI MOTO		Amo	ount.	Per cent				
	1914	1909	1914	1909	crease,1 1909–1914				
Primary power, total	582	327	10,909	7,431	46.8				
Owned. Steam. Internal combustion Water wheels and motors	265 222 42 1	245 198 45 2	9,626 8,902 699 25	7,022 6,235 737 50	37. 1 42. 8 -5. 2 -50. 0				
Rented Electric Other	317 317	82 82	1,283 1,228 55	409 401 8	213. 7 206. 2 587. 5				
Electric—Generated in establishment reporting	1,036	605	2,195	1,338	64.1				

¹ A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

Table 53 shows the kinds and quantities of fuel used in the laundries, as reported at the censuses of 1914 and 1909, with the percentages of increase.

Table 53	Unit.	QUAL	TITY.	Per cent
KIND.	·	1914	1909	crease,1 1909-1914.
Anthracite coal Bituminous coal Coke Oil Gas	Tons, 2,240 pounds Tons, 2,000 pounds Tons, 2,000 pounds Barrels 1,000 cubic feet	1,994 57,922 651 116 742,424	398 59,799 77 73 649,446	401. 0 -3. 1 745. 4 58. 9 14. 3

¹ A minus sign (—) denotes decrease.

GENERAL TABLES.

Table 54 gives, for 1914, 1909, and 1904, the number of establishments, average number of wage earners, primary horsepower, wages, cost of materials, and value of products, for selected industries in the state and in cities having 50,000 inhabitants or more; and for cities having from 10,000 to 50,000 inhabitants, similar data for all industries combined.

Table 55 presents, for 1914, in the state as a whole and in cities with 50,000 inhabitants or more, statistics in detail for each industry for which figures can be shown without disclosing the operations of individual establishments; and for cities having from 10,000 to 50,000 inhabitants, for all industries.

TABLE 54.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.
	year.	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expre	ssed in th	ousands.		Joan	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	ssed in the	ousands.
1			THE	STATE-	ALL IN	DUSTR	ies com	BINED AND SELECT	ED II	1DUST	RIES.			•	
All industries	1914 1909 1904	15,658 15,138 13,785	510,435 446,934 364,298	2,002,780 1,583,155 1,116,932	\$317,924 245,450 182,429	\$1,020,782 824,202 527,637	\$1,782,808 1,437,936 960,812	Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products.	1914 1909 1904	549 703 795	27, 334 23, 985 22, 638	76, 432 64, 520 58, 045	\$16,487 12,155 10,619	\$12, 176 8, 665 6, 456	\$38,667 30,531 25,687
Agricultural implements.	1914 1909 1904	59 55 71	5,464 5,997 5,659	11,677 9,867 8,354	3,826 3,155 2,910	7,810 6,319 5,692	17,485 14,440 12,891	Brushes	1914 1909	16 22	677 425	848 675	298 158	732 625	1,5 44 1,219
Artificial stone products	1914 1909 1904	403 299 67	954 802 280	2,949 1,325 347	535 404 135	763 499 167	1,946 1,378 446	Butter, cheese, and con- densed milk.	1914 1909 1904	286 325 431	1,480 1,067 488	6,677 3,386 3,462	1,049 557 292	15, 968 7, 685 3, 729	19,326 9,690 4,593
Automobiles, including bodies and parts.	1914 1909 1904	102 75 22	18,752 12,130 2,722	30, 249 14, 433 1, 877	13,411 7,746 1,617	55,330 18,522 2,553	85, 711 38, 839 6, 358	Canning and preserving.	1914 1909 1904	² 135 107 107	2,507 2,009 2,144	7,079 4,244 3,580	946 532 577	5,897 3,102 2,701	8,951 4,660 4,491
Awnings, tents, and sails.	1914 1909 1904	38 30 17	615 392 241	348 260 107	299 163 101	1,270 853 326	2, 131 1, 387 718	Carriages and wagons and materials.	1914 1909 1904	341 407 456	5,997 8,815 11,027	13,381 14,771 16,936	3,839 4,647 5,269	8,561 11,414 12,856	16,192 21,949 24,003
Bags, paper	1914 1909 1904	9 8 9	646 557 482	853 508 1,389	305 240 177	1,831 1,638 955	2, 893 2, 393 1, 513	Carriages and sleds, children's.	1914 1909 1904	7 9 8	1,267 1,035 1,086	1,049 885 738	762 490 481	1, 121 785 803	2,426 1,977 1,823
Belting, leather	1914 1909 1904	10 8 6	78 107 80	216 405 307	56 80 48	543 795 550	730 1,080 753	Cars and general shop construction and re- pairs by electric-rail- road companies	1914 1909 1904	48 49 5	1,879 1,318 150	3,687 3,635 20	1,228 722 94	1,077 801 55	2,386 1,691 172
Blacking and cleansing and polishing prepa- rations.	1914 1909 1904	54 49 1 21	104 103 38	237 297 60	53 50 14	339 297 62	798 672 152	road companies. Cars and general shop construction and re- pairs by steam rail- road companies.	1914 1909 1904	88 71 74	21,639 20,728 17,026	31,389 19,422 13,954	9,471 12,726 9,890	16, 054 14, 266 10, 225	33,286 28,690 21,428
Boots and shoes, including cut stock and findings.	1914 1909 1904	73 72 73	14,674 16,026 14,032	9,945 8,925 6,113	7, 132 6, 646 5, 275	19,883 18,872 14,989	33, 642 31, 551 25, 735	Cars, electric-railroad, not including opera- tions of railroad com- panies.	1914 1909 1904	4 4 4	916 734 765	4, 213 2, 875 1, 850	612 471 475	2, 289 1, 094 1, 069	3,594 1,955 1,828
Boxes, cigar	1914 1909 1904	26 31 30	443 531 480	564 1,029 506	161 167 136	339 360 374	628 711 669	Cars, steam-railroad, not including operations of railroad companies.	1914 1909 1904	5 6 5	2,885 2,282 2,065	6,420 4,410 1,725	2,434 1,304 1,198	8, 558 4, 195 3, 358	11,796 6,451 5,539
Boxes, fancy and paper.	1914 1909 1904	49 46 42	2,456 2,530 1,743	1,941 1,825 827	961 830 475	2,087 1,931 1,072	4, 060 3, 635 2, 133	Cement	1914 1909 1904	7 9 12	849 887 743	6,975 12,685 9,579	521 544 452	890 638 534	2,112 1,465 1,508
Brass, bronze, and cop- per products.	1914 1909 1904	84 82 70	2,277 2,232 1,485	4,393 4,214 1,860	1,557 1,372 808	4,190 3,533 1,545	7, 843 6, 572 3, 347	Chemicals	1914 1909 1904	29 33 18	2,017 1,132 1,025	18,751 11,715 6,169	1,460 749 652	6,726 4,748 3,003	11,388 7,742 4,590
Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909 1904	1,634 1,467 1,138	7,665 5,972 5,295	8,978 5,398 3,875	4,783 3,371 2,520	17, 295 13, 666 9, 059	30, 561 23, 007 15, 641	Clocks and watches, in- cluding cases and ma- terials.	1914 1909 1904	9 9 6	1,305 1,456 1,712	626 877 649	779 784 851	679 526 714	1,808 1,981 1,869

 ¹ Excludes statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
 2 Includes "canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables," and "pickles, preserves, and sauces."

TABLE 54.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904—Continued.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.
	year.	ments.	num- ber).	power	Expre	ssed in th	ousands.		y car.	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	sed in the	ousands.
		THE	STATE	E—ALL I	NDUST	RIES C	OMBINE:	D AND SELECTED IN	DUST	RIES-	-Continu	ied.			
Clothing, men's, includ- ing shirts.	1914 1909 1904	257 342 357	10.758 9,950 7,185	2,948 1,794 1,315	\$4,903 4,050 2,749	\$13,756 12,920 9,937	\$27,622 24,869 19,346	Hats and caps, other than felt, straw, and wool.	1914 1909 1904	28 25 21	431 406 349	58 83 67	\$224 174 139	\$574 422 272	\$1,040 804 642
Clothing, women's	1914 1909 1904	170 153 143	9,775 8,843 6,379	1,719 1,505 1,363	5,137 4,272 2,724	12,090 10,291 6,769	22,882 19,493 12,804	Hosiery and knit goods.	1914 1909 1904	38 39 28	3, 411 3, 149 2, 490	2,740 1,613 1,221	1,502 1,072 714	5,033 3,851 2,177	8, 654 6, 433 3, 997
Coffee and spice, roast- ing and grinding.	1914 1909 1904	35 39 28	822 762 592	2,062 2,186 1,680	385 352 221	10,184 8,277 7,626	13,312 11,224 9,958	House-furnishing goods, not elsewhere speci- fied.	1914 1909 1904	26 22 24	320 364 366	895 1,069	162 143 133	996 924 439	1,430 1,560 790
Coffins, burial cases, and undertakers' goods.	1914 1909 1904	19 24 19	1,252 1,245 1,164	2,268 2,289 1,454	702 525 537	1,294 1,324 1,176	2,966 3,061 2,524	Ice, manufactured	1914 1909 1904	132 97 69	1, 277 892 520	27, 978 19, 058 11, 882	904 559 296	876 564 292	3, 134 2, 270 1, 217
Coke, notincluding gas- house coke.	1914 1909 1904	5 4 4	489 246 113	2,325 1,250 350	352 120 54	1,607 640 170	2,157 851 259	Ink, printing	1914 1909 1904	7 8 6	254 183 135	1, 913 1, 437 732	196 131 99	1,354 809 407	2,764 1,907 1,319
Confectionery	1914 1909 1904	132 114 70	3,149 2,493 1,750	4,200 2,005 891	1,254 840 526	6,081 4,089 2,272	10.134 7,307 4,712	Iron and steel, blast fur- naces.	1914 1909 1904	33 40 33	5, 786 7, 295 5, 434	232, 179 215, 739 167, 740	5, 171 5, 090 3, 471	60, 739 68, 425 32, 477	72, 969 83, 699 40, 869
Cooperage and wooden goods, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909 1904	95 113 120	1,516 1,663 1,723	4,037 3,453 3,096	818 803 823	2,547 2,216 1,968	3,946 3,516 3,559	Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	1914 1909 1904	70 75 57	46, 397 38, 586 27, 756	642,958 515,813 304,162	38,004 28,614 18,658	139, 676 139, 243 78, 210	205, 023 197, 780 111, 997
Copper, tin, and sheet- iron products.	1914 1909 1904	1 288 221 180	7,448 6,598 3,970	8,483 6,352 3,779	4,500 3,163 1,746	14,450 11,622 5,341	25,059 19,086 9,414	Iron and steel, bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets, not made in steel works or rolling	1914 1909 1904	15 17 14	2,365 2,797 2,331	6, 167 4, 782	1,323 1,336 966	2,602 3,421 2,413	4, 651 6, 257 4, 196
Cordage and twine and jute goods.	1914 1909 1904	6 8 8	560 791 1, 070	2,512 3,225 3,285	245 313 361	1,394 1,984 2,518	2,232 2,728 3,250	mills. Iron and steel forgings, not made in steel works or rolling mills.	1914 1909 1904	29 30 22	2,308 2,002 1,378	7,440 4,912	1,570 1,117 783	3, 937 2, 221 1, 324	6, 752 4, 044 2, 842
Cutlery and tools, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909 1904	81 70 58	3,199 2,820 2,467	8,079 6,567 4,836	1,898 1,518 1,116	1,961 1,650 1,256	6,612 5,036 3,567	Iron and steel, wrought pipe.	1914 1909 1904	5 5 4	2, 285 1, 081 660	3,193 3,770	1,535 640 350	6, 152 2, 507 2, 115	9, 368 3, 418 2, 620
Dairymen's, poultry- men's, and apiarists' supplies.	1914 1909 1904	18 18 15	442 479 361	1,002 916 662	233 262 167	722 527 419	1,277 1,149 852	Jewelry	1914 1909 1904	57 35 16	477 356 262	348 116 94	337 252 162	403 619 229	1, 268 1, 258 658
Electrical machinery, apparatus, and sup- plies.	1914 1909 1904	119 115 92	12,695 8,073 5,114	17,771 11,959 7,138	7,409 3,847 2,268	17, 482 7, 226 4, 699	36, 121 18, 777 11, 019	Leather goods	1914 1909 1904	4 187 86 94	1,743 1,890 2,412	1,437 1,399 1,813	966 879 1, 063	3,473 2,859 2,931	5, 728 4, 939 5, 444
Explosives	1914 1909 1904	11 11 16	311 358 428	5,646 2,692 4,075	188 204 236	972 1,104 1,275	1,439 1,719 1,843	Leather, tanned, curried, and finished.	1914 1909 1904	28 36 40	1,605 1,884 1,610	4, 450 4, 244 2, 770	1, 054 1, 083 839	8,506 7,720 4,462	11, 629 10, 128 6, 518
Fertilizers	1914 1909 1904	24 27 17	1,005 841 490	4,739 3,059 2,630	590 368 235	4,627 2,535 1,386	7, 246 4, 435 2, 289	Lime	1914 1909 1904	38 39 41	1, 416 1, 273 899	7, 374 3, 872 3, 318	777 553 381	706 598 532	2,334 1,620 1,334
Flags, banners, regalia, society badges, and emblems.	1914 1909 1904	17 13 16	1,074 1,262 1,120	487 568 421	531 523 429	1,203 1,509 1,023	2,605 3,026 2,257	Liquors, distilled	1914 1909 1904	18 17 23	332 374 627	2,809 2,422 3,517	223 230 317	1,988 2,514 3,410	10, 684 12, 011 15, 977
Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909 1904	649 673 694	2,363 2,585 2,700	53,524 52,250 53,880	1,506 1,415 1,340	38,957 41,353 35,626	45,171 48,093 40,856	Liquors, malt	1914 1909 1904	101 105 114	5,340 4,356 3,771	38,048 31,690 25,288	4,416 3,267 2,802	9, 190 6, 563 5, 956	31,990 25,332 21,621
Food preparations, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909 1904	76 61 31	1,523 1,020 874	5,709 3,254	827 455 339	20,035 8,271 6,369	27,346 10,837 7,860	Liquors, vinous	1914 1909 1904	28 29 47	186 149 170	447 406 677	115 79 88	1,053 718 691	1,800 1,304 1,338
Foundry and machine- shop products.	1914 1909 1904	21,379 1,218 31,003	73,103 64,817 52,986	159,172 112,538 78,859	48,318 38,015 28,207	77, 503 64, 560 44, 546	178,855 145,837 103,713	Lumber and timber products.	1914 1909 1904	⁵ 1,188 1,390 1,312	11,921 13,456 13,570	61, 162 69, 255 68, 536	7, 104 6, 701 6, 594	18,017 19,972 17,733	31,853 34,597 32,926
Furniture and refriger- ators.	1914 1909 1904	213 228 212	7,831 8,232 8,672	16,317 15,951 14,490	4, 469 4, 142 3, 910	7, 429 7, 242 5, 544	16,687 16,259 13,827	Marble and stone work	1914 1909 1904	213 198 123	2,523 2,012 3,035	10,353 7,070 9,998	1, 636 1, 161 1, 626	2,049 1,450 1,732	5, 264 3, 847 4, 863
Gas and electric fixtures and lamps and reflectors.	1914 1909 1904	52 56 22	1,832 1,437 662	2,868 2,356 714	1,021 748 288	2,600 1,777 484	4,899 3,563 1,284	Mattresses and spring beds.	1914 1909 1904	43 38 35	934 961 663	2,228 2,069 1,798	500 435 275	1,998 1,682 1,392	3, 427 3, 307 2, 296
Gas, illuminating and heating.	1914 1909 1904	25 38 58	398 666 2,239	1,353 2,165 2,052	262 431 1,083	480 827 1,347	1,432 3,080 4,812	Millinery and lace goods.	1914 1909 1904	30 31 17	911 1,357 456	409 603 132	433 478 141	1,005 1,459 288	1,918 2,744 596
Glass	1914 1909 1904	39 45 37	10, 997 10, 159 7, 844	34, 871 16, 198 11, 256	7,053 5,977 4,512	7,046 4,688 2,837	19, 191 14, 358 9, 026	Mineral and soda waters.	1914 1909 1904	202 174 148	575 457 447	1,059 1,050	342 237 235	860 452 267	2,004 1,395 983
Grease and tallow, not including lubricating greases.	1914 1909 1904	34 23 22	400 300 125	2,010 1,264	270 171 72	671 591 447	1, 216 1, 017 643	Models and patterns, not including paper patterns.	1914 1909 1904	98 74 61	519 441 283	1,036 673 631	393 294 174	183 159 58	896 670 386

Includes "stamped and enameled ware, not elsewhere specified," and "tinware, not elsewhere specified."

Includes "automobile repairing;" "bells;" "engines, steam, gas, and water;" "gas machines and gas and water meters;" "hardware," "hardware, saddlery;" "iron and steel, cast-iron pipe;" "plumbers' supplies, not elsewhere specified;" "pumps, steam and other power;" "steam fittings and steam and hot-water heating apparatus," and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills."

Excludes statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

Includes "saddlery and harness," and "trunks and valises."

Includes "boxes, wooden packing;" "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills," and "window and door screens and weather strips."

Table 54.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904—Continued.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.
	Juli	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	ssed in th	ousands.		year.	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	sed in the	ousands.
		THE	STATE	-ALL I	raudus	RIES C	OMBINE:	D AND SELECTED IN	DUST	RIES-	-Continu	ied.			
Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts.	1914 1909 1904	9 6 3	752 942 446	1,951 1,895 547	\$518 686 293	\$1,634 1,066 457	\$2,931 2,308 1,041	Screws, machine	1914 1909 1904	7 6 4	1, 464 324 438	2,885 915 1,160	\$942 204 226	\$1,368 178 301	\$3,275 598 793
Musical instruments, pianos and organs and materials.	1914 1909 1904	27 30 26	1,745 1,841 2,210	2, 201 2, 254 2, 153	1,022 1,092 1,205	1,673 1,922 1,625	3,545 3,926 3,684	Shipbuilding, including boat building.	1914 1909	29 39	2,879 3,200	9,661 8,125	1,939 1,705	1,909 2,462	4,717 5,676
Oil, linseed	1914 1909 1904	3 4 4	150 213 71	1,603 1,347 950	116 83 50	3,642 3,081 2,135	3,958 3,627 2,400	Show cases	1914 1909 1904	11 14 14	302 349 438	711 569 742	178 173 228	280 307 314	619 [,] 668 749
Oil, not elsewhere speci- fied.	1914 1909 1904	20 21 20	138 157 140	495 330	105 102 74	1,888 1,252 1,046	2,676 2,037 1,570	Signs and advertising novelties. Slaughtering and meat	1914 1909 1914	50 28 4 169	1,372 1,096 3,619	1,800 1,125 13,037	734 505 1,488	1,744 941 59,681	3, 551 2, 598 66, 674
Paint and varnish	1914 1909 1904	95 87 75	2, 107 1, 535 1, 111	8, 721 5, 572 4, 275	1, 295 904 581	11,339 8,570 5,855	19,327 13,617 8,530	packing. Springs, steel, car and	1909 1904 1914	158 105	3, 086 2, 315 819	9,873 4,434	1, 857 1, 355 628	44, 347 25, 311 1, 550	50, 804 29, 155 2, 774
Paper and wood pulp	1914 1909	48 47 53	5, 430 4, 673	50,013 51,402	3,378 2,419 1,683	16,109 10,898	23, 284 16, 965	carriage. Stationery goods, not	1909 1914 1909	5 15	318 708 982	410 1,118	186 394 383	906 996	2,174 2,174 2,434
Paper goods, not else- where specified.	1904 1914 1909	1 29 28	3, 883 2, 269 2, 040	36, 288 3, 702 1, 909	1, 179 882	6,154 4,197 3,434	10,962 8,148 6,307	elsewhere specified. Stoves and furnaces, in-	1904 1914	14 11 105	952 461 8, 575 7, 274	2, 130 10, 648	144 5, 751	396 8,415	861 19, 982
Patent medicines and compounds and drug-	1904 1914 1909	23 2 252 261	2,049 1,032 905	2,020 1,949 1,568	653 479 385	1,836 3,018 1,888	3,973 7,734 5,859	cluding gas and oil stoves. Tin plate and terneplate	1909 1904 1914	102 102 7	6, 509 953	9,478 6,859 1,330	4, 217 3, 634 659	6, 300 4, 005 9, 443	15, 358 10, 191 10, 826
gists' preparations. Paving materials	1904 1914 1909	196 66 5	1,046 1,957 56	1, 255 23, 885 374	386 1,169 33	2,118 723 68	7,371 3,507 210	Tobacco manufactures	1909 1914 1909	961 1,146	676 13, 282 12, 631	1,849 2,043 1,401	5,352 4,505	7, 155 11, 917 12, 075	7, 889 28, 467 28, 907
Petroleum, refining	1914 1909 1904	7 10 12	1,519 1,659 1,900	4, 920 4, 324 4, 386	1,025 1,028 1,054	9,924 8,145 7,662	11,169 10,754 10,949	Toys and games	1904 1914 1909	1,329 36 19	11, 175 1, 103 387	1, 011 941 253	3, 912 520 175	7,500 799 379	20, 489 1, 909 768
Photo-engraving	1914 1909 1904	26 20 11	411 277 180	366 215 159	396 242 146	170 109 36	974 576 321	Umbrellas and canes	1904 1914 1909	10 13 15	379 267 287	263 184 82	127 101 105	132 480 607	353 836 1,005
Printing and publishing	1914 1909 1904	3 1, 783 1, 655 1, 542	18,070 15,756 13,859	24, 308 18, 417 12, 272	12,800 9,355 7,573	17,070 11,904 8,679	55,609 41,657 31,327	Wall plaster	1904 1914 1909	12 22 23	280 626 259	3,617 1,823	88 370 106	488 770 434	833 1,714 935
Pumps, not including power pumps.	1914 1909 1904	17 20 19	1,014 897 369	1,403 1,322 633	639 517 192	1,404 1,271 218	3,277 2,747 672	Wirework, including	1904 1914	27 43	466 810	1,730 1,281	225 456 823	382 2, 167 1, 806	1,037 3,435 3,620
Roofing materials	1914 1909 1904	18 11 15	715 428 255	2,076 3,229	429 251 137	2,319 3,147 2,410	3,906 3,900 3,148	wire rope and cable. Wood, turned and	1909 1904 1914	60 50 61	1, 455 1, 379 985	2,511 4,250	556 520	1, 278 1, 286	2, 517 2, 284
Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909 1904	54 37 27	21,705 10,382 4,815	58, 672 25, 885 13, 945	14,578 5,660 2,318	58,737 32,442 10,226 1,483	109,659 53,911 15,964 4,337	carved. Wool shoddy	1909 1904 1914	83 83 5	1, 208 1, 207 523	4,811 1,410	533 490 255	1, 063 1, 062 820	2, 460 2, 214 1, 353
Safes and vaults	1914 1909 1904 1914	10 10 11 8	1,760 2,014 2,153 813	5,603 3,177 2,316 4,937	1,153 1,321 1,395 441	2,162 2,047 1,204	5,488 4,895 2,197	All other industries	1909 1904 1914	4 5 1,222	438 426 39, 423	1,100 1,100 98,832	200 158 22, 192	742 948 71,844	1, 257 1, 239 133, 093
4	1909 1904	8 8	648 539	4, 034 1, 705	361 236	1,090 663	1,807 1,168	The object in despite, and the object is a second of the object in the o	1909 1904	958 930	33, 928 30, 741	67,919 71,687	16, 901 13, 995	59, 460 44, 664	110,313 79,436
CIT	ies c	F 50,00	0 INHA	BITANT	rs or 1	MORE-	TLL IND	USTRIES COMBINED .	AND	SELEC	TED IN	DUSTR	IES.		· ·
AKRON—All industries.	1914 1909 1904	305 246 186	24, 680 15, 831 9, 626	65, 942 36, 263	\$17, 310 8, 936 4, 893	\$66, 062 43, 071 20, 410	\$122, 292 73, 158 33, 559	AKRON —Continued. Foundry and machineshop products.	1914 1909 1904	5 34 26 20	1, 552 969 832	4,352 2,015	\$1, 133 650 488	\$1,699 1,062 1,360	\$3,947 2,248 2,368
Artificial stone products	1914 1909 1904	15 10 3	19 30 22	37 16	13 15 11	16 15 8	44 41 36	Liquors, malt	1914 1909 1904	3 3 3	184 81 63	1,732 1,522	136 57 46	308 170 113	1,352 645 405
Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909 1904	41 25 12	183 90 30	280 105	126 58 18	443 255 47	719 417 76	Lumber and timber products.	1914 1909 1904	6 13 10 7 8	367 319 159	1,280 989	245 191 99	883 437 396	1,326 792 602
Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products.	1914 1909 1904	15 18 22	1, 048 1, 172 1, 362	2, 966 2, 902	612 600 676	515 443 441	1,488 1,491 1,818	Patent medicines and compounds.	1914 1909 1904	6 8 5	4 6 3	10	1 2 2	5 9 5	15. 29 28
Carriages and wagons	1914 1909 1904	8 7 10	100 115 159	194 357	75 68 88	54 78 142	193 236 293	Printing and publishing.	1914 1909 1904	8 37 27 20	800 734 970	1,027 934	534 452 523	685 597 655	1, 938 2, 353 2, 835

¹ Includes "envelopes."
2 Includes "perfumery and cosmetics."
3 Includes "perfumery and cosmetics."
3 Includes "bookbinding and blank-book making;" "engraving, steel and copper plate, including plate printing," and "lithographing."
4 Includes "sausage."
5 Includes "sausage."
6 Includes "automobile repairing; ""engines, steam, gas, and water;" "hardware, saddlery;" and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills."
6 Includes "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills," and "window and door screens."
7 Excludes statistics for one establishment, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
8 Includes "bookbinding and blank-book making" and "lithographing."

TABLE 54.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904—Continued.

Note Center Num
CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE—ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES—Continued. AKRON—Continued Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified. 1914 18 17,468 43,828 512,296 5,065 29,630 49,329 1900 187 1,344 177 1,669 1,524 8925 3,033 5, 1004 1900 187 1,344 18 17,468 43,828 12,296 22,587 29,630 49,329 49,329 49
ARRON—Continued. Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified. Rubber goods, not elsewhere s
Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified. 1914 18 17,468 43,888 12,296 \$49,630 \$49,298 Products. 1909 14 9,015 20,225 5,065 29,630 49,329 Products. 1909 18 17,468 1,540 1909 181 1,340 1909 1,341 1909 1,341 1,340 1909 1,341 1,340 1909 1,341 1,340 1909 1,341 1,340 1
naces. 1009 1904 3 3 302
Tobacco, cigars 914 55 6 33 33 14 Canning and preserving 1914 8 10 378 648 134 772 1,
All other industries 1914 106 2,587 9,278 1,872 12,160 17,821 14,405 1904 70 5,709
Agricultural implements. 1909 204 9,964 27,016 5,719 14,644 28,583 construction and repairs by steam-rail- road companies. 1904 3 3449 282 199 1904 5 528 442 127 401 819 1904 5 525 239 533 1,154 15 1904 190
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Confectionery
Cutlery and tools, not 1914 7 139 184 84 116 293 Coffee and spice, roast-1914 7 227 657 107 1,782 2
Foundry and machine-shop products. $\begin{vmatrix} 1914 & 147 & 2,153 & 3,420 & 1,400 & 2,634 & 8,042 \\ 1909 & 32 & 1,748 & 3,409 & 1,005 & 2,267 & 4,801 \\ 1904 & 25 & 1,225 & \dots & 620 & 1,298 & 2,704 \end{vmatrix}$ $\begin{vmatrix} 1004 & 1004$
Leather goods 1914 27 219 130 133 310 545 1909 3 267 131 116 339 549 2004, not elsewhere 1909 20 632 1,269 292 766 1 1904 3 3 56 27 54 117 2004, not elsewhere 1909 20 632 1,269 292 766 1 1 2004 1 1 2005 1 1 200
Lumber and timber 1914 410 46 272 34 52 128 Copper, tin, and sheet- 1914 948 1,139 1,495 712 3,548 5, 1904 10 80 44 100 202 100 products 1909 37 833 1,154 413 1,633 2.
Printing and publish- 1914 21 251 275 193 305 775 193 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105
Tobacco, cigars
All other industries 1914 130 8, 967 38, 313 6, 408 17, 581 32, 251 1909 94 7, 162 22, 383 4, 209 11, 140 21, 210 1904 73 3, 675 1904 73 3, 675 1904 73 3, 675 1904 73 1, 845 2, 385 5, 801 21, 210 1904 89 18 19
CINCINNATI — All 1914 2,135 59,861 106,689 33,159 114,107 210,860 Flour-mill and grist 1914 7 43 725 35 1,036 1,036 1, 1904 2,171 58,584 27,390 83,258 166,059 1904 2,171 58,584 27,390 83,258 166,059 1904 7 93 40 810
Bags, paper 1914 5 335 603 149 754 1,263 Foundry and machine 1914 10 228 9,055 17,578 5,789 7,741 21, 1909 5 299 320 129 730 1,088 shop products. 1909 200 8,534 12,590 4,985 7,044 18, 1904 5 197 68 401 581 1904 188 8,180
Blacking and cleansing 1904 10 27 46 14 118 281 Furniture and refriger- 1914 52 1,713 3,450 1,007 1,606 and polishing preparations. 1904 68 17 5 35 77 1904 662 2,706 1,327 1,962 4,
Boots and shoes, in- cluding cut stock and findings. 1914 34 7,295 4,195 3,716 8,322 15,329 Hats and caps, other cluding cut stock and findings. 2,563 6,294 11,152 wool. 1914 14 239 29 121 344 wool. 1914 14 239 29 121 344 1909 12 260 33 112 284 11,152 wool. 1904 11 251 87 181
Boxes, cigar
Boxes, fancy and paper. 1914 17 753 570 263 487 1,016 Leather goods 1914 213 416 233 193 928 1, 1909 15 669 218 185 292 679 1904 14 639 153 234 509 1904 616 514 271 725 1,
Brass, bronze, and copper products. 1914 12 556 708 346 506 1,187 Leather, tanned, curling or ried, and finished. 1914 12 755 2,382 474 3,954 5, 1908 1904 7 17 587 309 465 1,108 1909 13 997 2,269 570 3,677 5, 1904 10 976 2,285 3, 1908 1908 1909 19

Includes "automobile repairing;" "bells;" "hardware;" "hardware, saddlery;" "plumbers supplies, not elsewhere specified;" "pumps, steam;" "steam fittings and steam and hot-water heating apparatus;" and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills."

Includes "saddlery and harness;" and "trunks and valiese."

Excludes statistics for one establishment, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

Includes "boxes, wooden packing;" "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills;" and "window and door screens."

Figures do not agree with those published, because it was necessary to revise them in order to include data only for those establishments located within the corporate limits of the city.

Excludes statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

Excludes statistics for one establishment, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

Includes "canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables," and "pickles, preserves, and sauces."

Includes "stamped and enameled ware, not elsewhere specified," and "hinware, not elsewhere specified."

Includes "automobile repairing"; "bells"; "engines, steam, gas, and water"; "gas machines and gas and water meters"; "hardware"; "plumbers' supplies, not elsewhere specified"; "steam fittings and steam and hot-water heating apparatus"; and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills."

TABLE 54.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904—Continued.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-	Num- ber of estab-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse-	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-	Num- ber of estab-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse-	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.
	year.	lish- ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	ssed in the	ousands.		year.	lish- ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	sed in the	usands.
CITIES C	F 50,0	000 INE	IABITA	NTS OF	MORE	E—ALL I	NDUSTR	IES COMBINED AND	SEL	ECTED	INDU	STRIES-	-Contin	ued.	
CINCINNATI—Con. Liquors, malt	1914 1909 1904	20 22 21	1,727 1,578 1,287	13,114 11,416	\$1,549 1,168 938	\$2,944 2,173 1,884	\$10,353 8,874 7,703	CLEVELAND —Con. Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909 1904	224 198 138	1,612 1,229 1,230	1,787 14	\$1,222 804 611	\$3,917 2,722 1,719	\$6, 908 4, 731 2, 982
Lumber and timber products.	1914 1909 1904	1 37 45 43	1,166 1,621 1,503	3,957 6,808	747 863 792	1,818 2,887 2,627	3,246 5,021 5,043	Brick and tile, terra- cotta, and fire-clay products.	1914 1909 1904	10 13 8	703 546 252	2,460 1,965	478 286 141	429 213 84	1,215 769 346
Marble and stone work	1914 1909 1904	27 25 21	327 269 417	1,171 854	214 181 297	268 252 373	750 632 1,001	Carriages and wagons and materials.	1914 1909 1904	30 33 5 32	289 267 343	347 175	219 182 203	271 142 189	696 462 549
Mattresses and spring beds.	1914 1909 1904	10 9 8	84 165 72	200 227	50 74 31	181 223 138	306 394 212	Cars and general shop- construction and re- pairs by steam-rail-	1914 1909 1904	9 6 6	2,877 1,372 1,313	7,838 1,640	2,362 843 757	2,297 1,077 823	4, 958 2, 056 1, 681
Millinery and lace goods	1914 1909 1904	9 11 9	293 428 264	31 59	105 120 85	203 294 158	443 547 324	road companies. Chemicals	1914 1909 1904	6 5 5	653 469 506	2,773 1,840	488 307 308	1,644 978 671	3, 130 1, 866 1, 373
Models and patterns, not including paper patterns.	1914 1909 1904	19 9 15	140 89 71	235 65	92 63 43	48 54 12	239 151 88	Clothing, men's, including shirts.	1914 1909 1904	68 93 6 70	3,590 2,745 1,482	646 346	1,696 1,096 642	4, 516 3, 203 1, 366	9, 546 5, 953 2, 979
Paint and varnish	1914 1909 1904	25 24 23	417 408 270	2,229 1,356	294 215 148	2,784 2,486 2,000	4,517 3,880 2,628	Clothing, women's	1914 1909 1904	106 96 78	6, 955 5, 418 3, 394	1,074 771	3,717 2,903 1,682	8, 266 6, 496 3, 796	16, 243 12, 789 7, 428
Paper goods, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909 1904	2 6 6 4	112 113 39	261 252	59 42 12	290 205 56	474 346 106	Confectionery	1914 1909 1904	21 16 8	990 803 412	1,307 679	388 253 106	2,311 1,553 558	3, 890 2, 852 1, 715
Patent medicines and compounds and drug- gists' preparations.	1914 1909 1904	8 37 50 37	228 202 365	308 404	116 90 122	705 497 439	1,365 1,230 1,412	Cooperage and wooden goods, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909 1904	7 10 9	301 261 167	1,035 533	138 136 89	623 471 234	855 708 392
Printing and publishing	1914 1909 1904	4 307 280 264	4,074 3,866 3,997	6,056 4,671	2,883 2,480 2,317	4,105 3,349 3,218	13,387 11,519 10,321	Copper, tin, and sheet- iron products.	1914 1909 1904	7 71 37 6 19	1,542 1,364 405	$1,422 \\ 1,231$	919 640 213	1,854 1,628 293	3, 865 2, 966 724
Slaughtering and meat packing.	1914 1909 1904	47 55 48	1,126 1,116 878	4,928 3,710	766 669 522	21,567 16,974 11,762	23,245 19,320 13,510	Cutlery and tools, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909 1904	12 15 6 8	1,592 1,444 807	4,031 3,246	952 759 389	831 665 452	3, 684 2, 395 1, 224
Stoves and hot-air fur- naces, including gas and oil stoves.	1914 1909 1904	12 15 11	686 872 614	998 1,086	432 485 329	862 1,013 365	2,091 2,325 1,003	Electrical machinery, apparatus, and sup- plies.	1914 1909 1904	40 40 30	3,326 1,578 1,235	4,831 1,980	1,948 760 548	5,892 1,780 1,099	11, 358 4, 036 2, 653
Tobacco manufactures.	1914 1909 1904	160 208 253	2,087 2,526 3,434	170 247	958 988 1,267	1,797 1,640 2,245	4,121 4,153 5,748	Foundry and machine- shop products.	1914 1909 1904	8 267 231 5 164	22,301 17,915 13,018	39, 107 24, 204	15, 186 10, 485 7, 101	20, 869 15, 324 10, 017	50, 951 37, 443 24, 033
All other industries	1914 1909 1904	436 397 350	10,662 9,768 10,510	22,514 17,898	4,285 5,132 4,720	24, 741 20, 311 15, 133	46,535 40,422 35,123	Furniture	1914 1909 1904	23 25 26	525 467 543	788 578	406 288 345	717 491 346	1,595 1,069 961
CLEVELAND — All industries.	1914 1909 1904	2,148	103, 317 84, 728 64, 041	277, 066 199, 898	67, 351 48, 053 33, 450	198, 493 154, 915 97, 578	352, 418 271, 961 171, 924	Gas and electric fix- tures, and lamps and reflectors.	1914 1909 1904	19 17 67	323 326 289	347 199	222 193 112	529 229 192	974 654 569
Artificial stone products		15 18	118 121 38	177 158	68 76 22	102 92 22	241 233 60	Hats and caps, other than felt, straw, and wool.	1914 1909 1904	8 9 5	122 97 59	17 11	63 43 34	168 102 56	303 199 151
Automobiles, including bodies and parts.	1914 1909 1904	36 32	7,006 6,408 1,800	10, 867 9, 135	5,371 4,023 1,027	14, 732 10, 417 2, 030	27,117 21,404 4,624	Hosiery and knit goods	1914 1909 1904	16 13 6 6	1,341 1,234 1,025	523 407	672 485 348	2,334 1,813 1,061	4,051 2,957 1,957
Blacking and cleansing and polishing prepa- rations.	1914 1909 1904	18 19	46	97 55	26 29 6	162 159 17	375 355 44	Ice, manufactured	1914 1909 1904	6 5 4	166 111 43	3,567 3,266	138 85 33	156 103 45	570 368 195
Boxes, cigar	1914 1909 1904	4 5	54 69 54	35 27	21 19 16	44 43 33	82 97 66	Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	1914 1909 1904	15 14 9	8,149 7,538 8,577	70,844 60,575	6,050 5,150 4,956	24,552 28,039 22,772	33,389 38,463 32,279
Boxes and cartons, paper.	1914 1909 1904	9	708 739 321	489 647	328 266 112	772 627 199	1,468 1,141 421	Jewelry	1914 1909 1904	21 15 5	105 102 47	71 34	79 66 30	74 62 40	232 208 108
Brass and bronze products.	1914 1909 1904	28 28 19	789 801 561	879 872	534 518 310	1,418 1,362 745	2,491 2,568 1,480	Leather goods	1914 1909 1904	9 30 14 5 12	145 125 120			186 133 89	382 271 230

<sup>| 1904 | 19 | 561 | | 310 | 745 | 1,480 || | 1904 | 512 | 120 | | 60 | 89 | 230 |

1</sup> Includes "boxes, wooden packing"; and "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills."

2 Includes "envelopes."

3 Includes "boxbinding and blank-book making"; "engraving, steel and copper plate, including plate printing"; and "lithographing."

4 Includes "boxbinding and blank-book making"; "engraving, steel and copper plate, including plate printing"; and "lithographing."

5 Excludes statistics for two establishment, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

6 Excludes statistics for one establishment, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

7 Includes "stamped and enameled ware, not elsewhere specified;" and "tinware, not elsewhere specified."

8 Includes "automobile repairing;" "engines, steam, gas, and water;" "gas machines and gas and water meters;" "hardware;" "iron and steel, cast-iron pipe;" "plumbles" supplies, not elsewhere specified;" "pumps, power, other than steam;" "steam fittings and steam and hot-water heating apparatus;" and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills."

9 Includes "saddlery and harness;" and "trunks and valises."

TABLE 54.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904—Continued.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age num-	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.
		ments.	ber).		Expre	ssed in th	ousands.			ments.	num- ber).		Expre	ssed in th	ousands.
CITIES	OF 50,	000 INI	HABITA	ANTS OI	R MOR	E—ALL	INDUST	RIES COMBINED AND	SEL	ECTE	UDUI C	STRIES	Contin	ued.	
CLEVELAND—Con. Liquors, distilled	1914 1909 1904	6 4 4	5 1 3	39 14	\$4 1 1	\$10 6 3	\$27 14 13	COLUMBUS—Con. Coffee and spice, roast- ing and grinding.	1914 1909 1904	4 3 3	21 45 44	57 65	\$14 19 22	\$224 329 395	\$302 604 695
Liquors, malt	1914 1909 1904	12 11 9	1,056 744 601	6,554 3,395	805 594 503	1,858 1,484 1,108	6,528 5,124 3,986	Foundry and machine- shop products.	1914 1909 1904	7 59 58 49	2,477 3,012 2,868	4,272 4,148	1,688 1,841 1,550	3, 153 3, 465 3, 393	6,959 7,744 7,008
Lumber and timber products.	1914 1909 1904	1 50 51 2 37	1,501 1,147 1,084	5,280 5,263	1,016 699 622	3,053 2,732 2,516	4,916 4,021 3,820	Furniture and refrigera- tors.	1914 1909 1904	8 8 2 4	328 374 204	686 553	207 189 91	401 405 230	683 747 405
Marble and stone work	1914 1909 1904	19 18 7	206 315 178	684 789	159 192 116	207 197 106	475 468 297	Gas fixtures	1914 1909 1904	4 9 3	134 334 32	88 263	51 141 16	116 371 28	204 770 62
Mattresses and spring beds.	1914 1909 1904	7 6 3	171 150 112	398 178	102 71 47	248 208 140	485 365 239	Ice, manufactured	1914 1909 1904	6 5 4	159 158 93	2,425 1,784	105 91 42	71 68 34	309 253 128
Millinery and lace goods.	1914 1909 1904	12 6 5	496 472 69	350 143	278 190 20	630 726 58	1,150 1,206 117	Leather goods	1914 1909 1904	8 13 11 11	145 128 124	134 127	90 74 74	276 353 223	487 560 433
Models and patterns, not including paper patterns.	1914 1909 1904	24 21 15	166 190 101	252 213	135 123 70	59 51 20	279 251 143	Liquors, malt	1914 1909 1904	5 4 5	596 473 455	3,529 3,045	504 371 369	858 619 816	3, 297 2, 728 2, 134
Paint and varnish	1914 1909 1904	33 24 20	1,062 760 575	3,544 2,624	645 468 304	5,766 3,889 2,625	10,093 6,138 3,700	Lumber and timber products.	1914 1909 1904	9 21 27 20	358 434 305	1,910 1,808	246 264 220	613 758 451	1,088 1,240 799
Patent medicines and compounds and drug- gists' preparations.	1914 1909 1904	* 52 50 30	228 125 52	677 66	119 62 21	640 316 132	2, 140 1, 010 426	Marble and stone work.	1914 1909 1904	7 6 4	42 70 111	75 445	42 47 71	55 75 78	135 169 188
Photo-engraving	1914 1909 1914	5 3 4	67 58 66	31 23	79 50 53	23 36 10	196 144 125	Models and patterns, not including paper patterns.	1914 1909 1904	8 8 5	34 34 12	89 58	29 23 7	9 11 2	59 70 19
Printing and publishing.	1914 1909 1904	4 272 245 5 184	4,002 3,104 2,291	5,154 3,328	3,439 2,009 1,409	4, 155 2, 780 1, 686	13,986 9,635 6,140	Paint and varnish	1914 1909 1904	7 5 2 3	72 55 38	179 141	41 28 19	550 346 155	847 602 282
Slaughtering and meat packing.	1914 1909 1904	6 39 35 19	1,400 1,076 978	3,229 2,570	956 599 566	22,303 15,399 9,338	24,737 17,192 10,616	Patent medicines and compounds and druggists' preparations.	1914 1909 1904	10 23 13 5 9	137 140 163	184 285	59 61 55	311 239 881	1,068 946 3,214
Stoves and furnaces, in- cluding gas and oil stoves.	1914 1909 1904	27 20 17	2,911 1,843 1,527	2,981 1,899	1,871 1,155 857	4,261 2,286 1,535	8,621 4,977 3,005	Printing and publishing	1914 1909 1904	11 107 91 76	1,026 901 847	1,283 879	712 592 516	950 689 475	3,528 2,660 1,916
Tobacco manufactures	1914 1909 1904	233 254 257	1,549 1,866 1,389	42 29	775 734 581	1,093 1,047 646	2,666 2,769 1,916	Slaughtering and meat packing.	1914 1909 1904	12 7 6 4	204 130 69	606 365	121 101 49	2,984 1,964 737	3,211 2,354 852
Wall plaster	1914 1909 1904	.3 3 3	58 56 45	265 270	40 32 25	255 123 66	385 205 145	Stoves and furnaces, in- cluding gas and oil stoves.	1914 1909 1904	7 10 10	234 294 255	261 377	190 173 132	371 310 190	852 722 497
All other industries	1914 1909 1904	432 384 302	22,111 19,221 16,917	90, 133 64, 422	13, 140 10, 312 8, 054	54,266 43,711 28,641	85, 165 69, 429 46, 015	Tobacco, cigars	1914 1909 1904	31 35 47	264 223 220	1	83 81 70	92 155 107	250 436 349
COLUMBUS—All industries.	1914 1909 1904	643 586 459	17,236 16,428 14,350	35, 522 35, 780	11,177 8,892 7,287	30,636 25,204 19,244	57,608 49,032 39,530	All other industries	1914 1909 1904	226 202 151	8,508 6,277 4,733	17,366 20,002	5,617 3,264 2,348	14,540 10,103 6,092	26, 272 18, 091 11, 536
Artificialstone products	1914 1909 1904	9 5 3	19 25 21	121 38	14 17 10	27 23 14	66 57 33	DAYTON —All industries.	1914 1909 1904	523 513 431	24,061 21,549 17,093	51,809 31,501	14,076 12,451 8,693	32,954 27,528 18,505	71,071 60,378 39,597
Boots and shoes	1914 1909 1904	7 8 8	1,725 2,479 2,306	889 845	876 1,076 926	3,537 3,224 3,055	5, 224 5, 436 5, 425	Boxes, cigar	1914 1909 1904	3 3 3	80 86 105	98 358	28 23 27	57 47 45	90 85 106
Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909 1904	75 58 20	545 435 299	1,106 75	351 222 143	1,153 1,092 618	2,119 1,765 997	Boxes and cartons, paper.	1914 1909 1904	5 5 5	518 540 386	408 376	196 196 114	460 486 379	863 932 743
Carriages and wagons	1914 1909 1904	9 14 20	208 407 1,151	261 477	137 217 557	345 605 1,270	648 1,078 2,558	Brass and bronze prod- ucts.	1914 1909 1904	8 7 2 4	95 210 189	115 340	69 145 109	207 213 111	332 481 337

¹ Includes "boxes, wooden packing;" "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills;" and "window and door screens."

2 Excludes statistics for one establishment, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

3 Includes "perfumery and cosmetics."

4 Includes "bookbinding and blank-book making;" "engraving, steel and copper plate, including plate printing;" and "lithographing."

5 Excludes statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

6 Includes "sausage."

7 Includes "sausage."

7 Includes "automobile repairing;" "hardware;" "iron and steel, cast-iron pipe;" "plumbers' supplies, not elsewhere specified;" "pumps, power, other than steam;" "steam fittings and steam and hot-water heating apparatus"; and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills."

8 Includes "saudlery and harness" and "trunks and vallises."

9 Includes "boxes, wooden packing;" and "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills."

10 Includes "boxes, wooden packing;" and "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills."

11 Includes "boxes, wooden packing;" and "lithographing."

TABLE 54.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904—Continued.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-	Num- ber of estab-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse-	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-	Num- ber of estab-	Wage earners (aver- age	horse-	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.
	year.	lish- ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expre	ssed in th	ousands.		year.	lish- ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	sed in the	ousands.
CITIES	OF 50,	000 IN	HABIT.	ANTS O	R MOR	E—ALL	INDUST	RIES COMBINED ANI	SEL	ECTEI) INDU	STRIES	-Contin	ued.	
DAYTON—Con. Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909 1904	64 65 47	491 350 262	651 401	\$290 187 112	\$1,213 949 538	\$2,013 1,531 861	TOLEDO—Con. Carriages and wagons and materials.	1914 1909 1904	16 16 21	494 514 825	1,463 1,283	\$347 257 399	\$508 609 932	\$1,188 1,317 1,756
Carriages and wagons and materials.	1914 1909 1904	16 17 18	241 374 383	696 697	141 203 167	290 347 254	459 802 566	Cars and general shop construction and re- pairs by steam-rail-	1914 1909 1904	6 4 5	814 1, 198 868	1,254 935	596 634 465	534 674 832	1,202 1,427 1,367
Clothing, men's, includ- ing shirts.	1914 1909 1904	4 4 4	147 196 204	148 125	63 71 66	138 209 167	277 354 315	road companies. Clothing, women's	1914 1909 1904	13 13 11	892 1,150 638	200 155	515 492 251	1,410 1,375 804	2,434 2,323 1,448
Confectionery	1914 1909 1904	11 11 8	175 142 107	159 50	74 51 33	219 196 90	405 339 189	Confectionery	1914 1909 1904	12 12 10	184 146 141	290 105	81 51 34	507 235 135	778 411 262
Copper, tin, and sheet- iron work.	1914 1909 1904	11 11 6	72 63 71	51 50	43 44 44	81 88 65	178 178 153	Cooperage and wooden goods, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909 1904	8 10 510	85 116 30	75 145	38 52 15	104 106 53	189 195 83
Foundry and machine- shop products.	1914 1909 1904	1 71 69 50	3,424 3,585 3,223	5, 862 5, 576	2,119 2,033 1,714	2,944 2,800 2,268	6,859 6,778 5,539	Copper, tin, and sheet- iron products.	1914 1909 1904	635 37 320	698 547 180	713 265	465 282 94	1,020 649 198	2,029 1,303 484
Furniture	1914 1909 1904	10 10 6	400 423 427	667 795	210 200 193	285 287 256	825 744 738	Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies.	1914 1909 1904	11 7 4	918 416 98	1,155 248	397 168 35	1,821 289 45	3,230 932 130
Lumber and timber products.	1914 1909 1904	² 12 11 3 11	576 512 458	1,799 1,650	416 325 273	1, 151 878 720	1,899 1,417 1,241	Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909 1904	6 7 8	234 204 195	3,345 3,510	187 140 115	5, 277 4, 931 3, 237	5,815 5,662 3,676
Marble and stone work	1914 1909 1904	4 6 3	14 41 27	30 80	11 33 23	14 39 22	36 95 65	Foundry and machine- shop products.	1914 1909 1904	⁷ 67 75 50	3, 796 3, 191 2, 895	6,679 6,931	2,674 1,905 1,566	3, 137 3, 161 2, 491	7,855 7,024 5,190
Models and patterns, not including paper patterns.	1914 1909 1904	7 5 5	37 31 18	100 44	26 20 7	- 8 5 5	50 35 22	Furniture	1914 1909 1904	16 23 12	374 580 433	740 884	231 303 220	299 545 338	$1, 128 \\ 660$
Printing and publishing.	1914 1909 1904	4 50 45 3 40	680 630 521	1,045 1,078	459 386 261	560 440 310	1,774 1,552 1,019	Leather goods	1914 1909 1904	810 4 3	69 88 88	42 36	38 35 38	92 78 113	184 139 209
Slaughtering and meat packing.	1914 1909 1904	9 10 7	275 245 110	669 484	193 145 55	3,846 2,636 1,144	4,831 3,171 1,310	Liquors, malt	1914 1909 1904	4 4 6	396 312 262	2,541 1,631	330 250 222	724 452 499	2,475 1,887 1,610
Tobacco, cigars	1914 1909 1904	44 56 60	1,582 1,428 1,287	115 52	533 487 425	905 831 576	2,055 1,893 1,455	Lumber and timber products.	1914 1909 1904	9 21 28 23	486 585 502	2,141 2,480	333 286 260	1,054 $1,111$ $1,260$	1,747 1,793 1,784
Tools, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909 1904	8 4 3	52 40 19	112 59	34 21 10	13 7 3	76 62 18	Marble and stone work	1914 1909 1904	8 6 7	63 62 77	227 142	57 43 60	197 108 134	331 217 263
All other industries	1914 1909 1904	186 174 151	15, 202 12, 653 9, 296	39, 084 19, 286	9, 171 7, 881 5, 060	20, 563 17, 070 11, 552	48, 049 39, 929 24, 920	Models and patterns, not including paper patterns.	1914 1909 1904	6 7 4	16 16 11	33 29	15 9 6	4 5 5	29 24 17
SPRINGFIELD—All industries.	1914 1909 1904	253 195 157	7,868 7,405 6,258	13, 113 10, 179	5,328 3,985 3,253	13, 704 8, 919 5, 762	27,722 19,246 13,382	Paints	1914 1909 1904	5 5 5	40 34 32	186 150	23 20 18	122 158 139	267 252 225
TOLEDO.—All industries.	1914 1909	713 760	27, 076 18, 878	53,369 43,946	18, 124 9, 911	70, 494 34, 084	115,049 61,230	Patent medicines and compounds and drug- gists' preparations.	1914 1909 1904	10 31 51 8 26	51 76 44	102 154	29 36 1 5	125 149 74	453 540 343
Boxes and cartons, paper.	1904 1914 1909	597 3 5	15, 697 64 97	77 78	8, 099 29 26	25, 466 55 58	44,501 111 103	Printing and publishing.	1914 1909 1904	11 88 72 56	889 763 637	1,095 866	670 480 360	858 523 414	2,991 2,004 1,451
Bread and other bakery products.	1904 1914 1909 1904	76 88 64	59 579 468 443	541 314	370 260 205	1, 253 959 724	76 2,307 1,598 1,268	Wall plaster	1914 1909 1904	4 6 5	24 45 32	95 380	15 25 20	60 130 81	110 221 140
Brick and tile, terra- cotta, and fire-clay products.	1914 1909 1904	5 8 10	193 172 221	558 675	140 80 117	103 35 48	321 177 259	All other industries	1914 1909 1904	262 272 233	15, 717 8, 098 6, 986		10,544 4,077 3,570	51, 230 17, 744 12, 867	-

¹ Includes "engines, steam, gas, and water;" "gas machines and gas and water meters;" "hardware;" "plumbers' supplies, not elsewhere specified;" "pumps, steam and other power;" "steam fittings and steam and hot-water heating apparatus;" and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills."

2 Includes "boxes, wooden packing," and "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with saw mills."

3 Excludes statistics of one establishment to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

4 Includes "bookbinding and blank-book making" and "lithographing,"

5 Excludes statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

6 Includes "stamped ware, not elsewhere specified," and "tinware, not elsewhere specified."

7 Includes "automobile repairing", "engines, steam, gas, and water"; "hardware"; "plumber's supplies, not elsewhere specified;" and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works, or rolling mills."

8 Includes "addlery and harness" and "trunks and valiese."

9 Includes "saddlery and harness" and "trunks and valiese."

10 Includes "boxs, wooden packing"; "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills"; and "window and door screens."

10 Includes "boxs, wooden packing"; "lumber, planing-mill products, not including plate printing"; and "lithographing."

TABLE 54.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904—Continued.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	estab-			Wages	Cost of materials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age num-	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost of materials.	Value of prod- ucts.
· .		ments	ber).		Expre	ssed in tl	housands.			ments.	ber).		Expres	sed in th	ousands.
CITIES	OF 50,0	000 INI	HABITA	ANTS OI	R MOR	E—ALL	INDUST	RIES COMBINED AND	SEL	ECTED	INDU	STRIES-	-Contin	ied.	
YOUNGSTOWN — All industries.	1914 1909 1904	201 115 113	15,861 10,498 8,095	196,665 140,907	\$12,349 7,835 5,460	\$69,077 62,292 35,183	\$92,111 81,271 46,853	YOUNGSTOWN— Continued. Lumber, planing-mill products, not includ-	1914 1909	12 8	343 199	1, 246 615	\$280 135	\$522 654	\$1,01 0
Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909 1904	43 22 11	130 65 48	115 23	83 38 30	316 133 86	620 249 153	ing planing mills con- nected with sawmills. Printing and publishing	1904 1914	10 21	208 243	303	137 181	431 178	953 763 792 454
Foundry and machine- shop products.	1914 1909 1904	1 19 15 2 13	2,040 1,153 909	8,492 2,674	1,580 800 566	4,442 2,702 1,020	7, 235 4, 865 2, 079	All other industries	1909 1904 1914	13 10 98	164 152 5,510	73, 444	109 121 3,830	128 69 23,756	284 33,658
Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	1914 1909 1904	8 7 7	7,595 6,650 4, 630	113,065 75,530	6,395 5,204 3,350	39, 863 39, 969 23, 000	48,796 50,175 29,738		1909 1904	50 62	2, 267 2, 148	61,877	1,549 1,256	18, 706 10, 577	24,575 13,836
•			CITI	ES OF 10	,000 ТО	50,000 IN	NHABITA	NTS—ALL INDUSTRIE	es co	MBINE	D,				,
ALLIANCE	1914 1909	52 44	2,333 2,524	4,678 3,453	\$1,617 1,462	\$3,656 2,853	\$7,175 6,135	MARIETTA	1914 1909 1904	71 66 73	1,401 1,288 1,314	3, 117 2, 742	\$844 594 610	\$2,383 1,787 1,366	\$4, 129 3, 215 2, 599
ASHTABULA	1914 1909 1904	57 44 36	1,868 1,471 846	7,327 2,379	1,345 814 456	2,825 2,084 996	5,021 3,459 1,895	Marion	1914 1909 1904	66 55 47	2,577 2,619 1,721	5,575 3,686	1,512 1,405 865	2,562 2,577 1,352	6,385 5,667 3,228
Bellaire	1914 1909	40 36	2,603 2,597	14,390 17,790	1,566 1,412	9,278 7,159	12,170 10,092	Massillon	1914 1909	70 56	1,768 1,934	5,544 4,730	1,166 1,127	2,719 2,290	5, 293 4, 788
Cambridge	1914 1909 1914	39 32 46	1,455 1,230 1,557	5,742 5,055 4,765	1,112 919 852	2,340 2,885 2,571	3, 924 4, 291 4, 083	Middletown	1904 1914 1909	52 63 41	1,995 . 4,003 2,576	35,328 9,304	1, 158 2, 888 1, 389	1,582 10,580 7,950	3, 707 21, 787 16, 517
East Liverpool	1909 1904 1914	57 64 80	1,674 1,553 4,830	3,558 6,051	707 570 2,935	3, 038 1, 928 2, 842	4,345 3,147 7,093	NEWARK	1914 1909 1904	79 72 78	4,583 3,913 3,627	8,071 8,630	2,969 1,958 2,130	3,574 3,982 2,433	9, 27 7 7, 851 5, 61 3
•	1909 1904	82 81	4,873 5,228	5,528	2,764 2,703	2,521 2,107	6,629 6,437	Norwood	1914 1909	58 49	5,808 3,907	9,865 6,381	3, 614 2, 081	7, 217 4, 021	16, 724 9, 684
ELYRIAFINDLAY	1914 1909 1914	63 58 78	2,735 2,673 1,737	10,814 9,058 3,561	1,759 1,573 778	5,016 4,495 2,791	8,792 8,065 4,663	PIQUA	1914 1909 1904	78 82 76	2,777 2,683 2,044	5,721 5,062	1,508 1,292 947	4,554 3,852 1,908	7,988 6,931 4,036
Hamilton	1909 1904 1914	74 71 129	1,376 1,343 6,043	2,574 16,767	574 625 3,565	2, 094 1, 579 9, 015	3,487 2,925 16,877	PORTSMOUTH	1914 1909 1904	76 75 81	3,597 3,728 4,072	5,099 4,028	1,751 1,459 1,479	4,079 3,894 3,520	7, 682 7, 277 6, 645
	1909 1904	125 113	6, 895 6, 107	22,563	3,798 3,321	9,640 6,384	18, 184 13, 811	Sandusky	1914 1909	107 91	2,727 2,118	7,415 4,856	1,686 1,006	4,059 2,835	8, 285 5, 947
IRONTON	1914 1909 1904	59 63 57	1,420 1,920 1,800	15,147 15,548	721 888 824	3, 294 4, 994 3, 423	4,666 7,118 4,755	STEUBENVILLE	1904 1914 1909	93 60 55	2,323 - 4,506 4,267	36,731 37,748	1,028 3,430 3,203	2,136 11,432 14,443	4,879 16,959 21,187
Lima	1914 1909 1914	53 42 97	1,583 1,532 4.876	2,874 2,453 7,518	790 677 3,178	3, 287 3, 051 6, 369	4,603 4,074 11,599	Tiffin	1904 1914 1909	72 76 75	2,177 1,632	4,464 3,257	2,328 1,410 828	8, 243 2, 392 1, 252	12,370 4,996 3,254
	1909 1904 1914	85 77	3,607 2,733	3, 264	2,024 1,322	3,869 2,255	7,754 4,828	Warren	1904 1914	87 82	1,645 . 2,862	5,747	664 1, 933	1,000 6.355	2,435 10,400
Lorain	1909 1904	66 57 43	6, 436 6, 697 3, 102	211, 182 208, 992	4,660 4,788 2,832	17, 929 24, 222 9, 708	29, 110 38, 987 14, 491	ZANESVILLE	1909 1914 1909	97 3 108	1,798 3,035 2,932	5,530 7,064 7,783	1.685	3,064 5,246 5,056	5, 988 8, 300 8, 020
Mansfield	1914 1909 1904	103 121 109	3,398 3,204 3,021	6,637 5,077	2,029 1,472 1,309	4,772 4,356 3,523	10, 282 8, 173 7, 354		1904	99	3,098		1,582 1,590	3, 291	6, 347

¹ Includes "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills."
2 Excludes statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
3 Figures do not agree with those published, because it was necessary to revise them in order to include data only for those establishments located within the corporate limits of the city.

TABLE 55.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

				PERSO	NS EN	GAGED	IN THE I	NDUSTRY.			EARNERS REPRESI				
	Num-			Sala- ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wage earne	ers.		16 and	over.	Unde	er 16.	
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	ber of estab- lish-	Matel	Pro- prie- tors	offi- cers, su-				Number, 15	oth day of—						Capital.
	ments.		firm mem- bers.	perin- tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	Aver- age num- ber.	Maximum month.	Minimum month.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male	

THE STATE—ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES.

_	T	HE ST	ATEA	רון און און	DUST	PRIES	COM	BINED	AND	SPEC	CIFIED	IND	USTRI	ES.		•		
1	Allindustries	15,658	606, 807	13,624	18,958	46,357	17,433	510, 435	Mh	534, 537	De 476	3,841	(3)	(8)	(8)	(3)	.(a)	\$1 ,677,551,633
2 3 4 5 6	Agricultural implements	59 8 16 403	6,543 242 50 1,605	27 1 11 499 31	194 15 5 89	724 5 8 37	134 5 4 26 78	5,464 216 22 954	Fe De Ap Je	6,793 282 26 1,276	Ja Au 4 Fe	132 172 20 575	5,621 283 24 1,119	5,589 265 23 1,116	23 18 1 3	9		31,524,254 519,037 35,291 1,759,146
7 8 9 10 11 12	Automobiles oddes and parts Automobile repairing. Repair work only. Vulcanizing Awnings, tents, and sails Bags, paper		4,635 16,521 346 338 8 799 741	3 97 92 5 23	270 18 18 18 45 33	282 1,226 5 5 5 80 42	398 11 11 36 20	4,128 14,624 215 212 3 615 646	De Jy Jy 4 My Oc	4,670 16,751 228 223 5 842 683	Jy 12, Ja Ja De 4 No	990 187 185 4 453 621	4, 125 17, 155 234 230 4 576 624	3,963 16,864 233 229 4 262 303	280 1 1 1 299 315	11	14	7,151,788 60,002,615 392,638 386,506 6,132 1,244,762 1,648,306
13 14 15 16 17	Baking powders and yeast. Baskets, and rettan and willow ware. Belting, leather. Billiard tables and materials. Blacking, stains, and dressings.	8 34 10 5	72 689 125 49 58	5 42 4 17	7 21 20 3 6	13 5 17 5 10	5 4 10 1 5	42 617 78 36 20	My Jy Ja Mh Mh	48 705 88 50	Se 4	37 534 71 24 19	43 659 79 50 22	16 469 78 48 16	27 190 1 2 6			102, 440 317, 885 607, 349 72, 073 68, 206
18 19 20 21 22	Blueing Bookbinding and blank-book making Boots and shoes Boxes, cigar Boxes, fancy and paper	4 60 62 26 49	1, 268 15, 995 492 2, 799	66 18 30 31	318 10 127	84 717 6 119	97 481 3 66	5 977 14,461 443 2,456	Fe No	7 1,030 16,147 465 2,603	Ap 11, Au	3 942 432 423 281	5 946 15,016 449 2,327	5 567 8,756 172 816	372 6,129 274 1,501	3 77 1 4	4 54 2 6	19,980 2,044,094 21,542,379 410,176 3,077,700
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Boxes, wooden packing. Brass, bronze, and copper products. Brass, bronze, and copper. Aluminum castings. Bread and bakery products. Biscuits and crackers. All other.	94 84 79 5 1,634 11 1,623	1,609 2,768 2,391 377 10,980 1,417 9,563	88 59 57 2 1,838 1,837	55 146 135 11 233 30 203	50 203 180 23 850 197 653	19 83 76 7 394 73 321	1,397 2,277 1,943 334 7,665 1,116 6,549	Ap Ap Se	1,461 2,573 2,158 415 7,846 1,160 6,711	Ja 7, 1 My 1,	096 757 252	1,385 2,115 1,786 329 7,836 1,084 6,752	1,321 2,086 1,766 320 6,202 589 5,613	54 29 20 9 1,604 495 1,109	10 25 25	5	2,095,438 5,975,522 5,449,987 525,535 15,354,756 2,877,107 12,477,649
30 31 32 33 34 35	Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and fire- clay products. Building brick. Sewer pipe, draintile, etc. Fire brick, stove lining, etc. Tile, other than drain. Architectural and fireproofing terra cotta.	450 166 227 26 7 24	17,826 7,388 4,922 1,720 1,858 1,938	363 96 261 4 2	568 279 125 62 40 62	476 143 134 49 97 53	181 61 44 13 52 11	16, 238 6, 809 4, 358 1, 592 1, 667 1, 812	Jy Jy Ap Ja Se	7,904 5,045 1,725 1,750 1,915	Fe 13, 3 Fe 4, 9 Ja 3, 4 De 1, 6 Au 1, 8 De 1, 6	948 554 401 583 681	7,448 5,122 1,495 1,671 1,845	7, 433 5, 112 1, 490 1, 118 1, 845	564 5 2 4 553	10 8 1		42, 356, 256 17, 589, 171 11, 832, 929 4, 071, 214 3, 903, 372 4, 959, 570
36 37 38 39 40 41	Brushes. Butter Buttons. Canning and preserving, fruits and vegetables. Carpets, rag.	77 16 143 9 96	485 835 1,727 172 1,936	85 9 236 7 76	18 37 118 6 88	29 61 133 1 85	51 141 1 33	345 677 1,099 157 1,654	Ja.	730 1, 225 212 6, 385	Jy 6 Fe 1,0 Au Fe 3	318 635 004 42 305	368 664 1,075 201 6,005	326 518 1,031 175 3,579	146 44 26 2,387	24	15	431, 429 1, 310, 729 3, 736, 633 96, 541 4, 234, 478 112, 382
42 43 44 45 46	Carriage and wagon materials	64 7 277 246 31	2,889 1,375 4,410 4,216 194	27 1 312 274 38	121 29 239 234 5	99 46 305 297 8	70 32 129 127 2	2,572 1,267 3,425 3,284 141	Ap My Ap	2, 977 1, 402 3, 794 3, 648	No 2,2 De 1,0 No 2,9 No 2,8	257 019 063	2, 444 1, 129 3, 286 3, 145 141	2, 295 1, 062 3, 199 3, 058 141	143 64 84 84	4 2 3	2 1	6, 529, 254 1, 828, 004 11, 199, 573 10, 998, 754 200, 819
47	Cars and general shop construction and repairs by electric-railroad companies.	48	1,963		63	20	1	1,879			De 1,7	- 11	1,789	1,763	26			4, 066, 813
48 49	Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies. Cars, electric-railroad, not including	88	1,013		334	42	29	21,639	Se 2		Je 20,2	l l		21,081	19			16, 912, 157
50	operations of railroad companies. Cars, steam-railroad, not including operations of railroad companies.	5	3,085	•••••	51	142	7	916 2,885	Ja 3	'	De 2,0	008	969 2,983	966 2,978	[- 1	3, 017, 199 7, 080, 427
51 52 53 54 55	Cement Charcoal. Cheese. Chemicals. China decorating, not including that done in potteries.	7 7 129 29 5	904 27 224 2,387 30	11 118 7 18	17 2 7 102	28 2 203	10 58	849 14 97 2,017 12	Se	17 160 2,158	De 4	717 7 34 96 4	857 17 143 1,996 18	857 17 142 1,962 3	34		1	3, 970, 921 11, 894 230, 821 13, 847, 986 25, 310
56 57 58 59	Cleansing and polishing preparations. Cleansing preparations. Polishing preparations. Cloth, sponging and refinishing	42 32 10 7	231 178 53 65	39 33 6 11 .	27 19 8	56 42 14 1	25 18 7 2	84 66 18 51	Ap Ap Mh Jy 4	79 24	Au 4	70 55 15 45	82 66 16 48	57 45 12 48	25 21 4			257, 866 163, 679 94, 187 22, 956
60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67	Clothing, men's Regular factories Men's and youths' Boys' Contract work Men's and youths' Boys' Clothing, men's, buttonholes	224 102 96 6 122 116 6 10	10, 208 8, 055 7, 619 436 2, 153 2, 071 82 98	263 129 118 11 134 126 8 13	174 154 152 2 20 20	756 745 729 16 11 11	324 315 302 13 9	6,318 394 1,979 1,905	Mh 6	7,122 5,720 408 2,104 1,991	Ja 1,86 Ja 1,78 Oc (83 61 63 66	8,839 6,738 6,310 428 2,101 2,027 74 75	2,532 2,483 49	5, 732 4, 193 3, 814 379 1, 539 1, 482 57 61	12 6 6 6	45 7 7 38 38	13, 205, 410 12, 971, 340 12, 616, 201 355, 139 234, 070 228, 115 5, 955 11, 113

¹ Owned power only.

² Includes rented power, other than electric.

OR MORE, BY INDUSTRIES, AND FOR CITIES OF 10,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1914.

			EXPE	ISES.								POW	ER.		
Officials Ci	s and wa	wage earners.	For contract work.		Taxes, including internal revenue and corporation income.	For ma	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	Value added by manu- facture.	Total.	Primary Steam en- gines.1	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines.2	Water wheels and mo- tors.1	Electric (rented).	Electric horse-power generated in establishments reporting.

THE STATE-ALL	. INDUSTRIES	COMBINED	AND	SPECIFIED	INDUSTRIES.

				STATE	22.55		-			1					1	ī
\$44, 539, 229	\$60, 725, 607	\$317, 923, 813	\$5,437,438	\$6,193,463	\$31,240,400	\$961, 446, 203	\$59, 335, 812		\$762, 026, 264		1, 541, 212			283, 514	539, 486	1
497, 852 41, 902	816, 868 7, 414	3, 826, 047 121, 694	3, 981	17, 995 520	164, 932 2, 841	7, 584, 246 233, 648	225, 539 11, 211	17, 484, 615 515, 346	9, 674, 830 270, 487	11,677 592	7,796	2,147 260 4	15 	1,719 332 10	5,716 117 13	2 3 4
5, 725 82, 476	7, 414 7, 062 33, 273	16,690 534,680	689 23, 854	5,748 16,676	316 11, 796 83, 132	16, 279 735, 661 4, 292, 875	27, 662 166, 300	104, 391 1, 946, 139 9, 556, 097	87,623 1,182,816 5,096,922	2, 949 10, 972	1,136 2,216	1,344 346		469 8, 410	50 713	5 6
287, 830 1, 058, 020	361, 374 1, 695, 265	1, 925, 174 11, 485, 765	5, 471 15, 262	61, 667 26, 820	324, 700	50, 304, 905	566, 417	76, 154, 488	25, 283, 166	19, 277	6,952	1,356		10,969	3,857	7 8
20,300	6, 822 6, 822	151, 557 149, 547	1,318 1,318	23, 868 22, 980	3,066 3,040	113, 870 112, 541	7,747 7,422	471, 360 456, 546	349, 743 336, 583 13, 160	548 539 9	98 98	322 322		128 119 9	20 20	9
91, 782	118, 320	2,010 299,042 304,953	938	888 20,530 30,700	26 7, 848 14, 468	1, 329 1, 261, 152 1, 814, 213	325 8,984 17,066	14, 814 2, 130, 707 2, 893, 011	860, 571 1, 061, 732	348 853	550	44 110		304 193	414	11 12
96, 916 18, 474	60, 961 36, 694	21,527		4, 635	1,550	246, 754	1,520	415, 869	167, 595 336, 673	227 1,148	60 1,091	125 55		42 2	57	13 14
18, 474 21, 099 45, 303 11, 200	2, 963 24, 790	222, 839 56, 030	2,000 128	2,396 5,941	1, 992 5, 836 847	137, 852 539, 593 67, 961	6,558 3,122 511	481, 083 729, 572 113, 918	186, 857 45, 446	216 120	60		55	101 10	12	15 16
11, 200	4, 664 22, 187	18, 780 15, 276	200	2, 520 2, 760	670	88, 673	960	178, 545	88, 912	23	4	5		14	2.1	17 18
89,040	121, 512	1,558 534,364	300 9,199	324 41, 475	49 15, 798	10, 921 983, 687	19, 275	15, 830 2, 831, 673 32, 773, 922 627, 669	4,816 1,828,711	758 9,813	5,970	27 1, 945		731 1,898	3,792	19 20
799, 494 10, 873	1, 447, 851 6, 073	7, 029, 581 161, 285	44, 808 156 261	142, 070 18, 024 78, 371	147, 701 2, 710 22, 611	19, 099, 194 329, 682 2, 045, 142	148, 402 9, 776 41, 473	627, 669 4, 060, 322	13, 526, 326 288, 211 1, 973, 707	564 1,941	272 675	147 410	60	145 796	60 223	21 22
218, 265 91, 522	124, 425 59, 929	961, 283 716, 256	3,443	29,722	21,049	2, 027, 506	31, 433 132, 449		1, 296, 881	5, 499	4,076	790 546		633 1,031	332 910	23 24
91, 522 326, 920 296, 387	311, 439 278, 339	1, 557, 484 1, 324, 685	2, 595 2, 595	36, 347 28, 897	43, 692 39, 564	4, 057, 096 3, 557, 416 499, 680	132, 449 107, 585 24, 864	3, 355, 820 7, 843, 092 6, 920, 170 922, 922	3, 653, 547 3, 255, 169 308, 378	4, 393 4, 061 332	2,816 2,816	546		699 332	910	25 26
30, 533 458, 826 86, 915	33, 100 1, 055, 208 279, 584	232, 799 4, 782, 765 480, 293	2,584	7, 450 391, 396 12, 610	4, 128 137, 853 22, 849	16, 728, 290 1, 944, 924	566, 883 48, 174	30,560,881	3, 255, 169 398, 378 13, 265, 708 1, 792, 684	8, 978 894	2,289 386	1,171	9	5,509 508	839 182	27 28
371, 911	775, 624	4, 302, 472	2, 584	378, 786	115,004	14, 783, 366	518, 709	26, 775, 099	11, 473, 024 16, 167, 536	8, 084 67, 161	1, 903 58, 658	1,171 4,147	9	5,001 4,356	657 3,590	29 30
1,025,856	692, 971	9, 797, 888	45, 404	30,931	264, 687 107, 233	3, 401, 590 1, 031, 219	3, 806, 563 1, 880, 809	23, 375, 689 9, 278, 862	6, 366, 834	29, 992	26,740	1,158		2,094	1,072 1,073	31
458,175 226,702 120,287	177, 546 167, 359 68, 424	4, 190, 319 2, 627, 822 935, 610	24, 757 15, 468 152	15, 454 1, 556 13, 201	87, 194 25, 917	826, 743 499, 098	1, 101, 917 266, 994	9, 278, 862 6, 887, 344 2, 317, 959	4, 958, 684	20, 976 6, 808	19,311 5,180	1,151 720		514 908 505	463	32 33 34 35
98, 531 122, 161	223, 109 56, 533	927, 992 1, 116, 145	5, 027	720	21, 474 22, 869	778, 407 266, 123	229, 996 326, 847	2, 790, 543 2, 100, 981	1,551,867 1,782,140 1,508,011	3, 030 6, 355	1,480 5,947	1,045 73		335	820 162	1
14, 296	23, 689	155, 485	150	4, 405	3, 514	446, 271	7, 254	840, 144	386, 619	377	15	237	2	123		36
99,970 184,018	104, 635 218, 976	297, 510 822, 637	381 21, 119	4, 670 48, 352	10, 232 33, 547	721, 219 12, 308, 345	10,763 110,320	1,544,399 14,938,608 155,529	812, 417 2, 519, 943 87, 523	848 5, 441 107	435 3, 139 52	1,009 25		371 1,293 30	50 193	37 38 39
6,389 108,151	1, 906 113, 363	63, 683 576, 783	544	3, 740 11, 314	22, 487	66, 334 3, 080, 735	1,672 44,067	4, 729, 692	1,604,890	4, 979	4,170	543		266	173	40
10,095	4, 322	56, 252	ļ	3, 955	703	26,389	4,068	153, 441	122, 984	325	66	191		68	444	41
268, 518 79, 067	151, 791 63, 217	1, 505, 247 761, 517	2, 213	39, 172 10, 869	51, 610 12, 225	3, 614, 474 1, 094, 754	96, 729 25, 997	6, 488, 372 2, 426, 231	2,777,169 1,305,480 4,854,318	7, 759 1, 049 5, 622	6,777 195 2,857	150 1,210		704 1.555	55 1, 494	43
451,780 441,340	389, 264 387, 064 2, 200	2,334,201 2,242,219 91,982	13, 733 13, 455 278	101, 728 90, 466 11, 262	81, 940 79, 668 2, 272	4, 748, 498 4, 666, 862 81, 636	101, 261 97, 153 4, 108	9, 704, 077 9, 428, 086 275, 991	4, 664, 071 190, 247	5, 461 161	2, 849 8	1,155 55		1,457 98	1, 494	45 46
10, 440 66, 039	14,738	1, 228, 041	1,840	5	45, 379	1, 025, 145	52, 261	2, 385, 584	1,308,178	3,687	1,350			2,337	1, 251	47
460, 175	1, 128, 504	9, 470, 620	2,422		54, 559	15, 321, 654	732,067	33, 286, 205	17, 232, 484	31, 389	26, 516	757	175	3,941	14, 525	48
400,173								2 504 162	1,304,833	4,213	2,165	100000		2,048	618	49
112, 226	57,613	612, 244	52, 619	15, 880	28, 435 56, 472	2, 263, 183 8, 433, 897	26, 147 124, 397	3, 594, 163 11, 795, 726	3, 237, 432	6,420	4,090	920		1,410	5, 086	
191,595	195, 071	2, 433, 894		17,444							5, 395	80		1,500	3,390	51
44, 354 565	58, 152 339	520, 893 2, 477	21, 662 1, 350	90 85	17, 973	421,079 9,171	469, 251 274 7, 234	2, 111, 574 17, 333 1, 175, 447	1, 221, 244 7, 888 130, 472	6, 975 534	488	46				. 52 . 53
2, 905 319, 797	1,533 259,975	68, 276 1, 460, 439 6, 367	1,000	3, 149 12, 300 498	1,344 109,303 176	1,037,741 5,640,856 10,125	1, 085, 137	11,388,140 20,200	4, 662, 147 9, 740	18, 751	17,717	487		547	3,232	54 55
						67 1 12		619, 017	260 433	214	50	79		. 85	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. 56
52, 440 33, 010	53, 814 37, 410	37, 929 27, 695	2, 874 2, 874	11,090 7,020 4,070	2,186 1,190 996	245, 936 160, 714 85, 222	3, 648 2, 533 1, 115	412, 085 206, 932	369, 433 248, 838 120, 595	156 58	50			. 53 32		. 56 . 57 . 58
19,430	16, 404 1, 175	10, 234 37, 462		7, 110	289	401	2,010	83, 962	81,551	31	370	310	1	1,204	206	11
519, 925 493, 739	1,257,481 1,239,508	4, 167, 555 3, 393, 710	1,551,305 1 455,302	339, 198 322, 009	56, 968 54, 604	11, 929, 096 11, 855, 174	63, 157 49, 717 46, 273	24, 063, 468 22, 803, 277 22, 052, 659	12, 071, 215 10, 898, 386 10, 516, 010	1,884 1,594 1,540	370 370 370	229 229		995 941	200 200	61
490, 199 3, 540 26, 186	1, 211, 586 27, 922 17, 973	3, 246, 063 147, 647 773, 845	1,454,383	309, 509 12, 500 17, 189	53, 735 869 2, 364	11, 490, 376 364, 798 73, 922	3, 444 13, 440	750, 618	382, 376 1, 172, 829 1, 140, 864	54 290		81		54	6	60 61 62 63 64 65 66
26,186	17, 973	748, 404 25, 441	96, 003 96, 003	16, 471 718	2, 264 100	364, 798 73, 922 73, 778 144	13, 440 12, 555 885	1, 227, 197 32, 994	1,140,864 31,965 53,138	253 37 14		71 10				66
1,980	288	32, 490		1,440	372	l 9,341	1 505		Same numbe		I for one o	r more	other m			••

³ No figures given for reason stated under "Explanation of terms."

⁴ Same number reported for one or more other months.

TABLE 55.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE AND FOR CITIES OF 50.000 INHABITANTS

					PERSO	NS EN	JAGED	IN THE I	ndustry	7.			WAGE E	ARNERS REPRESI	DEC. 15 ENTATIV	OR N	EAR-	
		Num-			Sala- ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wage e	arner	s.			16 and	over.	Unde	er 16.	
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	ber of estab- lish-	(T) - 4 - 1	Pro- prie- tors	offi- cers, su-				Numbe	er, 151	th da	y of—	Total.		·			Capital.
		ments.	Total.		perin- tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	Aver- age num- ber.	Maxim mont			mum. nth.	10081.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male	
_	THE S	rate—	ALL IN	DUSI	RIES	сом	BINE	O AND	SPECII	FIED	INI	USTE	RIES—Co	ntinued.				
	Clothing, women's	170 132 68 24	11, 283 11, 007 8, 359 1, 485	167 125 82 16	240 237 150 42	791 790 648 99	310 304 217 48	9,775 9,551 7,262 1,280	Mh 10, Mh 10, Au 8, Fe 1,	467 053 439	Je Je	7,878 7,805 5,692 1,106	9,630 9,324 7,002 1,343	3,404 3,329 3,031 199	6, 215 5, 984 3, 968 1,139		3 1	\$9,559,02 9,496,99 7,569,10 827,49
	Undergarments and petti- coats. Wrappers and house dresses. All other. Contract work. Suits, skirts, and cloaks Wrappers, house dresses, and all other.	11 14 15 38 29 9	548 366 249 276 185 91	8 13 42 34 8	16 18 11 3	19 11 13 1	17 11 11 6 6	490 318 201 224 151 73	Se Oc ⁸ Au Au	533 353 230 315 217 105	No Jy Ja De De De	287 166 73 39 34	303 202 306 222 84	28 22 75 62 13	272 180 231 160 71			643,78 257,18 199,48 62,00 17,28 44,7
	Coffee and spices, roasting and grinding. Coffins, burial cases, and undertak-	35 19	1,406 1,461	17 6	71 58	409 110	87 35	822 1, 252	1 -	890 328	De ·	734 1,165	785 1,201	430 980	336 221	1	18	6,577,6 3,781 3
	ers' goods. Coke, not including gas-house coke Condensed milk. Confectionery and ice cream Confectionery and chewing gum. Ice cream.	5 14 292 132	513 330 5,120 3,944 1,176	2 289 111 178	11 16 215 163 52	10 21 415 345 70	3 7 236 176 60	489 284 3,965 3,149 816	Ap Je Oc 4.	692 334 957	No 8 No 8 Fe	337	410 263 4,395 3,600 795	410 223 1,984 1,270 714	37 2,383 2,304 79	3 14 12 2	14	2, 943, 5 1, 565, 7 8, 144, 7 5, 096, 5 3, 048, 1
	Cooperage Hogsheads and barrels All other Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work Cordials and flavoring sirups Corsets	79 68	1,560 1,261 299 3,064 179 39	61 51 10 236 2 4	68 54 14 190 13	33 33 173 42 1	23 20 3 130 12 2	1,375 1,103 272 2,335 110 31	Mh 1, Mh 1, Ja Se 2,	472 192	De Jy	1, 272 1, 006 236 2, 176 76 21	1,294 1,022 272 2,309 91 23	1,279 1,008 271 2,221 56	3 2 1 80 34 22	12 12 7 1	i	2,503,4 2,086,5 416,8 5,450,4 450,3 31,1
	Cutlery and edge tools Table cutlery Razors Axes, hatchets, scissors, pocket knives, augurs, etc. Dairymen's, poultry men's, and api-	19 3 3 13	1,146 30 116 1,000	7 1 3 3 8	40 1 7 32 27	77 1 8 68 24	50 1 2 47 24	972 26 96 850	Mh	085 31 125 932 490	De Oc Au De Se	854 22 69 735 395	889 26 93 770 459	800 23 81 696 407	88 3 12 73 52	1 i		1,357,9 46,9 215,8 1,095,1 1,221,3
	arists' supplies. Druggists' preparations. Dyeing and finishing textiles	1 :	446 404	25 1	34	97 11	31 2	259 382	Je Ja	271 450	No Se	242 259	246 428	141 387	103 29	12 12		963, 8 1, 451, 8 35, 495, 8
	Dyeing and finishing textiles Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies Electroplating Enameling Engines, steam, gas, and water	1 .	15, 226 315 176 4, 647	46 47 3 14	20 6 116	9	671 9 4 1,276	12,695 230 162 2,962	Jy	246 178 126	No No	218 218 137 2,621	12,196 235 155 2,597	9,504 228 119 2,585	2,684 5 36 7	25	1	35, 495, 8 211, 7 361, 6 12, 681, 9
	Engraving and diesinking Engraving, steel and copper plate, in-	1	117 153	29 8	3 9	12	1 6	84 118	De	90 131	Je ⁸ Ja	79 112	90 118	72 86	17 25	4	1	58, 1 69, 0
	cliding plate printing. Engraving, wood Envelopes. Explosives.	4 6 11	7 844 369	5	23 25	15 25	16 8	790 311	Ja ³ Ja My	880 321	Jy 4 Se De	0 728 295	2 811 295	2 326 294	485 1			1, 614, 2, 265,
	Fancy articles, not elsewhere specified Fertilizers Files Flags and banners Flavoring extracts	1 14 24 8 6 34	1,296 196 177 363	10 5 5 11 31	14 68 8 9 16	74 184 3 4 59	18 34 2 2 2 148	324 1,005 178 151 109	Se 1, Mh ⁸ Je	347 647 189 161 122	Ap Oc No Se ⁸ No	302 771 154 147 90	341 1,009 176 151 105	1,003 166 73 55	100 6 10 78 50	1		1, 235, 8, 531, 196, 225, 505,
	Flour-mill and gristmill products Food preparations, not elsewhere specified.	649 76	3,876 2,134	858 56	275 68	259 390	121 97	2,363 1,523	Au 2, Se 1,	425 874	Je Fe	2, 299 1, 361	2,403 1,601	2,382 1,239	18 361	3 1		18, 841, 11, 719,
	Foundry and machine-shop products Boiler shops Foundries Machine shops	22 111 859	60,372 1,503 12,403 46,466	582 15 37 530	324	4,742 196 568 3,978	128	51,553 1,207 11,346 39,000	Mh 56, Mh 1, Mh 12, Mh 42,	458	No 1	46, 066 959 10, 533 34, 574	49, 227 1, 071 11, 424 36, 732	48,675 1,071 11,274 36,330	483 114 369	66 36 30	3	159, 568, 9, 126, 17, 315, 133, 126,
	Foundry supplies Fur goods Furnishing goods, men's. Furniture Wood, and rattan, and willow Metal Store and office furniture.	209 149 18	195 186 2,548 9,079 5,387 1,388 2,304	3 26 28 172 120 22 30	19 8 49 393 228 52 113	180 226	18 7 37 242 99 84 59	120 136 2,368 7,750 4,760 1,004 1,986	Mh 8,	137 216 533 459 271 137 097	De De	107 69 2, 263 7, 091 4, 474 772 1, 880	119 195 2,535 7,352 4,683 773 1,896	119 69 335 6,950 4,498 769 1,683	126 2,164 325 112 2 211	13 75 72 1 2	1 1	529, 321, 1,833, 17,156, 9,305, 3,360, 4,490,
	Gas and electric fixtures Gas fixtures All other, including electric fix-	. 19	1,106 613 493	23 10 13	45 18 27	93 34 59	40 17 23	905 534 371	Oc 1,	- 1	Jy Jy Au	785 432 344	1,007 635 372	570 214 356	436 421 15	1 1		1,490, 790, 700,
-	tures. Gas, illuminating and heating Gas machines and gas and water meters.	1	512 250	2 6		61	13 13	398 187	Му Ја	427 200	Ja De	362 169	427 187	425 175	1 12	1	1 . 1	8, 570, 5 650, 1

OR MORE, BY INDUSTRIES. AND FOR CITIES OF 10,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1914—Continued.

			EXPE	NSES.								POW.	ER.			
Sal	aries and wa	ages.		Rent ar	nd taxes.	For ma	terials.		Value		Primary	horsep	ower.		Elec- tric	
Officials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including in- ternal revenue and corporation income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines.2	Water wheels and mo- tors.1	Elec- trie (rent- ed).	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.	
		Т	HE STA	TE-AL	L INDUS	TRIES COM	MBINED A	ND SPECIF	TED INDU	STRIES—	Continue	d.				_
\$767,347 765,237 590,806 110,010	\$1,424,193 1,421,761 1,194,014 148,949	\$5, 136, 614 5, 038, 880 4, 085, 741 590, 127	\$311,154 311,154 311,082 72	\$281, 359 278, 324 210, 596 51, 777	\$61,377 61,098 47,893 4,991	\$12,008,712 11,997,755 9,385,756 1,289,451	\$81, 127 78, 144 54, 547 12, 839	\$22, 881, 753 22, 687, 391 18, 070, 697 2, 461, 584	\$10, 791, 914 10, 611, 492 8, 630, 394 1, 159, 294	1,719 1,657 1,060 231	30 30 30	351 351 140		1,338 1,276 890 231	56 56	1 2 3 4
31, 260	35, 210	186,884		3, 620	5, 592	748, 601	4, 657	1,079,745	326, 487	241		207		34	56	5
20, 081 13, 080 2, 110 2, 110	23, 776 19, 812 2, 432 2, 432	114, 117 62, 011 97, 734 68, 524 29, 210		7, 648 4, 683 3, 035 2, 015 1, 020	1, 125 1, 497 279 206 73	342, 348 231, 599 10, 957 992 9, 965	3, 678 2, 423 2, 983 2, 305 678	564, 570 510, 795 194, 362 97, 993 96, 369	218, 544 276, 773 180, 422 94, 696 85, 726	75 50 62 40 22		4		75 46 62 40 22		6 7 8 9 10
207, 101	613, 391	385, 217	1,539	39, 981	44, 959	10, 136, 827	47, 557	13, 312, 493	3, 128, 109	2,062	367	301		1,394	385	11
67, 836 29, 902	208,143	701, 649 352, 349	475	6, 027	71, 052 9, 835	1, 258, 794 364, 977	34, 942 1, 241, 668	2, 966, 388 2, 156, 814	1, 672, 652 550, 169	2, 268 2, 325	1,535 2,325	470	75	188	1,662 3,844	12:
29, 902 42, 681 421, 284 341, 082 80, 202	13, 998 22, 824 514, 791 425, 242 89, 549	352, 349 157, 662 1, 784, 277 1, 253, 943 530, 334	2,307 141 2,166	169, 856 129, 885 39, 971	9, 835 12, 826 66, 042 49, 634 16, 408	364, 977 2, 453, 443 8, 199, 052 5, 985, 179 2, 213, 873	1, 241, 668 51, 128 163, 588 95, 330 68, 258	2,156,814 3,211,922 14,341,668 10,133,602 4,208,066	550, 169 707, 351 5, 979, 028 4, 053, 093 1, 925, 935	2,325 702 8,332 4,200 4,132	2, 325 686 2, 662 1, 707 955	16 2,678 375 2,303	2 2	2, 990 2, 118 872	3, 844 386 1, 103 688 415	13 14 15 16 17
103, 552 83, 230 20, 322 343, 123 20, 480 2, 850	41, 093 39, 519 1, 574 310, 675 57, 435 1, 837	749, 573 607, 440 142, 133 1, 586, 515 45, 857 9, 509	225 225 33, 527	14. 595 11, 746 2, 849 67, 452 11, 267 2, 270	25, 732 22, 266 3, 466 41, 903 7, 065 97	2, 386, 303 2, 006, 591 379, 712 6, 476, 621 532, 352 8, 413	40, 183 38, 353 1, 830 52, 057 3, 175 441	3,691,969 3,115,009 576,960 10,702,747 890,359 32,519	1, 265, 483 1, 070, 065 195, 418 4, 174, 069 354, 832 23, 665	3,622 2,902 720 2,690 96 6	3, 141 2, 501 640 492 35	230 160 70 1,298		251 241 10 900 61 6	522 428 94 472	18 19 20 21 22 23
89,174 1,200 18,138 69,836	124, 285 1, 828 14, 908 107, 549	567, 792 13, 655 49, 926 504, 211	425 425	4, 176 101 540 3, 535	12, 471 362 1, 682 10, 427	395, 401 6, 228 30, 772 358, 401	41, 741 784 2, 774 38, 183	1, 423, 701 25, 986 131, 346 1, 266, 369	986, 559 18, 974 97, 800 869, 785	2,715 76 203 2,436	1,030 150 880	639 71 45 523		1,046 5 8 1,033	13 1 12	24 25 26 27
40,564	26,440	233,021	100	2,855	9,921	712,785	8,784	1,277,115	555, 546	1,002	770	99		133	333	28
59,125 22,538	155,214 13,047	138,916 190,927		10,891	11,230 6,832	528,449 392,477	10,883 51,108	1,291,403 705,618	752,07 1 262,033	386 4.100	127 4,080			259 20	10 510	30 31
1,167,747	2,028,604	7,409,090	4,056	3,250 93,582	284,801	16,905,997 68,746	576,251 11,685	36, 120, 978 374, 971	18, 638, 730 294, 540	17,771 646	4,080 5,161	3,685		8,925 302	12,250	31
29, 106 19, 300 263, 901	11,098 4,180 409,551	160,420 92,188 1,982,543	3,998 10,951	15,574 4,240 10,243	1,944 966 87,286	79,921 2,704,215	21,061 132,989	276,716 6,861,351	175,734 4,024,147	9,617	3,045	20 4,130	447	115 1,995	4,585	33 34
3,140 18,557	480 9,600	37,803 73,453	4,000 100	67,017 6,231	178 242	18,328 27,186	994 2,233	132,073 175,240	112,751 145,821	46 37		4		42 37		35 36
98, 008 76, 215	23, 990 40, 928	1,976 393,172 188,050	8, 450 5, 485	320 21,359 1,585	10,715 20,292	206 1,874,521 933,258	3 16,678 38,846	5,380 2,811,649 1,439,009	5,171 920,450 466,905	667 5,646	94 2,413	40	142 500	431 2,693		37 38 39
42,840 71,857 12,295 20,480 23,520	123, 941 287, 974 8, 853 3, 600 55, 315	158,609 590,307 83,862 77,240 47,189	2,588 8,477 272	8,214 76 4,002 2,850 9,780	7,346 39,544 1,150 1,600 4,142	321,157 4,534,802 52,843 138,253 412,537	6,024 91,892 7,679 1,799 4,304	957, 742 7, 245, 998 188, 513 278, 231 908, 011	630, 561 2, 619, 304 127, 991 138, 179 491, 170	285 4,739 614 213 183	3,365 395 150 85	65 265 150 25 14	3 35	217 1,109 69 3 84	2,397 85	40 41 42 43 44
411, 545 212, 465	326, 794 498, 902	1,505,972 827,137	7,939 5,819	24,405 10,431	138,319 57,144	38,569,587 19,894,156	387,799 140,601	45,171,200 27,346,187	6,213,814 7,311,430	53,524 5,709	30,333 4,773	11.831 609	7,641	3,719 327	730 3,257	45 46
5,496,728 188,698 753,566 4,554,464	6,428,451 302,819 699,406 5,426,226	34, 235, 583 772, 495 7, 420, 049 26, 043, 039	283, 786 4, 034 22, 067 257, 685	446,302 7,244 36,888 402,170	1, 243, 506 54, 661 163, 438 1, 025, 407	47,742,035 2,319,463 5,852,195 39,570,377	2,602,198 45,140 779,272 1,777,786	122, 816, 681 4, 152, 436 18, 215, 108 100, 449, 137	72, 472, 448 1, 787, 833 11, 583, 641 59, 100, 974	106,890 2,680 17,166 87,044	51, 127 2, 564 6, 310 42, 253	16,791 2,031 14,760	370 370	38,602 116 8,825 29,661	50,681 2,286 5,376 43,019	50
27, 254 20, 400 98, 649 778, 282 407, 640 142, 157 228, 485	52,130 7,341 91,035 691,903 244,864 281,464 165,575	56,709 99,948 618,075 4,414,612 2,670,039 631,393 1,113,180	2,000 18,804 16,338 15,511 27 800	8,921 29,590 23,829 127,689 82,547 11,881 33,261	3, 206 1, 722 12, 162 155, 299 76, 923 21, 793 56, 583	231,604 146,927 2,096,287 7,086,404 3,993,550 1,390,624 1,702,230	8,955 1,876 18,007 204,171 130,524 23,349 50,298	548, 662 422, 945 3, 296, 867 16, 411, 298 9, 183, 474 2, 692, 055 4, 535, 769	308, 103 274, 142 1, 182, 573 9, 120, 723 5, 059, 400 1, 278, 082 2, 783, 241	1,016 41 714 16,051 10,334 1,332 4,385	12,204 7,916 900 3,388	95 168 1,397 762 130 505		336 41 546 2,450 1,656 302 492	4,007 1,102 889 2,016	56
86, 671 32, 162 54, 509	123, 580 53, 902 69, 678	472,634 205,018 267,616	875 810 65	34,494 13,414 21,080	9,611 4,586 5,025	1,142,141 531,828 610,313	33,757 22,007 11,750	2,217,918 999,246 1,218,672	1,042,020 445,411 596,609	1,304 883 421	118 18 100	187 61 126		999 804 195	92	- 59 60
57,026 43,118	52,379 39,704	261, 720 128, 514	300 200	6,870 7,006	125, 280 5, 911	115,366 216,419	364,415 5,745	1,431,826 559,666	952,045 337,502	1,353 311	1,079 138	. 168		77 5	128	61 62

³ Same number reported for one or more other months.

None reported for one or more other months.

=	TABLE 55	.—DI	ETAIL	STA	TEM:	ENT	FOI	R THE	STATE	AND FO	R CIT	TES C	F 50,	000 INH	ABITANTS
					PERSO	NS EN	GAGED	IN THE I	NDUSTRY.			EARNERS REPRES		, OR NEAR- E DAY.	
		Num-			Sala- ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wage earn	ers.		16 and	l over.	Under 16.	
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	of estab- lish-	Total.	Pro- prie- tors and	offi- cers, su- perin-			Aver-	Number, 1	5th day of—	Total.				Capital.
		ments.		firm mem- bers.	tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	age num- ber.	Maximum month.	Minimum month.		Male.	Fe- male.	Male. Fe- male	
	THE S	rate-	ALL IN	DUST	RIES	сом	BINE	D AND	SPECIFIE	D INDUSTI	RIES—Co	ntinued	•		
1 2	Glass. Glass, cutting, staining, and ornamenting.	39 40	11, 541 595	4 33	197 42	227 20	116 19	10, 997 481	Ap 13, 290 No 514	Au 7,192 Jy 437	11,997 494	10, 986 405	951 87	39 21	\$18, 978, 280 509, 283
3	Grease and tallow, not including lu- bricating greases. Tallow	34 17	480 254	30 18	22 16	25 23	3	400 196	Je 423 Se 225	No 367	400 193	399 192	1		1,087,975 704,998
5 6 7	All other, including soap stock Grindstones Hair work.	17 10 7	226 579 41	12 1 9	6 14 1	13 2	2 5 2	204 546 27	Je 216 My 626 Mh 28	De 187 De 427 Au 25	207 527 27	207 527 4	23		382, 977 1, 354, 888 23,001
7 8 9 10	Hand stamps. Hardware Locks, hinges, and other builders' hardware.	18 51 16	75 5,326 1,171	18 25 11	7 126 45	231 53	5 141 26	39 4,803 1,036	(3) 39 Ap 5,240 My 1,148	Jy 4,324 Jy 834	39 4,630 967	36 4,208 904	401 62	1 10 1 1	53,171 8,879,616 2,696,238
11 12	All other Hats and caps, other than felt, straw, and wool.	35 28	4,155 532	14 42	81 20	178 25	115 14	3,767 431	Ap 4,118 Fe 470	Jy 3,484 Se 354	3,663 442	3,304 176	339 264	9 11 2	6,183,378 431,700
13 14 15	Hats, fur-felt. Hosiery and knit goods. House-furnishing goods, not else-	7 38 26	38 3,730 429	6 13 18	3 97 28	2 128 39	81 24	27 3,411 320	Mh 4 29 Mh 3,709 Ap 376	Ja 22 No 3,081 Au 4 290	28 3,526 292	16 807 204	12 2,694 88	2 23	29,439 7,135,898 1,059,014
16 17	where specified. Ice, manufactured. Ink, printing	132	1,706 414	72	167 30	125 96	65 34	1, 277 254	Au 1,859 Au 4 259	Ja 821 Mh 249	1,312 258	1, 297 254	15 4		10, 247, 927 2, 689, 375
18 19	Instruments, professional and scientific. Iron and steel, blast furnacesIron and steel, steel works and rolling	28 33	565 6,625	14	41 152	29 609	24 78	457 5,786	No 502 Ap 6,630 Mh 51,727	Ja 411 No 4,456	483 6,385	341 6,384	137 1	2 3	942,607 95,470,294
20 21	Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills. Iron and steel, bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets, not made in steel works or rolling mills.	70 15	2,557	3	859 52	3, 4 55 83	505 54	46,397 2,365	Mh 51,727 Ap 2,586	No 36, 645 De 2, 086	48,785 2,217	48, 463 1, 954	321 262	1	6,020,439
22	or rolling mills. Iron and steel forgings, not made in steel works or rolling mills.	29	2,504	6	83	67	40	2,308	Mh 2,697	Au 2,008	2,335	2,329	2	4	5,806,488
23 24 25 26 27 28	Iron and steel, cast-iron pipeIron and steel, wrought pipeJewelry	5 57	1,532 2,382 692	2 76	29 37 32	69 49 67	17 9 40	1,417 2,285 477	Fe 1,577 Mh 2,736 De 503	De 1,165 Oc 1,868 Jy 4 466	1,473 2,067 508	1,470 2,067 456	3 43	9	4,266,729 13,365,525 770,488
26 27 28 29	Labels and tags. Lamps and reflectors. Automobile lamps. Reflectors, and carriage and wagon lamps.	7 14 7 7	1,005 826 179	1 1 1	9 28 16 12	12 37 16 21	6 12 8 4	92 927 785 142	De 100 Ap 1,282 Ap 1,128 My 156	Ap 89 De 641 De 522 Se 112	92 876 757 119	53 823 711 112	39 53 46 7		265,010 1,458,698 1,159,575 299,123
30 31	Leather goods, not elsewhere specified Leather, tanned, curried, and fin- ished.	28	77 1,751	12 18	62	3 48	6 18	53 1,605	Fe 59 Fe 1,739	Se 43 De 1,461	58 1,602	36 1,599	22 3		123, 164 13, 147, 152
32 33 34 35	Lime. Liquors, distilled. Whisky and alcohol. All other	9	1,568 398 383 15	34 11 4 7	56 19 19	41 29 28 1	21 7 6 1	1,416 332 326 6	Se 1,686 Se 368 Se 362 Au 10	De 1,125 Jy 305 Jy 299 Ja 4 5	1,361 377 369 8	1,353 356 348 8	3 21 21	5	3,851,018 5,149,914 5,102,424 47,490
36 37 38 39 40	Liquors, malt Liquors, vinous Lithographing Looking-glass and picture frames Lubricating greases	28 28 14	6,371 303 1,951 493 146	38 22 8 8	354 24 72 25 22	587 57 136 45 34	52 14 62 5 17	5,340 186 1,673 410 73	Jy 6,028 Oc 261 Je 1,714 Ap 429 Ap 78	Fe 4,910 Jy 163 No 1,625 Ja 328 De 65	5,068 179 1,624 408 65	5,057 169 1,395 365 65	11 10 227 43	2	61, 936, 027 2, 122, 586 4, 059, 347 930, 130 436, 033
41 42	Lumber and timber products Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	675 400	5,929 6,819	833 319	173 422	83 401	42 161	4,798 5,516	My 5,425 Au 5,862	De 4,321 Ja 5,106	5,714 5,232	5,669 5,203	44 28	1	7, 276, 428 15, 042, 399
43 44 45	Math Marble and stone work Mattresses and spring beds	5 213 43	89 3,095 1,126	216 30	9 140 52	4 172 75	1 44 35	2,523 934	Fe 90 My 2,765 Ap 987	Jy 54 No 2,247 De 873	2,445 876	2,442 635	1 3 241		991,222 7,374,604 2,448,777
46 47	Millinery and lace goods Embroideries, dress and cloak trimmings, women's neckwear,	30 10	1,116 263	35 12	39 6	73 33	58 32	911 180	Fe 1,299 Mh 189	Je 534 De 170	897 174	221 39	672 135	4	828,341 207,172
48 49 50 51	etc. Trimmed hats, hat frames, etc Mineral and soda waters. Minerals and earths, ground Mirrors.	20 202 19 11	853 972 497 148	23 242 6 9	33 61 32 10	40 75 21 7	26 19 5 7	731 575 433 115	Fe 1,113 Jy 689 Ap 508 Se 125	Je 355 Ja 481 Fe 358 My 105	723 568 417 118	182 554 417 116	537 8 2	4 6	621,169 1,503,689 1,182,513 186,687
52 53	Models and patterns, not including paper patterns. Motorcycles, bicycles, and parts	98 9	709 891	111 4	40 29	21 72 7	18 34	519 752	Jy 560 Ap 1,007	Ja 473 Se 511	524 759	510 729	12 30	2	747,759 2,719,392
54 55 56	Mucilage and paste Musicalinstruments, organs Musicalinstruments, pianos	14 8 13	81 150 786	13 12 7	12 9 33	7 1 25	5 5 14	123 707	Ap 1,007 My 47 Fe 135 Ap 745	Ja 4 41 Oc 102 Jy 681	49 118 687	29 112 685	20 4 2	2	2,719,392 109,879 181,126 2,042,356
57 58	Musical instruments, piano and organ materials. Oil, linseed	. 6 3	960 328	4	16 14	20 157	. 5 7	915 150	Fe 1,011 Fe 184	Se 811 Ap 106	852 146	778 146			1,622,047 2,952,343
59 30 31	Oil, not elsewhere specified Optical goods Paints	20 20 65	319 280 2,925	8 23	38 21 170	93 41 826	46 35 209	,	My 144 Mh 196 Ap 1,822	•	•	134 155 1,561	29		2,952,343 1,197,555 342,823 12,518,032
	¹ Owne	d power	only.					2 Ir	icludes rente	ed power, oth	er than e	electric.			

	•		EXPE	NSES.								POT	WER.			
Sa	laries and w	ages.		Rent a	nd taxes.	For ma	iterials.		Value		Primar	y horse	power.		Elec-	-
Officials.	Clerks,	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including internal revenue and corporation income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	In- ternal com- bus- tion en- gines.	wheels and mo- tors.1	Elec- tric (rent- ed).	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.	1
		Г	THE STA	TE—AL	L INDUS	TRIES CO	MBINED A	ND SPECIF	TED INDU	STRIES-	Continu	ed.				
\$606, 903 63, 785	\$392,764 29,388	\$7,052,666 294,553	\$10,000 927	\$12,490 16,483	\$155, 455 3, 763	\$5,369,552 417,938	\$1,676,125 10,010	\$19, 191, 842 978, 688	\$12, 145, 665 550, 740	34,871 360	28,502	4,382		1,987 182	25,318	1 2
48, 487 38, 537	22,872 20,145	270, 138 139, 416	2,326 487	2,311 1,316	5,587 4,057	605, 509 586, 828	65, 967 38, 420	1,215,913	544,437	2,010	1,354 794	70		586	10	3
9,950 28,852	2,727 17,423	130, 722 254, 536	1,839 6,500	995	1,530 5,592	18,681 37,381	27, 547 23, 438	965, 742 250, 171 488, 361	340, 494 203, 943 427, 542	1,409 601 1,866	560 1,608	29 41 175		586 83	10 30	5 6
2,500 8,876 311,203	3,446 5,840 416,307	13, 296 26, 425 2, 909, 362	125 500 7,271	4,118 6,788 16,584	135 399 100, 623	8,026 32,116 3,884,308	139 532 328, 488	45, 614 111, 798 9, 069, 625	37,449 79,150 4,906,829	26 8,687	4,116	10 598	10	16 3,963	1,491	7 8 9 10
89, 892 221, 311 38, 388	89,540 326,767 31,383	2,302,148 224,419	7,271	5,600 10,984 21,782	26, 364 74, 259 1, 916	890, 524 2, 943, 784 568, 985	36, 910 291, 578 5, 476	1,924,972 7,144,653 1,040,277	997, 538 3, 909, 291 465, 816	2,026 6,661 58	1,115 3,001	398	10	711 3,252 58	466 1,025	11 12
4,000 301,892 62,195	1,000 221,386 63,813	19,207 1,502,400 161,847	309 73,564 997	5,748 80,268 7,751	567 37, 234 12, 032	46,523 4,969,276 984,671	873 63, 249 10, 859	91,095 8,654,103 1,430,265	43,699 3,621,578 434,735	2,740 895	1,670 700	96 72		13 974 123	1,034 426	13 14 15
223, 947 186, 510	119, 661 189, 851	904, 476 196, 056	5, 412 1, 245	21,653 3,525	108, 749 23, 015	290, 975 1, 321, 532	584, 934 32, 402	3, 134, 302 2, 763, 537	2,258,393 1,409,603	27,978 1,913	26, 356 1, 553	969 360	•	653	861 1,000	16 17
72,667 558,265	59, 504 850, 530	253, 723 5, 170, 730	33,872 40,900	10,347 15,000	5, 524 743, 629	239, 172 41, 379, 764	7,999 19,358,760	867,742 72,969,368	620, 571 12, 230, 844	436 232,179	128 196, 256	211 32,725	150	97 3,048	96 38,872	18 19
2,368,915 176,537	4,641,282 139,923	38, 004, 187 1, 322, 597	22, 222 812	64, 548 5, 969	1,405,181 57,775	129, 835, 882 2, 478, 573	9,840,609 123,151	205, 023, 391 4, 651, 422	65,346,900 2,049,698	642, 958 6, 167	601, 164 1, 890	14, 296 756	1	27,497 3,521	186, 057 607	19 20 21
206,624	93, 224	1,570,372		8,174	54,613	3, 519, 885	417,551	6, 752, 467	2,815,031	7,440	2,800	1,806	•	2,834	1,906	22
62,501 92,903 61,892 19,297 66,190 46,680 19,510	79, 635 47, 365 73, 749 13, 827 46, 250 29, 284 16, 966	888, 209 1, 534, 575 337, 464 44, 239 548, 525 465, 011 83, 514	875 853 430	5,310 32,361 5,190 14,330 11,820 2,510	27,727 29,713 3,763 1,525 11,787 9,946 1,841	1,875,960 5,940,555 396,866 120,472 1,398,734 1,273,825 124,909	186, 493 211, 654 6, 608 1, 694 25, 037 20, 299 4, 738	3, 355, 043 9, 367, 581 1, 265, 096 250, 206 2, 681, 177 2, 327, 540 353, 637	1, 292, 590 3, 215, 372 861, 622 128, 040 1, 257, 406 1, 033, 416 223, 990	7,387 3,193 348 63 1,564 1,244 320	5,000 3,178 370 335 35	20 15 15 28 480 250 230		2,367 333 35 714 659 55	5,021 7,302 1 45 45	23 24 25 26 27 28 29
4,731 164,070	6,070 61,830	29, 403 1, 054, 461		1,472 6,967	840 77, 596	105, 881 8, 401, 167	1,414 105,086	169,420 11,627,916	62,125 3,121,663	60 4,450	3,942	29 145		31 363	2,072	30 31
101,928 73,036 73,036	55, 853 53, 566 52, 084 1, 482	777, 215 222, 941 218, 517 4, 424	10,648 35	2,828 1,568	22, 467 7, 273, 583 7, 260, 348 13, 235	351, 919 1, 897, 475 1, 885, 522 11, 953	354,063 90,736 89,905 831	2,334,349 10,683,552 10,644,583 38,969	1, 628, 367 8, 695, 341 8, 669, 156 26, 185	7,374 2,809 2,710 99	4,707 2,747 2,678 69	504 29 12 17	20 20	2, 163 13	1,080 394 394	32 33 34 35
1,153,801 53,979 225,966 46,518 34,376	825, 389 75, 919 273, 584 54, 317 38, 701	4,416,392 114,806 1,427,918 258,265 45,680	111, 132 926 16, 107		6, 298, 612 49, 450 36, 774 6, 605 2, 697	8, 291, 702 1, 040, 307 1, 248, 111 320, 087 349, 771	898, 780 12, 382 34, 270 10, 735 6, 376	l i	22, 799, 792 747, 361 2, 896, 746 582, 306 347, 301	38,048 447 1,829 835 134	36, 438 245 715 305 25	642 49 386 250 109	32 10	936 143 728 280	6,432 976 10	36 37 38 39 40
245, 108 685, 235	104,696 437,303	2, 387, 621 3, 845, 987	190, 954 161, 211	19,559 100,921	68, 455 127, 443	4, 294, 746 11, 211, 474	52,066 190,423	9,043,930 18,892,060	4, 697, 118 7, 490, 163	29, 964 25, 187	27, 114 14, 300	1,008 5,288	130 150	1,712 5,449	726 2,461	41 42
13,682 245,261 114,082	8,726 214,045 116,257	52, 496 1, 636, 178 499, 945	95, 696 46, 905	3,080 22,946 29,078	5,863 45,667 22,535	613,775 1,925,119 1,965,363	26, 193 123, 998 32, 183	771, 055 5, 263, 992 3, 426, 908	131,087 3,214,875 1,429,362	1,035 10,353 2,228	605 5, 410 1, 000	2, 230 469		430 2,713 759	1,935 16	43 44 45
68,581 12,580	83, 693 44, 038	433, 194 85, 889	150 150	38, 513 10, 963	5,091 1,186	989, 311 197, 343	15, 610 2, 805	1,917,919 410,668	912, 998 210, 520	409 48	85	27 27	50	247 21	70	46 47
56,001 70,744 44,436 20,189	39, 655 65, 554 20, 795 20, 889	347, 305 342, 370 227, 343 76, 390	320 1,845 1,059	27,550 30,197 1,027 4,364	3,905 12,520 7,927 1,586	791, 968 837, 527 292, 057 158, 929	12,805 22,626 59,464 3,666	1,507,251 2,003,699 779,555 361,352	702,478 1,143,546 428,034 198,757	361 1,059 3,967 246	85 315 3,272 120	344 60 71	50 9	226 391 635 55	70 14 150	48 49 50 51
71,187 84,788 13,946 9,623 88,369	25, 969 114, 207 13, 083 4, 229	392, 660 517, 741 23, 929 75, 499	2,070	26, 882 8, 180 5, 913 1, 923	4,616 19,246 1,086 1,806	170, 214 1, 590, 224 105, 440 109, 165	13,040 43,942 2,087 3,252	896, 184 2, 931, 383 198, 911 239, 497	712,930 1,297,217 91,384 127,080	1,036 1,951 118 191	145 470 34 65	414 210 23 72	50	1,271 61 54	35 40	52 53 54 55
88, 369 35, 613	32, 299 20, 078	447, 339 499, 512	2,044	36, 972 26, 652	17,725 10,204	1,052,572 470,138	15, 221 22, 569	1, 972, 309 1, 332, 880	904, 516 840, 173	996 1,014	820	400		614	68 428	57
57, 069 82, 851 47, 554	150, 957 100, 082 44, 952 1, 135, 401	115, 917 105, 294 102, 891	50 351	612 7,078 22,807	18,382 10,492 2,613 116,112	3,605,322 1,877,541 211,411 8,803,724	36, 709 10, 915 4, 775 104, 884	3,957,939 2,675,950 617,070 14,824,073	315, 908 787, 494 400, 884 5, 915, 465	1,603 495 102 7,709	910 354 4, 292	67 812		693 74 102 2,605	34 84 1,194	58 59 60

⁸ Same number reported throughout the year.

⁴ Same number reported for one or more other months.

	Table 5	5.—D	ETAIL	STA	TEM	ENT	FOI	R THI	E STATE	AND FO	R CIT	TES C)F 50,	000 INH	ABITANTS
-					PERSO	ONS EN	GAGED	IN THE	NDUSTRY.			EARNERS REPRES		, OR NEAR- E DAY.	
		Num- ber			Sala- ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wage earn	ers.		16 and	l over.	Under 16.	
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	of estab- lish-	Total.	Pro- prie- tors and	offi- cers, su- perin-			Aver-	Number, 1	5th day of-	Total.				Capital.
		ments.		firm mem- bers.	tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	age	Maximum month.	Minimum month.		Male.	Fe- male.	Male. Fe- male	
_	THE S'	rate-	-ALL IN	II DUST	ries	сом	BINE:	D AND	SPECIFIE:	D INDUSTI	RIES—Co	ntinued		<u> </u>	
1 2 3 4 5	Paper and wood pulp	48 23 198 66 28	5,865 1,729 1,631 2,221 488	1 19 162 44 25	166 35 133 117 21	185 138 452 82 259	83 58 244 21 50	5,430 1,479 640 1,957	Mh ³ 5,534 Mh 1,518 Mh 718 Se 2,549 Oc 149	De 5,104 No 1,420 Jy 572 De 1,189 Au 117	5, 226 1, 443 691 1, 946 139	4,584 808 399 1,932 63	612 635 286	30 2 4 14	\$22,973,752 4,207,854 3,027,744 7,395,265 413,142
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Petroleum, refining Photographic apparatus Photographic materials Photo-engraving Pickles, preserves, and sauces. Preserves Pickles and sauces	7 4 4 26 39 17 22	2,626 28 58 588 1,025 493 532	18 23 10 13	35 2 8 52 47 18 29	1,026 3 8 69 76 42 34	46 1 2 38 26 16 10	1,519 13 40 411 853 407 446	Oc 1,592 Fe ³ 15 Au 44 Se ³ 419 Se 1,354 Oc 520 Se 903	Au 1,458 Se 10 Ja ³ 36 Ja 394 Ap 662 Ap 313 Ja 296	1,505 13 43 416 777 374 403	1,483 3 42 405 363 147 216	22 2 1 11 413 227 186	2 6	10,426,715 6,351 74,370 471,758 2,626,220 1,051,743 1,574,477
13 14 15 16 17 18	Plumbers' supplies, not elsewhere specified. Pottery. China ware. Earthen and stone ware. All other. Poultry, killing and dressing.	43 99 45 45 9	2,439 11,844 8,733 2,939 172 57	16 41 7 20 14 2	101 297 200 91 6 4	206 260 141 119	74 150 101 48 1	2,042 11,096 8,284 2,661 151 46	Mh 11,390 Mh 8,415 Mh 2,824 Ap 158 De 105	My 1,920 Jy 10,482 Jy 8,038 Jy 2,294 My 146 Mh 26	2,093 11,193 8,303 2,739 151 19	1,816 8,158 5,781 2,258 119	28 2,968 2,461 476 31	234 15 34 33 33 28 	5,013,327 13,872,886 9,315,312 4,438,199 119,375 104,410
19 20 21 22	Printing and publishing, book and job. Job printing. Book publishing and printing. Book publishing without printing.	772 715 12 30	10,365 9,565 450 212	697 663 5 13	564 506 20 28	698 579 16 98	428 367 18 35	7,978 7,450 391 38	Ja 8,182 Ja 7,652 No 403 Fe 51	Se 7,863 Se 7,340 Au 381 Jy 26	7,416 395 40	5,873 5,503 251 28	2,036 1,876 141 12	37 3 37 3	15,445,512 13,960,459 700,715 593,662
23 24 25 26 27	Linotype work, typesetting, etc. Printing and publishing, music Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals. Printing and publishing Printing and publishing and job	15 12 901 89 607	138 159 12,359 4,856 6,773	16 11 715 39 561	10 21 700 173 414	5 46 2, 252 1, 229 803	8 31 1,418 647 593	99 50 7,274 2,768 4,402	Ap ³ 101 Ap ⁵⁵ De 7,377 Fe 2,814	Ja 95 De 45 Jy 7,125 Jy 2,681 Je 4,338	98 45 7,409 2,820	91 41 5,989 2,535 3,360	7 4 1,278 261 1,003	140 2 24 114 2	190,676 243,527 20,682,947 9,112,381 10,697,732
28 29 30	printing. Publishing without printing. Printing materials. Pumps, not including power pumps. Pumps, steam and other power.	205 7 17 9	730 34 1,212 794	115 5 11	113 4 39 41	220 1 126 87	178 3 22 22	104 21 1,014 643	Ap 4,464 De 110 Oc ³ 23 Fe 1,155 Je 685	Je 4,338 Au 98 Fe 19 Oc 905 De 571	110 21 976 571	94 21 976 569	14	2	872, 834 58, 059 2, 734, 230
32 33 34 35	Refrigerators. Regalia and society badges and emblems. Roofing materials. Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified.	11 18 54	117 1,128 874 29,212	1 5 4 9 10	33 469	17 126 76 5, 433	49 49 1,595	923 715 21,705	Ap 100 Ap 1,004 Se 800 My 25,439	Au 53 Au 856 De 586 Ja 19,479	84 875 632 21,903	84 327 605 19,451	544 25 2,423	1 3 2 24 5	3,632,886 100,742,327
36 37 38 39 40	Saddlery and harness Sales and vaults Salt Sausage Saws	'	1,854 2,081 909 196 186	166 1 15 7	79 61 32 10 12	165 196 47 24 11	41 63 17 8 7	1,403 1,760 813 139 149	De 1,548 Fe 1,882 Oc 860 Oc 144 Fe 169	Au 1,306 Au 1,650 Jy 772 Ja 3 136 Au 8 137	1,554 1,720 777 142 139	1,719 704 141 139	134 73 1	25	4,138,397 4,948,552 2,903,990 350,259 415,927
41 42 43 44 45 46	Screws, machine Sewing machines and attachments Shipbuilding, iron and steel Shipbuilding, wooden, including boat building. New vessels. Repair work.	7 3 5 24 4 5	1,634 2,104 2,739 307 155 72	29 9 1	33 25 32 13	88 115 66 6	49 39 18 3	1,464 1,925 2,623 256	Ap 1,639 Mh 2,321 Mh 3,336 Se 298 Ap 147 Fe 86	Oc 1,248 Au 1,467 No 1,828 Mh 230 De 125	1,547 1,867 2,448 248	1,436 1,799 2,446 248 125 66	108 59	3 9 2	3,759,909 9,266,707 12,410,669 459,777 228,822 111,279
47 48 49 50 51 52 53	Small boats Shirts. Show cases Signs and advertising novelties Electric, signs. Signs, other than electric Advertising novelties.	33 11 50 10 21	2,360 349 1,719 174 778 767	19 22 5 29 6 12 11	3 5 65 21 85 12 42 31	132 13 97 11 39 47	74 8 136 11 43 82	2,067 302 1,372 134 642 596	Fe 2,289 Ap 336 My 1,431 Ap 3 146 Ap 680 No 624	Mh 47 Ja 25 No 81,899 No 270 Ja 1,308 No 120 Ja 583 Fe 576	1,963 274 1,380 135 618 627	151 268 871 102 459 310	1,772 4 504 32 159 313	7 33 2 3 2 1	119,676 1,701,797 523,134 3,178,843 104,929 1,640,851 1,433,063
54 55	Slaughtering and meat packing Smelting and refining, not from the ore.	152 8	4,321 112	158	179 9	418	86 5	3,480 89	De 4,156 De 98	Se 3,310 No 77	3,806 99	3,715 99	86	5	14,643,736 435,876
56 57 58	Sporting and athletic goods	9 7 35	600 913 3,186	<u>8</u> <u>5</u>	17 23 97	27 56 155	17 15 76	531 819 2,853	Fe 583 De 1,005 Mh 3,214	Se 478 Ja 705 No 2,393	512 1,005 2,704	296 1,005 2,146	204 550	6 2	714,612 1,919,021 6,629,146
59 60	elsewhere specified. Stamped ware. Enameled ware and bath tubs	20 15	648 2,538	3 2	44 53	39 116	16 60	2,307	Mh 618 Mh 2,596	De 479 No 1,905	484 2,220	457 1,689	24 526	2 1 1	1,375,745 5,253,401
61 62 63	Stationery goods, not elsewhere specified. Statuary and art goods	15 8 33	894 107 3,000	7 12 9	30 5 94	100 4 365	49 5 118	708 81 2,414	De 92 Se 2,620	Se 660 Jy 31 Ap 2,290	93 2,375	466 84 2,367	225 9	8	2,264,768 180,511 7,451,386
64 65 66	water heating apparatus. Radiators and cast-iron heating boilers. All other. Steam packing	13 20 3	770 2,230 26	2 7 2	29 65	78 287 3	33 85 1	628 1,786 19	Se 774 Se 1,846 Ja 3 23	Ja 506 De 1,725 De 14	654 1,721 41	653 1,714 13		7	2,003,903 5,447,483 23,020
		d power			-	- '				ted power, of					

¹ Owned power only.

^{85 | 1,786 |} Se 1,846 | De 1,725 | 1,721 | 1,721 | *Includes rented power, other than electric.

1.50 1.50				EXPE	nses.								POW	ER.			T
Officials, Clarks, Wage and Control Particles of Co	Sa	laries and w	ages.		Rent a	nd taxes.	For ma	terials.		Valua		Primary	y horsep	ower,			-
\$\frac{1}{11} \frac{1}{12} \f	Officials.			contract		includ- ing in- ternal revenue and cor- poration		rent of		added by manu-	Total.	en-	ternal- com- bus- tion en-	wheels and mo- tors.1	tric (rent-	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report-	
124, 128 022, 788 1,049, 450 40, 890 1,141 1,67 1,049, 141 1,0			Т	HE STA	TE—AL	L INDUS	TRIES COI	ABINED A	ND SPECIF	UDUI DEL	STRIES-	-Continue	ed.				_
\$\frac{9}{9}, 10\$ \$\frac{9}{9}, 20\$ \$\frac{9}{10},	117,729 233,480 197,633	192, 366 466, 458 95, 261	786,170 294,184 1,169,371	103 1,895 3,316	15,054 67,123 37,927	488, 728 26, 338 45, 184	2, 262, 488 2, 229, 920 463, 874	43,683 43,180 259,371	\$23, 284, 192 5, 336, 506 5, 611, 885 3, 507, 253 830, 893	\$7, 174, 918 3, 030, 335 3, 338, 785 2, 784, 008 624, 958	3, 035 1, 449 23, 885	1,865 829	57 50 695		1, 113 570 4, 348	997 403 528	1 2 3 4 5
238, 508 747, 702 1,927, 109 1,029 28, 102 0,938 2,102, 800 1,143 5,129, 207 2,951, 256 4,020 2,443 300 1,147 1,145 1,14	3, 280 11, 971 96, 744 93, 120 25, 836	3, 280 12, 375 86, 334 120, 120 73, 482	20, 870 395, 683 369, 484 158, 678	14,981 1,677 562	3,520 27,920 9,066 6,474	26 835 2,921 14,783 8,326	3, 231 39, 391 157, 728 2, 741, 135 869, 975	25 1,731 12,703 31,271 12,311	974, 274 4, 221, 691 1, 566, 321	1, 244, 744 19, 445 72, 765 803, 843 1, 449, 285 684, 035	61 366 2,100 821	1,937 767	25 51 66 17		315 97 37	11 395 60	6 7 8 9 10 11 12
1,93,9,425 1,95,807 1,97,937 131,710 133,900 131,802 1,95,000 131,802 1,95,000 131,802 1,95,000 131,802 1,95,000 131,802 1,95,000 131,802 1,95,000 131,802 1,95,000 1,95,		1		1 1	·	,			1	1		1	1				13
1,105,477 73,100 4,745,864 122,222 403,807 12,245 136,576 9,314 5,172 21,260 12,605 145,505 14,277 12,245,505 14,277 12,245,505 14,277 12,245,505 14,277 12,245,505 14,277 12,245,505 14,277 12,245,505 14,277 12,245,505 14,275 12,245 1	384, 858 140, 833 11, 080	255, 319 188, 004 1, 200	5, 107, 827 1, 502, 770 78, 843	25,891 1,248 200	1,360 1,089 377	64,038 34,461 838	723, 492	803,138 363,863 15,448	15, 291, 685 11, 313, 206 3, 815, 035 163, 444 498, 427	10, 323, 883 7, 478, 541 2, 727, 680 117, 662 58, 004	5,087 3,804 380	3, 805 3, 282	678 223		604 299 3	540	14 15 16 17 18
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1 '				,] ' '		' '] ']	1					19
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	52, 556 67, 016	31, 094 96, 880	238, 527 21, 456	12,245	19,797	5,158	405, 290	14, 971	1, 210, 152 875, 408	789, 891	514	35		1	341	l	21 22
640, 622 1, 161, 106 2, 490, 694 7, 701 130, 075 98, 167 4, 488, 418 01, 489, 419 137, 693 10, 696, 694 178, 897, 497 128, 88, 347 2, 599, 499 137, 693 10, 696, 697, 128, 137, 128, 128, 128, 128, 128, 128, 128, 128		7,824 61,650	96, 190 34, 327		5, 898 8, 474			2,766 12							. 36		23 24
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	640, 823	1,641,106	2,490,034	7,013	103,075	96,057	4, 483, 418	91,540	14, 649, 959	10,075,001	5, 625	1.315	270	6	4,034	727	25 26
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	289, 428	76, 827	891, 505	33, 525	8,611	158, 520		2, 439, 134	1 1	166		1	37	151	971	28
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	70,945	162,063	638, 530		8, 401	25, 111	1,384,626	19,394	3, 277, 182	1,873,162	1,403	785			188	_	30
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13,048	20,691	54, 236		1,362	2,090	136,778	1,818	276,168	137,572	266	130	136]	5	32 33
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	97,761 1,687,441	106,539 4,814,937	428,591 14,578,251			29,020 923,546	2,247,345 57,837,001	71,752 900,475	3,905,812 109,658,605	1,586,715 50,921,129		1,773 49,951				1,380 41,295	34 35
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	138,328 88,248 25,988	395,691 61,317 27,843	1,153,082 440,905 106,337	25, 721 2, 679	5,360 5,000 2,191	28,604 18,268 3,955	1,434,290 909,080 1,372,023	48,588 295,128 12,107	4,869,957 4,337,430 2,197,204 1,713,983 274,834	329,853	5,603 4,937 681	4,120 4,248 403	230 305 53		$1,253 \\ 384 \\ 225$	2,738 1,418	36 37 38 39 40
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	128,330 101,027 148,588	124,664 156,493 72,970	941,952 1,260,711 1,791,649		1,912 1,800 730	33,348 43,888 88,626	1,307,623 2,549,773 1,571,259	60,665 57,524 140,066	1		2,943 8,748	800 7,242	290 235		1,506	125 60 6,251	41 42 43 44
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3,045	209	31,774	2,450 47	220 2.770	945	17,691	509	70,975	52,775	303	260	43 47				45 46 47
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	165, 905 30, 962 166, 589 14, 383	124, 881 16, 152 167, 828 12, 722 72, 490	735, 232 178, 272 734, 014 73, 983 369, 312	1,500 9,185 430 7,520	52, 863 6, 510 26, 949 7, 455 10, 186	7,681 4,499 22,723 812 11,973	1,747,403 270,460 1,718,301 87,916 846,149	16,678 9,323 25,554 1,979 14,945	3 558 361	1,794,280 339,682 1,807,190 209,859 721,109	1,064 711 1,800 111 932	550 360 986 470	47 100 218 10 74		467 251 596 101 388	13	48 49 50 51 52
44,350 38,224 253,999 8,888 5,564 4,842 423,899 8,285 986,496 554,312 411 164 169	369,046	455 950	1,381,400	8,057	45,721	122,072	57, 998, 310	. 1		6, 663, 426	12,356	9,139	618		2,599		54 55
94, 144 186, 532 50, 303 162, 352 347, 689 1, 321, 048 150 20, 308 39, 107 1, 988, 190 1, 988, 190 244, 585 244,	44,350 61,574	38, 224	253, 999 627, 952	8,888	5, 564 4, 431	4,842 14,663	423, 899 1, 401, 459	8,285 149,040	and the second	554,312 1,223,167	411 1,567	164 390	169 331		78 846	22 8	56 57
82,658 143,261 394,192 1,026 4,620 20,771 881,334 24,780 2,174,425 1,268,311 1,118 670 140	282,676 94,144	50, 303	347,689		20,708	51, 485 12, 378	2, 781, 764 783, 574	15,661	1 6	749, 728	1,150	425	504		221	5	58 59 60
73, 092 129, 844 446, 739 100 14, 270 13, 129 590, 073 38, 564 1, 487, 232 858, 595 712 175 73 464 440 6	.1		1	1,026	í	í			1		1 1					ì	61
	8, 920 314, 196	4, 208 545, 892	55,089 1,546,050	5,775	2,670 27, 087	1, 107 65, 586	34, 187 2, 195, 623	2,067 108,980	135, 854 6, 314, 783	99,600 4, 010,180	3, 979	2,310	55 794		14 875	1,336	62 63
241, 104 416, 048 1,099, 311 5,675 12,817 52,457 1,605,550 70,416 4,827,551 3,151,585 3,267 2,135 721 411 896 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	241, 104	416,048	1,099,311	i			1,605,550	70,416		3, 151, 585	3, 267		721		ļ	1	64 65 66

³ Same number reported for one or more other months.

TABLE 55.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

-,					PERSO	NS EN	FAGED	IN THE II	NDUS'	rry.		WAGE	EARNERS REPRES	DEC. 18	, OR NI E DAY.	EAR-	
		Num-			Sala- ried	Clerks	s, etc.	: -	Waş	ge earne	ers.		16 and	over.	Unde	r 16.	'
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	ber of estab- lish-	m	Pro- pric- tors	offi- cers, su-				Nui	nber, 1	5th day of—						Capital.
		ments.	Total.	firm	perin- tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	Average num- ber.		imum. onth.	Minimum. month.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male	
	THE ST	ATE—	ALL IN	DUST	RIES	COME	INEI	AND	SPEC	CIFIEI	INDUST	RIES—Co	ntinued.				
1 2 3	Stencils and brands. Stereotyping and electrotyping Stoves and hot-air furnaces, except gas and oil stoves.	16 16 79	69 368 5,730	15 12 33	4 14 199	4 25 307	11 150	42 306 5,041	Se Se Oc	319	No 3 41 Jy 290 Jy 4,376	43 311 5,091	41 310 5,068	18	1 1 5		\$87,410 455,433 10,656,663
4 5	Stoves and ranges Hot-air furnaces and fireless cookers.	38 41	4,574 1,156	15 18	127 72	240 67	104 46	4,088 953	Mh Oc	4,374 1,086	Ју 3,503 Је 836	4,016 1,075	4,014 1,054	2 16	5		8, 189, 909 2, 466, 754
6 7	Stoves, gas and oil	26 93	4, 056 8, 012	8 43	115 264	321 809	78 239	3,534 6,657	Je Je	3, 988 7, 254	No 3,182 De 5,893	3,232 6,889	3,201 6,815	12 63	19 11		6, 118, 589 22, 077, 020
8 9 10	Sugar, beet. Sulphuric, nitric, and mixed acids Surgical appliances	3 4 16	350 259 190	15	9 11 11	54 24 9	5 2 15	282 222 140	De Je s	979 339 143	Mh 48 Fe 172 My 135	882 339 143	874 338 80	8 1 61	2		4, 393, 089 2, 214, 623 156, 638
11	Suspenders, garters, and elastic- woven goods.	11	364	8	13	24	20	299	Ју	328	Ja 255	274	33	241			448,651
12 13 14	Tin plate and terneplate. Tinware, not elsewhere specified. Tobacco, chewing and smoking, and snuff.	7 17 24	1,030 2,578 1,587	9 19	19 44 32	48 210 219	10 55 60	953 2,260 1,257	Oc Se Se	1,054 2,414 1,359	De 689 De 2,010 Ja 1,137	1,026 2,010 1,224	1,386 593	126 624 630	i		3, 201, 598 12, 644, 722 6, 813, 802
15	15 Tobacco, cigars															8, 200, 257	
17 18	17 Shovels, spades, scoops, car- 10 462 1 25 29 10 397 My 434 Oc 3 375 363 353 9 1 950,1 penters' tools, etc.															950, 190 4, 910, 201	
$\frac{19}{20}$	18 Machinists' 500ts. 12 1,725 9 46 163 57 1,450 13 1,580 De 1,255 1,285 1,176 109															928, 746 1, 690, 705 562, 426	
22 23 24 25 26 27	Umbrellas and canes. Varnishes Vault lights and ventilators. Vinegar and cider. Vinegar Cider.	13 30 3 18 4 14	363 797 16 48 22 26	18 12 2 18 4 14	12 91 1 2 1 1	43 205 3 3	23 79 1 2 2	267 410 12 23 12 11	Ap My Au Oc Oc	454	Ja 249 No 370 Ja ³ 10 Mh ³ 10 Ja ³ 10 Ja ³ 1	268 371 12 43 12 31	95 340 12 43 12 31	30			579, 884 4, 443, 920 12, 926 67, 274 45, 909 21, 365
28 29 30	Wall paper, not made in paper mills. Wall plaster. Washing machines and clothes	3 22 11	152 753 230	6 2	11 42 19	30 69 21	5 10 17	106 626 171	Fe Se My	128 680 204	Jy • 60 Ja 548 De 121	109 565 122	94 562 119	15 3 3			331, 152 2, 687, 681 450, 167
31	wringers. Window and door screens and weather strips.	19	265	14	16	15	10	210	Му	301	Ja 167	193	187	6			269, 166
32 33	Window and door screens Weather strips	15 4	242 23	12 2	14 2	14 1	6 4	196 14	Je 3	286 16	Ja 155 Ja 12	179 14	173 14	6			230, 205 38, 961
34 35	Wirework, including wire rope and cable. Wire rope and cable, and woven-	43 14	1,028 276	22	65 24	85 44	46 25	810 176	Ар Му	889 219	De ³ 756 De ³ 146	759 147	671 147	78	10		1,706,469 579,370
36 37	wire fencing. All other. Wood preserving.	29 5	752 202	15	41 13	41 16	21 10	634 163	Ap My	677 198	Oc 599 Fe 3 119	612 121	524 121	78	10		1, 127, 099 783, 812
38 39	Wood, turned and carved	61 16	1,156 171	60 12	57 9	27 4	27 5	985 141		1,109	Se 863 De 136	1,023	994 128	29 19			1,842,654 194,265
40 41	fied. Wool shoddy. All other industries*	5 267	569 31, 393	1 140	11 932	31 2, 287	3 787	523 27, 247	De	556	Se 492	560	378	182			1, 285, 417 92, 707, 970
An An As Ba Ba	*All other industries embrace— eroplanes and parts																

			EXPE	nses.								POW	ER.			
Sa	laries and w	ages.		Rent a	nd taxes.	For ma	terials.	4	Value		Primary	7 horsep	ower.		Elec- tric	
Officials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including internal revenue and corporation income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines.2	Water wheels and mo- tors.1	Electric (rented).	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.	
		Т	HE STA	TE-AL	L INDUS	TRIES COM	IBINED A	ND SPECIF	TED INDU	STRIES-	-Continue	d.				
\$4,600 36,332 389,166	\$4,635 31,036 404,325	\$28, 888 237, 867 3, 484, 887	\$580 5,294 1,500	\$6,880 19,131 38,463	\$391 1,876 94,242	\$25,062 203,170 3,360,208	\$962 19,586 142,491	\$108,661 747,335 9,990,696	\$82,637 524,579 6,487,997	53 952 7,172	3,819	5 35 2,109		48 917 1,244	2,890	1 2 3
267, 083 122, 083	305, 614 98, 711	2, 848, 006 636, 881	1,500	19,750 18,713	67, 723 26, 519	2,354,199 1,006,009	119,666 22,825	7, 261, 140 2, 729, 556	4, 787, 275 1, 700, 722	5, 483 1, 689	2,938 881	1,519 590		1,026 218	2,285 605	5
259, 354 433, 645	480, 622 1, 187, 559	2, 265, 949 4, 678, 237	5,936 131,854	145,996 32,334	58,354 150,398	4,826,911 12,360,572	85,587 243,732	9, 990, 903 22, 615, 795	5, 078, 405 10, 011, 491	3,476 16,155	1,970 8,007	238 1,993	51	1,268 6,104	1,523 9,846	6 7
31,897 31,556 17,452	61,845 31,301 31,941	209,395 161,340 76,045	5,972 15	6,700	19,296 10,841 4,060	809, 994 352, 543 132, 078	67,043 49,892 1,603	2,051,307 862,284 423,379	1,174,270 459,849 289,698	3,520 2,042 45	3,445 1,020	75 240		782 45	726 120	8 9 10
21,956	21,956 37,576 104,453 6,290 2,419 582,177 3,655 938,702 352,870 153 20															
154, 622	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$															
-	154, 622 234, 926 1, 244, 967 19, 141 46, 992 4, 334, 686 44, 425 7, 505, 606 2, 716, 495 2, 222 1, 175 287															
252, 745 46, 850	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$															
119, 362 86, 533 56, 330 49, 449	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$															
26,150 293,442 60 1,600 1,100 500	76, 882 347, 254 520 2, 810 2, 810	100, 803 263, 120 7, 125 11, 891 7, 919 3, 972	500 2,119 5,353 400 400	16,410 10,793 50 1,249 1,044 205	3,705 37,600 98 372 246 126	475,818 2,401,943 9,571 56,796 47,520 9,276	4,103 28,671 261 1,072 386 686	836, 003 4, 502, 503 25, 395 98, 677 74, 889 23, 788	356, 082 2, 071, 889 15, 563 40, 809 26, 983 13, 826	184 1,012 40 330 58 272	570 253 27 226	138 25 40 45 14 31	15 15	46 417 17 17	276	22 23 24 25 26 27
30, 837 73, 652 12, 678	28, 301 94, 518 30, 824	66, 823 370, 077 90, 721	6,846	1,200 28,478 9,172	2,267 13,714 3,266	251, 228 645, 546 345, 144	7,652 124,443 2,612	450,387 1,713,618 712,851	191,507 943,629 365,095	221 3,617 416	2,140 200	30 355 204		$1,122 \\ 1,121 \\ 12$	29 600 5	28 29 30
23, 188	16, 295	153,801	250	8, 558	1,848	203,048	6,015	560, 884	351,821	512	260	149		103		31
20,928 2,260	14, 711 1, 584	145, 063 8, 738	250	7,490 1,068	1,547 301	195, 764 7, 284	5, 484 531	517, 867 43, 017	316, 619 35, 202	460 52	260	132 17		68 35		32 33
126,008	90, 727	455,950	40	15,984	18, 408	2, 138, 042	29, 103	3, 434, 551	1, 267, 406	1,281	240	286		755	162	34
40,076	34, 363	123, 248		5,380	5,360	1,302,698	4,811	1,802,413	494,904	146 1,135	240	98 188		48 707	142 20	35 36
85, 932 36, 299	56, 364 21, 202	332,702 119,191	40	10,604 2,630	13,048 6,377	835, 344 574, 920	24, 292 9, 608	1, 632, 138 937, 326	772,502 352,798	446	260			186	185	37
112, 186 10, 250	35, 455 5, 745	520, 103 68, 077	8,161 50	6,757 2,209	17, 613 831	1, 269, 721 115, 887	16,526 4,350	2, 284, 105 253, 999	997, 858 133, 762	4, 250 415	3,682 265	410 73		158 77	115 60	39
34,700 2,422,725	25, 140 3, 220, 765	255, 035 15, 908, 266	48, 987	197, 264	14,176 777,534	778, 783 54, 900, 193	40,879 1,036,420	1, 353, 121 100, 593, 500	533, 459 44, 656, 887	1,410 65,189	1,190 44,353	3,272	240	17,324	15,648	41
Jute goods Lasts Lead, bar, Locomotiv companio Matches Musical in not speci Needles, pi	pipe, and shees, not madesstruments affiedins, and hool	nt cases neet de by railro and materia ks and eyes ke	1 0 P	leomargar aper patt eanuts, g and shell ens, foun honograp lated war ocketbook	rine	usting, clean cylographic phophones r than wood.	2 Saling, Scient, Scie	ales, ivory and ad-lime brick, ales and balan ews, wood wing-machine k goods, inclu versmithing a lab la-water appa pewriters and sholstering mae or more other.	ces cases ding throwst and silverwar ratus supplies terials	ers	1 Watel 4 Watel 1 Watel 1 Whee 1 Whip 2 Wind 4 Wind 2 Wire	h and ch cases. hes lbarrow s mills ow sha	des and	fixture		3242275

³ Same number reported for one or more other months.

TABLE 55.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

_	Thomas of		JI A.I.I.					11111			11					
					PERSO	NS EN	3AGED	IN THE I	ndustry.			REPRES				
		Num-			Sala- ried	Clerks	s, etc.		Wage ear	ners.		16 and	over.	Unde	r 16.	
í	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	ber of estab- lish-		Pro- prie- tors	offi- cers, su-				Number,	15th day of—						Capital.
		ments.	Total.	and firm mem- bers.	perin- tend- ents, and man-	Male.	Fe- male.	Average num- ber.	Maximum month.	Minimum month.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male	
					agers.				I COLEDI	TED LITE OF	DEGLETIC	D TATE		n a		
-	CITIES OF 50,000		· ·	1 1						1	<u> </u>		1 1		<u> </u>	oro oro 1
1	AKRON—All industries Artificial stone products	305	32,992 42	211	672		1,646	24,680	Ap. 28,774 My 3 36	4	24,501	21,667	2,781	47		\$111,313,330 41,968
2 3 4 5 6	Automobile repairing Brass and bronze products Bread and other bakery products. Brick, tile, terra-cotta and fire-clay products.	3 4 41 9	6 13 260 657	55 1	3 5 20	12 15	1 5 5	2 7 183 616	Se 3 My 10 Jy 193 Ap 677	Au 1 Se 8 5 Ja 8 169	3 6 189 626	3 6 145 626	43	1		8,375 17,069 491,568 1,515,823
7 8 10 11 12 13	Carpets, rag Carriages and wagons Confectionery and ice cream Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work Foundry and machine-shop products Foundries Machine shops.	4 8 10 5 25 5 20	13 125 79 63 1,326 194 1,132	10 7 3 10	6 4 6 60 8 52	6 8 56 4 52	3 2 1 18	9 100 58 53 1,182 182 1,000	Je s 16 De 131 Au 76 Jy 70 Ap 1,333 Ap 200 Ap 1,130	Se 87 De 46 Fe 36 De 1,026 Fe 162	17 134 65 53 1,032 186 846	2 130 38 53 1,011 186 825	27			8,731 457,749 132,775 61,612 3,880,811 320,986 3,559,825
14 15 16 17 18	Gas and electric fixtures Liquors, malt Lumber and timber products. Mineral and soda waters Models and patterns, not including paper patterns.	. 3 3 13 5 6	26 224 445 21 54	2 9 9 6	2 16 30 2	21 30 3	1 3 9	17 184 367 9 45	Ap 3 19 Je 22 Au 40 Je 11 Je 55	Ja 167 De 323 Ja 8	17 169 332 9 48	16 167 323 9 48	1 2 9			61, 504 1, 146, 664 797, 115 24, 143 56, 612
19 20	Patent medicines and compounds Pottery, china, earthen and stone-	6 6	11 464	7 1	14	13	4	4 432	De 8 Mh 46		8 417	4 356	4 61			14, 585 786, 183
21 22	ware. Printing and publishing Rubber goods, not elsewhere specified	37 18	1,000 24,231	25 1	36 341	108 4,980	31 1,441	800 17,468	Ja 879 Ap 21,033	3 Ja 15,493	793 17,578	565 15,655	227 1,896	1 23	4	1,857,807 83,182,054
23 24 25 26	Saddlery and harness Stoves and hot-air furnaces Tobacco, eigars All other industries *	5	8 407 12 3,505	4 6 27	10 113	26 500	9	362 6 2,753		3 Jè 282 3 (4) 6	4 400 6 2,565	398 6 2,072	2 	22	2	10,701 1,155,112 5,485 15,598,884
Au Au Aw Ra	* All other industries embrace— ricultural implements	Brushe Butter Cars a and a pani- China	s	ral sho y stear	p con n-railr	structionad cor	1 on n- at	Clothin Coffee, Coopera Electric suppl Electro	g, women's roasting an igeal machine ies plating	d grinding ry, apparatus s, and water sinking.	, and 3	Flavor Food speci Fur go Furnit Glass. Hand s	ing extr prepara fied ods ure stamps.	nets	not	elsewhere 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2
1	CANTON—All industries	276	14,378	178	514	922	509	12,255	Oc 12,75		======	10,856	1,397	18	21	
2 3 4 5 6 7	Artificial stone products Bread and other bakery products Carriages and wagons Confectionery and ice cream Confectionery Ice cream	5 12 9	22 193 52 85 57 28	3 28 5 10 8 2	3 18 4 11 8 3	1 13 1 4 1 3	3 2 3 2 1	15 131 40 57 38 19	Se 2 No 13 Je 4 Au 6 No 4 Jy 2	1 Ja 8 36 3 Mh 8 49 1 Je 32	136 41 65 44	24 107 40 41 21 20	23	1		11,679 187,670 150,230 109,089 33,584 75,505
8	Foundry and machine-shop products Iron and steel, steel works and rolling		1,471 4,253	17	83 44	68 302	47 108	1,256 3,799	Ap 1,33 Oc 4,14	De 1,146 Fe 3,436	1,141 4,008	1,089 3,928	52 80			3,613,240 13,618,244
10	mills. Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected	8	64	5	11	6	3	39	Oc 4		38	38			 	105,445
11	with sawmills. Mineral and soda waters	4	21	2	4	1	1	13	Je ⁸ 1		10	9		1		44,937
12 13 14	Patent medicines and compounds Printing and publishing, book and job Printing and publishing, newspapers	15 6		19 19	9 10 17	6 2 73	2 3 72	15 64 187	Au 8 1 Oc 6 De 19	9 Ap 60	67	3 55 134		2	2	46,874 78,164 363,431
15	and periodicals. Roofing materials, metal shingles, ceilings, etc.	3	258		10	27	15	206	Oc 23		205	205				827,729
16 17	Signs and advertising novelties Structural ironwork, not made in	7 5	61 306	ļ	5 19	4 27	5 11	42 249	My 4 Se 27			21 266	17		2	32,597 875,247
18 19	steel works or rolling mills. Tobacco, cigars All other industries *	l	63 7,053	15 72	7 259	387	1 233	6,102	De 4		45 5,992	21 4,875	1,087	14	1 16	20,718 17,900,831
Au Bei Boi Bri Bri Bri	*All other industries embrace— ricultural implements. 4 tomobile repairing 1 rinings, tents, and sails. 1 is. 1 is. 1 xes, fancy and paper 1 xes, wooden packing 1 uss and bronze products 4 toms 2 tter 2	Carpet Carria Cars a and pani Cleans Clothi	ng and particular in the state of the state	agon m ral sho y electr arations an's	ateria op con ic-rail	lsstructi	1 2 1 on m- 1 2 5 2	Cutlery Dairyn rists' Electri supp Electro Engrav cludi Flour-1	y and edge nen's, poul supplies cal machin lies pplating ring, steel a ng plate pr nill and gr	ring sirups toois trymen's, and ery, apparatu nd copper pla inting stmill produc	apia- 1 s, and 2 te, in- 1 ts 3	Hardy Hardy House spec Ice, m Iron a Iron a steel	vare sad furnish ified anu fact nd steel works	dlery ing god	ods, no	5 2 2 2 1 1 telsewhere 2 1 hutters 1 1 ot made in 11ls 2

¹ Owned power only.

			EXPE	ises.								POW	ER.		
Sal	aries and w	ages.		Rent a	ıd taxes.	For ma	terials.		Value		Primary	horsep	ower.		Elec-
Officials.	Clerks,	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including internal revenue and corporation income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines.1	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines.2	Water wheels and mo- tors.1	Electric (rented).	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.
	CI	TIES OF	50,000 IN	HABITA	NTS OR	MORE-A	LL INDUS	TRIES COM	IBINED A	ND SPEC	IFIED 1	NDUS	TRIES		
2, 153, 953	\$5,090,587	\$17,310,415	\$41,231	\$83,928	\$1,209,936	\$64,789,216	\$1,273,176	\$122,291,600	\$56, 229, 208	65,942	51,722	3,286	95	10,839	39, 610
1,500 3,120 2,818 14,341 38,277	300 121 21,427 24,743	12,830 1,475 5,561 125,926 361,009	7,500	1,068 276 520 16,015 1,383	342 43 122 2,698 14,183	15, 439 2, 635 17, 214 423, 905 120, 895	435 241 779 19,084 217,480	44, 190 15, 965 29, 322 718, 877 994, 430	28,316 13,089 11,329 275,888 656,055	37 1,740 24 280 2,070	6 455 1,985	16 12 18 10		15 1, 285 12 262 75	157
13, 250 4, 420 6, 732 121, 774 8, 000 113, 774	7,200 6,476 1,075 80,617 2,560 78,057	3,064 74,543 30,567 42,676 873,085 155,617 717,468	720	360 3,048 4,721 3,680 7,449	72 2,757 519 997 34,541 3,167 31,374	2,237 51,057 117,544 58,665 1,111,989 183,711 928,278	56 2,453 1,621 1,556 51,418 9,528 41,890	8,373 193,103 211,100 132,167 2,860,639 402,136 2,458,503	6,080 139,593 91,935 71,886 1,697,232 208,897 1,488,335	2 194 59 27 2,808 233 2,575	75 1,015 75 940	1 88 31 10 1,203 55 1,148	40	1 31 28 17 550 103 447	1,399 39 1,360
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$															
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$															
104,510 121,091 534,203 27,426 15,878 16,363 663,882 20,790 1,938,085 1,253,413 1,027 360 131															
ats, fur-fe osiery and se, manufa ak, printin on and st mills	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$														
, 109, 004	\$1,346,183	\$8,549,945	\$66,457	\$80, 105	\$ 314, 870	\$20, 512, 935	\$1,295,1 51	\$43,713,446	\$21,905,360	43,071	25,081	3,701	58	14,231	4,702
3, 760 17, 561 4, 400 10, 241 7, 191 3, 050	1,040 13,392 1,550 5,646 2,087 3,559	9, 495 66, 226 23, 700 35, 141 22, 126 13, 015		925 2,658 180 2,924 2,684 240	60 1,134 650 691 323 368	6, 480 195, 114 20, 520 62, 016 35, 413 26, 603	110 8,170 1,458 3,422 1,273 2,149	30,342 420,716 74,240 179,648 87,576 92,072	23, 752 217, 432 52, 262 114, 210 50, 890 63, 320	13 116 61 114 35 79		16 65 15 50	3	8 113 45 49 20 29	
204, 750 132, 657 12, 135	126, 120 395, 047 5, 331	822,718 3,245,445 27,924	38, 763 2, 742	12, 592 210	29, 181 65, 210 691	1,289,170 9,611,384 44,877	71,677 597,585 1,792	5, 760, 113 16, 887, 269 111, 981	4, 399, 266 6, 678, 300 65, 312	1,921 28,428 231	380 17, 225 65	2,756 80		1, 453 8, 447 86	223 2,397 6
5, 100	1,528	7, 480		120	307	20, 847	464	45, 458	24, 147	11				11	
9, 113 12, 946 64, 505	11, 256 2, 763 87, 881	6,699 39,796 153,372	508 150	968 5, 734 4, 833	682 325 4,144	58, 554 31, 874 265, 164	224 1,844 5,606	169,716 123,309 652,406	110,938 89,591 381,636	5 51 224				51 224	
21,817	29, 562	120,749	126	1,200	5,649	453, 446	5,994	722, 839	263,399	280	110		-	170	•••••
5,600 43,217	4, 189 37, 689	23, 947 154, 547		2,956 560	5,112	17, 983 723, 721	226 11,898	70,616 1,038,804	52, 407 303, 185	625	115	85		5 425	250
4, 175 557, 027	210 622, 979	16,544 3,796,162	24, 168	984 43,261	9,202 191,731	27, 124 7, 684, 661	195 584, 486	64,622 17,361,367	37,303 9,092,220	10,986	7, 186	606	55	3, 139	1,826
eather good iquors, ma larble and lattresses a linerals and lodels and paper pat lucilage ar	ods, not else altstone work and spring l ad earths, gr i patterns, ternsd	where specification of the spe	ed 2 P 3 P 2 P 1 R ng Sa 1 Sa 1 Sa 2 SI	lumbers' specified oftery umps, ste ubber goo addlery an ifes and v aws	supplies, am ods, not else od harness aults	not elsewi	nere Some Some Some State St	uightering and appropriate and appropriate and dissewhere spectam fittings water heating ereotyping and wes and hot-alphuric, nitric	ar and carria enameled w eified and steam apparatus d electroplati	geare, not and hot- ing	1 Tin r 1 Tools Toys 2 Trun Umb 5 Wate 1 Wate 2 Wine 1 Wire	plate and some control of the contro	d terner sewhere mesvalises. nd canes	specified	

Table 55.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

				PERSO	ns en	}AGED	IN THE I	NDUSTRY.			EARNERS REPRESI				
	Num-			Sala- ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wage earne	ers.		16 and	over.	Unde	er 16.	
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	ber of estab-		Pro- prie- tors	offi- cers, su-				Number, 15	oth day of—	m-4-1					Capital.
	lish- ments.	Total.		perin- tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	Aver age num- ber.	Maximum month.	Minimum month.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male	,

CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES-Continued.

	CITIES OF 50,000 INHA	BITA	NTS OR	MOR	E-AI	ıL IN.	DUST	RIES C	OWB	NED	AND	SPEC	TETETA T	NDUST	KIES-	-Contin	iuea.		
1	CINCINNATI—All industries	2,135	72,858	1,898	2,802	5,848	2,449	59,861	Fe	62,782	Oc.	57, 139	59,872	44, 999	14, 512	228	133	\$157, 468, 150	=
2 3 4 5 6	Artificial limbs. Automobiles Automobile repairing. Awnings, tents, and sails Bags, paper.	17 6 5	19 336 92 71 399	7 3 19 5	1 14 4 6 23	1 26 2 6 27	1 5 4 4 14	9 288 63 50 335	Ap Oc 3 My Oc	11 455 68 68 357	No Oc Ja Ja ³ Ap	7 136 55 40 316	11 440 66 45 331	10 440 66 24 163	1 21 162		6	8, 348 605, 363 77, 092 152, 453 629, 583	
7 8 9 10 11	Belting, leather. Blacking, stains, and dressings. Bookbinding and blank-book making Boots and shoes Boxes, cigar	3 25 26 5	59 20 272 7,860 152	7 28 4 8	10 1 5 165 2	13 4 4 277 3	4 1 7 285	32 7 228 7,129 139	Ja 8 Ja 8 Mh Fe Fe	34 7 244 7,878 154	No s Je s Au Ap Se	30 7 208 5,634 128	30 7 224 7,302 139	30 7 114 4,358 72	105 2,856 67	1 43	4 45	305,446 19,359 169,770 9,002,697 154,014	
12 13 14 15 16	Boxes, fancy and paper. Boxes, wooden packing Brass, bronze, and copper products Bread and other bakery products Brick, tile, pottery, and other clay products.	17 8 12 177 10	880 271 647 2,187 341	7 7 13 182 7	38 10 21 49 23	51 5 45 204 8	31 5 12 83 16	753 244 556 1,669 287	Ja Oc Ja Oc Je	774 266 628 1,733 352	Jy Au De Ja Fe	728 223 479 1,558 220	748 224 481 1,717 284	212 221 473 1, 292 250	531 8 423 34		4	642, 635 396, 521 1, 470, 344 4, 062, 950 643, 480	
17 18 19 20 21 22	Brooms, from broom corn. Carriage and wagon materials. Carriages and wagons. Carriages and wagons. Repair work only Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies.	6 14 61 46 15 6	52 700 1,444 1,336 108 807	12 9 61 46 15	27 83 79 4 2	22 118 111 7 57	18 45 44 1 1	36 624 1,137 1,056 81 747	Ja 8 Mh Mh Mh Mh Fe	37 770 1,379 1,296 83 809	Jy ⁸ Jy Oc Oc My De	34 428 880 800 79 660	37 606 964 884 80 729	37 579 927 847 80 724	21 36 36 36	4 1 1		19,515 1,590,490 3,122,376 8,010,646 111,730 593,733	
23	Chemicals	11	149	6	20	29	13	81	Jу	90	Fe	69	79	79				560,327	1
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Cleansing and polishing preparations. Clothing, men's. Regular factories. Men's and youths'. Contract work. Men's and youths'. Boys'.	7 105 44 44 61 57 4	5,326 4,179 4,179 1,147 1,097 50	6 127 55 55 72 67 5	8 83 79 79 4 4	22 536 530 530 6 6	8 178 173 173 5 5	20 4,402 3,342 3,342 1,060 1,015 45	Α̈́D	25 4,677 3,554 3,554 1,122 1,077 47	De	18 4,108 3,065 3,065 987 942 43	18 4,486 3,409 3,409 1,077 1,030 47	12 1, 652 1, 415 1, 415 237 223 14	2,791 1,989 1,989 802 769 33	8 3 3 5 5	35 2 2 2 33 33	82,966 7,571,834 7,488,221 7,488,221 83,613 81,833 1,780	
31 32 33	Clothing, men's, buttonholes Clothing, women's	7 26 7	68 1,339 334	9 39 3	33 20	85 71	45 13	58 1,137 227	Ja ³ Au Mh ³	1,259 239	Jy s De Ja	53 892 203	53 1,054 227	9 351 112	44 700 115		3	9,035 1,239,585 1,070,009	
34 35	Confectionery Cooperage and wooden goods, not elsewhere specified.	21 20	1,143 565	22 22	38 22	96 5	78 8	909 508	Oc Mh	1,245 607	Jy Jy	690 387	1,065 447	442 445	603 2	11	9	1,159,030 1,057,503	
36 37	Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work Cutlery and tools, not elsewhere spec- ified.	41 9	750 143	35 8	62 10	67 16	53 8	533 101	Fe Ap	583 111	De Se	492 87	504 80	500 79	i	4		1,804,502 294,555	
38	Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies.	16	454	9	27	79	20	319	Oc	343	Jу	290	322	293	. 28	1		991,327	
39 40	Electroplating Engraving and diesinking	5 14	71 75	5 16	4 1	4	3 1	55 57	Mh Fe ⁸	58 60	Se Jy:	51 56	57 60	55 46	1 13	1	_i .	32,404 37,025	
41	Engraving, steel and copper plate, including plate printing.	4	86	3	3	9	1	70	Је	79	Mh	64	71	58	7	3	3	35, 135	
42 43 44	Flavoring extracts Flour-mill and gristmill products Food preparations, not elsewhere specified.	10 7 12	107 74 89	10 4 8	6 7 10	13 13 5	35 7 6	43 43 60	Je (4) Au	55 43 68	No (4) Se	33 43 50	44 43 67	26 40 56	18 3 11			229, 908 543, 655 196, 803	
45	Foundry and machine-shop products.	170	8, 237	113	386	650	187	6,901	Ja	7,651	Se	5,360	6,878	6,829	44	5		20, 230, 522	
46 47 48 49	Fur goods. Furnishing goods, men's. Furniture and refrigerators. Glass, cutting, staining, and orna-	5 5 52 7	42 166 2,002 207	3 6 66 5	2 7 92 14	18 100 14	1 4 31 6	36 131 1,713 168	No Oc Ja Ja	43 154 1,890 181	Mh a Ap Jy Je	31 112 1,485 156	29 113 1,541 175	16 15 1,457 129	13 98 21 46	62	i	59,740 93,995 8,155,631 206,050	
50	menting. Grease and tallow, not including lubricating greases.	6	172	7	4	2	1	158	Au	165	De 8	- 1	152	152				215, 189	
51 52	Hand stamps. Hats and caps, other than felt, straw, and wool.	3 14	17 293	1 21	3 10	2 14	3	8 239	(4) Ja. 3	8 265	(4) Se	8 186	8 250	8 79	169		2	10, 842 233, 037	
53 54	Ice, manufactured Instruments, professional and sci-	14 3	288 9	2 3	25 2	25	6	230 4	Ју з (4)	316 4	Ja. (4)	157 4	219	218 4	1			1, 954, 421 6, 350	
55	entific. Jewelry	24	400	43	17	29	23	288	De	297	Au	281	297	251	40	6		467, 814	1
5 6	Leather, tanned, curried, and fin- ished.	12	817	13	22	24	- 3	755	Fe	859	De	655	782	782				8, 210, 193	
57 58 59 60	Liquors, malt	20 10 4 6	2,001 461 266 594	5 1 4	82 20 11 17	185 33 33 19	7 20 2 7	1,727 383 219 547	Jy Fe Ap My	1, 901 398 238 653	Ja Au Ja Oc	1,621 358 155 444	1,665 396 211 564	1,660 341 202 554	5 54 9 10			15, 321, 596 1, 202, 104 524, 538 1, 135, 167	
61	Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	23	476	20	37	39	5	375	Au 3		Fe	337	375	375				953, 258	

¹ Owned power only.

² Includes rented power, other than electric.

			EXPE	NSES.					_			POW	ER.		
Sal	aries and w	ages.		Rent ar	nd taxes.	For ma	terials.		Value		Primary	horsep	ower.		Elec-
Officials.	Clerks,	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including in- ternal revenue and corporation income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines.2	wheels and mo- tors.1	Electric (rented).	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.

CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE—ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES—Continued.

	01112	0 F 50,000	111111111111111111111111111111111111111													_
\$6,927,139	\$8,324,937	\$33,159,083	\$1,859,195	\$1,996,053	\$8,026,537	\$111,908,350	\$2,198,284	\$210,860,386	\$96, 753, 752	106,689	73,625	9,046	75	23,943	27,965	1
900 30,520 4,900 10,770 61,991	625 29,109 2,572 9,008 38,832	5,837 220,838 41,205 25,738 148,909	699 553 968 938	2,134 3,000 6,450 4,379 28,820	5,702 783 792 4,798	7,408 595,433 32,052 125,643 744,243	193 6,581 1,263 1,146 9,701	42,454 846,725 116,156 217,800 1,262,801	34,853 244,711 82,841 91,011 508,857	5 384 70 30 603	365	14 90		1 19 56 30 113	60 331	34 5
18,080 2,600 8,740 446,892 3,800	13,751 8,060 11,664 639,906 2,432	24,079 5,824 118,165 3,634,968 62,150	820 3,925	2,921 1,152 18,423 95,472 8,570	2,168 72 1,524 51,280 923	187,814 44,972 97,929 7,655,583 102,509	1,675 170 2,941 56,989 3,648	257, 900 76, 500 346, 538 14, 525, 078 226, 188	68,411 31,358 245,668 6,812,506 120,031	119 10 114 4,115 268	3,555 240	5 2 355		59 5 112 205 28	2,481 60	10 11
62,188 15,863 55,260 122,722 38,859	33,054 7,238 59,339 247,360 23,275	263,343 133,029 346,143 924,539 171,376	60 1,340 660	30,258 7,215 6,521 79,167 2,789	3,514 4,408 9,778 33,173 5,171	476,273 367,685 486,695 3,596,418 50,111	11,005 6,868 19,415 94,157 35,448	1,015,741 647,257 1,186,702 6,385,676 390,859	528, 463 272, 704 680, 592 2, 695, 101 305, 300	570 973 708 1,524 749	230 900 472 687 630	140 10 152 6 60		200 63 84 831 59	75 6 348 397 77	1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1:
60,691 166,452 156,792 9,660 3,744	2,946 34,244 143,985 142,425 1,560 59,791	22,065 402,180 800,793 747,142 53,651 563,855	9,565 9,542 23	2,008 28,796 59,732 51,700 8,032	194 10,248 22,079 20,546 1,533 1,890	66, 465 909, 364 2,171, 657 2,127, 678 43, 979 307, 663	1,622 18,686 26,725 24,009 2,716 33,713	131, 867 1, 713, 063 3, 851, 998 3, 694, 537 157, 461 970, 656	63,780 785,013 1,653,616 1,542,850 110,766 629,280	32 1,412 1,376 1,309 67 1,023	1, 255 875 875 790	85 111 111 18		32 72 390 323 67 215	53 221 221 328	1' 18 19 20 21 22
34,306	39,829	50,707		6,481	5,822	331,603	30,033	618, 143	256,507	493	377	60		56	13	23
26,740 284,275 279,439 279,439 4,836 4,836	18, 280 820, 418 807, 781 807, 781 12, 637 12, 637	7,818 2,292,709 1,900,904 1,900,904 391,805 373,140 18,665	1,048,012 1,035,875 1,035,875 12,137 12,137	5,154 202,156 191,934 191,934 10,222 9,544 678	900 25,404 24,164 24,164 1,240 1,203	71,807 6,487,227 6,481,357 6,481,357 5,870 5,846	1,298 22,902 17,138 17,138 5,764 5,118 646	204, 660 13, 333, 110 12, 748, 541 12, 748, 541 584, 569 559, 602 24, 967	131,555 6,822,981 6,250,046 6,250,046 572,935 548,638 24,297	36 983 877 877 106 84 22	370 370 370	7 7 7		36 606 507 507 99 77 22	128 122 122 6 6	24 26 26 27 28 29 30
780 79,121 58,500	163,241 99,807	21,289 616,107 106,981		720 52,078 17,861	353 3,614 6,444	7,825 1,362,769 1,771,117	245 7,317 11,043	41,182 2,566,569 2,286,048	33,112 1,196,483 503,888	9 167 657	200	245		9 167 212	385	3:
86, 252 50, 149	133,906 8,046	344,534 298,455	200	44,271 8,305	8,767 10,877	1,356,390 707,476	20,143 26,761	2,343,292 1,247,302	966,759 513,065	930 1,446	680 1,275	150 95	·····	100 76	587 366	3.
126, 109 54, 126	98, 246 24, 387	358,856 95,196	2,189	18,295 3,016	12,058 1,624	1,698,123 127,659	10,898 9,221	2,779,081 390,913	1,070,060 254,033	632 518	175	447 80		185 263	40	3
64, 930	95,748	191,438	75	16,080	6,283	458,147	10,765	901,895	432,983	329		146		183	38	3
7,370 1,100	4,328 480	39,089 30,720	4,000	4,151 3,906	960 108	12,770 11,439	1,754 259	81,426 79,538	66,902 67,840	112 11		35		77 11		34
5,460	5, 793	44,279		3,240	64	17,001	995	93, 252	75,256	19				19		4
8,360 15,266 8,022	26,409 16,895 6,365	21,925 34,855 32,069	272	4,645 6,136 3,935	781 4,031 1,289	188,184 1,026,681 215,812	1,880 9,636 2,335	439, 197 1, 152, 502 312, 652	249, 133 116, 185 94, 505	57 725 187	40 500 125	180 35		17 45 27	90 14	4
955, 256	809,424	4,411,238	39,761	156, 224	148,926	5,505,135	232,396	15,319,472	9,581,941	13,154	6,212	1,823		5,119	3,544	4
4,000 18,190 177,204 28,144	260 24,667 106,290 13,724	24,058 55,888 1,006,707 95,254	14, 188 1, 248	5,160 4,602 60,504 4,660	184 750 26, 819 1, 026	21,952 231,818 1,564,116 141,400	632 314 41,940 2,470	71,072 372,270 3,513,554 297,215	48,488 140,138 1,907,498 153,345	18 7 3,450 88	2,805	320 43		18 7 325 45	354	444
6, 152	2,824	103,922	62	1,392	697	138,309	20, 181	319, 100	160,610	397	282			115		- 5
3, 516 23, 080	2,000 18,902	3,885 121,351	500	1,840 14,348	98 1,199	6,485 340,511	229 3,324	20, 984 607, 699	14,270 263,864	3 29				3 29		5
41, 736 1, 404	25,303	154,654 3,443		4,170 680	18,837 75	55,312 1,280	117,070 36	471, 855 10, 121	299, 473 8, 805	5,048 4	5,030			18 4	442	. 5
40,648	28,789	192, 547		19,776	1,861	222,907	2,631	728, 691	503,153	213				213		- 5
53, 983	27,875	474,350		5,750	40,998	3,900,416	53,885	5, 425, 725	1,471,424	2,382	2,310	50		22	1,172	- 1
348, 728 61, 120 24, 618 35, 465	306, 464 58, 712 43, 438 28, 571	1,549,082 294,967 146,318 322,503	5, 153 4, 457	2,733 12,279 4,941 8,112	1,853,447 8,375 3,898 13,824	2,671,742 220,487 135,521 619,389	272,155 8,976 4,869 6,066	10,352,807 831,525 431,059 1,126,531	7, 408, 910 602, 062 290, 669 501, 076	13,114 462 330 1,420	12,800 120 305 1,380	302 18 40		12 324 25	2, 254 10 29	- 5
88, 653	49,174	291,720		8,903	10,754	806, 809	11,155	1,472,296	654,332	1,564	1,330	87		147	973	6
					1					Grade Contracts	4.5					

³ Same number reported for on eor more other months.

⁴ Same number reported throughout the year.

TABLE 55.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

NOLY Property And City Property Computer Property Property Computer Property Pr	=					PERSO	NS EN	3AGED	IN THE I	NDUS	TRY.			EARNERS F REPRES				
Property And City Property		, ,					Clerk	s, etc.		Wa	ge earn	ers.		[[
CIVIES OF \$6,000 INLABITANT OR MORE—ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED TROUSTRIES—Continued.		INDUSTRY AND CITY.	of estab- lish-	Total.	prie- tors and	offi- cers, su- perin-				Nur	nber, 1	5th day of-	11					Capital.
CINCIENTATE—Continued. 77		,			mem-	ents, and man-	Male.		num-				1	Male.		Male		
April Company Compan		CITIES OF 50,000 INHA	BITA	NT OR	MORE	—ALI	LIND	USTR	IES CO	MBI	NED A	ND SPE	HEIED I	II NDUSTI	RIES—	Contin	ued.	• ;
Page Paticipal and publishing, book said plot 1	1 2 3 4	Marble and stone work	10 9	109 366	13 4	4 18	4 32	4 19	84 293	Ap Fe	87 446	De 78	342	52 29	26 313			\$653,991 176,647 132,444 207,638
Principle Prin					1		1		1			l	11	}	ſ	1		
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	8	Paints	16 37	571 414	14 31	41 25	116 90	35 40	365 228	Je Mh	389 248	No 336 Se 217	351 220	343 144	8 76			4, 028, 062 1, 010, 607
11 Printing and publishing, source 164 147 183 111 2,566 No. 2,441 Ap. 2,97 2,966 1,768 622 10 8 4,287 4,287 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		Plumbers' supplies, not elsewhere		1			1						- 11		1	ł	1 1	1, 269, 731
14 Printing and pribibling, and job 17 608 11 2 118 109 100	12	Printing and publishing, book and job Printing and publishing, music Printing and publishing, newspapers	8	114	7	13	38	9	47	No Ap De	52	Au 3 42	42	38	4			4, 287, 076 147, 768 3, 993, 935
17 Raibber goods, not elsewhere specified 3	15	Printing and publishing Printing, publishing, and job printing.	17	663	11	24	118	109	401	De	434	Ју в 386	434	360	73			2, 024, 239 1, 853, 062
10 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	17			14	3	4		2	5	(4)	5	(4)	5 5	5				1.082
28 Stemel steams and notored to the steam of	19 20	Shirts. Signs and advertising novelties.	! 70	1,195 191	3	27 11 73	13	25 5	1,075 159	Mh Jy	1,257 169	Se 929 Oc 150	962	68 110	891 51	2 2	1	622, 167 260, 666 4, 378, 022
24 Stemand and hol-duf turnaces, includ- 25 Stowes and hol-duf turnaces, includ- 26 Stowes and hol-duf turnaces, includ- 27 Stowes and hol-duf turnaces, includ- 28 Stowes and hol-duf turnaces, includ- 29 Stowes and hol-duf turnaces, includ- 20 Stowes and hol-duf turnaces, includ- 20 Stowes and hol-duf turnaces, includ- 20 Stowes and hol-duf turnaces, includ- 21 Stowes and hol-duf turnaces, includ- 22 Structural fromwork, not made in 16 369 15 20 24 12 208 Jy 334 De 252 253 55 1, 104 2 2, 209, 564, 400 23 Tobacco manufactures. 160 2, 432 178 42 101 24 2,087 Ta 2, 203 Ta	23	water heating and steam and hot-	6	1,407	4	28	226	68	1,081	Se	1,102	My 1,041	1,095	1,088	9	7		118, 384 3, 355, 004
27 Suspenders garders, and elastic 5 140 5 5 4 11 115 Au 144 Ja 61 102 5 97 S9,012	25	Stencils and brands. Stoves and hot-air furnaces, including gas and oil stoves	12	836	2	46	61	42	685	Fe	735	Jy 633	668	664		1	1	43,621 1,831,415 564,403
28 Tobacco manufactures 160 2,432 178 42 101 24 2,087 152 2,003 152 2,003 163 2,003 163 103	27	Suspenders, garters, and elastic	5	140	5	5	4	11	115	Au	144	Ja 61	. 102	5	97			89,012
*All other industries *	28 29 30	Tobacco manufactures. Varnishes Wire work, including wire rope and	9	111	4	42 17 12	101 29 6	9	52	Ја (4) Ја	52	(4) 52	52	51	1, 194 1			2, 269, 564 546, 074 277, 905
Aluminum were	31	All other industries*	302	12,124	209	481	876	401	10,157				. 10,056	8,080	1,939	23	14	30, 598, 537
Boot and shoe indings. 5 Coke, not including gas-house coke. 1 Gas and electric fixtures. 1 Gas and water metars 1 Confectionery (ice cream). 9 9 9 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 115	A B B B B	uminum ware	Carpe Carria Cars and pan Cars, oper Cash	tables ts, rag ts, rag ges and gene repairs b ies electric-re ations of registers	sleds, coral sho y electrailroad railroad and c	hildren op con ic-rail not i d comp calcula	n'sstructi road co includi panies. ting n	1 ion m- 3 ing 1	Dental Dyeing Ename Engine Engrav Envelo Fancy fied Fire ex Flags a Foundr	goods and ling s, stea ing, v pes articl tingu nd ba	finishin am, gas wood les, not ishers, anners.	g textiles, and water elsewhere chemicals		Gold a ing, in Hair with Hardwith Hats, for Hats, so House-special Talk, or	and silvenot from ork	er, recall the o	lucing re ods. ods, no	and refin- 2
2 Artificial stone products	B	oot and snoe indings	Colling good Coke, Confed	s, burial o ds not inclu etionery (ding ga	s-hous	e coke	rs' 5 1	Gas and Gas ma ters Glass	d elec chine	tric fixt	ures. as and wa	ter me-	mills Iron and and a or rol	nd stee	l, bolt	s, nuts	, washers, steel works
3 Automobile bodies and parts. 28 1,800 15 56 139 25 1,565 Je 1,808 De 1,378 1,419 1,411 6 2 2 3,950,737 4 Automobiles. 38 6,177 99 453 184 5,441 De 51 Ja 36 55 50 51 1 76,882,303 56 Awnings, tents, and sails. 8 294 4 17 26 14 223 Je 366 De 152 227 124 103 370,991 7 Blacking, stains, and dressings. 4 29 4 4 6 3 12 (4) 12 (4) 12 12 7 5 41,897 8 Bookbinding and blank-book making. 17 226 21 11 5 6 183 My 190 Oc 174 188 118 69 1 149,990 9 Boxes, cigar	2	Artificial stone products	15	148					118				_		17,760			\$312, 908, 956 191, 328
11 Boxes, wooden packing	3 4 5	Automobile bodies and parts Automobiles Automobile repairing	28 8 10	1,800 6,177 63	15	56 99 7	139 453 1	25 184 3	1,565 5,441 44	Je De De	1,808 6,899 51	De 1,378 Se 4,666 Ja 36	1,419 6,899 52	1,411 6,832 51	67 1			3,950,737 19,682,303 73,378 370,991
13 Bread and other bakery products 224 2,279 225 55 326 61 1,612 Je 1,653 Ja 1,569 1,635 1,327 305 1 2 2,939,233 14 Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and fire- 10 760 5 21 24 7 703 Oc 760 Fe 580 730 730 1,484,331	8 9 10	Bookbinding and blank-book making. Boxes, cigar	9	784	4 21 5	4 11 32	5 29	3 6 1 15	12 183 54 708	My Oc 8 Fe	12 190 58 748	(4) 12 Oc 174 Au 48 De 653	12 188 58 678	118 15 308	43 370			41,897 149,990 72,200 951,612 715,054
	13	Bread and other bakery products Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and fire-	224	2,279	225	55	326	61	1,612	Jе	1,653	Ja 1,569	1,635	1,327		i	2	1, 433, 187 2, 939, 233 1, 484, 331

			EXPE	nses.			,					Pow	ER.		
Sal	laries and wa	ages.		Rent ar	nd taxes.	For ma	terials.		Value		Primary	horsep	ower.		Elec- tric
Officials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including in- ternal revenue and cor- poration income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines.2	Water wheels and mo- tors.1	Electric (rented).	horse power generated in establishments report ing.
·	CITIES	OF 50,000	INHAB	ITANTS	OR MOR	E-ALL IN	DUSTRIE	S COMBINE	D AND SP	ECIFIE	INDUS	TRIES	—Conti	ued.	ir .
\$38,897 3,040 20,393 7,596	\$24,799 6,521 19,224 14,528	\$213,980 49,560 104,895 67,595	\$56,651 150 10	\$8,115 7,743 14,960 5,002	\$4,363 1,086 2,229 1,798	\$258, 404 178, 304 202, 023 74, 415	\$9,407 2,891 638 4,818	\$750,387 305,824 443,029 245,995	\$482,576 124,629 240,368 166,762	1,171 200 31 92	742 40	416 50 8		13 150 31 44	420 6
26,664 8,976 113,224 53,187	12,950 5,288 182,242 129,114	92,216 23,072 246,715 116,046	1,100	6,853 7,360 27,568 11,499	1,343 465 43,361 10,963	44,177 30,396 2,393,144 676,845	4, 199 1, 286 31, 156 28, 465	238,763 99,500 3,801,562 1,364,586	190,387 67,818 1,377,262 659,276	235 22 2,092 308	145 1,735 227	16 125		74 22 232 81	785 361
32,646 58,582	23, 510 91, 439	150,448 255,519	1,775	15,416 5,919	9,050	73,517 297,333 2,034,847	4,850 11,648	357, 530 1, 110, 538	279, 163 801, 557	169 1, 245 2, 923	1,065 679	224		169 180 2,020	302
328,444 27,015 236,871 103,805 72,042	269, 493 43, 282 598, 885 350, 890 184, 799	1,447,239 31,827 946,153 625,922 318,191	184,866 53,068 293,293 6,736 2,300	156, 860 5, 934 47, 532 30, 109 9, 543	26, 665 1, 115 40, 469 22, 473 15, 767	2,034,847 66,522 1,557,373 1,082,817 437,107	63,363 12 34,381 22,678 11,439	5,794,334 296,338 6,024,894 3,545,320 1,849,019	3,696,124 229,804 4,433,140 2,439,825 1,400,473	2,538 [1,544 994	617 15 602	10		1,911 1,529 382	355 355
61,024 2,160 53,728 86,927	63,196 492 67,533 52,514	2,040 3,154 186,361 375,698	284, 257 35, 947	7,880 1,200 6,751 34,709	2,229 10 13,443 2,640 1,785	37, 449 1, 394 914, 504 903, 185	264 236 6, 824	630, 555 13, 731 1, 525, 732 1, 771, 728 293, 880	592, 842 12, 101 604, 404 860, 367	1 225 645	50 550			1 175 95	165
20, 504 145, 065 3, 080 113, 753	12,683 136,577 3,230 362,478	83, 993 765, 261 33, 132 720, 672	600 2,542	10,844 30,615 1,980 10,320	1,785 44,060 707 32,921	141, 916 21, 465, 768 16, 364 871, 741	8,176 3,018 100,669 1,333 24,411	293,880 23,244,885 72,895 3,039,359	148, 946 1, 678, 448 55, 198 2, 143, 207	210 4,928 60 1,832	3,659 1,385	287 55 150		982 982 5 297	1,447 1,447 105 896
1,300 86,949 37,306	3,170 70,892 27,991	16,704 432,310 206,207	280 450 2,680	3,845 25,760 12,712	263 12, 213 9, 131	7, 570 840, 497 460, 851	339 21,862 9,638	51,399 2,090,656 864,888	43,490 1,228,297 394,399	38 998 726	805 400	80 113		38 113 213	700 155
6,666 88,310 42,446	7,215 139,625 62,107 7,067	35,801 957,791 47,309	2,542	3,680 51,956 2,915 3,480	170 511, 782 4, 764 2, 462	160, 523 1, 787, 694 356, 028	1,175 9,755 3,876	300, 164 4, 120, 904 715, 824	138, 466 2, 323, 455 355, 920 144, 255	65 170 137 140	50 90	10 59		65 120 37 81	1 10 20
23,212	7,067 1,474,302	60,578 3,734,897	83,521		2,462 4,866,953	100, 779 25, 530, 700	4,648 527,450	249, 682 47, 216, 682	21, 158, 532	22,409	14,441	2,228	75	5,665	7,291
on and s steel wor panning welry an abels and amps and asts ad, bar, ad, bar, dquors, di dquors, vi alt irrors, fra uucilage an uusical in	d instrumentags reflectors pipe, and shods, not else stilled inous ined and unique partering partering partering struments	nd shutters, not made mills It cases neet where specified where specified material ma	in 2 M 2 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	fusical ins fusical in gan mate pil, cottons il, not els leomargan aper patt ens, found hotograph l'ickles, pre l'ated war r'inting m l'umps, no Legalia an	struments rials seed and ce where spe rine sis, not else serns sain and st sic materia serves, an e aterials t includin d society	organs planos , piano and ake cified where specifi ylographic ls d sauces z power pum badges and	or- 2 Sa	oofing material fees and vaults usage ws. ijbuilding, woulding, ow cases versmithing a lelting and refi ap or tings, steel, ce amped and attrings, steel, ce amped and eleting and self ings, steel, ce amped and eleting are of the self	nd silverwar ning, not fron nletic goods ar and carriagenameled w	e	3 Tinw Toys Trun Upho Upho Vineg Wash Writ Wast Wate Wind Wood Wood Wood	ks and verlas are last are last are last and ing negers. he and continue to the cases are low and last are last	elsewhenes valises valises de canes materia cider nachines lock ma des and door se ving d and ca	ls and terials fixtures reens	clothe
0, 243, 884			\$1,748,342	\$1,817,659	\$4,862,090	\$187, 590, 280		\$352,418,052		277,066	180,032		385	63,419	71,49
11,723 169,462 449,235 9,520 29,644	9,935 148,843 973,855 1,520 39,673	68, 136 1, 101, 237 4, 269, 922 42, 508 118, 914	696 577 14 ,462 150	2,059 33,913 20,700 4,856 2,730	1,235 45,118 152,684 543 3,606	98,753 1,840,978 12,664,138 13,789 454,306	3,270 84,202 142,356 1,690 3,432	240, 522 4, 372, 867 22, 743, 728 96, 762 720, 505	138, 499 2, 447, 687 9, 937, 234 81, 283 262, 767	177 3,944 6,923 73 94	50 665 4,600	43 157 150 49 35		3,122 2,173 24 59	60 2,09
6,690 18,288 65,894 38,420	13,763 7,480 624 36,552 36,307	9,183 109,880 20,826 328,416 267,700	2,433 135 2,058	1,200 13,807 1,680 30,000 15,670	535 912 393 9,928 8,790	35,849 80,431 42,230 757,322 916,612	710 2,235 1,352 15,106 8,191	86,879 295,357 81,914 1,468,463 1,389,670	50, 320 212, 691 38, 332 696, 035 464, 867	8 106 35 489 1,808	20 245 1,368	35 230		8 106 15 209 210	13:31
113,948 115,401 55,167	89,562 420,407 27,220	534,308 1,222,160 478,080	1,860 1,295	19, 854 70, 650 748	10,694 35,397 14,728	1,367,993 3,800,391 182,213	49,807 116,573 247,275	2,491,119 6,907,608 1,214,905	1,073,319 2,990,644 785,417	879 1,787 2,460	150 779 2,190	174 120 30		555 888 240	29 17

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ Same number reported for one or more other months.

⁴ Same number reported throughout the year.

TABLE 55.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

			·	PERSO	ONS EN	gaged	IN THE I	ndustry.		WAGE I	EARNERS REPRES	DEC. 18 ENTATIV	, or near- le day.	
	Num- ber			ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wage earn	ers.		16 and	over.	Under 16.	
\ · ·	of estab- lish-	Total.	Pro- prie- tors and	offi- cers, su- perin-			A 270.00	Number, 18	5th day of—	Total.				Capital.
	ments.	. 1	firm mem- bers.	tend-	Male.	Fe- male.	Average num- ber.	Maximum month.	Minimum month.	TOTAL.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male. Fe- male	

CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS OR MORE-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES-Continued.

_	CITIES OF 50,000 INE	LADITA	INIB O	K MOI	VEA	עון נונגו	נפטעו	rains (OMB	INED	ANI	SPEC	HIED .	INDUST	RIES-	-Contin	nued.	
1 2	CLEVELAND—Continued. Brooms, from broom corn Butter	7 6	44 73	6 3	1 5	3 24	9	34 32	Jy 3	35 36	Ja 3 Ja 8	31 29	35 35	32 26	3 9			\$31,955 175,394
3 4 5 6 7 8	Buttons. Carriage and wagon materials Carriages and wagons. Carriages and wagons. Repair work only. Cars and general shop construction and repair by steam-railroad companies.	5 3 27 24 3 9	53 21 339 310 29 3,148	3 2 29 25 4	2 22 21 1 98	10 9 1 166	1 5 5 5	45 16 273 250 23 2,877	Fe Jy Mh Mh Jy Se	56 18 299 275 27 2,972	Jy No De De Ja	38 14 232 211 8 21 2,764	50 15 245 222 23 2,846	26 14 245 222 23 2,845				31,011 9,381 576,430 533,755 42,675 4,384,329
9 10 11 12	Chemicals Cleansing and polishing preparations Cleansing preparations Polishing preparations	3	812 84 71 13	11 10 1	22 12 9 3	114 17 16 1	23 10 9 1	653 34 27 7	Ja My My Ja ³	728 44 36 8	Oc No Jy 8 Jy 8	20	669 35 28 7	665 28 22 6	4 7 6 1			3,875,647 100,016 82,891 17,125
13 14 15 16 17 18	Clothing, men's Regular factories Men's and youths' Boys' Contract work Men's and youths'	64 30 25 5 34 34	3,456 2,763 2,341 422 693 693	82 47 37 10 35 35	60 46 44 2 14 14	175 171 155 16 4 4	116 113 101 12 3	3,023 2,386 2,004 382 637 637	Ap Mh Mh De Ap Ap	3,134 2,474 2,084 411 700 700	De De De Ja Ja Ja	2,915 2,337 1,926 351 568 568	3, 104 2, 394 1, 978 416 710 710	1,163 954 909 45 209 209	1,930 1,434 1,063 371 496 496	1 1 1	10 5 5 5	4, 432, 367 4, 353, 526 3, 999, 337 354, 189 78, 841 78, 841
19 20 21 22	Clothing, women's Regular factories Suits, skirts, and cloaks Shirt waists and dresses, except house dresses.	106 72 44 17	7,988 7,793 6,375 1,280	105 71 47 13	142 142 102 31	585 585 4 91 89	201 201 153 43	6,955 6,794 5,582 1,104	Au	7,745 7,537 6,255 1,206	De De De Je	5,400 5,353 4,236 925	6,854 6,605 5,355 1,149	2,630 2,571 2,385 178	4, 216 4, 026 2, 970 966		8 8 5	6, 627, 931 6, 607, 151 5, 793, 449 731, 575
23 24 25 26 27	Wrappers and house dresses. All other. Contract work. Suits, skirts, and cloaks All other	5 6 34 27 7	107 31 195 147 48	. 4 7 34 27 7	8 1	5	5	85 23 161 120 41	Au No Au Au Se	96 28 234 180 56	De Ja ³ De De De	68 18 47 38 9	73 28 249 191 58	4 59 50 9	66 24 190 141 49			70, 907 11, 220 20, 780 15, 240 5, 540
28 29 30 31	Confectionery and ice cream. Confectionery and chewing gum. Ice cream. Cooperage and wooden goods, not elsewhere specified.	31 21 10 7	1,453 1,174 279 849	17 9 8 4	54 42 12 13	120 90 30 24	56 43 13 7	1,206 990 216 301	Oc Je Oc	1,467 1,259 289 317	Jy Jy Ja Ja	1,015 745 172 295	1,348 1,139 209 297	545 365 180 297	803 774 29			3, 178, 110 1, 909, 557 1, 268, 553 529, 345
32 33	Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products. Cordials and flavoring sirups	71 5	1,881 142	61 2	64 7	172 32	42 3	1,542 98	Mh Je	1,592 264	No No	1,386	1,406 78	1,177 48	229 30			5, 115, 549 331, 464
34 35	Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies. Electroplating.	40 14	4,016 104	18	154 3	313	205	3,326		3,856		.2,894	2,953	2,002	947			11,330,192
35 36 37 38	Engines, steam, gas, and water. Engraving and diesinking Flavoring extracts.	5 7 8	228 23 78	6 4	12 2 6	34	5 15	79 177 15 44	Ap Ja De s Ap	87 206 18 47	No De Jy De ⁸	71 164 12 42	77 164 19 41	76 164 17 18	2 23	1		42,631 1,466,489 11,554 179,431
39	Food preparations, not elsewhere specified.	12	354	9	11	36	16	282	Se	317	De	219	220	119	101			722,899
40 41 42 43 44	Foundry and machine-shop products. Boiler shops. Foundries. Machine shops. Fur goods.	189 23 162 14	17,486 50 5,479 11,957	74 5 1 68 15	504 4 96 404 4	1,345 2 359 984 9	75 261 5	15, 227 39 4, 948 10, 240 76	Mh 1 My My Mh 1 No	50	No Oc	3,824 30 4,375 9,335 24	15, 227 39 5, 168 10, 020 127	15,102 39 5,152 9,911 43	114 103 84	11 5 6		41,920,031 50,651 8,264,308 33,605,072 205,392
45 46	Furniture	23 12	631 329	17 12	25 13	47 22	17 9	525 273	Mh De	572 300	Ју Ју	491 226	490 281	461 254	26 26	3 .		986, 282 467, 190
47 48 49	willow. Metal Store and office fixtures. Gas and electric fixtures and lamps and reflectors.	4 7 19	32 270 413	1 4 11	3 9 21	3 22 35	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\7\\23\end{array}$	24 228 323	Ју Fe Ja	28 257 342	De 8 De Au	19 190 309	18 191 329	18 189 285	43	2 1		24,597 494,495 552,337
50	Glass, cutting, staining, and orna- menting.	8	72	9	6	1	1	55	Au 8	60	Mh	49	56	55	1			51,825
51 52 53	Hand stamps. Hardware Hats and caps, other than felt, straw, and wool.	5 9 8	3,627 152	7 1 12	2 45 3	3 156 10	86 4	16 3,339 123	Ap My	16 3,674 139	(4) Jy Se	16 2,910 97	3, 251 125	2,906 55	326 70	1 8	ii	26, 498 5, 649, 216 148, 232
54 55	Hosiery and knit goods Ice, manufactured	16 6	1,497 190	8	42 14	77 5	29 4	1,341 166	Mh 8 Je	1,442	Se De	1,208 108	1,317 193	260 183	1,036	2	19	3, 113, 423 2, 736, 274
56	Instruments, professional and scientific.	13	2,289	4	18	18	14	2, 235	Ap	237	Oc	211	222	160	61	1 .		614, 741
57 58	Iron and steel, blast furnaces. Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	5 15	1,268 9,086	2	45 195	134 645	23 95	1,066 8,149	Ap Fe		De No	703 7, 167	1,203 8,171	1, 202 7, 940	1 231			16, 360, 152 38, 988, 491
59	Iron and steel, bolts, nuts, washers, and rivets, not made in steel works	7	1,800		30	56	39	1,675	Ap	1,829	De	1,456	1,587	1,409	177	1 .		4,929,030
60	or rolling mills. Iron and steel forgings, not made in steel works or rolling mills.	11	625	3	26	26	7	563	Ја	740	Oc	457	509	509		-	••••	2, 162, 527

¹ Owned power only.

⁸ Includes rented power other than electric.

			EXPE	nses.								POW	ER.			
Sal	aries and wa	iges.		Rent a	nd taxes.	For ma	terials.		Value		Primary	horsep	ower.		Elec- tric	
Officials.	Clerks,	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including internal revenue and corporation income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines.2	Water wheels and mo- tors.1	Electric (rented).	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.	1
	CITIES	OF 50,000	INHAB	TANTS	OR MOR	E-ALL IN	DUSTRIE	S COMBINE	D AND SP	ECIFIED	INDUS	rries.	Contin	nued.	1	
\$1,100 11,399	\$2,400 20,878	\$22,953 22,234		\$223 6,300	\$465 1,419	\$62,900 922,599	\$910 2,907	\$101,658 1,064,076	\$37,848 138,570	21 145	6	67		21 72		. 1
3,900 2,880 33,028 32,248 780 135,772	1,250 1,320 9,279 9.159 120 162,179	10,742 11,676 207,272 193,812 13,460 2,361,615	\$2,200 2,000 200	3,260 840 9,374 8,564 810	61 451 5,482 5,180 302 5,504	16,712 23,033 236,542 218,597 17,945 2,179,697	1,048 1,079 10,001 9,489 512 117,112	49, 736 52, 717 643, 545 599, 013 44, 532 4, 957, 868	31,976 28,605 397,002 370,927 26,075 2,661,059	41 40 307 292 15 7,838	7,174	25 69 69 16	175	29 15 238 223 15 473	3,750	
93,080 19,372 15,282 4,090	141, 402 21, 979 19, 029 2, 950	487,737 17,227 12,430 4,797	2,718 2,718	2,880 4,053 3,393 660	36,096 908 706 202	1,508,784 123,583 92,687 30,896	135,006 1,468 1,139 329	3,129,970 288,012 240,141 47,871	1,486,180 162,961 146,315 4,403,262 16,646	2,773 89 58 31	2,400 25 25	5 48 25 23		368 16 8 8	75	. 10 11 11 12
181,709 163,409 159,869 3,540 18,300 18,300	370, 714 366, 374 338, 812 27, 562 4, 340 4, 340	1,482,426 1,172,136 1,027,489 144,647 310,290 310,290	492,689 408,823 408,204 619 83,866 83,866	121,182 114,878 102,738 12,140 6,304 6,304	24,793 24,179 23,330 849 614 614	4,086,797 4,050,993 3,691,320 359,673 35,804 35,804	26,819 21,768 18,466 3,302 5,051 5,051	8, 516, 878 7, 987, 949 7, 252, 331 735, 618 528, 929 528, 929	3,915,188 3,542,545 372,643 488,074 488,074	371 299 248 51 72 72				371 299 248 51 72 72		. 13 14 15 16 17 18
557, 386 557, 386 453, 586 94, 030	1,016,858 1,016,858 871,631 137,063	3,716,909 3,643,241 3,089,604 513,755	311,154 311,154 311,082 72	196,446 194,971 146,266 43,177	45,378 45,099 40,871 3,935	8,210,051 8,208,922 6,945,511 1,123,212	56,098 53,921 41,876 10,228	16, 243, 292 16, 142, 765 13, 746, 813 2, 151, 426	7,977,143 7,879,922 6,759,426 1,017,986	1,074 1,025 810 186	30 30 30	140 140 140		904 855 640 186		20 20 21 21 22
9,450 320	8,164	30,989 8,893 73,668 53,092 20,576		3,632 1,896 1,475 1,415 60	274 19 279 206 73	122,968 17,231 1,129 992 137	1,422 395 2,177 1,792 385	200, 070 44, 456 100, 527 74, 533 25, 994	75, 680 26, 830 97, 221 71, 749 25, 472	22 7 49 33 16				22 7 49 33 16		25
129,476 95,536 33,940 18,084	131,859 100,596 31,263 23,838	517,086 387,518 129,568 138,464		46,255 37,486 8,769 943	26,641 22,365 4,276 9,833	2,787,299 2,279,641 507,658 616,953	49,368 31,775 17,593 6,496	4,964,892 3,890,495 1,074,397 855,328	2,128,225 1,579,079 549,146 231,879	2,410 1,307 1,103 1,035	930 680 250 945	821 15 806 2		659 612 47 88	219 30 189 6	28 29 30 31
166,326 10,680	184,813 45,693	918,604 41,903	30,075	25,194 10,987	26,882 5,503	1,813,986 409,976	40, 053 2, 700	3,864,955 687,844	2,010,916 275,168	1,422 68	800 10	174		448 58	243	- 3
361,615 3,500 22,819 2,040 9,560	517, 190 1, 156 45, 366 16, 293	1,948,238 62,724 142,842 1,071 16,946	2,123	20,495 6,381 552 1,587 1,716	55,876 171 9,458 25 2,813	5,740,529 25,468 255,817 3,119 154,183	5,805 11,708 207 1,764	11, 357, 538 129, 630 587, 693 30, 160 325, 953	5, 465, 967 98, 357 320, 168 26, 834 170, 006	4,831 241 715 10 97	466 40 45	1,580 113 475		2,785 128 200 10 52	1,370 4 353	3
29,040 1,557,219 9,930 301,788 1,245,501	48,209 1,889,901 1,778 459,501 1,428,622	111, 124 10, 586, 721 27, 274 3, 383, 247 7, 176, 200	928 112,898 3,408 109,490	896 128, 562 1, 068 3, 507 123, 987	5,395 394,738 743 93,674 300,321	547, 889 13, 012, 451 20, 709 2, 544, 189 10, 447, 553	15,249 837,177 1,950 346,490 488,737	1,021,473 34,959,563 77,722 8,457,476 26,424,365	458, 335 21, 109, 935 55, 063 5, 566, 797 15, 488, 075	521 27, 522 125 7, 075 20, 322	120 12,005 125 1,570 10,310	212 3,186 585 2,601	100	189 12,231 4,920 7,311	11,629 2,604 9,025	4.
14,000 57,568	6,706 73,658	63,088 405,538	10,385	21,682 28,957	1,148 8,187	105, 888 702, 409	789 14,327	290, 425 1, 594, 709	183,748 877,973 471,857	788 145	80	305 30		403 115		44
33,388 4,500 19,680 43,728	35,812 2,205 35,641 46,090	214,807 14,415 176,316 222,215	10,358 27 810	25,177 2,580 1,200 18,131	2,684 250 5,253 2,811	426, 656 39, 148 236, 605 518, 410	5, 107 89 9, 131 10, 582	903, 620 63, 294 627, 795 973, 952	24,057 382,059 444,960	5 638 347	80 100	275 80		5 283 167	137	. 4
10,060	1,420	38,987	125	3,738	270	44, 555	1,358	124,503	78, 590	26				26		. 5
2,292 143,469 7,600	1,916 275,585 11,185	13,282 2,060,541 63,171	4,271	2,880 4,600 4,986	70,790 326	12,918 2,373,766 166,531	132 267,491 1,156	53,766 5,766,060 302,796	40,716 3,124,803 135,109	4,776 17	2,126			2,650 17	1,160	555
190,643 29,062	152,975 6,145	671,539 137,581	2,817	62,346 1,822	15,919 36,635	2,310,504 38,279	23,922 117,493	4,051,152 570,167	1,716,726 414,395	523 3,567	85 3,442	5		433 125	80 80	5
38, 378 143, 092 588, 679	41,627 192,361 920,094	140, 167 918, 461 6, 049, 623	32, 450 1, 985 5, 028	6,746	2,777 158,850 196,910	135, 520 6, 816, 341 22, 768, 050	4,469 3,846,908 1,784,260	488,577 13,098,385 33,388,829	348, 588 2, 435, 136 8, 836, 519	40,090 70,844	128 22,990 68,625	17, 100 350		1,869	80 11,448 17,532	5 5
129, 203 70, 087	111,088 39,664	969, 418 415, 595	812	3,476 2,274	48,510 21,257	1, 922, 937 635, 667	85,757 129,446	3,541,937 1,754,030	1,533,243 988,917	4,393 2,438	1,575 482	776		2,777 1,180	530 18	5

³ Same number reported for one or more other months.

⁴ Same number reported throughout the year.

TABLE 55.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

_					PERSO	NS EN	GAGED	IN THE I	NDUS	TRY.		WAGE	EARNER: T REPRES	S DEC. 1	5, OR NEAR- VE DAY.	
		Num-			Sala- ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wa	ge earn	ers.		16 and	d over.	Under 16.	
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	ber of estab- lish-	Total.	Pro- prie- tors	offi- cers, su-			_	Nu	mber, 1	5th day of—					Capital.
		ments.	I Obai.	and firm mem- bers.	perin- tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	Aver- age num- ber.		ximum onth.	Minimum month.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male. Fe-male	
	CITIES OF 50,000 INHA	BITAN	TS OR	MORI	E—AL	L INI	OUST	RIES CO)MB	INED .	AND SPEC	IFIED 1	NDUST	RIES-	Continued.	
1 2 3 4 5	CLEVELAND—Continued. Jewelry Leather goods Liquors, distilled Liquors, malt. Lithographing.	21 30 6 12 8	139 195 11 1,240 611 1,052	19 26 4 5 3	7 12 46 26 50	4 4 1 114 32 40	4 8 1 19 21 17	105 145 5 1,056 529 931	Ja 3 Ap (4) Jy Je Se	111 156 5 1,149 551	Oc 100 No 132 (4) 5 Mh 956 Ap 508 Ja 860	108 140 6 1,030 509	107 128 6 1,028 471	11 2 38	1	\$136,438 224,582 35,176 10,541,169 838,030
7 8 9	Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills. Marble and stone work. Mattresses and spring beds. Millinery and lace goods. Mineral and soda waters.	19 7	252 203 596 161	16 1 22 24	9 9 12 19	15 11 35 25	7 11 31 4	205 171 496 89	Ap My Mh Se	236 186 658 108	De 162 De 158 Je 339 Ja 3 76	186 157 467 103	186 122 185 99	35 280 4	2	1,174,962 514,831 255,343 620,152 127,566
11 12 13 14 15	Models and patterns, not including paper patterns. Oil, not elsewhere specified Optical goods. Paints. Patent medicines and compounds and druggists' preparations. Photo-engraving.	24 12 7 21 52	216 206 87 1,532 539 108	24 4 1 44 1	15 24 9 61 44 14	72 12 558 123	7 30 12 125 100 10	166 80 50 787 228 67	My Se Ap Mh Se 8	195 87 51 853 257	Ja 154 Oc 8 75 Mh 49 No 720 My 204 Ja 3 63	158 74 50 774 219	155 74 50 709 136	65 83	1	186,189 725,061 83,264 5,356,036 892,736
17 18 19	Plumbers' supplies, not elsewhere specified. Printing and publishing, book and job. Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals.	20 160 81	1,131 2,783 2,017	6 113 45	53 166 109	110 256 534	39 113 203	923 2,135 1,126	Ja Mh	1,020 2,218 1,171	Je 838 No 2,039 Au 1,079	73 963 2,048 1,138	73 706 1,639 1,057	9 393 68	233 15 16	91,579 2,151,702 3,706,458 3,371,200
20 21 22	Sausage Slaughtering and meat packing. Stereotyping and electroplating.	8 31 4	158 1,522 125	7 31 2	9 35 7	21 144 6	5 28 6	116 1,284 104	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Oc} \\ \text{De} \\ \Lambda \text{p} \end{array}$	120 1,733 107	Ja 113 Oc 1,135 De 96	116 1,356 104	116 1,308 103	46	2	292,142 6,187,293 105,110
23 24 25 26 27	Stoves and hot-air furnaces. Stoves and ranges. Hot-air furnaces. Stoves, gas and oil Structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills.	16 7 9 11 21	660 535 125 2,667 2,347	8 1 7	31 19 12 55 62	37 29 8 216 230	29 15 14 40 59	555 471 84 2,356 1,987	Oc Ja No Je Se	612 508 119 2,757 2,111	Jy 511 Jy 436 Ap 3 62 Au 2,096 Ja 1,899	586 458 128 2,112 2,030	581 458 123 2,095 1,958	5 1 62	16 10	1,222,368 1,066,620 155,748 3,790,019 6,169,718
28 29 30 31 32	Tobacco manufactures	233 12 3 13 264	1,887 499 75 629 21,058	247 7 	29 48 6 32 587	49 116 9 65 2,416	13 53 2 29 550	1,549 275 58 501 17,360	Oc My Au Ap	1,613 318 69 565	Mh 1,491 No 240 Ja 8 46 De 450	1,519 239 57 447 19,081	587 210 54 . 385 14,851	931 28 3 62 4,142	64 24	932,509 2,616,096 872,843 1,021,754 65,013,813
Arti Bai Bai Bai Bai Bai Bai Bai Cai Cai Car	*All other industries embrace— ricultural implements. 1 ifficial stone products 5 bitt metal and solder 1 ss, other than paper. 5 ss, paper. 1 king powders. 1 skets and rattan and willow ware 3 ting, leather 2 ting and hose, woven. 2 ing. 1 tots and shoes. 2 shes. 6 ming and preserving, fish. 1 pets, rag. 1 riages and sleds, children's. 1 s and general shop construction nd repairs by electric-railroad com- anies. 1	Cash in Chiese Clocks Cloth, Clothin Coffee, Coffins good. Coke, I Collars Corsets Cutlery Dairyn rists' Dyeing Emerv	specifications of registers sessions of registers sessions of registers sessions of registers of	and control and grasses, and responses, and grasses, and ing gas, men's, men's tools ultrym	efinish nholes inding ind und s-house s. en's, a	ertaken	10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1	cludis Engrav Engrav Envelo Fancy fied Firearm Flour-m Flour-m Foundr Furnish Galvani Gas, illa Gas maa ters Glue, no Grease a bricat	ng plaing, very pession articles. It is a surpling graing graing or else and ting graing grai	ate prin wood les, not ad grist plies oods, n ating ar s and g	d copper plasting. selsewhere semill product nen's. and heating as and water specified not including.	3 1 2 2 speci- 2 1 3 5 5 5 5 1 1 3 2 2 r me- 2 2 g lu- 1	Ink, will ron and vand vand vand vand vand vand vand	tied steel, wrought hade in a deteel, ing. and tags ar, pipe tannot, vinous g glass a ting grer r and til framed framed framed framed til framed fram	, nails and ; including steel works; cast-iron piles, and sheet, d, curried, s. s. md picture frames.	spikes, cut wire nails, and rolling
1 2 3 4 5	COLUMBUS—All industries Artificial stone products Awnings, tents, and sails Boots and shoes Boyes wooden packing	643 9 3 7 5	21, 323 23 38 1, 896 53	458 1 3	803 4 4 25 1	6 101	700	1,725	Jy Je Je	28 43 1,804	No 16,580 Ja 6 Ja 14 Ja 1,478	17,558 26 26 1,833	14, 586 26 18 905	2,977 8 916	22 23 	\$52,097,767 65,415 64,930 4,580,636
7 8 9	Boxes, wooden packing Bread and other bakery products Brooms, from broom corn Carpets, rag Carriages and wagons. Cars and general shop construction	75 9 3 9 4	736 23 32 247 2,874	3 81 9 4 15	18	156 2 13 115	36 1 1 3 1	11 25	Jy Mh Se My Ap Mh³	53 567 13 30 244 2,892	Ja 36 De 523 Fe 3 10 Ja 17 Oc 174 Je 2,534	47 537 12 23 199 2,809	47 434 9 15 191 2,803	3 8 8		70, 878 1, 097, 244 6, 855 10, 429 374, 610 1, 876, 955
11	and repairs by steam-railroad com- panies. Coffee and spice, roasting and grinding 1 Owned	4 power of	44 nonly.	1	5	13	4	21	De	24		24	14	10		133,800

Owned power only.

² Includes rented power, other than electric.

			EXPE	NSES.								POW.	ER.		
Sal	aries and wa	ges.		Rent ar	d taxes.	For ma	terials.		Value		Primary	horsep	ower.		Elec-
Officials.	Clerks,	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including in- ternal revenue and cor- poration income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines.2	Water wheels and mo- tors.1	Elec- trie (rent- ed).	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.
	CITIES	OF 50,000	INHABI	TANTS	or Mor	E—ALL IN	DUSTRIE	S COMBINE	D AND SP	ECIFIED	INDUS'	rries-	-Contin	wed.	1
\$6,804 20,975 217,688 81,966 93,770	\$5,366 8,954 1,482 203,375 80,479 50,100	\$79, 473 96, 647 3, 749 804, 651 587, 204	\$550 35 75,000 2,800 40,554	\$8,882 14,794 1,488 3,301 18,209	\$658 1,857 8,271 2,023,172 6,087	\$71,698 183,728 9,074 1,713,302 342,858 1,979,941	\$2,188 2,757 628 145,037 10,747	\$231, 816 382, 037 27, 474 6, 528, 168 1, 430, 835 3, 336, 086	\$157, 930 195, 552 17, 772 4, 669, 829 1, 077, 230 1, 323, 951	71 94 39 6,554 513	50 9 6,457	4 17 213 603		71 40 13 97 300 1,095	1,648 263 40
14,613 17,740 38,073 23,636	17, 715 16, 660 50, 732 15, 311	159,080 102,274 277,630 50,482	450 790	3,684 12,940 19,101 8,312	4,994 1,978 2,399 1,230	196, 315 242, 363 615, 980 139, 573	10,460 5,899 13,959 3,995	474, 807 484, 882 1, 150, 150 299, 259	268, 032 236, 620 520, 211 155, 691	684 398 350 112	85	328 27 29	50	356 398 188 83	9 70
25,919 45,411 17,882 211,715 85,458	5,688 73,995 16,886 752,375 176,509	135,408 65,144 31,512 491,902 118,554	200 50 351 2,573 1,373	10,409 6,454 7,808 14,276 34,399	1,281 5,729 656 45,758 13,264	56,481 1,055,969 96,063 4,171,944 628,499	2,653 7,762 1,117 52,673 11,177	279, 256 1, 573, 816 244, 832 7, 535, 698 2, 139, 881	220, 122 510, 085 147, 652 3, 311, 081 1, 500, 205	252 260 24 2,901 677	174 835 300	137 12 355 6		74 24 1,711 371	80 398 41
20,840 123,904 441,660	22, 168 322, 702 331, 110	79,433 539,323 1,544,771	10, 997 158, 774	3,733 12,101 131,244	534 12,448 33,805	21, 226 829, 588 1, 915, 562	2,189 32,408 61,965	195, 929 2, 220, 453 5, 852, 348	172, 514 1, 358, 457 3, 874, 821	31 1,135 2,126	435 150	335 71		31 365 1,905	5 110
299, 130 25, 728 100, 946 19, 055	752, 734 21, 509 152, 379 12, 457	1,180,491 92,716 863,136 88,766	332, 932 450 3, 918	88,404 120 7,140 6,985	47,889 2,927 38,664 884	1, 687, 942 1, 244, 003 20, 949, 065 43, 892	9,334 100,358 5,466	6,298,280 1,526,895 23,210,323 244,479	4, 567, 638 273, 558 2, 160, 900 195, 121	2,405 599 2,630 303	1,120 385 1,450	42 35 215		1,243 179 965 303	624 766
65, 126 47, 330 17, 796 146, 751 205, 624	56, 352 44, 912 11, 440 334, 019 388, 229	384,692 332,873 51,819 1,485,905 1,489,279	350 350 16,810	11,040 5,000 6,040 136,680 10,086	13,059 12,108 951 42,589 54,841	627, 409 382, 789 244, 620 3, 563, 625 2, 694, 155	20,803 19,679 1,124 49,106 67,451	1,413,883 1,013,584 400,299 7,206,718 6,035,669	765,671 611,116 154,555 3,593,987 3,274,063	858 823 35 2,123 3,696	468 468 900 2,135	65 40 25 36 651		325 315 10 1,187 910	178 178 275 3,728
70, 597 145, 969 12, 134 75, 780 1, 687, 752	88, 460 156, 274 13, 318 64, 764 2, 743, 268	775, 369 153, 036 40, 067 307, 417 11, 032, 694	6, 846 55, 340	41, 418 7, 680 7, 650 10, 198 171, 319	287, 971 23, 770 2, 347 12, 948 652, 520	1,084,211 1,526,270 243,255 1,566,753 34,544,388	8,396 15,160 11,846 18,174 1,715,376	2,666,378 2,557,281 384,615 2,485,961 62,057,475	1,573,771 1,015,851 129,514 901,034 25,797,711	42 643 265 979 44,683	480 50 60 28,287	135 303 2,931	60	42 163 80 616 13,405	276 142 10, 515
not specifical ins eedles, piusical ins eedles, piusi, linseed aper and aper good aving maeanuts, gand shellens, found etroleum, honographotographickles, profitery	fied	and materia rgans ss and eyes here specified ting, cleanir ographic hophones sauces sg, music	1 H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	rumps, no rumps, po rumps, po begalia an blems toofing ma tubber goo tules, i von afes and valt aws crews, ma ewing-ma ewing ma hipbuildi: hipbuildi:	tincluding wer other t d society terials ds, not else y and woo aults chine chine case chines and ng, iron an ng, wooder	power pum han steam badges and swhere speci d s attachment d steel , including l	1 Si, em- Sr Sr 2 So fied. 4 So 1 Sr 2 Sr 1 Sr 2 St 1 Sr 2 St 1 St 2 St 1 St 2 St 1 St 2 St 1 St 1 Su 2 St 1 Su 3 S	nirts. nowcases gms and adverenting and r ap. da-water appirings, steel, ciationery goods fied. atuary and ar eam fittings water heating encils and bra rgical applian spenders, gart goods.	tising novel efining, not aratus ar and carria s, not elsewh goods and steam apparatus nds ces ces, and elast	ge	2 Tool 5 Toys 2 Umb 4 Vine 1 Wall 3 Was 1 Wat 1 Wat 1 Wat 2 Woo 2 Woo	s, not es and ga ewriter orellas a gar and a paper hing mach and a ches. down and dow shall should lan gage.	lsewhere mes	specifie s. aterials. creens. fixtures	d
2										,,	- ·				-
1,748,034 4,068 6,440 106,760 2,347 37,350	3 620	26,505		582 1,320 29,990 1,272	316 620 24, 482 557	\$29, 789, 008 25, 761 54, 099 3, 503, 866 51, 808	\$847, 490 967 593 33, 322 2, 455 40, 414	65, 583 111, 284	\$26, 971, 586 38, 855 56, 592 1, 687, 160 53, 466 966, 295	35,522 121 16 889 252 1,106	18,781 50 75 460	63	2	8 16 632 236	1
37,350 1,679 23,600	1,374 336	351, 383 5, 258 8, 569 137, 314		660 848	10,681 104 77 3,313	1,112,217 14,794 7,864 342,443 3,060,279	198	33, 487 29, 618	18, 495 21, 442 302, 516 2, 235, 033	22 31 162 3, 281		20 25 160		. 2	

⁸ Same number reported for one or more other months.

	TABLE 5	5. —D	ETAIL	STA	TEM	ENT	FO	R TH	E ST	'ATE	AN:	D F	OR CI	ries (OF 50,	000 1	NH	ABITANTS
					PERS	ons en	IGAGE	D IN THE	INDUS	TRY.				E EARNER ST REPRES				
		Num-			Sala-	Clerk	s, etc.		Wa	gė eari	iers.			16 an	d over.	Unde	er 16.	
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	of estab- lish-	Total.	Pro- prie- tors and	offi- cers, su- perin-			Aver-	Nui	nber, 1	15th da	ay of—	Total.					Capital.
		ments.	10001.	firm mem- bers.	tend-	Male.	Fe- male	age		cimum onth.		imum onth.		Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male	
_	CITIES OF 50,000 INH	ABITAI	NTS OR	MOR	E-AI	LL IN	DUST	RIES C	омві	NED	AND	SPEC	CIFIED	INDUST	RIES-	-Contir	ued.	
1 2 3 4 5	COLUMBUS—Continued. Confectionery and ice cream Confectionery Ice cream Electroplating Food preparations, not elsewhere	13 6 7 4 6	282 113 169 42 31	11 5 6 4 6	16 7 9 2	27 16 11	14 3 11 2 2	214 82 132 34 19	De De Je Se Se 3	260 138 172 37 22	Ja Ja Fe Ja ³ Je	157 46 103 31 13	279 138 141 36 19	176 40 136 34 5	100 95 5 2 14		3 3	\$398, 325 120, 300 278, 025 18, 447 18, 558
6	specified. Foundry and machine-shop products.	45	2,795	33	80	497	102	2,083	Ja	2,196	1	1,929	2,119	2,095	24			8,881,907
7 8 9	Furniture and refrigerators. Gas fixtures. Glass, cutting, staining, and ornamenting.	8 4 4	372 147 114	6 3	20 4 13	15 5 2	3 1 6	328 134 93	Ja Oc No	409 309 110	Je Jy Je	248 75 77	302 240 97	287 91 92	15 149 5			620, 877 162, 725 122, 635
10 11	Hats and cape, other than felt, straw, and wool. Ice, manufactured	3 6	39 225	5 1	4 21	1 40	4	29 159	Je Au	33 219	Ја з Ја	26 109	26 138	19 138	7			14, 803 1, 072, 357
12	Iron and steel forgings, not made in	5	453		19	18	17	399	Му	437	Ју	334	382	376	2		4	933, 846
13 14 15	Liquors, malt. Lumber and timber products. Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	5 3 13	703 59 313	10	37 6 20	63 3 19	₂	596 50 262	Jy Mh Au ⁸	688 60 281	Mh Se Ja	553 38 233	583 53 264	583 53 264				11,836,788 94,031 461,990
16 17	Marble and stone work	7	55 116	7	3	3		42	Se ⁸	63	Ја.	13	46	46				80, 272
18 19	Millinery and lace goods	5 8 15	48 89	4 10 14	5 2 8	5 9	5 2	97 34	Fe Jy 3	164 36	Je No	31 31	68 36	6 31	1			58, 484 46, 284
20	Printing and publishing, book and job.	58	653	43	51	37	22 43	36 479	Mh Mh	41 512	Jy Au	30 437	37 483	23 332	12 149	2	2	167, 457 773, 177
21 22 23	Printing and publishing, newspaper and periodicals. Printing and publishing	42 7	739 501	26 1	49 25	177 150	90 37	397 288	De 3	423 314	Ју Ју	370 262	413 314	387 305	23	3 .		1, 465, 578 1, 044, 670
23 24	Printing, publishing, and job printing. Printing without publishing	6 29	140 98	3 22	9	10 17	13	105	My De 8	113	Fe Ja ³	98	91	75	16			209, 465
25 26 27 28	Saddlery and harness	9 4 7 3	175 48 249 48	11 5 5 2	9 2 8 2	33 8 18 6	6 14 2	116 33 204 36	Fe Mh ³ Jy Se	124 39 215 39	Oc Jy My Fe 8	103 22 198 34	123 33 204 37	105 1 204 37	18 19	i	12	326, 176 25, 662 546, 683
29 30	Stoves and hot-air furnaces	7 5	273 160	1 1	15 12	14 9	9 5	234 133	Au Jy	274 161	Je Fe	192 111	231 116	229 116	2 .			59,021 537,928 839,972
31 32	steel works or rolling mills. Tobacco, cigars. All other industries*	31 195	304 6,825	29 104	313	805	252	264 5,351	Fe	325	Se	211	224 5,433	43	181 1,126	6		84, 460 14, 167, 572
Agr Aut Aut Aut Bak Bas Belt Bill Boo Box Bras	kets and rattan and willow ware. 1 ing, leather 2 ind tables and materials 1 kbinding and blank-book making 5 es and cartons, paper 2 s and bronze products 4 k 2	cars and repanie Cleansin Chemic Clothin Coffins, goods Coopera Copper, Dental	e and wand generate pairs by send possible and geods	al shor electric olishing and you n's ases, and sheet-i	const c-railro prepar iths' d unde	ruction ad com rations rtakers	n 2 2 1 1 2 5 3 1 4 1	Electric suppling Engrave Envelop Fancy a Fertilize Files. Flavorin Flour-m Foundr Fur goo Furnish Gas, illu Glass	iesing and pesrticles ersing extractill and y supp dsing go	d diesi , not el acts l gristu lies ods, m	nking. Isewho	re spec	2 1 1 1 5 1	Cating Hand si Hardwa Hats, fr Hosiery Instrum Iron and mills. Iron and or roll	greases tamps ur-felt and kn nents, pr d steel, s d steel, s d steel, ivets, no	it good ofession teel we bolts, t made	s aal an orks a nuts,	ding lubri- 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 d scientific 1 nd rolling 1 , washers, teel works 2 utters 1
1 2	DAYTON—All industries	523	28, 261		113 2	064	597		Му 25		D• 21	, 171	23, 818		3,773	19	8	\$ 71, 541, 173
3 4 5 6	Awnings, tents, and sails Boxes, cigar Boxes and cartons, paper Brass and bronze products	3 5 8	28 86 579 122	7 4 17	1 3 24 13	1 2 29 5	1 8 2	80 518	Ap My Au ² Je Au	31 85 572	Oc 8 Oc 8 Mh No No	14 17 75 441 80	23 17 80 452 84	23 10 26 148 84	52	1 .	2	24, 350 19, 620 40, 781 942, 751 141, 955
8 6	Bread and other bakery products Brooms, from broom corn Jarriage and wagon materials Jarriages and wagons Jarriages and wagons Jars and general shop construction and repairs by electric-railroad	64 5 4 12 4	676 23 193 89 72	73 5 2 15	12 1 11 4 2	74 3 1 1	26 3 2	491 17 174 67	Oc My Ja Je Jy	502 19 200 79	Ap ³ Oc ³ Se No Oc	480 15 147 51	496 19 176 53	365 16 176 52	· · · i			955, 175 16, 373 337, 721 112, 881
1	companies.	-	-					3,7	- y ,	12	J 0	62	65	65				50, 966

² Includes rented power, other than electric.

			EXPE	nses.								POW	ER.			Ī
Sal	aries and w	ages.		Rent a	nd taxes.	For ma	terials.		Value		Primary	horsep	ower.		Elec- tric	
Officials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including internal revenue and corporation income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines. ²	Water wheels and mo- tors. ¹	Elec- tric (rent- ed).	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.	
	CITIE	S OF 50,000	INHAB	TANTS	OR MOR	RE-ALL IN	IDUSTRIE	ES COMBINE	ED AND SE	ECIFIEL	INDUS	TRIES	Conti	nued.		<u> </u>
\$24, 445 13,090 11,355 3,056 1,500	\$32,116 18,685 13,431 564 2,700	\$137, 134 34, 374 102, 760 19, 313 6, 428	\$1,000 1,000	\$7,998 4,783 3,215 1,430 1,440	\$2,172 840 1,332 137 216	\$559, 082 170, 659 388, 423 6, 056 26, 411	\$11,016 2,315 8,701 1,285 586	\$889,607 261,800 627,807 48,387 48,672	\$319,509 88,826 230,683 41,046 21,675	754 156 598 111 23	45 45	445 50 395 111 10		264 106 158	106 4 102	1 2 3 4 5
241,568	613, 565	1,445,483	4, 156	18,612	64,534	2,400,386	117,023	5, 719, 907	3, 202, 498	3,476	1,385	843		1,248	3,178	6
35, 975 7, 820 15, 187	16,348 6,360 5,713	206, 614 51, 619 57, 861	2,400	12,455 4,421 3,960	5,618 2,725 1,445	391,708 113,685 95,061	9,625 1,612 2,371	683, 494 204, 400 232, 789	282, 161 89, 103 135, 357	686 88 79	400	196 50 39		90 38 40	94	8 9
4, 272	728	18,949		1,968	74	27,707	540	61, 185	32,938	3		ļ	ļ	3	 	10
18,430	21,149	104, 837	1,462	5,600	12,977	19,550	51,771	309, 060	237,739	2, 425	2,425		ļ		172	11
33,641	22,926	288, 201			11,931	417,754	61,554	850, 971	371,663	1,415	380	485		550	249	12
100,163 7,946 27,968	69, 218 3, 871 17, 971	503, 827 37, 098 182, 682	8,000	1,849 12,243	509,388 930 5,211	764,019 89,008 460,180	93, 595 960 8, 852	3, 297, 419 147, 200 833, 314	2, 439, 805 57, 232 364, 282	3,529 360 1,298	3,095 360 810	280	32	402 208	1,266	13 14 15
2,900	1,968	41,600		300	257	54,371	845	135,397	80, 181	75	55	15		. 5	40	16
4,984 750	11,635 1,280	41,077 29,409		3,423 2,430	294 274	133,079 8,154	739 895	255,713 59,166	121,895 50,117	23 89		45		23 44	5	17 18
18, 246 74, 909	23, 778 45, 282	17, 425 277, 275	18,382	9, 486 26, 442	1,825 7,308	162,704 331,910	1,194 12,139	562,379 1,036,632	398, 481 692, 583	32 518		100		32 418		19 20
108, 591	252, 969	325, 416	156,713	25, 241	9,611	453,992	13,870	2, 121, 812	1,653,950	649		18		631	4	21
74, 235 10, 906	211,654 15,941	264, 390 60, 136		14, 160 8, 516	5,733 2,108	382,146 71,221	10, 235 3, 260	1,590,121 237,575	1, 197, 740 163, 094	469 180		18		451 180	4	22 23
23,450	25, 374	890	156,713	2,565	1,770	625	375	294,116	293, 116							24
10, 256 1, 768 12, 236 5, 651	19, 248 8, 248 23, 181 5, 997	73, 980 13, 235 116, 057 31, 149	1,092	5,544 2,194 1,275 2,100	1,321 165 5,764 299	239,736 23,508 2,969,859 41,326	2,853 384 14,027 2,287	392,747 69,172 3,210,921 105,975	150, 158 45, 280 227, 035 62, 362	122 5 606 102	528	63		59 5 78 87	5 150	25 26 27 28
27, 150 32, 065	37, 108 17, 470	190, 132 86, 291	1,500	4,804 350	4,728 5,569	365, 262 181, 907	5,981 3,886	851, 973 350, 887	480,730 165,094	261 468	25	35 70		226 373		29 30
10, 154 714, 309	1, 279 931, 828	83, 086 3, 142, 627	55 62, 520	4,050 153,030	42,708 49,570	91,372 10,965,511	977 237, 204	250, 317 20, 836, 288	157,968 9,633,573	12,387	6, 420	2,840		3, 127	1,778	31 32
Jewelry Lamps and Leather goo Lithograph: Looking-gla Lubricating Mattresses Mineral and Mirrors, fra Musical inst	reflectors ods, not else ing uss and pict g greases and spring l soda water med and un d paste truments.re	n pipewhere specifi wre frames bedss. iframed	6 PP 1 PP 1 2 PP 2 PP 1 5 PP 1 1 PP	aints	s, not else and cosme hic appara hic materic aving supplies, aterials t including wer, other d society	where specifications tus als not elsew power pum than steam badges and	ed. 1 Sr	oofing materia ws. ws. and adver gns and adver enting and re ap. ationery goo specified eam fittings water heating rgical applian nware, not els ools, not elsew	tising novelt efining, not ds, not e and steam apparatus. ces.	ies	2 Trun 4 Varn 3 Wall 1 Wash 1 Wind 5 stri 2 Wind Wire 2 fend 2 Wood 1 Wood	ks and ishesplaster ing n ingers low and pslow sha work, cingl, turne len good	valises. door scr des and includir d and cr ls, not e	s and reens and fixtures ig wov arved	clothes d weather en wire	313 2 42 212
\$2,610,573	\$2,795,969	\$14,075,625	\$145, 041	\$296, 379	\$876,037	\$32,007,802	\$945, 919	\$71,071,374		51, 809	22, 645	2,693	276	26, 195	-	=
1, 200 1, 885 2, 333 47, 300 17, 170	1,480 1,885 42,158 3,547		56 75	231 1,126 5,170 7,890 3,670	69 242 236 5, 867 409	11, 766 13, 644 56, 015 453, 604 200, 939	951 340 1,043 6,857 6,164	44, 600 35, 522 90, 341 863, 497 332, 470	31, 883 21, 538 33, 283 403, 036 125, 467	136 9 98 408 115	75 100 50	56 40 50 10		5 9 58 258 55	20	2 3 4 5 6
28, 229 885 23, 000 5, 175 3, 150	79, 494 6, 892 1, 937 480	290, 241 8, 595 89, 672 51, 563		11, 604 170 720 9, 652	6, 284 115 4, 779 916 879	1, 174, 939 15, 682 218, 022 58, 984 27, 777	37, 590 289 9, 563 3, 033 675	2,012,777 41,575 314,496 144,524 •79,991	800, 248 25, 604 86, 911 82, 507 51, 539	651 20 490 206 97	300	52 12 25 76	1	578 8 165 130 97	45	. 8 9 10

³ Same number reported for one or more other months.

TABLE 55.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

****					PERSO	ONS EN	GAGED	IN THE I	NDUST	RY.		WAGE I	EARNERS REPRESI	DEC. 16	, OR N	EAR-	
,		Num-			Sala- ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wag	e earne	ers.		16 and	over.	Unde	r 16.	
•	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	ber of estab- lish-	Total.	Pro- prie- tors and	offi- cers, su- perin-				Num	ber, 1	5th day of—	Total.					Capital.
	•	ments.	Total		tend-	Male.	Fe- male.	Aver- age num- ber.	Maxin mon		Minimum. month.	10001.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male	
	CITIES OF 50,000 INHA	BITAN	TS OR	MORI	E—AL	L INI	DUSTI	RIES CO	MBIN	ED A	AND SPECI	FIED I	NDUSTI	RIES-	Contin	ued.	
1 2 3 4 5	DAYTON—Continued. Confectionery and ice cream Confectionery. Lee cream Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work. Engines, steam, gas, and water	16 11 5 11 4	278 249 29 99 52	17 12 5 19 3	17 15 2 4 5	41 41 3 1	6 6 1 2	197 175 22 72 41	Se 8 Oc Jy Ja Ja	226 209 37 80 52	Ja 167 Jy 151 Ja ⁸ 13 De 63 No ⁸ 31	209 188 21 68 31	84 63 21 68 31				\$286, 264 168, 577 117, 687 106, 311 113, 021
6 7 8 9 1 0	Foundry and machine-shop products Furniture. Lumber and timber products Marble and stone work Mineral and soda waters	53 10 12 4 6	3,481 455 662 24 30	28 5 8 9 4	128 23 31 2	214 20 39 1 1	70 7 8 1	3,041 400 576 14 22	Mh Ja Au Mh ³ Jy ³	3,361 457 626 18 29	De 2,509 Oc 329 De 459 De 10 No 3 16	2,515 387 497 13 20	2,446 380 494 13 20	64 7 3			7, 902, 744 827, 221 1, 428, 264 22, 462 34, 443
11 12	Models and patterns, not including paper patterns. Printing and publishing, book and job.	7 32	47 313	7 30	1 23	1 22	8	37 230	Mh Ja	45 2 50	De 32 No 203	223	32 165	1 57	1		24, 095 352, 202
13 14 15	Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals. Slaughtering and meat packing Tobacco, cigars	15 9 44	608 335 1,682	8 8 45	33 19 28	95 33 19	51 8	421 275 1,582	Fe De Fe	452 308 1,695	Se 382 Jy 259 De 1,516	411 309 1,546	332 309 155	70	9	2	1,157,796 1,019,607 802,358
16 17 18 19 20	Tools, not elsewhere specified Machinists' tools	8 3 5 5	76 35 41 263 17,957	16 6 10 2 103	5 3 2 9 713	2 1 1 9 1,447	1 1 1 390	52 25 27 242 15,304	Fe ⁸ Ja My Oc	58 37 33 336	De 43 Au 3 18 De 17 Ja 91	50 26 24 265 15,776	50 26 24 222 14, 252		6		68, 821 41, 025 27, 796 263, 145 54, 489, 846
Ag Au Au Ba Ba Bo Bri Bu Car	*All other industries embrace toplanes and parts	Cars a and pani Cars, oper Cash chin Chemi China, done Cleans Clothin	s, rag	ral sho y stean ilroad, ailroad and o ng, not ries	not i compa alcula	struction of control o	on m- 1 ng 1 na- 1 nat 2 1	goods Cooper Dental Electri supp Electri Emery Engrav Envelo Fertiliz Files. Flags a	age goods.cal ma lies platin and of ving an pes ers	chiner her at d dies	, and underta y, apparatus orasive wheel inking	1 2 1 , and 7 1 s 1 3 1 1 1	Food speci Fur go Furnis Gas, ill Gas me ters. Glass, ment Grease brica Hand s	prepar fied ods hing go lumina achines cutting ting and ta ting great stamps.	ods, m ting an and g g, stai	en'sd heat d heat as and ning, not in	oducts 3 elsewhere
1	SPRINGFIELD—All industries	253	9,614	242	340	880	284	7,868	-	8, 836	No 6,739	7,950	7,148	794.	8		\$32,400,690
2 3 4 5 6	Agricultural implements Artificial stone products Bread and other bakery products Carriages and wagons Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work	9	1,750 47 143 10 53	2 15 31 3 10	39 7 2 2	227 1 5	35 2 2	1,447 24 103 7 38	Ja Je Se s Se De	2, 149 34 110 8 47		1,617 22 110 8 48	1,604 22 88 8 8 48	13 20	2		12, 684, 180 25, 925 196, 571 12, 600 34, 052
7 8 9	Engines, steam, gas, and water Foundry and machine shop products. Models and patterns, not including	7 33 6	650 1,497 16	3 23 7	15 60	51 94	19 34	562 1,286 9	Ap Fe Ja	655 1,425 10	De 431 No 1,031 Au 8	427 1,257 10	422 1,253 10	5 4			1,901,555 3,697,265 5,170
1 0	paper patterns. Musical instruments, piano and organ materials.	3	563		12	8	3	540	Fe	604	Se 493	514	514				1, 177, 613
11 12	Printing and publishing, book and job. Printing and publishing, newspapers	18 9	185 710	19	10 35	132	10 37	140 503	No Mh	154 575	My 133 De 452	154 467	114 352	40 115			317,269 1,844,445
13 14	and periodicals. Tobacco, cigars. All other industries*		68 3,922	16 110	1 157	355	142	51 3,158	Је	57	No 3 47	55 3,261	31 2,682	23 574	1 5		37,834 10,466,211
Au Av Bo Bo Bo	*All other industries embrace— tomobile bodies and parts	Butter Carpet Cars a and pani Clothin Coffee, Coffins good Confee	s, rag	ral sho y electr and gr ases, a	op con ic-raili inding nd und	struct road co	2 2 ion om 2 1 2 ors' 3	ists's Electrical supplements Electron Emery Fancy Flavori Flour-I Food speci	supplie cal mad lies plating and ot articles ing ext nill and prepar fied	schiner chiner ab her ab not el racts. I grist ations	y, apparatus y, apparatus orasive wheel lsewhere spec mill product n, not elsev	1, and 2 11s 1 sified. 1 1 s 4 where	Furnita Gas and Gas, ill Hand s Ice, ma Instrun tific. Lea+her Liquors Lumoe	re	ie fixtuing and ired profess	iresd heat ional	1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

¹ Owned power only.

² Includes rented power, other than electric.

			EXPE	nses.								POWER.			
Sal	laries and w	ages.		Rent a	nd taxes.	For ma	terials.		Value		Primar	y horsepower.		Elec- tric	
Officials.	Clerks,	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including in- ternal revenue and cor- poration income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. 1	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines. 2 Water wheels and mo- tors.1	Elec- tric (rent- ed).	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.	
	CITIES	S OF 50,000	INHABI	TANTS	OR MOR	E-ALL IN	DUSTRIE	S COMBINE	D AND SP	ECIFIEL	indus	TRIES—Cont	nued.		
\$22, 720 22, 320 400 4, 540 9, 850	\$44, 431 41, 675 2, 756 3, 864 2, 154	\$90, 802 73, 537 17, 265 43, 017 30, 219		\$11, 222 9, 892 1, 330 2, 625 2, 470	\$1,072 749 323 1,320 371	\$291, 862 213, 276 78, 586 80, 805 104, 420	\$9,906 5,961 3,945 225 1,110	\$527, 725 405, 427 122, 298 177, 867 164, 713	\$225, 957 186, 190 39, 767 96, 837 59, 183	351 159 192 51 183	33 33 90	50	318 159 159 1 25	6 3 3 150	1 2 3 4 5
300, 388 47, 600 70, 578 2, 700	314, 316 30, 503 36, 830 936 1, 040	1, 850, 871 209, 680 416, 122 11, 369 18, 410	\$8,856 62 73,390	38, 438 10, 860 6, 143 660 2, 000	35, 637 5, 679 9, 278 79 297	2, 190, 532 272, 837 1, 134, 976 13, 396 33, 795	160, 027 12, 577 15, 845 843 919	5, 585, 634 824, 823 1, 899, 216 35, 705 79, 111	3, 235, 075 539, 409 748, 395 21, 566 44, 397	5,066 667 1,799 30 56	1,750 525 1,510	207	2, 652 142 82 30 5	138 438 8	6 7 8 9 10
1,800 58,607	1, 435 28, 806	26, 354 122, 822	448	1,756 18,917	103 2,400	7, 447 141, 595	647 4, 987	49, 768 472, 842	41, 674 326, 260	100 294		25 50 119	25 175	 	11 12:
56, 337 27, 108 37, 307	135, 221 33, 796 31, 720	320, 960 193, 221 533, 306	15, 710	7,284 240 14,210	7,537 10,425 223,058	363, 324 3, 819, 716 900, 352	15,506 26,502 4,802	1,107,527 4,830,647 2,055,431	738, 697 984, 429 1, 150, 277	704 669 115	300 415	20	404 234 107	108	13 14 15
6, 507 2, 007 4, 500 9, 732 1, 824, 472	2, 417 567 1, 850 8, 517 1, 982, 110	33, 865 15, 210 18, 655 115, 817 9, 253, 131	46, 394	3, 624 960 2, 664 7, 030 128, 667	605 362 243 913 557, 467	12, 057 4, 197 7, 860 241, 539 20, 167, 777	1,385 457 928 3,491 620,642	75, 802 23, 400 52, 402 476, 318 48, 748, 452	62, 360 18, 746 43, 614 231, 288 27, 949, 833	112 70 42 162 39, 220	50 50 	15 15 90 1,135 165	47 5		16 17 18
specified Ice, manufa Iron and ste mills Iewelry Labels and Lasts Liquors, ma Lithographi Mattresses a Millinery an	tags alt ing nd lace good d paste.	not elsewherks and rolli	1 Property of the control of the con	per good: tent med sanuts, gr and shelli erfumery: noto-engre ekles, pre umbers' specified. ottery inting an	s, not elsew.icines and rading, roa ng	where specific compounds. sting, cleanities	1 mg, Sac	ofing materialber goods, leddlery and ha ales and balar rews, machine rews, woodwing machine irtsms and adver aporting and attainery goods led	rnesses and attachi tising novelt hletic goods.	ments	1 Stere 1 Stove 2 Struce 1 Wood 1 Surgi 1 Umb 2 Varm 2 Vault	n fittings and ter heating ap otyping and els sand hot-air stural ironwork rks or rolling rical appliances rellas and can sishes	paratus. ectrotypi furnaces , not mad nills es	ng e in steel	1 3 2:
	\$1, 250, 574	\$5, 328, 086	\$60,887	\$48,348		\$13, 356, 114	\$347,394	\$27,721,789		13,113	6,092	3,849 65	3,107	5,530	1
98, 912 5, 900 4, 020 2, 700	196, 706 1, 200 5, 646	1, 211, 113 17, 208 66, 107 6, 100 24, 964	1,340	600 630 4, 435 408 1, 354	70, 345 285 1, 631 173 245	2, 663, 676 17, 161 228, 209 4, 661 32, 381	69, 462 555 7, 987 297 441	5,761,511 52,916 397,516 17,080 75,978	3, 028, 373 35, 200 161, 370 12, 122 43, 156	2,436 68 134 13 40	2,106	205 46 40	125 94 13 40	2,938	2 3 4 5 6
38, 091 142, 636	93, 946 138, 951	404, 635 877, 537 8, 457	9, 693	761 6, 252 840	13, 455 21, 681 20	463, 578 1, 703, 799 1, 584	29, 333 63, 521 177	1,314,062 3,794,058 18,230	821, 151 2, 026, 738 16, 469	1,366 2,516 16	150 760	820 957 6	396 799 10	658 505	7 8 9
27, 988	9, 741	293, 145			8, 569	223,328	22, 486	757, 550	511, 736	478		400	78	428	10-
17, 080 205, 392	3, 915 329, 885	88, 270 341, 755	1, 875 26, 281	5, 296 3, 046	1, 026 15, 017	87, 900 1, 197, 428	3, 822 12, 976	279, 800 3, 159, 482	188, 078 1, 949, 078	110 501	375	10	100 126	291	11 12
1,000 325,435	469, 427	23, 270 1, 965, 525	21, 698	1, 454 23, 272	11, 641 124, 919	22,289 6,710,120	348 136, 039	72, 068 12, 021, 538	49, 431 5, 175, 379	10 5, 425	2,679	10 1,355 65	1,326	710	13 14
Marble and Mattresses a Mineral and Mirrors, frai Musical inst Paints	stone work, and spring by soda water med and untruments, pi	products, n ills connects eds. s. framed. anos. tere specified ompounds.	2 Pr 1 St 2 Pr 1 St	toto-engra ckles, pre- umbers' specified. imps, not ibber good ddlery an ales and i	serves, and supplies, including is, not else d harness. balances. dvertising g and meat	sauces not elsewh power pump where specific novelties.	2 Sta 1 fin stere Stere 1 Stere 2 Store 2 Store 1 Stere 2 Store 3 Strict 4 W	ings, steel, cartionery goods, ed	not elsewher nd steam a pparatus ds electroplatir ir furnaces il ork, not made g mills	re speci- nd hot-	1 Tools Toys 2 Wash 1 ers. 1 Wind 1 Wirey	nders, garters, is, not elsewhere and games ing machines a ow and door swork, turned and o	specified nd clother ereens	i es wring-	5 3

² Same number reported for one or more other months.

TABLE 55.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

-	TABLE 90). —1/1	I	DIA	1 15141	DIVI	ror	, TIII		A11	AND	, 10	IV 011	<u></u>	r 50,0	000 1	.10 11.7	BITANTS
					PERSO	NS EN	AGED	IN THE II	NDUST	RY.			WAGE EST	EARNERS REPRES	DEC. 15 ENTATIV	, or n E day	EAR-	•
		Num-			Sala- ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wag	ge earne	ers.			16 and	over.	Unde	er 16.	
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	of estab-		Pro- prie- tors	offi- cers, su-				Nur	nber, 1	5th day	7 of—						Capital.
		lish- ments.	Total.		perin- tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	Aver- age num- ber.		imum. onth.	Minir mor		Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male	·
-	CITIES OF 50,000 INHA	BITAN	TS OR	MOR	EAL	L INI	OUST	RIES CO)MBI	NED A	AND 8	SPECI	FIED I	NDUST:	RIES-	Contin	ued.	
1	TOLEDO—All industries	713	31,885	545	981	2,368	915	27,076	Se	28, 295	Ју 2	5,504	27, 284	23,035	4, 147	38	64	\$91, 149, 054
2 3 4 5 6	Artificial stone products Automobile repairing Bookbinding and blank-book making Boxes and cartons, paper Bread and other bakery products.	8	49 27 54 77 779	18 14 3 5 87	2 3 3 24	6 2 58	2 3 31	29 13 40 64 579	Je 3 Je De Se No	40 14 44 78 608	Ja ³ Fe Ja Je Je Ja	18 12 36 51 549	31 13 44 60 587	31 13 25 24 467	19 33 120	2	1	39, 094 43, 265 48, 938 115, 477 845, 513
7	Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and fire- clay products.	5	211		11	6	1	193	Au Fe	254	Fe	109	200	200				478, 280 36, 800
8 9 10 11	Brooms, from broom corn	5 7	32 27 206 406	5 4 1 8	1 1 11 26	1 5 8 44	1 5 10	25 16 181 318	My Fe Ja	30 20 191 351	Jy De 3 De Jy	19 12 156 286	27 14 156 321	27 11 153 317	3 3 4			15, 127 372, 143 1, 733, 724
12	Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad com-	6	889		20	50	5	814	Fe	1,078	Oc	626	743	743				984,694
13 14 15 16	panies. Clothing, women's. Clother, roasting and grinding. Confectionery and ice cream. Cooperage and wooden goods, not elsewhere specified.	13 5 12 8	1,042 537 238 98	5 5 5 5	28 17 18 6	90 189 18	27 51 13 2	892 275 184 85	Mh Se Oc Au	993 313 233 98	Je De Jy Fe	737 236 147 73	917 258 206 84	321 158 56 65	596 81 148 18	1 1	18 1 1	790, 464 3, 239, 361 227, 557 89, 187
17 18	Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products. Electrical machinery, apparatus,	35 11	812 1,028	33 4	27 19	31 55	23 32	698 918	Ja Au	770 1,203	De Fe	595 500	604 1,041	486 720	115 321	2	1	4,239,344 1,696,023
19 20	and supplies. Flour-mill and gristmill products Foundry and machine-shop products.	6 48	292 3,718	2 22	22 112	30 212	4 49	234 3,323	Se Au	251 3,564		220 2, 975	243 2,929	242 2,908	1 20	1		2,751,580 6,732,416 709,099
21 22 23	Furnishing goods, men's	3 16 10	870 444 110	12 12	23 4	18	16 17 4	839 374 89	Mh Au	964 424 8 96	Fe De Ja	742 318 72	926 326 94	321 70	780 4 22	11 2	18	767, 962 43, 885
24 25	menting. Hosiery and knit goods	3	86 32	1.	3 6	9 5	3 2	70 19	Ja Ap	108 26	Au Oc 3	30 14	103	5 16	95 1		3	209, 177 51, 621
26	House-furnishing goods, not else- where specified. Leather goods	10	94	10	5	8	2	69	Ja	75	No	64	67	64	3			125, 365
27 28	Liquors, malt Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected	4 15	454 447	···ii	13 16	40 27	5 9	396 384	Ју Ју	472 439	Fe Ja	352 320	369 365	369 365				7, 295, 676 1, 013, 245
29 30 31	with sawmills. Marble and stone work. Mineral and soda waters. Models and patterns, not including paper patterns.	8 8 6	97 77 24	6 18 8	12 2	13 10	3 1	63 46 16	My Je ³ Au	80 58 25	Fe Ja De	41 37 9	61 41 17	61 41 15	<u>2</u>			197, 422 60, 781 17, 334
32 33 34	Paints Patent medicines and compounds Printing and publishing, book and	5 24 55	71 77 567	1 19 50	9 11 39	17 8 38	4 14 40	40 25 400	Ap Je De	3 46 29 411	De 3 Ja Jy	35 22 383	35 29 411	34 17 331	1 12 75	5		246, 656 96, 613 712, 881
35 36	job. Job printing Book publishing without printing and linotype work.	49	534 33	45 5	36 3	30 8	33 7	890 10	De (4)	401 10	Ју (*)	373 10	401 10	321 10	75	5		685, 452 27, 429
37	Printing and publishing, newspapers, etc.	24	700	7	42	178	81	392	Au	401	De	380	381	337	44			1,247,995
38 39	Printing and publishing Printing, publishing, and job printing.	5 4	473 202	2	17 15	138 36	51 24	267 125	De Au	285 143	Jy 3 De	258 95	286 95	262 75	24 20			796, 591 441, 751
40 41	Publishing without printing	15 6	25 397	5	10 7	4	6			40#	NT.	007	298	298				9, 653 942, 192
42 43	Structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills. Tools, not elsewhere specified Wall plaster All other industries *	4	27 39	4	7	36	5 1 2	345 15 24	Ja Ja ³ Se	405 25 31	Jy 3 Ja 3	297 11 16	20 21	20 21				36, 209 81, 027
Au Aw Bal Bal Bal Bal Bra Bra Bra Bra	*All other industries ** *All other industries embrace— tificial limbs	Carria Cars a and pani China done Cleans Clothi Corset Cutler Dairy ists'	ges and sl and gene repairs by ies. decorating and p sponging ng, men's sy and ed men's, por supplies.	ng, not ries polishin and re ge tools ultrym	ildren' p con ic-railr includ g prep finishi	ling the aration ing	at 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Engine: Engrav include Engrav Fancy Flavori Food Specif Fur goo Gas ann Gas, ill Glass Gloves Hand s Hardwi	prepa ied ds l elec umin	rations tric fixt ating ar	uresd heat	elsev	where 2 1 2 2 4 1	and v Ice, ma Instructific. Iron an Iron an Iron an Jewelry Jute go Lamps	vool nufactu nents,] d steel, d steel, ods and ref	profess blast steel wroug	ional furnac works ght pir	52,814,927 elt, straw, 2 and scien- 2 es. 2 and rolling 2 2 1 1 3 3 1 rames. 1

¹ Owned power only.

² Includes rented power, other than electric.

			EXPE	NSES.								POW	ER.		
Sal	laries and w	ages.		Renta	nd taxes.	For ma	iterials.	•	Value		Primary	horsep	ower.		Elec tric
Officials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including in- ternal revenue and cor- poration income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines.1	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines.2	wheels and mo- tors.1	Elec- tric (rent- ed).	horse powe gener ated i estab lish- ment repor ing.
	CITIES	S OF 50,000	INHABI	TANTS	OR MOR	E-ALL IN	DUSTRIE	S COMBINE	D AND SPI	CIFIED	INDUST	RIES-	-Contin	ued.	II
2, 496, 197	\$3,059,606	\$18, 124, 084	\$169,954	\$ 354, 250	\$1,937,278	\$ 68, 242 , 346	\$2, 251, 923	\$115,049,426	\$44, 555, 157	53,369	30, 247	3, 420	150	19, 552	13, 228
2,020 4,476	4, 641 2, 480	17, 180 11, 920 24, 948 29, 187 370, 411	5,946	1,446 2,076 2,844 1,766	243 410 320	35, 816 13, 233 27, 683	808 680 2,250	81, 930 46, 232 84, 700 110, 982 2, 307, 211	45, 306 32, 319 54, 767	69 18 38	15	45 14		9 4 38	
4, 476 3, 300 49, 657	70,636	1	380	25, 491	10, 259	54, 455 1, 211, 602	835 41,278	II	1,054,331	77 541	76	40 7		37 458	ii
16,830 1,000 1,200	5, 950 900	140, 402 14, 680		120 100	4,889 311	67, 760 30, 570 1, 236	35,640 582	321, 377 57, 350	217, 977 26, 198	558 24	315	3 2		240 22	
1, 200 22, 640 56, 600	1,050 9,310 55,595	14,680 5,254 115,110 232,056		588 6,250 1,800	46 4,927 14,118	1, 236 199, 960 286, 153	307 8,024 14,080	57, 350 18, 203 383, 490 804, 087	26, 198 16, 660 175, 506 503, 854	43 721 742	704 650	43 29		17 63	19 1, 218
22, 852	45, 370	596, 422			4, 268	507, 240	26,774	1, 201, 929	667,915	1,254	1,199			55	885
80, 120 60, 400 30, 396 5, 525	182,772 275,012	514,943 117,411 81,314	1,439	22, 973 2, 580	5, 464 18, 664	1, 400, 936 4, 454, 383 498, 821	9, 133 15, 478 7, 765 2, 034	2, 433, 570 5, 889, 320 777, 552	1,023,501 1,419,459 270,966	200 487				200 487	
30, 396 5, 525	26, 409 805	81,314 37,874		8, 283 472	1,698 594	498, 821 101, 604	7,765 2,034	777, 552 189, 316	270, 966 85, 678	290 75		25		265 75	
61, 909 53, 738	45, 323 60, 463	465, 470 396, 746	581	13,091 12,774	13, 293 12, 070	1, 004, 394 1, 802, 120	15,914 18,532	2,029,356 3,229,882	1,009,048 1,409,230	713 1, 155	270	60		653 885	260
53, 354 266, 273 28, 780	43, 745 249, 809	186, 923 2, 337, 852	7,602	35,504	11,880 54,619	5, 233, 368 2, 299, 266	43,657 190,828	5,815,388 6,544,602	538, 363 4, 054, 508 328, 531	3,345 5,277	3, 185 2, 768	1,094	150	10 1,415	105 4,055
54, 035 6, 390	23,670 28,443 5,527	231, 043	2,696 160	7,914 3,284	5, 213 7, 154	587, 452 282, 890 85, 317	5, 935 16, 420	921, 918 734, 231	434,921	168 740	418	125		168 197 52	20
6,400	10, 494	61, 118 29, 139	4,845	5, 255 2, 220	280 1,055	66, 785 58, 461	1, 908 2, 155	189, 089 128, 230	101, 864 59, 290	52 61		28		33	
10, 460 5, 480	8, 464 9, 120	14,645 38,031		6,674	766	90, 454	330 1,088	128, 204 184, 247	69, 413 92, 705	12 42		6		6 42	
59, 932 38, 480	48, 265 43, 015	329,635 271,800	32, 498	5,513	445, 143 9, 864	667, 129 912, 503	56, 569 7, 679	2, 474, 913 1, 480, 636	1,751,215 560,454	2, 541 1, 306	2,489 1,041	35		52 230	126 16
17, 404 2, 800	13, 210 9, 814	57, 085 32, 662 15, 304	7,675 260	840 1,913 1,224	1,349 891 120	194, 683 53, 165 3, 618	1,972 1,934 685	331, 045 159, 036 28, 988	134, 390 103, 937 24, 685	227 119 33	103	130 8		97 16 25	5
16, 227 28, 485	19, 293 13, 940	22, 920 13, 653	400	1,440 7,263	1, 448 1, 097	118,727 60,568	3, 422 1, 116	266,676 278,477	144, 527 216, 793	186 50	4	40		146 46	
74, 736 71, 476	42, 209 32, 198	263, 176 251, 957	11,468 5,065	37,559 36,647 912	5, 957 5, 678	292, 987 289, 264	10, 731 10, 438 293	962, 787 905, 027	659,069 605,325	404		2		402 398	
3,260	10,011	11, 219	6,403		279	3,723		57,760	53,744	4				4	
129, 809 92, 264	220, 052 161, 446	339, 549 257, 961	35,762	18, 441 12, 510	11, 121 8, 578	468, 421 382, 509	9,578 6,148 3,320	1,834,305 1,380,641 369,405	1,356,306 991,984	595 402				595 402	
26,520 11,025	53, 475 5, 131	81, 588	35,762	4,500 1,431	2,503 40	81, 296 4, 616	3,320 110	369, 405 84, 259	284, 789 79, 533	181 12				181 12	
23,925	55, 291	250, 838		610	7, 135	450, 917	18, 207	873, 570	404, 446	1,004	630	80		294	1, 164
2,300 7,400 1,190,864	7,680 1,420,433	12,070 15,219 10,250,840	57, 430	990 1,990 101,281	33 2,741 1,277,226	4,605 57,359 44,555,705	331 2,733 1,674,531	33,431 109,616 71,603,550	28, 495 49, 524 25, 373, 314	30 95 30, 077	16,380	15 90 1,499		15 5 12, 198	5,344
attresses a lillinery an lirrors, fra lotorcycles lucilage an luscial ins not specif lusical ins	and spring t nd lace good med and un s, bicycles, a d paste struments a ied truments, p	oducts	2 Pe	erfumery etroleum, hoto-engrickles, pro lumbers' specified ottery ulp goods	and cosme refining aving serves, and supplies,	ylographic. tics	4 Scanner 2 Sh 3 Sh	ws ales and balan ipbuilding, ir ipbuilding, we ints ow cases us and adver- ughtering and ap orting and atl rings, steel, or	ces m and steel coden, includ ising novelli I mea [†] packin	ing boat	1 Stove Stove Surgio Tobac Snu Tobac Tobac Tobac Tobac Tobac Tobac Tobac Wind Wind	s and h s, gas a cal apple co, che ff co, ciga and gar cellas ar lbarrow ow and	ot-air fund oil liances wing a wrs nes d canes	ectrotypi irnaces nd smok	ing, and

² Same number reported for one or more other months.

⁴ Same number reported throughout the year.

TABLE 55.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

				PERSONS ENGAGED IN THE INDUSTRY. WAGE EARNERS DEC. 15, OR NEAR-EST REPRESENTATIVE DAY. Sala- Clerks, etc. Wage earners. 16 and over. Under 16.													
		Num-			ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wage	earne	ers.		16 and	over.	Under	16.	
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	of estab- lish-	Total.	Pro- prie- tors and	offi- cers, su- perin-		i	Aver-	Num	ber, 15	oth day of-	Total.					Capital.
		ments.		firm mem- bers.	tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	age num- ber.	Maxin mon		Minimun month.		Male.	Fe- male.		Fe- nale	
	CITIES OF 50,000 INHA	BITAN	TS OR	MOR	E—AI	L INI	USTI	RIES CO	MBIN	ED A	AND SPE	CIFIED II	NDUSTI	RIES—	Continu	ed.	
1	YOUNGSTOWN—All industries	201	18,224	148	352		356	15, 861	Mh 17	<u> </u>	De 13,49	-	15,052	863	4.		\$130, 101, 772
2 3 4 5 6	Artificial stone products. Bread and other bakery products. Confectionery and ice cream. Foundry and machine-shop products. Iron and steel, steel works and rolling mills.	9 43 7 14 8	200 91 1,279 8,232	7 45 7 6	4 6 2 32 66	1 12 6 94 524	1 7 19 47	130 76 1,128 7,595	Je De Je ³ Ja J Mh 8	68 134 86 1,310 8,584	Ja 2 Ja 12 Ja 6 De 82 No 6,44	139 75 868	39 126 33 868 8,218	1 13 42 4			89,844 412,253 237,548 4,955,508 64,928,461
7	Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected	12	415	6	33	23	10	343	Ју	468	De 26	267	266	1			1,415,160
8	with sawmills. Printing and publishing, book and job.	6	136	5	11	15	7	98	Oc 8	108	De 9	- 11	64	29		- 1	182,057
9	Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals. All other industries*	15 87	7,567	64	15 183	57 775	18 247	6, 298	Ap	148	Au 14	6,068	137 5,301	6 767	4 .	- 1	297, 720 57, 583, 221
Aw Bra Bro But Car	tomobile bodies and parts. 2 mings, tents, and sails. 1 ss and bronze products 1 toms. 2 tter. 1 pets, rag. 1 riages and wagons 1	Cars a and pani- Cars, s opera	repairs can ies nd generopairs by steam-rai tions of	ral sho y stean lroad, railroa	p cons i-railro not ir d com	tructio ad con icludin panies	. 1 n . 2 g	Copper Electric suppl Ename Flour-n	, tin, ar cal mac lies ling nill and	nd she chinery	grinding. set-iron wo y, apparate mill produ	s, and 2	Furnit Gas an Gas, ill Glass, ment	ured electri uminat	ic fixtur	es heat	ing 1
1 2 3 4 5	ALLIANCE ASHTABULA BARBEETON BELLAIRE CAMBRIDGE	[40]	2,806 2,032 3,714 2,865 1,656	46 39 32 34 32	122 58 58 58 50 42	274 47 413 138 109	31 20 93 40 18	2,333 1,868 3,118 2,603 1,455	Jy S Au S Mh S Ja Mh	2,568 2,087 3,423 2,832 1,784	No 2,06 Ja 1,57 De 2,77 Se 2,42 No 1,11	1,979 3,017 2,608	2,325 1,875 2,609 2,362 1,506	66 101 407 234 109	12		\$8,665,344 4,298,265 14,624,143 7,670,674 2,968,860
6 7 8 9 10	CHILICOTHE COSHOCTON. EAST CLEVELAND. EAST LIVERPOOL. ELYRIA	7	1,758 1,840 153 5,180 3,236	36 24 7 68 40	38 67 3 152 119	97 67 8 86 221	30 68 6 44 121	1,557 1,614 129 4,830 2,735	Oc 1 Se Mh	1,838 1,640 158 4,943 3,061	Ap 1,37 Jy 1,58 Ja 10 Jy 4,63 No 2,48	1,644 139 4,818	1,257 1,009 134 3,557 2,378	319 635 5 1,235 380	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ \vdots \\ 13 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	13 2	2,904,812 2,629,780 288,864 6,593,376 9,485,688
11 12 13 14 15	FINDLAY FOSTORIA FREMONT HAMILTON IRONTON		2,041 1,498 2,400 6,923 1,602	58 36 46 100 48	76 77 76 196 58	124 87 153 459 50	46 46 62 125 26	1,737 1,252 2,063 6,043 1,420	Ap 1	1,791 1,384 2,217 3,642 1,671	Ja 1,64 Jy 1,12 Ja 1,88 No 5,64 No 1,00	1,298 1,991 6,068	1,082 1,050 1,623 5,274 1,264	753 248 366 778 219	3 1 16 17	5 1 4	3,767,551 3,121,474 4,086,333 21,887,892 5,254,995
16 17 18 19 20	LAKEWOOD. LANCASTER. LIMA. LORAIN. MANSFIELD.	53 97 66	2, 217 1, 784 5, 305 7, 266 4, 106	16 50 73 42 89	28 43 97 292 135	197 100 202 393 382	202 8 57 103 102	1,774 1,583 4,876 6,436 3,398	Jv 1	1,906 1,693 5,330 7,874 3,712	Jy 1,67 Ja 1,47 De 4,28 No 4,94 No 2,92	1,537 5,103 7,330	1,622 1,101 3,847 7,240 2,633	229 436 1,255 88 722			4, 463, 959 1, 589, 321 10, 201, 164 38, 360, 423 10, 459, 468
21 22 23 24 25	MARIETTA. MARION. MASSILLON. MIDDLETOWN. MOUNT VERNON.	66 70	1,736 3,162 2,096 4,841 882	57 60 45 46 19	77 87 96 159 23	144 372 130 471 52	57 66 57 162 16	1,401 2,577 1,768 4,003 . 772	Je I Mh 2 Jy I Ap 4 Ap	1,535 2,846 1,964 4,362 818	Se 1,21 De 2,36 De 1,27 No 3,59 De 72	2,406 1,628	1,236 2,169 1,465 3,533 696	75 232 163 481 19			3, 404, 539 9, 699, 258 7, 482, 679 23, 974, 223 1, 891, 704
26 27 28 29 30	Newark Norwood Piqua Portsmouth Sandusky	58 78	5, 143 6, 853 3, 220 4, 178 3, 276	81 36 67 60 67	100 216 110 146 140	277 564 204 233 263	102 229 62 142 79	4,583 5,808 2,777 3,597 2,727	Mh 2	4 456	Jy 4,30 De 5,47 Jy 2,59 Ap 2,36 Ja 2,61	5,523 2,713 3,849	4,083 4,315 1,879 2,612 2,689	1,207 830 1,217 361	4 -	1	8, 952, 591 21, 102, 363 6, 717, 065 7, 514, 538 9, 510, 029
31 32 33 34	STEUBENVILLE TIFFIN WARREN ZANESVILLE	76	4, 937 2, 585 3, 354 3, 469	63 86 51 78	93 81 138 97	243 163 197 198	32 78 106 61	4,506 2,177 2,862 3,035	My 4 Ap 2 Ja 2 Mh 3	2,268 2,992	De 3,49 Oc 2,04 My 2,77 Ja 2,64	2,158 2,852	4,578 1,759 2,339 2,651	215 345 509 513	3	1	19,387,008 5,314,470 8,550,271 5,862,172

¹⁰ wned power only.

² Includes rented power, other than electric.

	EXPENSES. Salaries and wages. Rent and taxes. For many taxes.											POW	ER.			Ī
Sal	aries and wa	ages.		Renta	nd taxes.	For ma	terials.		Value		Primary	horsepo	wer.		Elec-	
Officials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including in- ternal revenue and cor- poration income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines.1	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines.2	Water wheels and mo- tors.1	Elec- tric (rent- ed).	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.	
	CITIES	S OF 50,000	INHAB	TANTS	OR MOR	E—ALL IN	DUSTRIE	S COMBINE	D AND SP	ECIFIED	INDUS	rries-	Contin	ued.		
\$1,023,422	\$2,033,065	\$12,348,890	\$85,658	\$66,807	\$880,897	\$62, 386, 698	\$6,690,106	\$92, 111, 272	\$23, 034, 468	196, 665	156, 690	27, 198	40	12,737	61,565	1
3, 015 12, 345 2, 340 79, 142 247, 367	847 10,074 6,165 159,698 617,472	23, 431 82, 861 37, 008 901, 325 6, 394, 659	4,066 584 500 5,650	461 10,444 6,304 750	1,011 2,503 1,417 40,783 331,069	18, 993 304, 616 79, 471 1, 989, 161 37, 779, 298	1,098 11,455 4,392 86,911 2,083,814	55, 457 619, 886 189, 235 3, 077, 945 48, 796, 464	35, 366 303, 815 105, 372 1, 001, 873 8, 933, 352	95 115 265 4,481 113,065	1,310 99,025	25 185 60 10,800		60 90 80 3,111 3,240	2, 113 36, 709	3 4 5 6
60,378	26, 518	280,061	350	1,950	13, 141	512, 436	9,876	1,010,128	487,816	1,246	629	130		487		7
23, 292	16, 120	58, 615	3,827	6, 582	737	67, 943	1,878	251, 625	181,804	78				78		8
33, 300 562, 243	67,801	122, 759 4, 448, 171	10,978 59,703	4,971 35,345	2,819 487,417	105, 771 21, 529, 009	2,498 4,488,184	540, 152 37, 570, 380	431,883 11,553,187	225 77,095	55, 693	15, 996	40	225 5,366	22,743	10
Liquors, di Liquors, m	istilled alt			aints atent me erfumery	dicines and	, not includ l compounds stics 50,000 INE	1 Si	usagegns and adver aughtering an oves and hot-	tising novelt d meat packi air furnaces	ies ing	1 Wall	plaster	vanses.			·
\$212,078 115,007 219,448 126,892 79,119	\$308, 598 61, 558 649, 195 184, 770 121, 705	\$1,616,999 1,344,806 1,733,854 1,566,393 1,111,938	\$11,037 1,945 8,681	\$7,626 8,546 2,382 5,424 6,080	\$49,840 38,902 105,122 98,775 25,596	\$3,465,255 2,736,293 3,844,658 8,199,842 2,219,164	\$191,131 88,768 260,917 1,078,578 120,790	\$7, 174, 766 5, 020, 991 8, 843, 422 12, 170, 206 3, 923, 786	\$3,518,380 2,195,930 4,737,847 2,891,786 1,583,832	4,678 7,327 7,211 14,390 5,742	3,701 5,394 6,568 12,902 5,281	327 1,140 290 1,003 210	1	650 793 353 485 250	5, 144 4, 220 3, 943 2,742 901	1 2 3 4 5
75, 199 148, 771 5, 009 247, 260 275, 398	95, 840 188, 151 13, 364 141, 207 356, 235	851, 917 804, 727 81, 393 2, 935, 216 1, 759, 067	2,567 1,920 45,151 150	7,842 7,046 1,410 11,312 17,539	61, 397 24, 421 2, 135 84, 490 66, 624	2,454,649 1,756,380 137,634 2,306,292 4,870,397	116,352 57,274 9,556 535,789 145,939	4, 083, 486 3, 476, 686 295, 786 7, 092, 903 8, 791, 734	1,512,485 1,663,032 148,596 4,250,822 3,775,398	4,765 3,501 397 6,051 10,814	4, 127 2, 299 243 4, 120 6, 090	514 508 748 2,181	600	124 691 154 1,183 1,943	400 170 278 3,549	67 8 9
146, 507 151, 918 185, 014 506, 856 107, 028	137, 455 106, 165 228, 595 710, 779 63, 688	778, 029 655, 011 1, 096, 845 3, 564, 504 720, 784	3,398 523 11,598 20,634	5,723 10,729 7,555 37,552 8,324	94,001 35,495 48,271 238,325 103,453	2, 670, 186 4, 268, 952 2, 200, 021 8, 584, 466 2, 834, 095	120,907 100,013 96,475 430,526 460,008	4, 662, 778 6, 124, 679 4, 779, 982 16, 877, 260 4, 666, 185	1, 871, 685 1, 755, 714 2, 483, 486 7, 862, 268 1, 372, 082	3,561 3,563 3,664 16,767 15,147	1,869 1,729 1,436 13,762 13,869	988 1, 649 754 1, 546 784	32 2	704 185 1,474 1,427 492	207 1,044 443 7,571 671	11 12 13 14 14
131,960 52,584 308,071 554,942 290,230	407, 510 166, 951 273, 831 451, 802 524, 370	1, 021, 994 790, 419 3, 177, 520 4, 659, 729 2, 028, 628	420 260 7,774 3,548	3,490 7,639 29,910 8,217 23,274	94,158 15,076 309,435 340,323 142,533	1, 478, 225 3, 255, 592 6, 178, 846 14, 541, 946 4, 638, 591	125,711 31,841 190,262 3,387,438 133,208	3,606,498 4,602,615 11,598,580 29,110,037 10,281,968	2,002,562 1,315,182 5,229,472 11,180,653 5,510,169	2,969 2,874 7,518 211,182 6,637	1, 150 675 4, 520 207, 377 3, 765	369 1,744 524 474 1,128		1,450 455 2,474 3,331 1,744	1,713 390 2,883 40,385 1,001	18
136, 225 174, 395 197, 452 419, 116 47, 908	158, 549 477, 028 148, 756 748, 464 74, 638	843, 584 1, 512, 473 1, 165, 860 2, 888, 440 443, 954	90,626 3,033 4,281	8, 202 12, 492 6, 807 45, 052 2, 290	53,536 81,340 46,794 2,266,772 15,779	2,321,417 2,453,481 2,591,921 9,785,990 1,444,604	61,372 108,157 126,952 794,004 31,484	4, 128, 618 6, 384, 864 5, 293, 124 21, 787, 151 2, 302, 669	1,745,829 3,823,226 2,574,251 11,207,157 826,581	3,117 5,575 5,544 35,328 2,997	2, 065 4, 635 3, 500 32, 982 2, 214	743 374 531 391 696	610 19	309 566 1,513 1,345 68	29 6,085 2,178 12,946 1,281	28
192,660 569,595 258,506 256,388 262,329	354, 017 684, 267 164, 273 415, 894 332, 638	2, 969, 297 3, 613, 982 1, 507, 983 1, 750, 595 1, 685, 974	28,790 13,328 11,797 19,008 5,425	13,548 17,699 21,498 6,958 18,244	159,752 648,655 63,414 10,319 233,603	3, 119, 393 7, 081, 402 4, 456, 064 3, 980, 187 3, 803, 800	454, 654 135, 548 97, 495 98, 927 254, 996	9,276,762 16,724,360 7,988,279 7,682,145 8,284,865	5,702,715 9,507,410 3,434,720 3,603,031 4,226,069	8,071 9,865 5,721 5,099 7,415	3,968 8,770 3,345 3,385 4,224	2,970 493 643 990 709	5	1,133 602 1,733 724 2,477	4,305 14,333 1,170 1,083 906	25
247,767 143,008 285,850 163,792	301, 056 194, 747 264, 395 228, 398	3, 430, 111 1, 409, 961 1, 933, 289 1, 685, 467	416 27,176 10,670 1,915	13,278 13,026 13,760 17,714	146,749 78,427 50,021 66,741	10, 126, 282 2, 234, 724 6, 154, 258 5, 003, 489	1,305,974 156,941 200,247 242,626	16, 958, 987 4, 995, 880 10, 399, 737 8, 300, 231	5, 526, 731 2, 604, 215 4, 045, 232 3, 054, 116	36,731 4,464 5,749 7,064	34,450 1,409 3,381 5,453	1,694 682 65 332	260 235	587 2,113 2,303 1,044	16,462 517 1,868 4,290	3

³ Same number reported for one or more other months.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SAM. L. ROGERS, DIRECTOR

CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES 1914

OKLAHOMA

Prepared under the supervision of W. M. STEUART, Chief Statistician for Manufactures

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WASHINGTON GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

EXPLANATION OF TERMS.

Scope of census.—Census statistics of manufactures are compiled primarily for the purpose of showing the absolute and relative magnitude of the different branches of industry covered and their growth or decline. Incidentally, the effort is made to present data throwing light upon character of ownership, size of establishments, and similar subjects. When use is made of the statistics for these purposes it is imperative that due attention should be given to their limitations, particularly in connection with any attempt to derive from them figures purporting to show average wages, cost of production, or profits.

The census did not cover establishments which were idle during the entire year or whose products were valued at less than \$500, or the manufacturing done in educational, eleemosynary, and penal institutions.

Period covered.—The returns relate to the calendar year 1914, or the business year which corresponded most nearly to that calendar year, and cover a year's operations, except for establishments which began or discontinued business during the

The establishment.—As a rule, the term "establishment" represents a single plant or factory, but in some cases it represents two or more plants which were operated under a common ownership or for which one set of books of account was kept. If, however, the plants constituting an establishment as thus defined were not all located within the same city or state, separate reports were secured in order that the figures for each plant might be included in the statistics for the city or state in which it was located. In some instances separate reports were secured for different industries carried on in the same establishment.

Classification by industries.—The establishments were assigned to the several classes of industries according to their products of chief value. The products reported for a given industry may thus, on the one hand, include minor products very different from those covered by the class designation, and, on the other hand, may not include the total product covered by this designation, because some part of this product may be made in establishments in which it is not the product of chief value. As a rule, the same designation is used for the industry wherever it appears, although all of the products indicated by this designation were not manufactured in the state or city for which these statistics are presented. In some instances the wording is changed so as to more correctly describe the products represented. For a number of industries subclasses are shown which indicate more definitely the kind of products.

Selected industries.—The general tables at the end of this bulletin give the principal facts separately for the industries of the state. A selection has been made of the leading industries of the state for more detailed consideration. Sometimes an industry of greater importance than some of those selected is omitted because it comprises so few establishments that these detailed presentations would reveal the operations of individual concerns.

Comparisons with previous censuses.—Owing to changes in industrial conditions it is not always possible to classify establishments by industries in such a way as to permit accurate comparison with preceding censuses. At the census of 1909 the figures for kindred industries were combined. This practice, as a rule, has been followed in compiling the statistics of 1914 when placed in comparison with those for 1909 and prior years. The comparative summary for 1914, 1909, and 1904, therefore, does not show separately all the industries given for 1914 in the detailed statement for the state.

Influence of increased prices.—In comparing figures for cost of materials, value of products, and value added by manufacture in 1914 and 1909 with the corresponding figures for earlier censuses, account should be taken of the general increase in the prices of commodities during recent years. To the extent to which this factor has been influential the figures fail to afford an exact measure of the increase in the voltime of business.

been influential the figures fail to afford an exact measure of the increase in the vortume of business.

Persons engaged in the industry.—The following general classes of persons engaged in the manufacturing industries were distinguished: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officers of corporations, (3) superintendents and managers, (4) clerks (including other subordinate salaried employees), and (5) wage earners. In the reports for the censuses of 1904 and 1899 these five classes were shown according to the three main groups: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officials, clerks, etc., and (3) wage earners. In comparative tables covering the census of 1904 it is of course necessary to group the figures according to the classification that was employed at the earlier censuses.

The number of persons engaged in each industry, segregated by sex, and, in the case of wage earners, also by age (whether under 16 or 16 and over), was reported for a single representative day. The 15th of December was selected as representing for most industries normal conditions of employment, but where this date was not a representative day an earlier date was chosen.

In the case of employees other than wage earners the number thus reported for the representative date has been treated as equivalent to the average for the year, since the number of employees of this class does not ordinarily vary much from month to month. In the case of wage earners the average has been obtained in the manner explained in the next paragraph.

In addition to the more detailed report by sex and age of the number of wage earners on the representative date, a report was obtained of the number employed on the 15th of each month, without distinction of sex or age. From these figures the average number of wage earners for the year has been calculated by dividing the sum of the numbers reported for the several months by 12. The average thus obtained approximates the number of wage earners that would be required to perform the work done i

measured by this average than by the number employed at any one time or on a given day.

The number of wage earners reported for the representative day, though given in certain tables for each separate industry, is not totaled for all industries combined for any state, because, in view of the variations of date, such a total is believed not to be significant. It would involve more or less duplication of persons working in different industries at different times, would not represent the total number employed in all industries at any one time, and would give an undue weight to seasonal industries as compared with industries in continual operation. This total, however, is shown for the different cities, because the limited area and greater regularity of employment largely overcame the objection incident to its publication for the separate states or the United States.

In particular, totals by sex and age for the wage earners reported for the representative day for all industries combined would be misleading because of the undue weight given to seasonal industries, in some of which, such as canning and preserving, the distribution of the wage earners by sex and age is materially different from that in most industries of more regular operation. In order to determine as nearly as possible the sex and age distribution of the average number of wage earners for a given state as a whole, the per cent distribution by sex and age of the wage earners in each industry for December 15, or the nearest representative day, has been calculated from the actual numbers reported for that date. The percentages thus obtained have been applied to the average number of wage earners for the year in that industry to determine the average number of men, women, and children employed. These calculated averages for the several industries have been added to give the average distribution for each state as a whole and for the entire country.

Salaries and wages.—Under these heads are given the total payments during the year for salaries and wages, respectively. The Census Bureau has not undertaken to calculate the average annual earnings of either salaried employees or wage earners. Such averages would possess little real value, because they would be based on the earnings of employees of both sexes, of all ages, and of widely varying degrees of skill. Furthermore, so far as wage earners are concerned, it would be impossible to calculate accurately even so simple an average as this, since the number of wage earners fluctuates from month to month in every industry, and in some cases to a very great extent. The Census Bureau's figures for wage earners, as already explained, are averages based on the number employed on the 15th of each month and represent the approximate number who would be required to perform the work in any industry if all were continuously employed during the year, whereas the actual number to whom the total wages were paid would be larger.

Prevailing hours of labor.—No attempt was made to escertain the number of wage earners working a given number of hours per week. The inquiry called merely for the prevailing practice followed in each establishment. Occasional variations in hours in an establishment from one part of the year to another were disregarded, and no attention was paid to the fact that a few wage earners might have hours differing from those of the majority. All the wage earners might have hours differing from those of the majority. All the wage earners might have the same number of hours, so that the figures give a substantially correct representation of the hours of labor.

-The instructions on the schedule for securing data relating to capital Capital.were as follows:

"The answer should show the total amount of capital, both owned and borrowed, on the last day of the business year reported. All the items of fixed and live capital may be taken at the amounts carried on the books. If land or buildings are rented, that fact should be stated and no value given. If a part of the land or buildings is owned, the remainder being rented, that fact should be so stated and only the value of the owned property given. Do not include securities and loans representing investments in other enterprises."

These instructions were identical with those employed at the census of 1909. The data compiled in respect to capital, however, at both censuses, as well as at all preceding censuses of manufactures, have been so defective as to be of little value except as indicating very general conditions. In fact, the has been repeatedly recommended by the census authorities that this inquiry be omitted from the schedule. While there are some establishments whose accounting systems are such that an accurate return for capital could be made, this is not true of the great majority, and the figures therefore do not show the actual amount of capital invested.

Materials.—The statistics as to cost of materials relate to the materials used during the year, which may be more or less than the materials purchased during the year. The term "materials" covers fuel, rent of power and heat, mill supplies, and containers, as well as materials which form a constituent part of the product.

Rent and taxes.—The taxes include internal revenue, corporation income tax, and state, county, and local taxes. In some instances the amount of the corporation tax for 1914 had not been ascertained when the report was prepared and the amount paid for 1913 was therefore given.

Value of products.—The amounts given under this heading represent the selling value or price at the factory of all products manufactured during the year, which may differ from the value of the products sold.

Value added by manufacture.—The value of products is not a satisfactory measure of either the absolute or the relative importance of a given industry, because only a part of this value is actually created by the manufacturing processes carried on in the industry itself. Another part, and often by far the larger one, represents the value of the materials used. For many purposes, therefore, the best measure of the importance of an industry is the value created by the manufacturing operations carried on within the industry. This value is calculated by deducting the cost of the materials used from the value of the products. The figure thus obtained is termed in the census reports "value added by manufacture."

Cost of manufacture and profits.—The census data do not show the entire cost of manufacture, and consequently can not be used for the calculation of profits. No account has been taken of interest or depreciation, rent of offices and buildings other than factory or works, insurance, ordinary repairs, advertising, and other condense of the contraction of sundry expenses.

Primary horsepower.—This item represents the total primary power generated by the manufacturing establishments plus the amount of power, principally electric, rented from other concerns. It does not cover the power of electric motors taking their current from dynamos driven by primary power machines operated by the same establishment, because the inclusion of such power would obviously result in duplication. The figures for primary horsepower represent the rated capacity of the engines, motors, etc., and not the amount of power in actual daily use, since in most cases an engine or motor is not required to deliver continuously its full rated horsepower.

Fuel.—Statistics of the quantity of fuel used are shown only for anthracite and bituminous coal, coke, oil, and gas. They relate to the quantity used during the year, which may be more or less than the quantity purchased. As only the principal varieties of fuel are shown, no comparison can be made with the total cost of all fuel.

OKLAHOMA.

By Lesley E. Voorhees.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

General character of the state.—The territory of Oklahoma and Indian Territory were admitted to the Union as one state under the name of Oklahoma, November 16, 1907. Therefore, for the census years preceding the consolidation, the statistics of the two territories have been combined in this report for the purposes of comparison.

The state ranks seventeenth in size among the states, having an area of 70,057 square miles, of which 69,414 represent land surface. Its inhabitants in 1900 numbered 790,391, and in 1910, 1,657,155, and its estimated population in 1914 was 2,027,000. In this respect Oklahoma ranked twenty-third among the states in 1910, while in density of population it ranked thirty-second, with 23.9 inhabitants per square mile, the corresponding figure for 1900 being 11.4. The percentage of increase in population during the decade 1900–1910 was greater than for any state except Washington.

The urban population in 1910—that is, the population residing in incorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more—was 320,155, or 19.3 per cent of the total, as against 7.4 per cent in 1900. There were in the state in 1914 nine cities each having an estimated population of more than 10,000—Chickasha, Enid, Guthrie, McAlester, Muskogee, Oklahoma City, Sapulpa, Shawnee, and Tulsa. These cities, whose aggregate population in that year formed 11.7 per cent of the estimated total population of Oklahoma, reported 35.6 per cent of the state's manufactured products.

The steam-railway mileage of Oklahoma, as reported by the Interstate Commerce Commission in 1914, was 6,398, and the electric-railway mileage in 1912 (the latest year for which figures are available) was 232. The Arkansas and Red Rivers are navi-

gable for boats of light draft for some distance, thus giving water connections with the lower Mississippi.

The total value of all farm crops in 1909 was \$133,454,405, the most important being corn and cotton (including cotton seed), valued at \$48,080,554 and \$41,187,408, respectively. The value of domestic animals sold or slaughtered on farms was \$61,099,694, Oklahoma ranking ninth in that year.

The mineral production of the state in 1914 was valued at \$78,744,447, the most important items being petroleum, \$57,253,187; bituminous coal, \$8,204,015, and natural gas, \$8,050,039. Oklahoma ranked first among the states in 1914 in value of marketed production of petroleum and fourth in value of natural gas, the value of its output of the two products combined, representing approximately one-fifth of the total for the United States.

Importance and growth of manufactures.—In 1914 the value of the products of the manufacturing industries of Oklahoma amounted to \$102,005,693, and the total average number of wage earners employed was 17,443. The state ranked thirty-fourth in value of products in that year and fortieth in 1909, while in average number of wage earners it ranked thirty-ninth at both censuses. In 1914, as compared with the total value of products of manufactures for the United States, Oklahoma's proportion was small, four-tenths of 1 per cent. The corresponding proportions for 1909 and 1904 were three-tenths of 1 per cent and two-tenths of 1 per cent, respectively.

Table 1 summarizes the more important data relative to all classes of manufactures combined in the state, for the censuses of 1914, 1909, 1904, and 1899, and gives percentages of increase from census to census.

Table 1		MANUFACTURIN	G INDUSTRIES.		PER CE	NT OF INCE	REASE.1
	1914	1909	1904	1899	1909-1914	1904-1909	1899-1904
Number of establishments. Persons engaged. Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees. Wage earners (average number). Primary horsepower. Capital. Salaries and wages. Salaries. Wages. Paid for contract work. Rent and taxes (including internal revenue). Cost of materials. Value of products. Value added by manufacture (value of products less cost of materials).	2, 793 17, 443 97, 308 \$65, 477, 654 14, 213, 375 3, 202, 332 11, 011, 043 307, 885 909, 729 70, 969, 750	2, 310 18, 084 2, 698 2, 193 13, 143 71, 189 \$38, 872, 938 9, 285, 472 2, 045, 295 7, 240, 177 373, 954 562, 667 34, 152, 894 55, 082, 405 19, 529, 511	1, 123 7, 456 1, 187 813 5, 456 9, 608 \$16, 124, 417 3, 517, 822 718, 420 2, 799, 402 91, 140 a 188, 848 16, 393, 952 24, 459, 107 8, 065, 155	495 (2) (2) (2) (2) 2,381 11,572 \$4,054,391 1,112,729 218,662 894,067 (2) 5,430,447 8,133,936 2,703,489	9. 0 25. 9 -8. 7 27. 4 32. 7 36. 8 68. 4 53. 1 56. 6 52. 1 -17. 7 61. 7 107. 8 90. 0 58. 9	105.7 141.9 127.3 169.7 140.9 140.3 141.1 164.0 184.7 158.6 310.3	202. 2 129. 1 155. 9 297. 7 216. 1 228. 6 213. 1 201. 9 200. 7 198. 3

There was a remarkable growth in the manufactures of the state during the 15 years covered by Table 1. During the earlier five-year periods every item in the table more than doubled, while the increases for the last five-year period, though not so large, show a rapid development. The increases in average number of wage earners, value of products, and value added by manufacture, during the latter period were 32.7 per cent, 90 per cent, and 58.9 per cent, respectively, while the corresponding percentages for the United States as a whole were only 6.4, 17.3, and 15.8. The de-

crease in proprietors and firm members is explained in the discussion of Table 4; the decrease in the amount paid for contract work, 17.7 per cent, is not significant because the amount depends largely upon the method of operation and not upon the magnitude of the transactions.

Table 2 shows the relative importance of the leading manufacturing industries in 1914, and gives percentages of increase for the three five-year periods from 1899 to 1914.

Table 2				CENSUS OF 1	914.					P	ER CEN	r of in	CREASE	.1		
industry.	Num-	Wage ea	rners.	Value of pro	ducts.	Value add manufac			ige ear age nun		Value	e of pro	ducts.		e addeo nufactu	
	ber of estab- lish- ments.	Average number.	Per cent distri- bution.	Amount.	Per cent distri- bution.	Amount.	Per cent distri- bution.	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904
All industries	2,518	17,443	100.0	\$102,005,693	100.0	\$31,035,943	100.0	32.7	140.9	129.1	90.0	119.5	200.7	58.9	142.1	198.3
Flour-mill and gristmill products Petroleum, refining Smelting and refining, zinc	253 23 6	700 516 1,641	4.0 3.0 9.4	16,688,690 13,014,372 9,938,743	16. 4 12. 8 9. 7	2,321,724 3,423,635 2,059,289	7. 5 11. 0 6. 6	-16.9	36.5	78.8	-12.8 1,133.6 231.1	59.3	155.0	-12.4 613.1	44.7	121.3
Oil, cottonseed, and cake Lumber and timber products	60 284	851 2,651	4.9 15.2	7,589,813 4,113,522	7. 4 4. 0	1,306,410 2,428,260	4.2 7.8	189.9 46.5 -16.5	17.1	123.4	46.3 -7.3	66.8	255.7	137.0 38.7 -17.7	24.6	181.0
Printing and publishing Foundry and machine-shop products Bread and other bakery products Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad com-	624 122 342	1,619 886 697	9.3 5.1 4.0	4,023,851 3,173,342 2,773,811	3.9 3.1 2.7	3,100,410 1,499,416 1,193,015	10.0 4.8 3.9	-4.7 93.9 66.7	49.1 277.7 166.2	118. 2 426. 1 390. 6	0.9 131.4 54.6	89.9 488.4 159.2	216.9 294.9 620.8	3. 9 91. 2 44. 6	83. 4 399. 4 192. 6	216. I 460. 7 442. 3
panies	13	1,718	9.8	2,270,374	2.2	1,314,629	4.2	21.7	415.3		33.4	222.3	568.4	24.0	414.6	281. 5
Glass Tee, manufactured Butter Coffee, roasting and grinding Confectionery (ice cream).	12 97 14 6 51	1,270 528 46 60 99	7.3 3.0 0.3 0.3 0.6	2,005,736 1,604,146 808,978 756,677 636,753	2.0 1.6 0.8 0.7 0.6	1, 285, 928 1, 202, 018 135, 681 138, 311 259, 868		17.6			26.0 -29.6 51.4		371.4	24, 4 -38, 7 95, 8	137.3	402.5
Explosives Brick Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work Mineral and soda waters Clothing, men's, including shirts	6 23 72 108 6	73 402 141 122 207	0.4 2.3 0.8 0.7 1.2	538, 015 495, 903 474, 484 472, 235 417, 442	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4	217, 896 366, 449 233, 102 262, 657 155, 634	0.8	-44.9 -39.5 -14.7 83.2	82.0 237.7 18.2	83.9	-51.8 -40.7 3.7 114.9	101. 8 271. 6 60. 2		-54.3 -39.9 -15.5 127.9	110. 2 259. 3 59. 8	148.1 351.2
Saddlery and harness Marble and stone work Wall plaster Confectionery.	30 55 6 37	54 142 151 57	0.3 0.8 0.9 0.3	367,701 339,575 313,216 294,504	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.3	128, 095 217, 586 209, 663 129, 635	0.4 0.7 0.7 0.4	-41.7	133.3		$ \begin{array}{r} -1.9 \\ -18.7 \\ -27.9 \\ 156.5 \end{array} $	33.9 294.3	78.3	$ \begin{array}{r} -14.1 \\ -5.6 \\ -22.4 \\ 132.1 \end{array} $	17.3 220.8	104.8
Mattresses and spring beds	11 36	75 97	0.4 0.6	268,378 227,224	0.3 0.2	104,301 120,068	0.3 0.4				75. 2 -8. 5	244.4	620.0	92. 6 16. 5	151.2	583.3
specifiedAll other industries	210	· 2,599	0.2 14.9	219,522 28,178,686	0. 2 27. 6	76, 961 7, 145, 302								8.4		

¹Percentages are based on figures in Table 29; a minus sign (—) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100, or where comparable figures can not be given.

Separate statistics are presented for 26 industries, or industry groups, for each of which products valued at more than \$200,000 were reported for 1914. These industries include 2 with products exceeding \$10,000,000 in value, 2 with products between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000, 7 with products between \$1,000,000 and \$5,000,000, and 15 with products valued at less than \$1,000,000. Among those industries included in "all other industries" are cement, cordage and twine, the killing and dressing of poultry, and slaughtering and meat packing, each of which have products valued at more than \$200,000, but statistics for which can not be shown separately without disclosing individual operations.

The industries in this table are arranged in the order of their importance, as shown by value of products, but the arrangement for most of the industries would vary considerably from that given if based on average number of wage earners or value added by manu-

facture. Slaughtering and meat packing, an industry for which statistics can not be shown separately, ranked first in value of products and value added by manufacture and sixth in number of wage earners. The flour-mill and gristmill industry, ranking second in value of products, was ninth in number of wage earners and fifth in value added by manufacture. This industry requires comparatively few wage earners, as the processes are largely carried on by machinery, and consequently the value added by manufacture is small in proportion to that of most other industries. Petroleum refining, third in value of products, was twelfth in number of wage earners and second in value added by manufacture. Smelting and refining, zinc, fourth in value of products, was third in number of wage earners and sixth in value added by manufacture. Oil, cottonseed, and cake, fifth in value of products, was eighth in number of wage earners and ninth in value added by manufacture. Lumber and timber products, sixth in value of products, was first in number of wage earners and fourth in value added by manufacture, while printing and publishing, seventh in value of products, was fourth in number of wage earners and third in value added by manufacture.

In rank according to value of products, there were many changes in 1914 as compared with 1909. Slaughtering and meat packing, by far the most important industry in the state in 1914, held thirteenth place in 1909. Foundry and machine-shop products, eighth in order of importance, held the same rank at both censuses. Flour-mill and gristmill products and the smelting and refining of zinc, as previously stated, ranked second and fourth, respectively, in 1914 but were first and fifth in 1909. Petroleum refining advanced from eleventh place in 1909 to third place in 1914. Oil, cottonseed, and cake, the lumber and timber industry, and printing and publishing dropped in rank from second, third, and fourth places in 1909 to fifth, sixth, and seventh, respectively, in 1914. For most of the remaining industries, changes from census to census are noticeable. Of the industries shown in the table, petroleum refining shows the largest increase in value of products during the period 1909-1914 (1,133.6 per cent) and smelting and refining, zinc, foundry and machine-shop products, clothing, men's, including shirts, and confectionery each more than doubled in value of products.

Flour-mill and gristmill products.—This industry does not include data for the small custom mills grinding for toll or local consumption exclusively. The figures show that during the two earlier five-year periods and for the decade 1904-1914 the industry increased rapidly, although the totals for 1914 indicate a considerable decrease, as compared with those for 1909. This condition is similar to that shown for the industry in other states.

Petroleum, refining.—The statistics for this industry show its remarkable growth in the state during the past few years. In 1909, when it was reported for the first time, there were only 9 establishments, with products valued at \$1,055,011. By 1914 the number of establishments had more than doubled, and the value of products had increased to \$13,014,372, a more than tenfold increase.

Smelting and refining, zinc.—While this industry shows the smallest number of establishments of any of the more important industries given in the table, its value of products ranks fourth among the industries of the state. During the five-year period 1909-1914 the number of establishments doubled, the number of wage earners increased 189.9 per cent, while the value of products and the value added by manufacture increased 231.1 per cent and 137 per cent, respectively.

Oil, cottonseed, and cake.—The statistics include those for all establishments engaged primarily in extracting oil from the cotton seed or in refining crude oil. The

industry shows a decided increase in all items during each of the five-year periods from 1899 to 1914.

Lumber and timber products.—The operations of logging camps, sawmills, planing mills, and woodenbox factories are included under this classification for comparative purposes. The industry as a whole shows a decrease from 1909 to 1914. This loss is largely in the value of products reported for the planing mills operated independently of sawmills. The logging camps and sawmills show the greatest decrease in number of establishments, wage earners employed, and value added by manufacture. In 1914, as in 1909, the lumber and timber industry reported more wage earners than any other industry in the state.

Printing and publishing.—Besides the printing and publishing of newspapers and periodicals, books, music, and job printing, this classification includes, for comparative purposes, those establishments engaged in bookbinding and blankbook making, and in engraving, steel and copper plate, including plate printing. The newspaper and periodical branch of the industry is by far the most important, reporting over 85 per cent of the number of establishments and 80 per cent of the value of products. For the combined industry, the increase in value of products from 1909 to 1914 was very small, only nine-tenths of 1 per cent, while the average number of wage earners during this period decreased 4.7 per cent.

Persons engaged in manufacturing industries.—Table 3 shows, for 1914 and 1909, the number of persons engaged in manufactures, distributed by sex, the average number of wage earners being distributed also by age. The sex and age classification of the average number of wage earners in this and other tables is an estimate obtained by the method described in the "Explanation of terms."

Table 3	-	PERSON	S ENGAG ING IN	ED IN M		TUR-
CLASS.	Cen- sus year.			Fe-	Per ce tota	
		Total.	Male.	male.	Male.	Fe- male.
All classes	1914	22,700	21, 295	1,405	93. 8	6. 2
	1909	18,034	17, 071	963	94. 7	5. 3
Proprietors and officials	1914	3,569	3,493	76	97. 9	2. 1
	1909	3,630	3,547	83	97. 7	2. 3
Proprietors and firm members Salaried officers of corporations Superintendents and managers	1914 1909 1914 1909 1914 1909	2, 464 2, 698, 365 284 750 648	2, 394 2, 628 353 278 746 641	70 70 2 6 4 7	97. 2 97. 4 99. 4 97. 9 99. 5 98. 9	2. 8 2. 6 0. 6 2. 1 0. 5 1. 1
Clerks and other subordinate salaried employees.	1914	1,688	1,353	335	80. 2	19. 8
	1909	1,261	1,059	202	84. 0	16. 0
Wage earners (average number)	1914	17, 443	16, 449	994	94.3	5. 7
	1909	13, 143	12, 465	678	94.8	5. 2
16 years of age and over	1914	17,309	16,320	989	94. 3	5. 7
	1909	13,020	12,345	675	94. 8	5. 2
	1914	134	129	5	96. 3	3. 7
	1909	123	120	3	97. 6	2. 4

In 1914 there were 22,700 persons reported as engaged in the manufactures of the state, of whom 17,443,

or over three-fourths, were wage earners; 3,569 were proprietors and officials; and 1,688 were clerks and other subordinate salaried employees. Of the latter class, 19.8 per cent were females, a slightly larger proportion than in 1909, when 16 per cent were females. Of the wage earners 16 years of age and over, 16,320, or 94.3 per cent, were males, and 989, or 5.7 per cent,

females. Figures for the sex and age distribution of wage earners for individual industries will be found in Table 30.

Table 4 gives, for the several classes of persons engaged in manufactures, the percentages of increase from 1909 to 1914 and the percent distribution at the two censuses.

Table 4		PER	SONS ENGAG	ED IN MA	NUFACTU	RING IND	JSTRIES.		
	. Per cent	of increase,1	1909-1914.		P	er cent dis	tribution	•	
				Tot	al.	Ma	le.	Fem	ale.
	Total.	Male.	Female.	1914	1909	1914	1909	1914	1909
All classes	25. 9	24.7	45.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Proprietors and officials. Proprietors and firm members. Salaried officers of corporations. Superintendents and managers.	-8.7	-1.5 -8.9 27.0 16.4		15. 7 10. 9 1. 6 3. 3	20. 1 15. 0 1. 6 3. 6	16.4 11.2 1.7 3.5	20. 8 15. 4 1. 6 3. 8	5.4 5.0 0.1 0.3	8.6 7.3 0.6 0.7
Clerks and other subordinate salaried employees	33.9	27.8	65.8	7.4	7.0	6.4	6.2	23.8	21.0
Wage earners (average number). 16 years of age and over. Under 16 years of age.	32.7 32.9 8.9	32.0 32.2 7.5	46.6 46.5	76. 8 76. 3 0. 6	72. 9 72. 2 0. 7	77. 2 76. 6 0. 6	73.0 72.3 0.7	70.7 70.4 0.4	70.4 70.1 0.3

1 A minus sign (-) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

With the exception of proprietors and firm members, the table shows increases for the five-year period in the total number of the several classes of persons engaged in manufacturing industries. The decrease in the number of proprietors and firm members was due largely to the decrease in the small lumber mills and gristmills operated by individuals and firms, and also to the fact that some establishments operated under this form of ownership in 1909 were incorporated during the period between the censuses and reported as corporations in 1914. In such cases the same individuals reported as proprietors or firm members at the former census were in some instances returned as salaried officers of corporations at the latter. While there was an increase of only 427 in the number of clerks and other subordinate salaried employees, the percentage of gain, 33.9 per cent, is the largest shown for any of the classes. The average number of wage earners 16 years of age and over, which constituted 76.3 per cent of the total number of persons employed in 1914 and 72.2 per cent in 1909, shows an increase of 32.9 per cent between these years. Wage earners under 16 years of age also show a slight increase for the period 1909-1914, but the proportion which this class formed of the total number of wage earners was only six-tenths of 1 per cent in 1914 and seven-tenths in 1909.

In order to compare the distribution of persons engaged in manufactures in 1914 with that shown at the census of 1904, it is necessary to use the classification employed at the earlier census. (See "Explanation of terms.") Table 5 makes this comparison according to occupational status.

Each of the classes enumerated in this table shows an increase for both five-year periods, except proprietors and firm members, for which the decrease has been explained. The increases, however, are much greater for the earlier than for the later fiveyear period.

Table 5	P	ERSONS		ED IN DUSTR		UFAC	TURING	
CLASS.	1	Vumber			er cer tribut		Per c	
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1909- 1914	1904- 1909
Total	22,700	18,034	7,456	100.0	100.0	100.0	25.9	141.9
Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees Wage earners (average)	2,464 2,793 17,443	2,193	813	12.3	12.2	10.9		127.3 169.7 140.9

1 A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

The average number of wage earners employed and their per cent distribution as males 16 years of age and over, females 16 years of age and over, and children under 16 years of age are given in Table 6 for 1914, 1909, and 1904. The table also shows, for some of the important industries separately, a similar distribution of wage earners for 1914 and 1909.

For all industries combined, the actual number of wage earners shows an increase at each successive census period. In 1914, 93.6 per cent of the number were males. The proportion of females over 16 years of age and of children each show a decrease during the decade.

Most of the industries, for which separate figures are shown in the table, are of a character which normally employ only men, so that, with two exceptions, either there are no women employed or the proportion is exceedingly small. Of the 11 industries for which separate figures are given, only three show an increased proportion of males in 1914, as compared with 1909. In bread and other bakery products, the proportion of females over 16 years of age was 8.1 per cent in 1909, while in 1914 it had increased to 23.8. On the other hand, in printing and publishing, an industry which also

reports a comparatively large number of women, the proportion decreased from 17.4 per cent in 1909 to 14.5 in 1914. Children under 16 show insignificant proportions for all the industries, except printing and publishing, where an increase from 2.8 per cent in 1909 to 6.1 per cent in 1914 is shown.

Table 6		\ \ \	VAGE EA	RNERS.				W	AGE EA	RNERS.	
			Per	cent of t	otal.				Per	ent of t	otal.
INDUSTRY.	Census year.	Average num- ber.1	16 years and	s of age over.	der 16	INDUSTRY.	Census year.	Average num- ber.1	16 year and		der 16
			Male.	Fe- male.	years of age.				Male.	Fe- male.	years of age.
All industries.	1914 1909 1904	17,443 13,143 5,456	93.6 93.9 92.0	5.7 5.1 6.0	0. 8 0. 9 2. 0	Lumber and timber products	1914 1909	2,651 3,175	99. 7 99. 7	0.2	0. 2 0. 2
Bread and other bakery products	1914 1909	697 418	75.6 90.4	23.8 8.1	0. 6 1. 4	Oil, cottonseed, and cake	1914 1909	851 581	100.0 100.0		
Brick	1914 1909	402 730	99.8 99.7		0.2	Petroleum, refining	1914 1909	516 75	100.0 100.0		
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies.	1914	1,718	99.8	0.2		Printing and publishing	1914 1909	1,619 1,698	79. 4 79. 9	14.5 17.4	6.1 2.8
repairs by steam-railroad companies. Flour-mill and gristmill products	1909 1914	1,412 700	97.8 100.0	0.1	2.1	Smelting and refining, zinc	1914 1909	1,641 566	100.0 100.0		
Foundry and machine-shop products	1909 1914 1909	842 886 457	99. 8 99. 7 100. 0	0.1	0.2	All other industries	1914 1909	5,234 2,740	88. 6 86. 6	11.0 12.6	0.4 0.9
Ice, manufactured	1914 1909	528 449	98. 9 98. 9	0.4	0.8 1.1						

¹ For method of estimating the distribution, by sex and age periods, of the average number in all industries combined, see "Explanation of terms." 2 Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Table 7 shows the average number and the per cent distribution of wage earners employed in each of the nine cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants,

classified according to age periods, and in the case of those 16 years of age and over, according to sex, for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 7				AVI	ERAGE NUME	SER OF WAG	E EARNERS I	N		
SEX AND AGE.	Census year.	Chickasha.	Enid.	Guthrie.	McAlester.	Muskogee.	Oklahoma City.	Sapulpa.	Shawnee.	Tulsa.
Total	1914 1909 1904	337 364	283 303	185 282 333	171 180	828 381	2,226 1,398 720	433	845 1 806	845 462
16 years of age and over: Male	1914 1909 1904	326 356	252 275	137 247 297	160 164	751 360	1,904 1,245 665	407	728 730	801 428
Female	1914 1909 1904	11 5	30 28	32 18 26	9 16	73 15	316 145 37	15	102 73	40 25
Under 16 years of age	1914 1909 1904	3	1	16 17 10	2	4 6	6 8 18	11	15 3	4 9
Per cent of total: 16 years of age and over— Male	1914 1909	96.7 97.8	89.0 90.8	74.0 87.6	93.6 91.1	90.7 94.5	85.5 89.1	94.0	86.2 90.6	94.8 92.6
Female	1904 1914 1909 1904	3.3 1.4	10.6 9.2	89.2 17.3 6.4 7.8	5.3 8.9	8.8 3.9	92.4 14.2 10.4 5.1	3.5	12.1 9.1	4.7 5.4
Under 16 years of age	1914 1909 1904	0.8	0.4	8.6 6.0 3.0	1.2	0.5 1.6	0.3 0.6 2.5	2.5	1.8 0.4	0.8 1.9

¹ Figures do not agree with those published because certain establishments revised their reports for that census.

The number of wage earners employed in Oklahoma City increased 209.2 per cent during the decade shown in the table and 59.2 per cent during the period 1909–1914. During the latter period the male wage earners

over 16 years of age increased 52.9 per cent and females, 117.9 per cent. The opposite was true in Guthrie, decreases being shown for both five-year periods for the total number and for males over 16 years of age.

Muskogee shows an increase of 447, or 117.3 per cent, in the total average number of wage earners for the five-year period 1909–1914. Shawnee and Tulsa also show increases for 1914 as compared with 1909, 4.8 per cent, and 82.9 per cent, respectively. Chickasha, Enid, and McAlester each show decreases. While the number of female wage earners employed in the cities of Oklahoma is comparatively small, the number increased during the last five-year period in every city, except McAlester, and only two cities, McAlester and Tulsa, show a decrease in proportion of this class.

Wage earners employed, by months.—The following table gives, for all industries combined, the total number of wage earners employed on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day, for 1914 and 1909, and the average number employed during each month in 1904, together with the percentage which the number reported for each month forms of the greatest number reported for any month.

The last three months of the year show the greatest activity in the combined industries of the state at each census period, October being the month of maximum employment. The month of minimum employment, on the other hand, varied considerably, being August in 1914, February in 1909, and May in 1904. The greatest variation in number employed during the

year occurred in 1909, when the smallest number for any month was 80.4 per cent of the largest. In 1914, though the number employed was greater, the minimum number represented 93.4 per cent of the maximum.

Table 8	WAGE E	ARNERS IN	NANUFA	CTURING	INDUSTI	RIES.
MONTH.]	Number.1		Per cen	t of max	imum.
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904
January February March April May June July August September October November December	17, 365 17, 176 17, 164 17, 493 17, 807 17, 334 17, 232 16, 902 17, 398 18, 088 17, 911 17, 446	11, 826 11, 782 12, 237 12, 285 12, 518 12, 905 13, 153 13, 465 14, 659 14, 551 14, 505	5, 455 5, 361 5, 356 5, 279 5, 144 5, 266 5, 280 5, 167 5, 532 5, 923 5, 855 5, 855	96. 0 95. 0 94. 9 96. 7 98. 4 95. 8 95. 3 93. 4 96. 2 100. 0 99. 0 96. 4	80. 7 80. 4 83. 5 83. 8 85. 4 88. 0 89. 7 91. 9 94. 3 100. 0 99. 3 98. 9	92. 1 90. 5 90. 4 89. 1 86. 8 88. 9 89. 1 93. 4 100. 0 98. 8

¹ The figures for 1914 and 1909 represent the number employed on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day; those for 1904, the average number employed during the month.

Table 9 gives the total average number of wage earners employed during 1914, together with the total number employed on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day, for the combined industries of the state, for a number of selected industries, and for the total industries of each of the nine cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants.

Table 9	[Mont	h of ma	ximum e	mploym	ent for e	w. sach ind	AGE EAR ISTRY IS italic f	NERS: 19 indicated gures.]	14. I by bol	dface fi	gures an	d that o	f minim	ım by
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Aver- age num-		Nu	mber em	ployed o	n 15th da	y of the	month o	or neares	t represe	ntative o	lay.		Per cent mini-
	ber em- ployed during year.	Janu- ary.	Feb- ruary,	March,	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Sep- tember.	Octo- ber.	Novem- ber.	December.	is of maxi- mum.
Allindustries	17,443	17,365	17,176	17, 164	17,493	17,807	17,334	17,232	16,902	17,398	18,088	17,911	17,446	93, 4
Bread and other bakery products	697 402	660 301	656 362	661 415	671 519	695 488	698 534	724 457	725 484	717 389	717 339	716 330	724 206	90. 5 38. 6
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies. Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1,718 700	1,390 681	1,512 661	1,554 650	1,667 666	1,832 650	1,806 657	1,902 726	2,005 753	1,910 761	1,833 729	1,703 728	1,502 738	69.3 85.4
Foundry and machine-shop products. Ice, manufactured. Lumber and timber products. Oil, cottonseed, and cake	886 528 2,651 851	859 242 2,753 1,441	870 247 2,811 1,081	953 313 2,820 624	989 451 2,805 195	960 570 2,837 193	984 807 2,780 190	941 907 2,644 250	912 899 2,539 285	856 765 2,524 891	777 526 2,585 1,667	755 335 2,402 1,677	776 274 2,312 1,718	76.3 26.7 81.5 11.1
Petroleum, refining Printing and publishing Smelting and refining, zinc All other industries	516 1,619 1,641 5,234	601 1,585 1,588 5,264	501 1,563 1,588 5,324	497 1,576 1,602 5,499	505 1,594 1,634 5,797	495 1,634 1,645 5,808	511 1,619 1,575 5,173	499 1,600 1,603 4,979	507 1,600 1,638 4,555	517 1,638 1,770 4,660	526 1,675 1,752 4,962	519 1,664 1,620 5,462	514 1,680 1,677 5,325	82. 4 93. 0 89. 0 78. 4
Total for cities	6, 153	5,741	5,742	5,860	6,012	6, 237	6, 290	6,280	6, 251	6,487	6,578	6, 291	6,067	87.3
CHICKASHA. ENID. GUTHRIE. MCALESTER. MUSKOGEE.	337 283 185 171 828	243 252 192 190 887	271 238 195 161 737	262 260 177 150 764	282 267 162 175 821	336 266 165 174 858	348 278 171 158 823	370 307 182 178 876	381 295 188 173 895	374 292 186 177 892	406 315 206 166 860	396 315 191 167 780	375 311 205 183 743	59.9 75.6 78.6 78.9 82.3
OKLAHOMA CITY SAPULPA SHAWNEE TULSA	2, 226 433 845 845	2,144 437 560 836	2,135 421 772 812	2,168 446 756 877	2,141 431 794 939	2,168 476 859 935	2, 239 488 896 889	2,226 419 920 802	2,138 406 991 784	2,276 439 973 878	2,410 445 958 812	2,373 590 891 788	2, 294 398 770 788	88. 6 79. 9 56. 5 83. 5

The total for the combined industries of the state shows very little fluctuation from month to month in the number of wage earners employed, the proportion which the minimum formed of the maximum being 93.4 per cent. With the exception of the three seasonal industries, the manufacture of brick, ice, and cottonseed oil and cake, which naturally show considerable differences in the number employed during the different seasons, there was a marked regularity in the number engaged in the industries shown. Of the remaining industries the least variation is reported for printing and publishing, and the greatest for steam-railroad repair shops.

Of the nine cities, Oklahoma City reported the largest number of wage earners and shows the least fluctuation in employment, 11.4 per cent. Chickasha and Shawnee show the greatest variation, 40.1 per cent and 43.5 per cent, respectively. In these two cities steam-railroad repair shops, the principal industry, reported relatively few wage earners for the month of January.

Prevailing hours of labor.—In Table 10 the average number of wage earners reported for 1914 and 1909,

for all industries combined and for selected industries, throughout the state have been classified according to number of hours of labor per week prevailing in the establishments in which they were employed. A similar classification is given for 1914 only for all industries combined in each city having more than 10,000 inhabitants. The number employed in each establishment is classified as a total, even though a few employees worked a greater or a smaller number of hours.

Table 10				AVER	AGE NUMI	BER OF WA	GE EARNE	ers.						
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Census year.		In establishments where the prevailing hours of labor per week were—											
	y car.	Total.	48 and under.	Between 48 and 54.	54.	Between 54 and 60.	60.	Between 60 and 72.	72.	Over 72.				
All industries	1914 1909	17, 443 13, 143	4,369 2,965	2, 247 303	2,277 1,949	687 526	3,996 4,711	1,719 1,463	1,332 858	816 368				
Bread and other bakery products	1914 1909	697 418	83 58	5 4	283 52	22 14	220 236	58 15	8 34	18 5				
Brick	1914 1909	402 730	15		49 46		353 669							
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies. $$	1914 1909	1, 718 1, 412	748 195		314 896	14	31	642 290						
Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909	700 842	27 98	3 10	30 11	4	252 280	165 168	223 271					
Foundry and machine-shop products	1914 1909	886 457	72 18	i	239 90	35 1	539 343	4	2					
Ice, manufactured	1914 1909	528 449	7 5		10	16 9	41 40	134 124	46 24	274 247				
Lumber and timber products	1914 1909	2, 651 3, 175	126 800	17 180	388 155	210 156	1,494 1,631	406 253		10				
Oil, cottonseed, and cake	1914 1909	851 581			2		8 15	14	813 488	28 64				
Petroleum, refining	1914 1909	516 75	1 11		76 12	14	64	168 34	i	193 17				
Frinting and publishing	1914 1909	1, 619 1, 698	1,176 1,122	50 58	295 323	22 32	68 163	2	6					
Smelting and refining, zinc.	1914 1909	1,641 566		1,359		282 196	185	185						
All other industries.	1914 1909	5, 234 2, 740	2,129 643	813 50	591 364	72 114	958 1,118	144 376	234 40	293 35				
Total for cities	1914	6, 153	2, 117	798	1,056	100	943	641	269	229				
CHICKASHA. ENID. GUTHRIE. MGALESTER. MUSKOGEE.	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	337 283 185 171 828	225 35 96 56 157	16 8	2 39 12 25 370	28 9 12	41 106 9 16 63	9 19 7 28 175	59 40 53 29	37 16				
OKLAHOMA CITY. SAPULPA. SHAWNEE TULSA.	1914 1914 1914 1914	2, 226 433 845 845	600 46 725 177	603 74 5 86	521 6 18 63	34 8 9	256 29 9 414	83 251 40 29	61 25 2	68 27 15 65				

In 1909, 5,743, or 43.7 per cent of the total average number of wage earners for all industries combined, were employed in establishments where the prevailing hours of labor were less than 60 per week, while in 1914 the proportion was 54.9 per cent. During the five-year period the proportion of wage earners in plants where 60 hours constituted a week's work showed the greatest decrease—from 35.8 per cent in 1909 to 22.9 per cent in 1914—while that in plants where the prevailing hours were between 48 and 54 showed the greatest increase—from 2.3 per cent in 1909 to 12.9 per cent in 1914.

Among the separate industries, smelting and refining, zinc, shows the most pronounced decrease in hours of labor. In 1909, only slightly more than one-third

of the wage earners in this industry were employed in establishments where the hours of labor were less than 60 per week, in 1914 none worked as many as 60 hours, and 82.8 per cent were employed less than 54 hours per week.

In 1914, 56.4 per cent of the wage earners in the bakeries of the state were employed in establishments operated less than 60 hours per week, as compared with 30.6 per cent in 1909. The railroad repair shops in Oklahoma show an increase in the proportion of wage earners working more than 60 hours per week, 37.4 per cent in 1914 as compared with 20.5 per cent in 1909.

Of the combined total average number of wage earners, 6,153, for the nine cities in 1914, 4,071, or

66.2 per cent, were in establishments where the prevailing hours were less than 60 per week, and 2,117, or 34.4 per cent, were in establishments where 48 hours or less constituted a week's work.

In Oklahoma City and Shawnee the proportion of wage earners in establishments in which the prevailing hours were less than 60 per week was 79 per cent and 89.5 per cent, respectively. The largest proportion

in the 60-hour group—49 per cent—is shown for Tulsa; and the largest in establishments with prevailing hours over 60 per week appears for Sapulpa—64.2 per cent.

Location of establishments.—Table 11 shows, for 1914, 1909, and 1899, the extent to which the manufactures in Oklahoma were centralized in the cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants.

Table 11			CITI	S HAVIN	G A POPULATIO	N OF 10,	000 OR OVER.		DISTRICTS OUT		
	Census	Aggregate.	Total		10,000 to 2	5,000.	25,000 to 10	0,000.	POPULATION OF 10,000 OR OVER.		
	year.	Aggregate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggregate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate,	
Number of places.	1914 1910 1900		9 8 2		6 6 2		3 2				
Population 1	1914 1910 1900	2,026,534 1,657,155 790,391	237, 094 168, 866 20, 043	$11.7 \\ 10.2 \\ 2.5$	88, 452 79, 383 20, 043	4.4 4.8 2.5	148,642 89,483	7.3 5.4	1,789,440 1,488,289 770,348	88.3 89.8 97.5	
Number of establishments	1914 1909 1899	2,518 2,310 495	591 486 69	23.5 21.0 13.9	213 251 69	8.5 10.9 13.9	378 235	15.0 10.2	1,927 1,824 426	76.5 79.0 86.1	
Average number of wage earners	1914 1909 1899	17, 443 2 13, 143 2, 381	6,153 4,176 461	35.3 31.8 19.4	2, 254 2, 397 461	12.9 18.2 19.4	3,899 1,779	22.4 13.5	11, 290 8, 967 1, 920	64.7 68.2 80.6	
Value of products	1914 1909 1899	\$102, 005, 693 2 53, 682, 405 8, 133, 936	\$36, 308, 575 19, 864, 676 1, 493, 998	35.6 37.0 18.4	\$8,959,627 9,717,641 1,493,998	8.8 18.1 18.4	\$27,348,948 10,147,035	26.8 18.9	\$65, 697, 118 33, 817, 729 6, 639, 938	64.4 63.0 81.6	
Value added by manufacture	1914 1909 1899	31, 035, 943 2 19, 529, 511 2, 703, 489	10, 106, 225 6, 966, 763 639, 860	32.6 35.7 23.7	2, 731, 838 3, 443, 467 639, 860	8.8 17.6 23.7	7,374,387 3,523,296	23.8 18.0	20, 929, 718 12, 562, 748 2, 063, 629	67.4 64.3 76.3	

¹ Census estimate of population for 1914.

In any comparison of the figures in this table it should be borne in mind that while the distinction is made between cities of 10,000 inhabitants and over and the balance of the state, it is not necessarily between the same cities at each census and the balance of the state. In 1900 only two cities, Guthrie and Oklahoma City, reported a population of 10,000 and over, while Chickasha, Enid, McAlester, Muskogee, Sapulpa, Shawnee, and Tulsa, each having less than 10,000 inhabitants, were included in the districts outside. Similarly, the same cities may not be shown in the same group at each census. Tulsa, which in 1910 was in the group reporting a population of from 10,000 to 25,000, had advanced to the group having an estimated population of from 25,000 to 100,000 in 1914.

The table shows that for 1914 the nine cities which contained 11.7 per cent of the estimated population of the state, reported 23.5 per cent of the total number of establishments; 35.3 per cent of the total average number of wage earners; 35.6 per cent of the total value of products; and 32.6 per cent of the total value added by manufacture. A comparison of the totals for the cities in 1914 with those for 1909 and 1899 shows increases at each successive census for each item, a condition similar to that which prevailed in the districts outside the cities.

The relative importance in manufactures of each of the nine cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants, as measured by average number of wage earners and by value of products, in 1914, 1909, and 1904, is shown in Table 12. The cities are listed in the order of their importance as shown by value of products. Those for which comparative figures are not shown for 1909 and 1904 had less than 10,000 inhabitants in those years.

Table 12		GE NUM E EARN		VALUE OF PRODUCTS.						
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904				
Oklahoma City	2, 226 845 828 283 845 337 185 433 171	1,398 462 381 303 806 364 282	720	\$20, 725, 811 3, 868, 326 2, 754, 811 2, 610, 533 2, 597, 965 1, 719, 676 853, 485 604, 457 573, 511	\$7,867,884 1,562,642 2,279,151 2,453,188 1,940,823 1,866,959 1,442,795	\$3,670,730				

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Figures do not agree with those published in 1909 because certain establishments revised their reports for that census.

Oklahoma City, the largest city in the state, reported \$20,725,811 as the value of the products of its manufacturing industries in 1914. This amount represented 20.3 per cent of the total for the state and 57.1 per cent of the total for the nine cities. The principal industries were printing and publishing, slaughtering and meat packing, and the manufacturing of flour-mill and gristmill products. In Tulsa, the manufacture of foundry and machine-shop products was the chief industry. Petroleum refining and the manufacture of flour-mill and gristmill and planing mill products were also important industries.

² Figures do not agree with those published in 1909 because certain establishments revised their reports for that census,

In Muskogee steam-railroad repair shops, flour mills and gristmills, and the refining of petroleum were the principal industries; in Enid, poultry killing and dressing and flour mills and gristmills; in Shawnee, flour mills and gristmills and steam-railroad repair shops; in Chickasha, flour mills and gristmills, cotton-seed-oil mills, and steam-railroad repair shops; in Guthrie, flour mills and gristmills, cottonseed-oil mills, and the printing and publishing of newspapers and periodicals; in Sapulpa, steam-railroad repair shops; and in McAlester, cottonseed-oil mills.

Character of ownership.—Table 13 presents statistics concerning character of ownership, or legal organization, of manufacturing enterprises. For all industries combined, comparative figures are given for 1914, 1909, and 1904; for selected industries, statistics for 1914 and 1909 are shown; and for individual cities, the figures are for all industries combined and relate only to 1914.

In order to avoid disclosing the operations of individual establishments, it is necessary to omit several important industries from this table.

Table 13		NU	MBER	OF	AVE	RAGE 1	NUMBE	R OF W	AGE E	ARNER	s.		7	ALUE OF PR	ODUCTS.			
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.		NED B			In establishments owned by—			Per cent of total.				Of establ	ishments ow	ned by—	Per cent of total.		
·	y c	Indi- vid- uals.	vid- pora- oth- vid- pora- oth-		oth-	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All others.	Total.	Individ- uals.	Corpora- tions.	All others.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All oth- ers.			
All industries	1914 1909 1904	1,533 1,257 635	549 501 242	436 552 246	17, 443 13, 143 5, 456	3,008 3,113 1,389	13, 037 8, 225 3, 366	1.805	17. 2 23. 7 25. 5	62.6	8.0 13.7 12.8	\$102,005,693 53,682,405 24,459,107	7, 699, 080	39, 390, 339	6,592,986	14.3	86. 9 73. 4 71. 1	5. 2 12. 3 11. 8
Cars and general shop con- struction and repairs by steam-railroad compa-	1914 1909		1 13 8		1, 718 1, 412		1 1,718 1,412			1 100. 0 100. 0		2, 270, 374 1, 701, 851		1 2, 270, 374 1, 701, 851			100.0 100.0	
nies. Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909	117 106	66 97	70 92	700 842	97 105	508 590	95 147	13.9 12.5		13.6 17.5	16, 688, 690 19, 144, 475	1,086,923 1,387,666	14, 022, 694 15, 244, 212	1, 579, 073 2, 512, 597	6.5 7.2		9.5 13.1
Foundry and machine- shop products.	1914 1909	60 25		26 17	886 457	251 125	525 240	110 92	28.3 27.4	59.3 52.5	12.4 20.1	3, 173, 342 1, 371, 463	873, 033 318, 170	686, 828			50.1	8. 1 26. 7
Ice, manufactured	1914 1909	10 6		18 9	528 449	25 21	435 398	68 30	4.7 4.7	82. 4 88. 6	12.9 6.7	1, 604, 146 1, 272, 515	76, 958 44, 484	1,336,356 1,155,376	· 1	4.8 3.5		$\frac{11.9}{5.7}$
Lumber and timber products.	1914 1909	211 198	32 41	41 103	2,651 3,175	1,034 1,094	1,295 1,371	322 710	39.0 34.5	48.8 43.2	$12.1 \\ 22.4$	4, 113, 522 4, 438, 563	968, 830 1, 170, 314		746, 002 931, 409	23.6 26.4	1	18.1 21.0
Petroleum, refining	1914 1909		23 2 9		516 75		516 2 75			100.0 2100.0		13, 014, 372 1, 055, 011		13,014,372 21,055,011			100. 0 2100. 0	
Printing and publishing	1914 1909	443 397		84 114	1,619 1,698	609 647	859 780				$9.3 \\ 16.0$	4, 023, 851 3, 988, 542	1,277,341 1,233,929		400,308 556,832	30.9	- 1	9.9 14.0
Smelting and refining, zinc.	1914 1909		6 3		1, 641 566		1,641 566			100.0 100.0		9, 938, 743 3, 002, 233		9, 938, 743 3, 002, 233			100.0 100.0	
Total for cities	1914	281	201	109	6, 153	746	5,003	404	12.1	81.3	6.6	36, 308, 575	2,366,804					4.3
CHICKASHA ENID GUTHRIE MCALESTER MUSKOGEE	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	15 16 19 16 34	20 6 11	6 9 5 6 13	337 283 185 171 828	19 34 43 26 92	293 225 128 120 694	25 24 14 25 42	5.6 12.0 23.2 15.2 11.1	69.2	7.4 8.5 7.6 14.6 5.1	1,719,676 2,610,533 853,485 573,511 2,754,811	63,059 106,015 110,715 72,657 227,467	2, 412, 498 705, 639	64, 287 92, 020 37, 131 90, 507 182, 344	3.7 4.1 13.0 12.7 8.3	92. 6 92. 4 82. 7 71. 5 85. 1	3.7 3.5 4.4 15.8 6.6
OKLAHOMA CITYSAPULPASHAWNEETULSA	1914 1914 1914 1914	86 16 27 52	7 11	33 7 8 22	2, 226 433 845 845	202 45 82 203	1,861 369 750 563	13	9.1 10.4 9.7 24.0	88.8	7.3 4.4 1.5 9.3	20, 725, 811 604, 457 2, 597, 965 3, 868, 326	730, 011 102, 387 182, 719 771, 774	416, 467 2, 334, 728	533,569 85,603 80,518 389,091	3.5 16.9 7.0 20.0	93.9 68.9 89.9 70.0	2.6 14.2 3.1 10.0

¹ Includes the group "individuals," to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

² Includes the group "all others," to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

For all industries combined, this table shows an increase in the number of establishments at each of the two five-year periods for both individual and corporate forms of ownership. "All others," which includes firms and cooperative organizations, shows a decrease during the later five-year period. In 1914 corporations, with but 21.8 per cent of the total number of establishments in the state, reported 74.7 per cent of the average number of wage earners and 86.9 per cent of the total value of products. In 1909 and 1904, although the number of establishments under corporate ownership formed practically the same proportions of the total—21.7 per cent and 21.5 per cent, respectively-the corresponding proportions of the total value of products were considerably less-73.4 in 1909 and 71.1 in 1904.

In both 1914 and 1909 the largest proportion of the total value of products for each of the eight industries for which separate statistics are given is shown for establishments under corporate ownership. This condition prevailed also in each of the nine cities shown for 1914. For establishments in the cities taken as a group, 34 per cent are under corporate ownership, a greater percentage than for the state as a whole. In Oklahoma City only 6.1 per cent of the value of products was reported by establishments not incorporated.

Size of establishments.—The tendency for manufacturing to become concentrated in large establishments is indicated by the statistics given in Table 14.

In 1914, 152 establishments, or 6.1 per cent of the total number in the state, each reported products exceeding \$100,000 in value, as compared with 106, or

4.6 per cent of the total, in 1909, and 60, or 5.3 per cent, in 1904. In 1914 these establishments reported 58.4 per cent of the total average number of wage earners for the state, 79.5 per cent of the total value of products, and 66.1 per cent of the total value added by manufacture. In the same year the small establishments—those having products less than \$5,000 in value—although representing 55.7 per cent of the total number of establishments, reported only 3.1 per cent

of the total value of products and 6.5 per cent of the value added by manufacture. For the establishments having products valued at \$100,000 and over, large actual increases in the value of products are shown from census to census, but the proportions which they formed of the total showed a slight decrease during the earlier five-year period and a marked increase during the later—from 58 per cent in 1904 to 57.3 per cent in 1909 and 79.5 per cent in 1914.

Table 14		UMBER (AVERAGE	NUMBER EARNERS.	OF WAGE	VAI	ue of produ	CTS.	VALUE ADDED BY MANUFACTURE.					
VALUE OF PRODUCT.	1914	1909	1904	1914	014 1909 1904		1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904			
All classes	2,518	2,310	1,123	17,443	13,143	5,456	\$102,005,693	\$53,682,405	\$24,459,107	\$31,035,943	\$19,529,511	\$8,065,155			
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	1,403 707 256 138 14	1,182 727 295 102 4	612 326 125 60	1,618 2,576 3,065 7,233 2,951	1,668 2,863 3,908 4,406 298	760 1,382 1,460 1,854	3, 168, 934 6, 824, 096 10, 885, 671 37, 784, 338 43, 342, 654	2,675,597 7,194,668 13,057,308 25,870,562 4,884,270	1,430,830 3,124,083 5,720,660 14,184,034	2,012,505 3,783,003 4,718,805 11,361,582 9,159,928	1,792,560 4,142,194 5,877,805 7,001,117 715,775	999, 858 1, 847, 463 2, 188, 556 3, 029, 278			
	PER CENT DISTRIBUTION.														
All classes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	55. 7 28. 1 10. 2 5. 5 0. 6	51.2 31.5 12.8 4.4 0.2	54.5 29.0 11.1 5.3	9.3 14.8 17.6 41.5 16.9	12. 7 21. 8 29. 7 33. 5 2. 3	13.9 25.3 26.8 34.0	3.1 6.7 10.7 37.0 42.5	5.0 13.4 24.3 48.2 9.1	5.8 12.8 23.4 58.0	6.5 12.2 15.2 36.6 29.5	9.2 21.2 30.1 35.8 3.7	12.4 22.9 27.1 37.6			

Table 15 gives, for 1914 and 1909, for seven of the more important industries, a classification of establishments, wage earners, value of products, and value

added by manufacture, similar to that presented in Table 14 for all industries combined.

Table 15	มน		OF EST	AB-			UMBER ARNERS		VA	LUE OF PROI	ucțs.		VALUE AI	DED BY MA	NUFAC	rure.
INDUSTRY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	1914	1909		cent oution.	1914	1914 1909		cent oution.	1914	1909		cent oution.	1914	1909	Per distrib	
			1914	1909			1914	1909			1914	1909			1914	1909
FLOUR-MILL AND GRISTMILL PRODUCTS	253	295	100.0	100.0	700	842	100.0	100.0	\$16,688,690	\$19,144,475	100.0	100.0	\$2,321,724	\$2,651,580	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 . \$5,000 to \$20,000 . \$20,000 to \$100,000 . \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 . \$1,000,000 and over .	101 72 48 29 3	82 108 63 39 3	39.9 28.5 19.0 11.5 1.2	27.8 36.6 21.4 13.2 1.0	34 79 120 367 100	55 121 169 394 103	4.9 11.3 17.1 52.4 14.3	6.5 14.4 20.1 46.8 12.2	264, 261 782, 774 1, 940, 908 9, 904, 516 3, 796, 231	240, 320 1, 147, 394 3, 000, 735 11, 042, 152 3, 713, 874	1.6 4.7 11.6 59.3 22.7	1.3 6.0 15.7 57.7 19.4	65,436 163,306 322,945 1,321,452 448,585	52,056 231,804 491,723 1,403,929 472,068	2.8 7.0 13.9 56.9 19.3	2.0 8.7 18.5 52.9 17.8
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE-SHOP PRODUCTS	122	64	100.0	100.0	886	457	100.0	100.0	3,173,342	1,371,463	100.0	100.0	1,499,416	784,784	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000.	48 40 25 9	21 27 13 3	39.3 32.8 20.5 7.4	32. 8 42. 2 20. 3 4. 7	66 199 256 365	33 121 139 164	7. 4 22. 5 28. 9 41. 2	7. 2 26. 5 30. 4 35. 9	122,725 388,734 967,795 1,694,088	58,638 319,347 513,010 480,468	3.9 12.2 30.5 53.4	4.3 23.3 37.4 35.0	91,225 261,064 469,669 677,458	38,401 211,194 317,771 217,418	6.1 17.4 31.3 45.2	4,9 26,9 40,5 27,7
Ice, manufactured	97	77	100.0	100.0	528	449	100.0	100.0	1,604,146	1, 272, 515	100.0	100.0	1,202,018	965,459	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000	20 55 22	13 45 19	20. 6 56. 7 22. 7	16.9 58.4 24.7	17 220 291	19 191 239	3.2 41.7 55.1	4. 2 42. 5 53. 2	44,566 643,636 915,944	38,766 513,581 720,168	2.8 40.1 57.1	3.0 40.4 56.6	29,866 474,750 697,402	24,032 399,064 542,363	2.5 39.5 58.0	2.5 41.3 56.2
LUMBER AND TIMBER PROD- UCTS	284	342	100.0	100.0	2,651	3,175	100.0	100.0	4,113,522	4,438,563	100.0	100.0	2,428,260	2,951,317	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000	191 65 20 8	200 92 42 8	67.3 22.9 7.0 2.8	58. 5 26. 9 12. 3 2. 3	665 497 368 1,121	664 744 995 772	25. 1 18. 7 13. 9 42. 3	20. 9 23. 4 31. 3 24. 3	429, 734 617, 804 733, 685 2, 332, 299	448,807 894,724 1,662,859 1,432,173	10. 4 15. 0 17. 8 56. 7	10.1 20.2 37.5 32.3	344,762 391,607 411,397 1,280,494	372,516 676,469 1,104,358 797,974	14.2 16.1 16.9 52.7	12.6 22.9 37.4 27.0
Oil, cottonseed, and cake	60	39	100.0	100.0	851	581	100.0	100.0	7,589,813	5, 186, 605	100.0	100.0	1,306,410	941,106	100.0	100.0
\$5,000 to \$20,000	7 18 35	17 22	11.7 30.0 58.3	43.6 56.4	20 168 663	166 415	2. 4 19. 7 77. 9	28. 6 71. 4	80,153 1,047,990 6,461,670	1,120,181 4,066,424	1, 1 13, 8 85, 1	21.6 78.4	22,531 177,795 1,106,084	217,379 723,727	1,7 13,7 84.7	23.1 76.9
PETROLEUM, REFINING	23	9	100.0	100.0	516	75	100.0	100.0	13,014,372	1,055,011	100.0	100.0	3,423,635	479, 538	100.0	100.0
\$20,000 to \$100,000 ¹ \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over.	6 12 5	5 4	26. 1 52. 2 21. 7	55.6 44.4	29 270 217	26 49	5. 6 52. 3 42. 1	34. 7 65. 3	305,091 5,166,311 7,542,970	159, 561 895, 450	2.3 39.7 58.0	15.1 84.9	79,428 1,468,562 1,875,645	52,442 427,096	2.3 42.9 54.8	10.9 89.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	624	598	100.0	100.0	1,619	1,698	100.0	100.0	4,023,851	3,988,542	100.0	100.0	3,100,410	2,984,419	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000.	467 130 21 6	436 133 26 3	74.8 20.8 3.4 1.0	72.9 22.2 4.3 0.5	442 491 350 336	507 595 444 152	27.3 30.3 21.6 20.8	29. 9 35. 0 26. 1 9. 0	961,171 1,088,591 925,468 1,048,621	966,088 1,198,006 1,094,833 729,615	23. 9 27. 0 23. 0 26. 1	24. 2 30. 0 27. 4 18. 3	767, 796 850, 913 666, 869 814, 832	784,130 943,119 828,820 428,350	24.8 27.4 21.5 26.3	26.3 31.6 27.8 14.4

¹ Includes the group "\$5,000 to \$20,000."

In 1914 more than 90 per cent of the value of products for the petroleum-refining, and more than 80 per cent of the flour-mill and gristmill, and cottonseed-oil industries was reported by establishments each of which had products valued at \$100,000 or more. The wage earners employed in these establishments represented 94.4 per cent, 66.7 per cent, and 77.9 per cent, respectively, of the total number reported by each industry.

The petroleum-refining industry, which reported no establishment in 1909 with a product of over \$1,000,000 in value, in 1914 shows five such establishments with a combined product of \$7,542,970.

Lumber and timber products, reporting 8 establishments with products in the group "\$100,000 to \$1,000,000" in both 1914 and 1909, shows a substantial increase in the average size of the establishments, not only in regard to value of products, but number of wage earners and value added by manufacture.

Table 16 presents, for 1914, for all industries combined, in each of the nine cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants, statistics similar to those given in Table 14 for the state as a whole.

In the cities the same general condition prevails as that found throughout the state for all industries combined, namely, a preponderance as to number of wage earners, value of products, and value added by manufacture, for establishments having products valued at \$100,000 and over. The highest percentage of total value of products reported by establishments in this class, 87.3, appears for Oklahoma City, the principal manufacturing city of the state, while Shawnee, fifth among the manufacturing cities and with 86.1 per cent of its products in this class, reports the highest percentages for average number of wage earners and value added by manufacture—84.5 and 75.8, respectively.

Table 16	f estab- nts.	WA EARN			VALUE OF PRODUCTS. VALUE ADDED BY MANUFACTURE.			f estab- nts.	WA EARN		VALUE (VALUE AI BY MANU TURE	JFAC-	
CITY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	Number of estab- lishments.	Average number.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	CITY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	Number of e lishments.	Average number.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.
CHICKASHA	29	337	100.0	\$1,719,676	100.0	\$443,038	100.0	OKLAHOMA CITY	195	2,226	100.0	\$20, 725, 811	100.0	\$4, 494, 022	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000	11 11 4 3	6 41 41 249	12. 2 12. 2	23, 529 120, 942 164, 396 1, 410, 809	9.6	13, 145 50, 582 86, 367 292, 944	11.4 19.5	Less than \$5,000	67 61 44 23	45 222 554 1,405	2. 0 10. 0 24. 9 63. 1	617, 133 1, 867, 057	3.0 9.0	109, 061 411, 236 877, 344 3, 096, 381	9. 2 19. 5
ENID	45	283	100.0	2, 610, 533	100.0	562,081	100.0	SAPULPA	30	433	100.0	604, 457	100.0	369,884	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000	14 20 7 4	10 92 42 139	14.8	28, 033 217, 886 224, 184 2, 140, 430	1.1 8.3 8.6 82.0	17, 708 126, 754 113, 814 303, 805	22.6 20.2	Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 2	12 12 6	18 51 364	11.8	144,890	24.0	24, 202 79, 859 265, 823	21.6
GUTHRIE	30	185		853, 485		290, 501		Shawnee	46	845				790, 423	
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 ¹ \$100,000 to \$1,000,000	12 15 3	15 86 84	8. 1 46. 5 45. 4	32, 427 206, 774 614, 284	3. 8 24. 2 72. 0	122,390	42.1	Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000	17 22 3 4	13 74 44 714	8.8 5.2	237, 257	$9.1 \\ 3.4$	20,727 98,096 72,347 599,253	12. 4 9. 2
McAlester	33	171	100.0	573, 511	100.0	275, 911	100.0	Tulsa	103	845	100.0	3,868,326	100.0	1,698,746	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 2	17 10 6	20 42 109	11. 7 24. 6 63. 7	48, 477 109, 445 415, 589	8. 5 19. 1 72. 5	27, 659 60, 460 187, 792	21.9	Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000	31 37 22 13	29 148 162 506	17.5 19.2	420,615	10.9 21.7	44, 202 240, 263 373, 830 1, 040, 451	14.1 22.0
Muskogee	80	828	100.0	2, 754, 811	100.0	1,181,619	100.0	\$100,000 to \$1,000,00011111			00.0	. 2,010,200		2,020,200	
Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$20,000\$20,000 to \$100,000\$100,000 to \$1,000,000	30 30 13 7	37 114 122 555	4. 5 13. 8 14. 7 67. 0	65, 364 301, 965 536, 928 1, 850, 554	2. 4 11. 0 19. 5 67. 2	40, 812 190, 580 280, 749 669, 478	23.8			-					

¹ Includes the group "\$20,000 to \$100.000."

Table 17 shows the size of establishments in 1914, as measured by the number of wage earners employed, for all industries combined, for 11 of the more important industries, and for each of the nine cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants. Table 18 presents, for 1914, percentages based on the figures in Table 17, and for 1909, similar percentages for all industries combined and for individual industries in the state as a whole.

Considering the total for all industries, there were 455 establishments in operation in 1914 in which no wage earners were employed. These were small establishments in which the work was done by the proprietors or firm members. In some cases they employed a few wage earners for short periods, but the number was so

small and the period so short that in computing the average number, as described in the "Explanation of terms," no wage earners could be shown for these establishments. The printing and publishing industry and bakeries reported 58 per cent of such establishments in the state.

The comparatively small establishments still predominate in the majority of the industries of the state. Of the 2,518 establishments reported for all industries, 1,594, or 63.3 per cent employed on the average from 1 to 5 wage earners during the year. While the small establishments predominate in number, they gave employment to only 2,988 wage earners, or 17.1 per cent of the total for all establishments. There were only 10 establishments in the state that

² Includes the group "\$100,000 to \$1,000,000."

⁸ Includes the group "\$1,000,000 and over."

reported the employment of more than 250 wage earners each, but these establishments gave employment to 4,266, or 24.5 per cent of the total average number of wage earners reported for all establishments. These large establishments are shown for steam-

railroad repair shops, lumber and timber products, smelting and refining of zinc, and slaughtering and meat packing, the last being included in "all other industries."

Table 17							ES	TABL	SHMEN	rs EM	PLOYIN	G					
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	TC	TAL.	No wage earn- ers.	1 to 5 eari	wage iers.	w	o 20 age ners.	W W	to 50 rage rners.	V	to 100 vage rners.	W	to 250 vage rners.	7	to 500 vage rners.	1,00	01 to 0 wage rners.
	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners (average number).	Establish- ments.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.	Establish- ments.	Wage earners.
All industries	2,518	17,443	455	1,594	2,988	346	3,811	77	2,340	21	1,524	15	2,514	6	2,006	4	2,260
Bread and other bakery products	342 23	697 402	104	223 3	356 7	14 15	141 171	<u>4</u> -	148	_i .	76	1	200				
steam-railroad companies. Flour-mill and gristmill products.	13 253	1,718 700	62	1 164	2 252	2 21	33 246	2 6	80 202	3	188	3	553	1	312	1	550
Foundry and machine-shop products. Ice, manufactured. Lumber and timber products. Oil, cottonseed, and cake.	122 97 284 60	886 528 2,651 851	8 3 12	71 64 169 13	173 195 420 46	36 27 89 33	382 259 896 472	6 3 7 14	186 74 204 333	·····ż	113	1 3	145 . 417	 2	601		
Petroleum, refining. Printing and publishing. Smelting and refining, zinc. All other industries.	23 624 6 671	516 1,619 1,641 5,234	160	418 463	761 762	9 33 67	122 350 739	7 12 1 15	270 347 34 462	2 13	110 1,037	1 2 4	161 403 635	 2 1	676 417	1 2	528 1,182
Total for cities	591	6,153	79	341	794	120	1,364	36	1,064	5	343	7	1,162	1	312	2	1,114
Chickasha Enid Guffrie. McAlester. Muskogee.	29 45 30 33 80	337 283 185 171 828	5 4 4 2 9	15 29 17 23 53	28 74 34 46 147	6 10 6 7 11	60 93 60 100 112	2 1 3 1 5	50 39 91 25 149	1 	77	1	199	 1	312		
OKLAHOMA CITY SAPULPA SHAWNEE TULSA	195 30 46 103	2, 226 433 845 845	36 4 8 7	91 19 30 64	187 43 74 161	49 4 3 24	589 43 33 274	14 1 3 6	415 27 84 184	2 1 1	110 74 82	2 1 1 1	361 246 104 144			i	564 550

Among the cities, those showing large percentages of the total number of their wage earners reported by establishments employing more than 100 wage

earners each, are Chickasha, 59.1; Muskogee, 50.7; Sapulpa, 56.8; and Shawnee, 77.4. Oklahoma City reported 41.5 per cent of its wage earners in this class.

Table 18	Cen-	w	CENT AGE MPLO	EAR	NERS	IN	ESTAI	LISH	ER OF MENTS	INDUSTRY AND CITY.		PER CENT OF TOTAL AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS IN ESTABLISHMENTS EMPLOYING SPECIFIED NUMBER.							
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	sus year.	to 5	6 to 20	21 to 50	51 to 100	101 to 250	251 to 500	501 to 1,000	Over 1,000			to 5	6 to 20	21 to 50	51 to 100	101 to 250	251 to 500	501 to 1,000	Over 1,000
All industries	1914 1909	17. 1 25. 2	21. 8 28. 3	13. 4 16. 3	8.7 10.1	14. 4 12. 4	11.5 1.9			Petroleum, refining	1914 1909	2. 7 10. 7		52.3	21.3				
Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909	51. 1 70. 8				28.7				Printing and publishing	1914 1909	47. 0 50. 8	21.6 25.4	21. 4 16. 5	7. 2				
Brick	1914 1909	1.7 5.1	42. 5 21. 0	36. 8 39. 4	18.9 34.5					Smelting and refining, zinc				2.1		24.6 100.0	41. 2	32.2	
Cars and general shop construc- tion and repairs by steam-rail-	1914 1909	0.1	1.9 0.8		10.9 5.7	32. 2 34. 3	18. 2	32. 0 53. 4		All other industries		14.6 31.3		8.8 25.2	19. 8 5. 7	12.1 12.2	8.0	22. 6	
road companies. Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909	36.0 44.6			6.2					Total for cities	1914	12.9	22. 2	17.3	5. 6	18.9	5.1	18.1	<u> </u>
Foundry and machine-shop products.	1914 1909	19.5 21.7	43. 1 42. 4	21.0 9.4	26.5	16.4				CHICKASHA ENID GUTHRIE	1914 1914 1914	8.3 26.1 18.4	32.9	14.8 13.8 49.2	27. 2	59.1			
Ice, manufactured	1914 1909	36.9 38.5	49.0 55.7	14.0 5.8						MCALESTER MUSKOGEE	1914 1914 1914	26.9 17.8	58.5	14.6		13.0	37.7		
Lumber and timber products	1914 1909		33. 8 34. 6			15.7 7.9	22. 7 8. 0			OKLAHOMA CITYSAPULPA.SHAWNEE	1914 1914 1914	8.4 9.9 8.8	9.9	18.6 6.2 9.9	4.9 17.1	16. 2 56. 8		25.3 65.1	
Oil, cottonseed, and cake	1914 1909	5. 4 2. 8	55. 5 62. 5	39. 1 34. 8						Tulsa	1914	19.1		21.8	9.7	17.0			

Engines and power.—Table 19 shows, for 1914, 1909, and 1904, for all industries combined, the number and horsepower of engines or motors employed in generating power (including electric motors

operated by purchased current). It also shows separately the number and horsepower of electric motors operated by current generated by the establishments reporting.

Table 19	NUMBE	R OF ENG	NES OR	HORSEPOWER.					
POWER.		MOTORS.			Per cent distribution.				
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904
Primary power, total	3, 254	2,265	590	97, 308	71, 139	29,608	100.0	100.0	100.0
Owned Steam engines and turbines ¹ Internal-combustion engines. Water wheels, turbines, and motors	842	1,407 862 539 6	590 371 214 5	87, 035 70, 803 15, 976 256	65, 791 56, 643 8, 676 472	28, 851 27, 753 989 109	89. 4 72. 8 16. 4 0. 3	92. 5 79. 6 12. 2 0. 7	97. 4 93. 7 3. 3 0. 4
Rented	1,716 1,716	858 858	(2) (2)	10, 273 10, 068 205	5,348 5,281 67	757 597 160	10.6 10.3 0.2	7.5 7.4 0.1	2.6 2.0 0.5
Electric	2,324 1,716 608	985 858 127	(2) 43	23,760 10,068 13,692	7, 887 5, 281 2, 606	910 597 313	100. 0 42. 4 57. 6	100. 0 67. 0 33. 0	100.0 65.6 34.4

¹ Figures for horsepower include for 1904 the amounts reported under the head of "other" owned power.

² Not reported.

This table shows an increase from 1909 to 1914 in all forms of power, except that generated by water wheels, turbines, and motors. Of the total increase in primary power, amounting to 26,169 horsepower, or 36.8 per cent, during this period, 14,160 horsepower, or 54.1 per cent of it, was in power generated by steam engines. This kind of power, although showing a large increase from census to census, shows a decrease in the proportion it formed of the total primary power at each census. Internal-combustion engines, on the other hand, show not only large actual increases in the amount of power generated during each of the two five-year periods from 1904 to 1914, but give an increased proportion of the total primary power reported at each period. In the average capacity of the engines of this class, there is a marked increase since 1904, namely, from an average of, 5 horsepower in that year to 16 horsepower in 1909 and to 23 horsepower in 1914.

The use of rented power, almost wholly electric, has greatly increased since 1904, when 757 horse-power of this character, representing 2.6 per cent of the total primary power, was reported. In 1909 the amount of such power had increased to 5,348 horse-power, or 7.5 per cent of the total, and in 1914 to 10,273 horsepower, or 10.6 per cent of the total.

In 1909, 67 per cent of the electric power reported was rented, but in 1914, while there was an actual increase in the rented electric power reported, the proportion decreased to 42.4 per cent, that generated in the establishments representing 57.6 per cent.

Fuel.—Closely related to the subject of power

employed in manufactures is that of the fuel consumed in generating this power or otherwise used in the manufacturing processes.

Table 20 shows, for 1914, the quantity of each kind of fuel used, for which data were obtained, for all industries combined and for selected industries in the state as a whole, and for all industries combined in each city.

Table 20	C	OAL.			
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	An- thra- cite (tons, 2,240 lbs.).	Bituminous (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	Coke (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	Oil, in- cluding gasoline (barrels).	Gas (1,000 cubic feet).
All industries	1,682	429, 745	29, 879	224,575	24,078,701
Bread and other bakery products Brick	83	1,471 2,142	50	31	234,014 1,804,378
and repàirs by steam-railroad com- panies. Flour-mill and gristmill products. Foundry and machine-shop products Glass Ice, manufactured Lumber and timber products Oil, cottonseed, and cake Petroleum, refining Smelting and refining, zinc Wall plaster All other industries	45 554	34, 445 27, 854 1, 453 300 48, 382 7, 838 46, 249 2, 762 130, 622 4, 458 121, 769	1, 283 2, 445 1, 056 23, 166 1, 879	22,575 19,435 2,944 6 5,383 349 1,207 143,282 11,673 17,690	700 250, 150 280, 935 2, 426, 681 833, 827 12, 434 356, 054 2, 976, 649 13, 226, 345
Total for cities	866	44,112	4,215	90,467	2,230,040
CHICKASHA ENID GUTHRIE MCALESTER MUSKOGEE	80 8 7	12, 191 5, 571 100 10, 383 5, 376	1,390 428 293	2,149 11,984 10 80 45,049	176 1,210 94,006 545 252,379
OKLAHOMA CITY SAPULPA SHAWNEE TULSA	755 16	931 90 9,407 63	490 172 909	25, 851 8 2, 483 2, 853	1,137,419 97,591 114,933 531,781

SPECIAL STATISTICS.

For certain industries the Census Bureau collects, by means of special schedules, details regarding the quantities and cost of materials, the quantities and values of products, and other information for which no provision is made on the general schedule. Certain data of this character for four important industries in Oklahoma are here presented, and also statistics for power laundries.

Flour-mill and gristmill products.—Table 21 gives the quantities and values of flour-mill and gristmill products for the last three census years.

Table 21	1914	1909	1904
Total value	\$16,688,690	\$19, 144, 475	\$12,018,923
Wheat flour:	0.070.040	0.007.000	1 000 015
Barrels Value	2,072,240 \$9,832,201	2,205,039 \$10,959,367	1,962,317 \$8,886,633
Rye flour: Barrels	430	149	458
Corn meal and corn flour:	\$2,010	\$698	\$2,152
BarrelsValue	266, 284 \$964, 488	382, 721 \$1, 124, 244	206, 223 \$497, 903
Bran and middlings: Tons	83, 282)	
Value	\$1,660,005	286,005	155,031
TonsValue	141, 419 \$3, 803, 072	\$6,760,825	\$2,631,053
All other cereal products, value	\$8,523	\$300	.
All other products, value	\$418, 391	\$299,041	\$1,182

The value of the products of the flour-mill and gristmill industry amounted to \$16,688,690 in 1914, an increase of 38.9 per cent for the decade but a decrease of 12.8 per cent for the last five-year period. This is true of each item, except rye flour. Wheat flour, the chief product at each census period, represented 58.9 per cent of the total value of products in 1914. The number of establishments reporting the manufacture of wheat flour decreased 14.1 per cent from 1909 to 1914; the quantity produced decreased 6 per cent and its value 10.3 per cent. Feed and offal constitutes the next most important product in 1914, representing 22.8 per cent of the total value of products.

Oil, cottonseed, and cake.—Oklahoma ranks tenth among the states in cottonseed products manufactured. The increase in the total value of products from census to census shows a rapid growth of this industry in the state. The following table gives the quantity of cotton seed used for oil extraction and the quantities of the several crude products obtained for the census years 1914, 1909, and 1904.

The statistics in this table for 1914 relate to the crushing season of 1913-14—that is, to the handling of seed from the crop of 1913. They cover the operations of all establishments which crushed cotton seed during the season, regardless of the extent to which they were engaged in other branches of industry. Furthermore, the crude products reported represent the total production derived from crushing cotton seed, whether sold as such or used as intermediate

products in further processes of manufacture, such as the refining of oil and the mixing of fertilizer and feed.

Table 22	QUANTITY.						
MATERIAL AND PRODUCT.	1914	1909	1904				
Cotton seed crushed, tons (2,000 lbs.). Crude products manufactured: Oil, gallons. Meal and cake, tons (2,000 lbs.) Hulls, tons (2,000 lbs.) Linters, pounds.	255,075 8,292,903 118,903 72,778 20,753,751	186,352 6,817,974 78,690 62,290 9,584,227	168, 454 6, 384, 973 67, 417 62, 264 7, 169, 960				

The total quantity of cotton seed crushed increased from 168,454 tons in 1904 to 255,075 tons in 1914, or 51.4 per cent. Of the 60 mills reported in 1914 as crushing cotton seed, 9 crushed less than 1,000 tons per mill during the census year; 6 crushed from 1,000 to 2,000 tons; 18 crushed from 2,000 to 5,000 tons; 25 crushed from 5,000 to 10,000 tons; and 2 crushed 10,000 tons and over.

The quantities of the various products obtained in 1914 per ton of seed, as received at the mill, were as follows: Crude oil, 32.5 gallons; cake and meal, 932 pounds; hulls, 571 pounds; and linters, 81 pounds. The ratio which the several products bore to the total weight of the seed when received at the mill were as follows: Crude oil, 12.2 per cent; cake and meal, 46.6 per cent; hulls, 28.6 per cent; and linters, 4.1 per cent. It will be observed that there has been an increase in the actual weights of all products, but that hulls now represent a smaller proportion of the total than formerly, due, in part, to the installation of coldprocess machinery, which expresses the oil without hulling the seed, the resulting cake thus containing the hulls.

Petroleum, refining.—Measured by value of products, this industry, which in 1909 was eleventh in the state, now ranks third, while Oklahoma ranks eighth among the states. The following table gives the statistics for 1914 in comparison with 1909:

Table 23	1914	1909
MATERIALS.		
Total cost	\$9,590,737	\$575,4 73
Crude petroleum:¹ Barrels (42 gallons). Cost. Sulphuric acid, sulphur, and caustic soda, cost Containers and materials therefor, cost. All other materials, cost	\$104,500 \$34,932	1, 078, 286 \$489, 552 \$22, 060 \$8, 185 \$55, 670
PRODUCTS. Total value	\$13,014,372	\$ 1,055,01 1
Naphthas and lighter products: Gasoline (from crude petroleum)— Barrels (50 gallons). Value All other— Barrels. Value	³ 1,621,998 \$5,824,332 401,434 \$1,074,237	125,179 \$350,167

¹ Marketed production of crude petroleum—Oklahoma, 1914: 73,631,724 barrels; 1909, 47,859,218 barrels.

² Includes some partly refined oils and waxes and some natural gas used by the refineries.

³ In addition, there were produced at the wells in 1914, 345,551 barrels (50 gallons) of casing-head gasoline, valued at \$1,113,059.

	1914	1909
PRODUCTS—continued.		
Illuminating oils:		1
Barrels	1,754,683	245, 109
Value	\$2,238,898	\$369,662
Fuel oils:		
Distillates—		
Barrels	383, 858	1)
Value	\$522 , 1 59	11
Gas oils— Barrels		
Barreis	195,833	409, 284
Value	\$151,508	\$242,957
Barrels	1 105 100	H
Value	4,165,136 \$2,380,808	il
Lubricating oils:	⊕2, 30U, 0U0	μ
Barrels	87, 591	1 13, 110
Value	\$341,256	1 \$33, 396
Residuum or tar:	Φ041, 200	- 400, 090
Barrels	159,508	43, 804
Value	\$85,489	\$23, 119
Greases:	400, 200	420,110
Barrels	335	1
Value	\$3,281	11
Paraffin wax:	40,-02	11
Barrels	16,598	\$35,710
Value	\$65,340	,
All other products, value	\$327,064	
EQUIPMENT.	******	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Stills, number	181	. 30
Steam—	F.0.	
Number Capacity (barrels, 42 gallons)	56	10
Fire—	24,372	2,895
Number	125	20
Capacity	57, 425	6,650
Agitators.	47	12
Storage tanks for:	21	12
Crude petroleum—		
Nimber	61	33
Capacity (gallons)	28, 826, 000	1,794,000
Refined petroleum products—	,,	2,,000
Number	412	112
Capacity	48, 791, 000	5,477,000
Fuel oil—	,,	,,
Number	76	
Capacity	39,600,000	
Other storage tanks—		
Number	138	
Capacity	1,598,000	

 $^{\mbox{\tiny 1}}$ Includes some partly refined oils and waxes and some natural gas used by the refineries.

The total production of refined oils in 1914 was 8,610,533 barrels, of which fuel oils constituted 55.1 per cent, gasoline and naphthas 23.5 per cent, illuminating oils 20.4 per cent, and lubricating oils 1 per cent. In 1909 the oil production aggregated 792,682 barrels, of which fuel oils formed 51.6 per cent, gasoline and naphthas 15.8 per cent, illuminating oils 30.9 per cent, and lubricating oils 1.7 per cent.

Printing and publishing.—The number and aggregate circulation per issue of the various classes of publications in Oklahoma in 1914, 1909, and 1904, are given in Table 24.

Table 24 PERIOD OF ISSUE.		MBER LICATI		AGGREGATE CIRCULATION PER ISSUE.				
111102 02 10001.	1914 1909 1909		1904	1914	1909	1904		
Total	596	593	453	1,081,933	857, 959	533,063		
Daily Sunday Weekly ¹ Monthly ²	59 12 500 25	67 11 500 15	44 8 389 12	242, 305 117, 158 504, 595 217, 875	185, 479 77, 326 513, 979 81, 175	74, 451 43, 802 360, 013 54, 797		

¹ Includes semiweeklies—three in 1914, one in 1909, and two in 1904.
² Includes in 1914 one quarterly and four semimonthly publications; in 1909 three, and in 1904 two, semimonthly publications.

The number of daily newspapers decreased by eight during the five-year period 1909–1914, but their circulation increased by 56,826, or 30.6 per cent, during

that time. The weekly newspapers were by far the most important class at each census, measured either by number of publications or by aggregate circulation per issue. In circulation, however, this class decreased 9,384, or 1.8 per cent, from 1909 to 1914, and was the only class to show a decrease in circulation at either five-year period. The Sunday publications and the combined monthly, semimonthly, and quarterly publications are the only ones showing increases in both number and circulation; the great increase—168.4 per cent—shown for the combined circulation of these last three mentioned publications in 1914, as compared with 1909, is due to a number of semimonthly agricultural publications.

All the publications in 1914, except three German weeklies of small circulation, were in the English language.

Laundries.—Statistics for power laundries are not included in the general tables or in the totals for all manufacturing industries. Table 25, however, summarizes these statistics for Oklahoma for 1914 and 1909.

Table 25	POW.	ES.	
	Number or amount.		Per cent
	1914	1909	crease,1 1909- 1914.
Number of establishments. Persons engaged. Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees. Wage earners (average number). Primary horsepower. Capital. Salaries and wages. Salaries. Wages. Pad for contract work. Rent and taxes. Cost of materials. Amount received for work done.	1, 632 115 101 1, 416 1, 766 \$986, 074 753, 997 100, 677 653, 320 674 53, 506	93 1,301 105 95 1,101 1,484 \$781,531 563,685 75,690 487,995 33,635 200,679 1,197,978	26. 2 33. 8 33. 0

1 Percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

In 1914 Oklahoma ranked twenty-first among the states in amount received for work done and twentyfifth in number of persons engaged in the industry, having advanced since 1909 from twenty-second and twenty-sixth places, respectively. The table shows increases in all the items given, those in receipts for work done and in average number of wage earners amounting to 39.4 per cent and 28.6 per cent, respectively. In character of organization individual ownership formed the largest class at both censuses, 49 establishments being reported in 1914 as against 47 in 1909. The number of establishments under corporate ownership increased from 19 in 1909 to 25 in 1914, while the number under "all other" forms of ownership showed no change, being 27 in both years. In the amount received for work done each class showed an increase, but the percentage of increase reported by corporations was much the greatest, 99.6 per cent as against 13 per cent for individuals, and 8.1 per cent for all other forms.

Table 26 shows, for 1914 and 1909, the number of wage earners employed in the laundries on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day, and the percentage which this number represents of the greatest number reported for any month of the year.

Table 26	WAGE EARNERS.							
MONTH.	Numl	per.	Per cent of maximum.					
	1914	1909	1914	1909				
January. February March April May June July August September October November December	1,326 1,332 1,352 1,379 1,393 1,459 1,510 1,492 1,486 1,452 1,417 1,396	993 995 1,022 1,040 1,064 1,099 1,160 1,167 1,179 1,171 1,151 1,167	87. 8 88. 2 89. 5 91. 3 92. 2 96. 6 100. 0 98. 8 98. 4 96. 2 93. 8 92. 4	84. 2 84. 4 86. 7 88. 2 90. 2 93. 2 98. 4 99. 0 100. 0 99. 3 97. 6				

Table 27 gives statistics as to kinds and amounts of power used in the laundries of the state in 1914 and 1909, together with percentages of increase for the five-year period.

Table 28 shows the kinds and quantities of fuel used in the laundries, as reported at the censuses of 1914 and 1909, with percentages of increase.

Table 27		ER OF	но	HORSEPOWER.				
POWER.		es or ors.	Amo	Percent				
	1914	1909	1914	1909	crease,1. 1909- 1914.			
Primary power, total	212	250	1,766	1,484	19.0			
OwnedSteam engines and turbines Internal-combustion engines Water wheels, turbines, and	88 76 10	184 176 8	1,345 1,255 82	1,248 1,195 53	7. 8 5. 0			
motors	2		8					
Rented ElectricOther	124 124	66 66	421 421	236 231 5	78. 4 82. 3			
Electric Rented. Generated by establishment reporting.	129 124 5	69 66 3	443 421 22	244 236 8	81.6 78.4			

¹ Percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

Table 28	Unit.	QUAN'	rity.	Per cent
KIND.	- 4	1914	1909	crease,1 1909-1914.
Anthracite coal Bituminous coal Coke. Oil, including gasoline Gas.	Ton, 2,240 lbs. Ton, 2,000 lbs. Ton, 2,000 lbs. Barrels. 1,000 cubic feet	1, 292 9, 161 550 188 1, 220, 414	696 9,377 1,346 224,175	85.6 -2.3 -86.0 444.4

¹ A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

GENERAL TABLES.

Table 29 gives, for 1914, 1909, and 1904, the number of establishments, average number of wage earners, primary horsepower, wages, cost of materials, and value of products, for selected industries in the state and in the cities having 50,000 inhabitants or more; and for the cities having from 10,000 to 50,000 inhabitants, similar data for all industries combined.

Table 30 presents, for 1914, in the state as a whole and in the cities with 50,000 inhabitants or more, statistics in detail for each industry that can be shown without the disclosure of individual operations, and the statistics for all industries combined for each of the cities in the state having from 10,000 to 50,000 inhabitants.

TABLE 29.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-	Num- ber of estab-	Wage earners (aver- age	Pri- mary horse-	Wages.	Cost of materials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-	Num- ber of estab-	Wage earners (aver- age	Pri- mary horse-	Wages.	Cost of mate- rials.	Value of prod- ucts.
	year.	lish- ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	sed in the	ousands.		year.	lish- ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	sed in tho	usands.
			THE S	TATE-	ALL IN	DUSTR	ES COM	BINED AND SELECTI	ED IN	DUST	RIES.				
All industries	1914 1909 1904	2,518 2,310 1,123	17,443 13,143 5,456	97,308 71,139 29,608	\$11,011 7,240 2,799	\$70,970 34,153 16,394	\$102,006 53,682 24,459	Clothing, men's, in- cluding shirts.	1914 1909	6 3	207 113	68 18	\$84 42	\$262 126	\$417 194
Bread and other bakery	1914	342 252	697	569	381	1,581	2,774	Coffee, roasting and grinding.	1914 1909	6 4	60 18	171 69	28 9	618 429	75 7 500
products.	1909 1904	252 121	418 157	223 27	252 88	969 410	1,794 692	Confectionery	1914 1909	37 11	57 39	86 26	32 16	165 59	295 115 89
Brick	1914 1909	23 38	402 730	3,231 3,733	217 378	129 226	496 1,029		1904	1 6	23	9	7	60	į
Durama from husem	1904	50 36	401	3,029 115	186	128	510	Copper, tin, and sheet- iron work.	1914 1909 1904	72 62 18	141 233 69	94 46	99 184 52	241 411 107	474 799 215
Brooms, from broom corn.	1909 1904	23 12	97 76 42	51 20	53 43 19	107 145 31	227 248 72	Flour-mill and grist-	1904		700	14,050	420	14, 367 16, 493	16,689 19,144
Butter	1914	14	46 62	282	28 36	673	809	mill products.	1909 1904	253 295 108	842 617	16,400 9,013	473 331	16, 493 10, 187	19, 144 12, 019
	1909 1904	19 3	62 11	427 91	36 6	928 66	1,150 89	Food preparations, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909	11 8	41 40	470 556	18 24	143 104	220 175
Cars and general shop construction and re- pairs by steam-rail- road companies.	1914 1909 1904	13 8 4	1,718 1,412 274	954 957 130	1, 155 942 184	956 642 322	2,270 1,702 528	Foundry and machine- shop products.	1914 1909 1904	2 122 64 26	886 457 121	2,443 1,113 332	676 320 77	1,674 587 76	3,173 1,371 233

¹ Excludes statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

² Includes "automobile repairing"; "gas machines and gas and water meters"; "hardware"; "hardware, saddlery"; "pumps, steam"; and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills."

Table 29.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904—Continued.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Pri- mary horse-	Wages.	Cost of materials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus vear.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Pri- mary horse-	Wages.	Cost of mate- rials.	Value of prod- ucts.
	year.	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	sed in the	ousands.		year.	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	sed in tho	usands.
		THE	STATI	E—ALL	INDUST	RIES C	OMBINE	D AND SELECTED IN	DUSI	RIES-	-Continu	ied.			
Ce, manufactured	1914 1909 1904	97 77 44	528 449 197	15, 195 10, 359 5, 348	\$353 270 107	\$402 307 121	\$1,604 1,273 528	Petroleum, refining	1914 1909	23 9	516 75	3,304 231	\$432 54	\$9,591 575	\$13,01 1,05
umber and timber products.	1914 1909 1904	1 284 342 60	2,651 3,175 458	12,799 12,397 2,361	1,308 1,269 245	1,685 1,487 437	4, 114 4, 439 1, 017	Printing and publishing.	1914 1909 1904	² 624 598 423	1,619 1,698 1,139	2,288 1,664 652	1,022 1,044 574	923 1,004 473	4,02 3,98 2,10
farble and stone work.	1914 1909 1904	55 41 11	142 147 63	453 257 95	96 111 34	122 187 34	340 418 106	Saddlery and harness	1914 1909 1904	30 15 14	54 66 65	39 26	43 62 45	240 226 153	36 37 28
fattresses and spring beds.	1914 1909	11 7	75 49	259 151	42 30	164 99	268 153	Smelting and refining, zinc.	1914 1909	6 3	1,641 566	4, 143 1, 181	1,310 343	7,879 2,133	9,93
Mineral and soda waters.	1914 1909 1904	108 105 67	122 143 121	222 183 108	70 64 49	210 145 90	472 455 284	Wall plaster	1914 1909 1904	6 11 8 5	151 259 77	1,347 1,721 395	89 142 34	104 165 34	313 438 131
oil, cottonseed, and	1914 1909	60 39	851 581 496	16,315 10,720 6,005	360 235 182	6,283 4,245 2,353	7,590 5,187 3,109	All other industries	1914 1909 1904	279 276 127	4,041 1,495 1,125	18,411 8,630 1,993	2,695 897 579	22, 451 2, 461 1, 312	31,35 4,68 2,45
· ·	1904	24	490	0,000		,	· ·								
		1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			-ALL INI	USTRIES COMBINEI	ANI	SELE	CTED	INDUS	TRIES.		
		1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			*20,726 7,868 3,671	OKLAHOMA CITY— Continued. Lumber, planing-mill	1914	5	85	389	\$ 60	\$140	\$21
OKLAHOMA CITY—	IES (0F 50,0	00 INH 2,226 1,398	ABITAN 9,172 4,132	NTS OR \$1,353 973	MORE-	\$20,726 7,868	OKLAHOMA CITY— Continued. Lumber, planing-mill products, including wooden-box factories. Patent medicines and		5 8 4 513			\$60 106 34 17 6	\$140 193 142 48 9	38; 23; 11; 3;
OKLAHOMA CITY— All industries. Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909 1904 1914 1909	195 171 89	00 INH 2,226 1,398 720 283	9,172 4,132	\$1,353 973 422 130 59	\$16,232 5,146 2,362 502 214	\$20,726 7,868 3,671 848 365	OKLAHOMA CITY— Continued. Lumber, planing-mill products, including wooden-box factories.	1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909	5 13 8 3 2 53 44	85 150 71 27 11 8 426 367	389 277	\$60 106 34 17 6 3 256 288	\$140 193 142 48 9 6	38 23 11 3 2 1, 26 1, 26
CIT OKLAHOMA CITY— All industries. Bread and other bakery products. Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909	195 171 89 16 17 9	2,226 1,398 720 283 85 29 81 75	9,172 4,132 229 39	\$1,353 973 422 130 59 19 60 56	\$16,232 5,146 2,362 502 214 49 2,468 1,839	\$20,726 7,868 3,671 848 365 88 2,746 2,087	OKLAHOMA CITY— Continued. Lumber, planing-mill products, including wooden-box factories. Patent medicines and compounds and drug- gists' preparations. Printing and publish-	1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904	5 13 8 3 2 53	85 150 71 27 11 8	389 277 34 8	\$60 106 34 17 6 3	\$140 193 142 48 9 6	\$21. 38. 23: 11. 3. 2. 1, 26: 32: 15, 05: 3, 50: 1, 67:
OKLAHOMA CITY— All industries. Bread and other bakery products. Clour-mill and gristmill products. Coundry and machine-	1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904	195 171 89 16 17 9 6 7 3	2, 226 1, 398 720 283 85 29 81 75 47 133 87 55	9,172 4,132 229 39 1,195 1,187 265 185	\$1,353 973 422 130 59 19 60 56 28 82 63 35	MORE— \$16, 232 5, 146 2, 362 214 49 2, 468 1, 839 1, 049 227 37	\$20,726 7,868 3,671 848 365 88 2,746 2,087 1,227 482 222 96	OKLAHOMA CITY—Continued. Lumber, planing-mill products, including wooden-box factories. Patent medicines and compounds and druggists' preparations. Printing and publishing.	1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904	5 8 4 5 13 8 3 3 2 53 44 18 85 80 46	85 150 71 27 11 8 426 367 116 1, 191 623 394	389 277 34 8 505 347 6,555	\$60 106 34 17 6 3 256 288 70 748 395	\$140 193 142 48 9 6 349 419 80 12,498 2,375	38 23: 11: 3. 2 1, 26: 1, 26: 32: 15, 05: 3, 50:
DKLAHOMA CITY— All industries. Tread and other bakery products. Council and gristmill products. Coundry and machineshop products.	1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904	195 171 89 16 17 9 6 7 3	2, 226 1, 398 720 283 85 29 81 75 47 133 87 55	9,172 4,132 229 39 1,195 1,187 265 185	\$1,353 973 422 130 59 19 60 56 28 82 63 35	MORE— \$16, 232 5, 146 2, 362 214 49 2, 468 1, 839 1, 049 227 37	\$20,726 7,868 3,671 848 365 88 2,746 2,087 1,227 482 222 96	OKLAHOMA CITY—Continued. Lumber, planing-mill products, including wooden-box factories. Patent medicines and compounds and druggists' preparations. Printing and publishing. Allother industries	1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904	5 8 4 5 13 8 3 3 2 53 44 18 85 80 46	85 150 71 27 11 8 426 367 116 1, 191 623 394	389 277 34 8 505 347 6,555	\$60 106 34 17 6 3 256 288 70 748 395	\$140 193 142 48 9 6 349 419 80 12,498 2,375	38 23 11 3 2 1, 26 1, 26 3, 55 3, 55 1, 67
DKLAHOMA CITY— All industries. Tread and other bakery products. Clour-mill and gristmill products. Coundry and machineshop products.	1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904	195 171 89 16 17 9 6 7 3	2, 226 1, 398 720 283 85 29 81 75 47 133 87 55	9,172 4,132 229 39 1,195 1,187 265 185 S OF 10	\$1,353 973 422 130 59 19 60 56 28 82 63 35	MORE— \$16,232 5,146 2,362 502 214 49 2,468 1,839 1,049 227 37 50,000 I	\$20,726 7,868 3,671 848 365 88 2,746 2,087 1,227 482 222 96 NHABITA	OKLAHOMA CITY— Continued. Lumber, planing-mill products, including wooden-box factories. Patent medicines and compounds and drug- gists' preparations. Printing and publish- ing. All other industries MUSKOGEE	1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 IES (1914 1909	5 8 4 4 5 13 8 3 2 53 44 18 85 85 80 46 COMBI	85 150 71 27 .11 8 426 387 116 623 394 NED.	389 277 34 8 	\$600 106 34 17 6 6 3 256 288 70 748 395 233 \$560 241 228 533	\$140 193 142 48 9 6 349 419 8 2,375 999 \$1,573 1,478	38 23 1, 26 1, 26 32 15, 05 3, 50 1, 67 2, 75 2, 27 60 2, 59
OKLAHOMA CITY— All industries. Bread and other bakery products. Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904	195 171 89 16 17 9 6 7 3 417 7 6	2, 226 1, 398 720 283 85 29 81 75 47 133 87 55 CITIES	9,172 4,132 229 39 1,195 1,187 265 185 S OF 10 1,633 1,488 1,715	\$1,353 973 422 130 59 19 60 56 28 82 63 35 0,000 TO \$235 242	MORE— \$16,232 5,146 2,362 502 214 49 2,468 1,839 1,049 227 97 37 50,000 I	\$20,726 7,868 3,671 848 365 88 2,746 2,087 1,227 482 222 96 NHABITA	OKLAHOMA CITY— Continued. Lumber, planing-mill products, including wooden-box factories. Patent medicines and compounds and drug- gists' preparations. Printing and publish- ing. All other industries MUSKOGEE.	1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909 1904 1914 1909	5 8 4 4 5 13 8 8 3 2 53 4 4 18 8 5 80 46 COMBI	85 150 71 27 11 8 8 426 367 1,191 623 394 NED.	389 277 34 8 505 347 6,555 2,089	\$60 106 34 17 6 3 256 288 70 748 395 233	\$140 193 142 48 9 6 349 419 8 2,375 999	38 23: 11: 3. 2 1, 26: 1, 26: 32: 15, 05: 3, 50:

¹ Includes "boxes, wooden packing" and "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills."

2 Includes "bookbinding and blank-book making" and "engraving, steel and copper plate, including plate printing."

8 Excludes statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

4 Includes "automobile repairing"; "gas machines and gas and water meters"; "hardware"; and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills."

5 Includes "perfumery and cosmetics."

6 Figures do not agree with those published because certain establishments revised their reports for that census.

MANUFACTURES—OKLAHOMA.

	TABLE	30	-DETA	IL ST	rate	EMEN	T FO	OR TH	ES	TATE	AND F	OR CIT	TES C	OF 50	,000	INHA	BITANTS
					PERSO	NS EN	GAGED	IN THE	INDUS	STRY.		WAGE	EARNER REPRES	S DEC.	15, OR I IVE DA	NEAR-	
		Num-			Sala-	Clerk	s, etc.		Wa	ge earne	ors.		16 and	l over.	Und	er 16.	
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	ber of estab- lish-		Pro- prie- tors	ried offi- cers, su-				Nu	mber, 15	ith day of—	N .					Capital.
		ments.	Total.	and firm mem- bers.	perin-	Male.	Fe- male.	Average number.		cimum onth.	Minimun month.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	
						DIRG	COMB	INED	AND	SPECI	 FIED INI	HSTRIE	g.	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
_		1	I I	(1,353	335	17,443		18,088	Au 16, 90	1	(3)	(3)	(8)	(8)	\$65, 477, 654
1 2 3	All industries		126	18	1,105 1 3	1,505	2 2	75 44	My Au	109	Ja 3- Ja 3-	120	120		<u>```</u>		1
3 4 5 6	Artificial stone products	12 3 3	71 45 11 40	21 14 2 1	3 1 4	1 1 1	1	27 7 34	Jy De 4 De 4	42 8 35	Fe 4 1 Fe 4 3 Je 4 3	32 8 36	22 4 32	10 4	4		168, 311 84, 303 30, 455 11, 598 39, 035
7 8 9 10 11	Bread and other bakery products Brick Brooms, from broom corn Butter Canning, fruits and vegetables		1,155 464 149 75 18	409 7 44 9 1	8 34 2 9 2	15 17 4 6	26 4 2 5	697 402 97 46 15	Au Je No ⁴ Je ⁴ Au	725 534 103 53 88	Fe 65 De 20 Jy 8 Ja 4 39 De 5	607 112 47	570 606 107 40 10	179 5 7 81	3 1	1	1,304,776 1,484,030 130,406 553,799 7,635
12 13 14	Carpets, rag. Carriages, wagons, and repairs. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by electric-railroad	3 13 7	5 64 72	4 17	1 7	 1 7		1 45 58	De 4 Jy 4 No 4	47	Au ⁵ Ja ⁴ Je 5	3 47	4 47 59				1,375 65,389 145,826
15	companies. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad com- panies.	13	1,833	1	39	69	6	1,718	Au	2,005	Ja 1,39	1,653	1,649	4	ļ		1,622,741
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Coffee, roasting and grinding	6 88 37 51 72 6 253	79 301 111 190 247 96 1,265	2 107 42 65 87 2 269	8 17 3 14 9 11 100	8 15 6 9 7 7 159	1 6 3 3 3 3	60 156 57 99 141 73 700	Jy Jy Ap Ja Se	71 60 164 155 103 761	My 4 5 De 4 5 No 12 De 3 My 4 65	196 67 129 148 74	37 170 44 126 144 74 772	34 26 23 3	4		191, 192 481, 642 92, 925 388, 717 270, 480 649, 167 6, 508, 081
23 24	Food preparations, not elsewhere specified. Cereals and table foods, macaroni, and other food products	11 6	61 38	9	5 3	3 2	3 2	41 25	 Se	36	Fe 10	63 30	51 19	10	2 2		133, 803 74, 662
25 26 27 28 29 30	for human consumption. For animals and fowls. Foundry and machine-shop products. Machine shops. Boiler shops. Foundries. Furniture, metal, and store and office fixtures.	5 99 87 8 4 5	23 1,031 957 33 41 50	3 82 70 10 2 4	2 57 55 2 4	1 88 87 1 3	1 19 18 1	16 785 727 22 36 39	Au Ap Se Je 4 Fe 4	819 27 45	Ja :: No 62: De 1: Ja 2: Se 4 3:	5 20 5 35	32 760 705 20 35 37	1 1 1 2	2 2		59, 141 3, 036, 825 2, 942, 272 19, 320 75, 233 73, 291
31 32 33 34 35	Gas, illuminating and heating Glass Loe, manufactured Lime Lumber and timber products.	5 12 97 3 226	60 1,321 783 21 2,622	6 60 245	6 21 123 4 52	8 15 56 	2 9 16 4	1,270 528 17 2,245	Je Ap Jy Mh Fe	1,793 907 4 22 2,421	Oc 3 Au 63 Ja 24 Au 1 De 1,97	1,805 759 24	1,702 751 24 3,123	102	1 5		1,478,718 1,650,679 3,714,982 39,451 3,386,558
36	Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	55	472	58	28	11	3	372	Je	440	De 30	352	348	4	·····		816,559
37 38 39 40	Marble and stone work Mattresses and spring beds Mineral and soda waters Oil, cottonseed, and cake	55 11 108 60	233 101 268 1,110	71 8 130 11	·10 8 155	17 5 7 83	3 1 10	142 75 122 851	Je De Au De	158 91 209 1,718	Ja 12 Au 5 Ja 5 Je 19	101	145 85 171 1, 730	1 15 3	1 1 14		425,607 188,282 403,945 6,465,224
41 42 43 44 45	Patent medicines and compounds Paving materials. Perfumery and cosmetics Petroleum, refining. Photo-engraving	13 3 3 23 23	37 118 7 736 21	9 3 2 3	9 8 78	3 7 129	13	16 100 5 516 18	No f Je (6) Ja Mh	18 130 5 601 19	Je 4 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	126 5 520	10 126 4 520 17	6 1 1	1		31,525 51,483 6,800 8,556,725 17,077
46 47	Printing and publishing, book and job. Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals.	76 542	452 2,226	69 528	36 133	34 171	21 76	292 1,318	De	313	Au 27	322 1,374	256 1,093	58 186	8 91	4	758, 106 2, 845, 391
48 49	Printing and publishing. Printing, publishing, and job printing.	15 494	427 1,747	10 499	28 96	79 82	27 41	283 1,029	De Oc	294 1,068	Ју 273 Fe 979	286 1,080	261 824	23 163	2 89	4	690, 544 2, 130, 408
50 51	Publishing without printing	33 30	52 100	19 32	9 5	10 9	8	6 54	De 4 No	57	Ју 4 5	59	8 · 59				24, 441 163, 288
52 53 54 55	Smelting and refining, zinc. Tobacco, cigars Wall plaster All other industries*	6 38 6 72	1,702 137 187 2,728	44	13 13 72	45 2 18 245	3 5 49	1,641 88 151 2,317	Se De 4 Ja	1,770	Je 1,578 Jy 74 Oc 13	1,711	1,711 64 142	48	3		163, 288 5, 054, 062 69, 787 913, 851 11, 439, 394
Art Aut Bak Blu Bor	* All other industries embrace— icultural implements. 2 ificial limbs. 1 omobile bodies and parts. 3 ing powders. 1 ing dearbon black 1 is and shoes (leather leggings) 1	Boxes Carria Cars, oper Cemer Clothi Corda	s rented p and cart ge and w steam-ra ations of at ng, men' ge and tw dists' prep	ons, pa agon m ilroad, railroa s and y	per ateria not d com ouths	ls. includi panies	1 ing 1 2 3	Engrav inclu Furnis Gas and Gas m mete Hair w	ing, ding p hing g d elec achin rs ork	steel ar plate pri goods, m tric fixto es and	iven for rea id copper inting en's ures gas and	plate, 2 1 1 water 1	Hardw Hardw Hats, i Hats, s House- speci	varevare, sa fur-felt wool-fe furnish ified	ddlery lt hing go	ods, no	ns." 2

OR MORE, BY INDUSTRIES, AND FOR CITIES OF 10,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1914.

			EXPE	NSES.								POT	VER.		
Sal	aries and w	ages.		Rent ar	nd taxes.	For ma	terials.		· .		Prima	ry hors	epower.		Electric horse-
Officials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including in- ternal revenue and corporation income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	Value added by manufac- ture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	In- ternal- com- bus- tion en- gines.2	Water wheels and mo- tors.1	Electric (rented).	power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.

THE STATE—ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES.

				DIALL	ADD IND	OBILLIES	OMDIME	J AND BLE	CIFIED IN	DUSIK	IEO.			~~~		
\$1,706,418	\$1, 495, 914	\$11,011,043	\$307,885	\$358, 704	\$ 551, 025	\$68, 152,836	\$2,816,914	\$102,005,693	\$31,035,943	97,308	70, 803	16, 181	256	10,068	13,692	1
1,200 3,700 3,300 1,200 5,280	300 1,180 600 400 720	34, 867 29, 285 12, 298 4, 472 31, 664	200 50	625 7,502 2,585 1,110 340	2, 035 1, 602 397 112 897	56, 097 36, 919 41, 875 4, 475 19, 119	541 2,036 476 199 487	137, 391 119, 746 79, 506 14, 535 67, 316	80, 753 80, 791 37, 155 9, 861 47, 710	90 79 14 8 95	75	69 9		17 70 14 8 20		2 3 4 5 6
9,330 41,975 2,274 14,939 280	32,741 18,073 5,800 8,860	381, 488 216, 602 52, 734 27, 616 2, 752	79	61, 326 1, 106 3, 054 2, 900	15, 692 7, 434 1, 634 2, 111 65	1,519,691 34,826 105,308 664,980 4,117	61, 105 94, 628 1, 848 8, 317 107	2,773,811 495,903 227,224 808,978 10,708	1, 193, 015 366, 449 120, 068 135, 681 6, 484	569 3,231 115 282 51	10 2, 230 2 185 51	36 833 53 4		523 168 60 93	799	7 8 9 10 11
1,800 3,195	600 978	330 32,072 48,310	10	110 2, 249	28 900 1, 756	415 22,010 41,204	97 1,797 1,380	2, 925 84, 678 98, 215	2,413 60,871 55,631	18 81 125	12	8 22		10 47 125		12 13 14
57, 281	73,347	1, 155, 357			29, 359	873, 502	82, 243	2,270,374	1,314,629	954	463	76		415	40	15
8,750 21,125 3,450 17,675 7,459 21,952 156,002	16,959 11,978 5,029 6,949 4,635 10,253 197,187	27, 531 90, 630 31, 811 58, 819 98, 669 79, 523 420, 049	541 8 533 726	3,510 19,762 12,658 7,104 10,836 2,646 3,865	3, 768 6, 070 1, 139 4, 931 3, 126 5, 495 57, 097	615,381 516,609 161,475 355,134 238,778 317,416 14,206,706	2,985 25,145 3,394 21,751 2,604 2,703 160,260	756, 677 931, 257 294, 504 636, 753 474, 484 538, 015 16, 688, 690	138, 311 389, 503 129, 635 259, 868 233, 102 217, 896 2, 321, 724	171 1,386 86 1,300 94 477 14,050	900 900 2 477 8,927	97 97 21 3,428	90	166 389 86 303 71 1,605	54 54 380 591	16 17 18 19 20 21 22
5,460	4,671	17, 596	18	2, 418	1,769	138, 712	3,849	219,522	76, 961	470	325	100		45		23
3,450	3,651	8,518		2,055	629	45, 153	1,033	84,739	38, 553	78	50			28		24
2,010 102,367 100,183 2,184 5,500	1,020 106,178 104,775 480 923 2,020	9, 078 605, 442 567, 974 15, 008 22, 460 27, 465	18 4,075 3,604 471	363 13, 965 13, 146 798 21 1, 246	1, 140 23, 312 22, 678 270 364 184	93, 559 1, 450, 102 1, 433, 840 6, 703 9, 559 63, 358	2,816 64,523 60,835 449 3,239 1,976	134, 783 2, 856, 571 2, 770, 362 38, 995 47, 214 109, 570	38,408 1,341,946 1,275,687 31,843 34,416 44,236	392 2, 209 2, 106 19 84 113	275 426 426 	100 523 508 15 55		17 1, 260 1, 172 19 69 23	86 86	25 26 27 28 29 30
6, 632 32, 159 123, 594 2, 169 83, 544 33, 560	6, 689 16, 393 37, 988 56, 042 13, 166	23, 088 991, 958 353, 447 3, 866 949, 505	2, 196 185, 418 2, 310	1, 028 880 8, 378	7, 405 7, 361 49, 697 254 44, 231 10, 396	8,688 645,137 163,558 5,566 847,076 781,802	43,268 74,671 238,570 3,735 26,881	146, 795 2, 005, 736 1, 604, 146 16, 680 2, 729, 391 1, 316, 815	94,839 1,285,928 1,202,018 7,379 1,855,434 525,116	352 1, 291 15, 195 65 11, 124, 1, 580	306 . 630 14,063 65 10,957	525 813 54 239	113	46 136 319 	40 535 589 389	31 32 33 34 35
5, 241 12, 916 7, 225 220, 913	8,120 3,980 5,030 70,158	96, 287 42, 269 69, 877 359, 958	9,328 400 175 1,395	3, 292 2, 817 8, 491 1, 310	4, 188 1, 828 5, 514 74, 052	114,663 160,848 204,756 6,121,638	7,326 3,229 4,822 161,765	339, 575 268, 378 472, 235 7, 589, 813	217, 586 104, 301 262, 657 1, 306, 410	453 259 222 16,315	313 11 15,690	53 65 89 366	3 50	87 194 119 209	133	37 38 39 40
2, 762 12, 780 229, 478	2,080 6,898 166,763	9, 790 48, 481 3, 940 432, 005 15, 055	13, 624	2,028 11,055 750 1,354 1,590	353 921 570 59, 328 111	25,340 11,990 9,125 9,348,984 2,900	107 10,873 55 241,753 534	62,036 90,796 22,900 13,014,372 27,684	36, 589 67, 933 13, 720 3, 423, 635 24, 250	7 625 2 3,304 21	545 1,887	6 80 1,352		1 2 65 21	471	41 42 43 44 45
56, 616 201, 379	45, 565 193, 810	212, 912 803, 255	8, 935 48, 952	32, 496 106, 340	7,422 33,053	199,681 661,786	9,688 43,693	760,477 3,237,734	551, 108 2, 532, 255	449 1,829	80 25	582		$^{361}_{1,222}$	6	46 47
62,090 127,855	84,624 101,822	162, 547 638, 392	750 14,187	18, 936 85, 586	8, 574 24, 234	227,774 427,266	7,210 36,427	903, 701 2, 237, 832	668,717 1,774,139	344 1,485	25	2 580		342 880	6	48 49
11,434	7,364	2,316	34,015	1,818	245	6,746	56	96,201	89, 399				ļ		ļ	50
8, 820 32, 690 2, 488 20, 002 137, 081	12, 916 57, 791 2, 050 22, 653 270, 342	42, 814 1, 309, 506 43, 109 88, 960 1, 387, 474	26, 633 2, 700	10, 356 4, 168 21, 216	2,717 19,227 15,369 4,623 37,562	238, 365 6, 874, 339 79, 361 65, 450 20, 610, 183	1,241 1,005,115 697 38,103 371,585	367, 701 9, 938, 743 182, 765 313, 216 27, 731, 609	128, 095 2, 059, 289 102, 707 209, 663 6, 749, 841	39 4,143 1,347 14,004	2,467 1,145 8,061	1,531 202 4,878		37 145 1, 065	2,780 42 6,532	51 52 53 54 55

4 Same number reported for one or		Old Other Ellering		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		number reported throughout the year.
Jewelry. 1 Looking-glass and picture frames. 1 Mirrors, framed and unframed. 1 Models and patterns, not including paper patterns. 1 Paints. 1 Poultry, billing and dressing. 1	1	Pumps, steam. Roofing materials, other than metal. Shirts	2 3 1	steel works or rolling mills Tinware, not elsewhere specified.	••••	Vinegar and cider. Washing machines and clothes wring- ers. Wirework Wood preserving Wood, turned and carved.

TABLE 30.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

					PERSO:	NS EN	GAGED	IN THE 1	NDUS'	TRY.			WAGE E	ARNERS REPRES	DEC.1	5, OR 1 IVE DA	IEAR- LY.	
ļ		Num-			Sala- ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wag	e earne	rs.			16 and	over.	Und	er 16.	
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	ber of estab- lish-		Pro- prie- tors	offi- cers, su-				Nun	iber,15	th day	of—	Total.					Capital.
1		ments.	Total.	and firm mem- bers.	perin- tend- ents, and	Male.	Fe- male.	Aver- age num- ber.		imum		mum	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	
				DOIS.	man- agers.			Der.	mo	nth.	mo	nth.						
	CITIES OF 50,000	INHAI	BITANT	s or	MOR	E—A	LL IN	DUSTR	IES	сомві	NED	AND	SPECII	TIED :	INDU	STRI	ES.	
1	OKLAHOMA CITY—All industries.	195	2, 968	156	176	308	102	2, 226	Oc	2, 410	Fe	2, 135	2,414	2,065	343	6		\$9,002,332
2 3 4 5 6	Artificial stone products Bread and other bakery products Confectionery and ice cream Copper, tin, and sheet-iron work Flour-mill and gristmill products	3 16 7 5 6	9 330 62 27 127	4 24 4 8 2	4 6 12	7 7 7 26	12 2 1 6	5 283 43 18 81	Jy Jy Je 4 Se	5 291 60 20 88	(3) Fe De 4 Ja 4 My 4	5 271 31 16 78	5 292 49 20 81	5 165 44 20 81	127 5			57,700 521,025 226,462 29,190 1,120,592
7	Food preparations, not elsewhere	5	20	3	3	2	2	10	Je	16	Ja 4	4	17	12	. 5	ļ		50, 431
8 9 10	specified. Foundry and machine-shop products. Ice, manufactured. Lumber, planing-mill products, in- cluding wooden box factories.	13 5 5	154 54 100	10 3	15 11 9	18 7 2	7 2 1	104 34 85	Au Jy Au	129 60 107	Ja Ja 4 Fe	77 7 69	108 62 91	108 62 91				406, 129 427, 129 267, 538
11 12 13 14	Marble and stone work	3 3 7 9	10 44 27 24	3 8 7	6	2 3	2	7 34 19 13	Ja Ja Au 4 (³)	10 42 22 13	Ap 4 Au 4 Ja 4 (3)	5 29 15 13	6 38 20 13	6 33 20 7	5	i		28,050 102,578 96,927 14,145
15	Printing and publishing, job work only.	29	263	27	23	22	15	176	Oc	192	Fe	157	182	156	22	4		479, 451
16	Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals.	21	368	-10	29	58	24	247	Oc 4		Ју	232	243	222	20	1		545,957
17 18	Tobacco, cigars	6 52	1,327	9 34	57	154	28	1, 054	De	16	Se 4	12	1,170	1,018	152			6,717 4,622,311
Au Au Av Ba	* All other industries embrace— tificial limbs	Boxes Brick Broom Butter	inding ar and cart as, from l	ons, pa	per		1 2 1	Cars a and r panie Clothin Coffee,	nd ge epairs es ig, me roasti	neral s by elec- n's and ing and	hop c tric-ra youth grindi	onstrucilroad ns' ng	com- 1 4	Engra inclu Gas, il Gas r mete	ving, s iding p luming nachin	steel a plate p ating a es an	and cop rinting nd heat d gas	oper plate, 2 ing 1 and water

CITIES OF 10,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS-ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED.

1 2 3 4	CHICKASHA ENID GUTHRIE MCALESTER	29 45 30 33	430 390 261 237	27 33 29 27	17 25 15 19	44 40 20 14	5 9 12 6	337 283 185 171	Oc No ⁸ Oc Ja	406 315 206 190	Ja Fe Ap Mh	243 238 162 150	419 340 217 224	405 303 160 209	14 36 38 12	2		\$1,315,095 1,667,279 612,226 984,934
5 6 7 8	Muskogee Sapulpa. Shawnee Tulsa	80 30 46 103	1,046 503 966 1,141	61 32 39 99	63 13 40 52	75 21 37 115	19 4 5 30	828 433 845 845	Au Je Au Ap	895 488 991 939	Fe No Ja Au	737 390 560 784	950 441 899 910	862 415 774 863	84 15 109 43		i	1,710,337 458,785 1,534,261 3,195,262

¹ Owned power only.

² Includes rented power, other than electric.

MANUFACTURES—OKLAHOMA.

OR MORE, BY INDUSTRIES, AND FOR CITIES OF 10,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1914—Continued.

			EXPE	NSES.								POT	VER.		
Sal	aries and w	ages.		Rent ar	nd taxes.	For ma	terials.		Value		Primar	y horse	power.		Elec-
Officials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including internal revenue and corporation income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	In- ternal com- bus- tion en- gines.2	Water wheels and mo- tors. ¹	Elec- tric (rent- ed).	horse- power gener- ated in estab- lish- ments report ing.
	CIT	ries of 5	0,000 INH	ABITANT	rs or M	ORE-ALL	INDUSTR	IES COMB	INED AND	SPECI	FIED I	NDUS	rries.	•	
\$299,057	\$427,606	\$1,352,568	\$34,186	\$89,283	\$62,110	\$16,041,650	\$190,139	\$20, 725, 811	\$4,494,022	9, 172	6,781	314		2,077	2,021
4,950 11,000 22,990	25, 210 6, 951 125 47, 606	3, 389 129, 686 31, 051 15, 660 59, 593	500	4, 166 3, 270 1, 350 502	1,045 5,045 2,779 298 7,088	5,050 489,317 164,503 27,013 2,448,619	24 12,617 16,711 310 19,203	13,674 848,467 315,259 53,255 2,745,636	8,600 346,533 134,045 25,932 277,814	2 229 883 11 1,195	880 975	120		2 229 3 11 100	50 275
2,660	1,880	4, 227	18	1,653	339	32,399	753	53,927	20,775	45				45	
26,550 13,148 10,340	31,545 5,227 2,420	62,179 22,546 59,960	532	7, 290 48 1, 400	3,629 3,012 2,780	144, 321 10, 433 137, 451	5,817 14,348 2,678	362, 231 90, 782 215, 202	212,093 66,001 75,073	197 1,351 389	1,350 125	23		174 1 264	191 125
8,996 180	1,680 2,080	4, 695 18, 653 12, 458 9, 094	.,	300 1,920 1,504 1,311	1,327 880 212	12,800 94,145 23,186 21,427	508 1,175 1,116 77	22, 936 147, 018 59, 211 51, 894	9,628 51,698 34,909 30,390	33 93 14 7		40 6		33 53 14 1	
40, 436	33,870	127,007	6,479	18,914	5,168	126, 535	5, 474	447, 004	314,995	204		·····		204	
61,966	63,747	127, 369	24,073	20, 237	7, 498	209,019	5,788	811,444	596,637	295				295	
95,841	205,265	6,267 658,734	2, 174	206 25, 212	2,096 18,483	14,415 12,081,017	157 103,383	29,775 14,458,096	15, 203 2, 273, 696	4, 224	3,451	125		648	1,380
rdware velry rrors, frai dels and	med and un patterns,	framed not includi	1 Pai 1 Per ng Ph	nts fumery an roleum, re oto-engrav	d cosmetics fininging	,000 INHAI	1 Sadd 3 Shirt 1 Signs 2 Slaug	ng materials, lery and harr s, other than c htering and i	electric meat packing		2 Struc 1 stee 1 Wirev 1	tural in d works	ronwork or rollii	, not r ng mills.	nade in
\$28,826 33,366	\$44,364 44,949	\$234, 605 175, 489		\$4,492 11,166	\$11, 486 14, 753	\$1,231,861 1,998,703	\$44,777 49,749 15,976	\$1,719,676		T .	1,313 1,247	62 102	2	256 366	40 125
33,366 25,038 26,536	19,672 14,249	115, 738 101, 126	\$2 280	6,014 5,898	9, 074 9, 771	547,008 272,682	15, 976 24, 918	2, 610, 533 853, 485 573, 511	\$443,038 562,081 290,501 275,911	1,633 1,715 1,211 1,111	970 964	5 16		236 131	20
88, 253	83,880	560, 181 227, 795	4, 106 725	22, 862 6, 289	38, 987 4, 420	1,505,562 219,385	67, 630 15, 188	2, 754, 811 604, 457	1,181,619 369,884	2, 220 670	1,162 579	159 13		899 78	

 $^{{\}bf 3}$ Same number reported throughout the year.

⁴ Same number reported for one or more other months.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SAM. L. ROGERS, DIRECTOR

CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES: 1914

OREGON

Prepared under the supervision of W. M. STEUART, Chief Statistician for Manufactures

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WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

EXPLANATION OF TERMS.

Scope of census.—Census statistics of manufactures are compiled primarily for the purpose of showing the absolute and relative magnitude of the different branches of industry covered and their growth or decline. Incidentally, the effort is made to present data throwing light upon character of ownership, size of establishments, and similar subjects. When use is made of the statistics for these purposes it is imperative that due attention should be given to their limitations, particularly in connection with any attempt to derive from them figures purporting to show average wages, cost of production, or profits.

The census did not cover establishments which were idle during the entire year or whose products were valued at less than \$500, or the manufacturing done in educational, eleemosynary, and penal institutions.

Period covered.—The returns relate to the calendar year 1914, or the business year which corresponded most nearly to that calendar year, and cover a year's operations, except for establishments which began or discontinued business during the

The establishment.—As a rule, the term "establishment" represents a single plant or factory, but in some cases it represents two or more plants which were operated under a common ownership or for which one set of books of account was kept. If, however, the plants constituting an establishment as thus defined were not all located within the same city or state, separate reports were secured in order that the figures for each plant might be included in the statistics for the city or state in which it was located. In some instances separate reports were secured for different industries carried on in the same establishment.

Classification by industries.—The establishments were assigned to the several classes of industries according to their products of chief value. The products reported for a given industry may thus, on the one hand, include minor products very different from those covered by the class designation, and, on the other hand, may not include the total product covered by this designation, because some part of this product may be made in establishments in which it is not the product of chief value. As a rule, the same designation is used for the industry wherever it appears, although all of the products indicated by this designation were not manufactured in the state or city for which these statistics are presented. In some instances the wording is changed so as to more correctly describe the products represented. For a number of industries subclasses are shown which indicate more definitely the kind of products. of products.

Selected industries.—The general tables at the end of this bulletin give the principal facts separately for the industries of the state. A selection has been made of the leading industries of the state for more detailed consideration. Sometimes an industry of greater importance than some of those selected is omitted because it comprises so few establishments that these detailed presentations would reveal the operations of individual concerns.

Comparisons with previous censuses.—Owing to changes in industrial conditions it is not always possible to classify establishments by industries in such a way as to permit accurate comparison with preceding censuses. At the census of 1909 the figures for kindred industries were combined. This practice, as a rule, has been followed in compiling the statistics of 1914 when placed in comparison with those 1909 and prior years. The comparative summary for 1914, 1909, and 1904, therefore, does not show separately all the industries given for 1914 in the detailed statement for the state.

Influence of increased prices.—In comparing figures for cost of materials, value of products, and value added by manufacture in 1914 and 1909 with the corresponding figures for earlier censuses, account should be taken of the general increase in the prices of commodities during recent years. To the extent to which this factor has been influential the figures fail to afford an exact measure of the increase in the volume of business.

persons engaged in the industry.—The following general classes of persons engaged in the manufacturing industries were distinguished: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officers of corporations, (3) superintendents and managers, (4) clerks (including other subordinate salaried employees), and (5) wage earners. In the reports for the censuses of 1904 and 1899 these five classes were shown according to the three main groups: (1) Proprietors and firm members, (2) salaried officials, clerks, etc., and (3) wage earners. In comparative tables covering the census of 1904 it is of course necessary to group the figures according to the classification that was employed at the earlier censuses.

The number of persons engaged in each industry, segregated by sex, and, in the case of wage earners, also by age (whether under 16 or 16 and over), was reported for a single representative day. The 15th of December was selected as representing for most industries normal conditions of employment, but where this date was not a representative day an earlier date was chosen.

In the case of employees of this class does not ordinarily vary much from month to month. In the case of wage earners the average has been obtained in the manner explained in the next paragraph.

In addition to the more detailed report by sex and age of the number of wage earners on the representative date, a report was obtained of the number of more detailed report by sex and age of the number of wage earners on the representative date, a report was obtained of the number of mage armers of the year, since the number of employees of this class does not ordinarily vary much from month to month. In the case of wage earners the average has been obtained in the manner explained in the next paragraph.

In addition to the more detailed report by sex and age of the number of wage earners on the representative date, a report was obtained of the number of wage earners on the representative date, a report was obtained of the number of wage earners or the year,

In particular, totals by sex and age for the wage earners reported for the representative day for all industries combined would be misleading because of the undue weight given to seasonal industries, in some of which, such as canning and preserving, the distribution of the wage earners by sex and age is materially different from that in most industries of more regular operation. In order to determine as nearly as possible the sex and age distribution of the average number of wage earners for a given state as a whole, the per cent distribution by sex and age of the wage earners in each industry for December 15, or the nearest representative day, has been calculated from the actual numbers reported for that date. The percentages thus obtained have been applied to the average number of wage earners for the year in that industry to determine the average number of men, women, and children employed. These calculated averages for the several industries have been added to give the average distribution for each state as a whole and for the entire country.

Salaries and wages.—Under these heads are given the total payments during the year for salaries and wages, respectively. The Census Bureau has not undertaken to calculate the average annual earnings of either salaried employees or wage earners. Such averages would possess little real value, because they would be based on the earnings of employees of both sexes, of all ages, and of widely varying degrees of skill. Furthermore, so far as wage earners are concerned, it would be impossible to calculate accurately even so simple an average as this, since the number of wage earners fluctuates from month to month in every industry, and in some eases to a very great extent. The Census Bureau's figures for wage earners, as already explained, are averages based on the number employed on the 15th of each month and represent the approximate number who would be required to perform the work in any industry if all were continuously employed during the year, whereas the actual number to whom the total wages were paid would be larger.

Prevailing hours of labor.—No attempt was made to exertent the number of

Prevailing hours of labor.—No attempt was made to ascertain the number of wage earners working a given number of hours per week. The inquiry called merely for the prevailing practice followed in each establishment. Occasional variations in hours in an establishment from one part of the year to another were disregarded, and no attention was paid to the fact that a few wage carners might have hours differing from those of the majority. All the wage carners of each establishment are therefore counted in the class within which the establishment itself falls. In most establishments, however, all or practically all the wage earners work the same number of hours, so that the figures give a substantially correct representation of the hours of labor.

Capital.—The instructions on the schedule for securing data relating to capital were as follows:

were as follows:

"The answer should show the total amount of capital, both owned and borrowed, on the last day of the business year reported. All the items of fixed and live capital may be taken at the amounts carried on the books. If land or buildings are rented, that fact should be stated and no value given. If a part of the land or buildings is owned, the remainder being rented, that fact should be so stated and only the value of the owned property given. Do not include securities and loans representing investments in other enterprises."

These instructions were identical with those employed at the census of 1909. The data compiled in respect to capital, however, at both censuses, as well as at all preceding censuses of manufactures, have been so defective as to be of little value except as indicating very general conditions. In fact, it has been repeatedly recommended by the census authorities that this inquiry be omitted from the schedule. While there are some establishments whose accounting systems are such that an accurate return for capital could be made, this is not true of the great majority, and the figures therefore do not show the actual amount of capital invested.

Materials.—The statistics as to cost of materials relate to the materials used during the year, which may be more or less than the materials purchased during the year. The term "materials" covers fuel, rent of power and heat, mill supplies, and containers, as well as materials which form a constituent part of the product.

Rent and taxes.—The taxes include internal revenue, corporation income tax, and state, county, and local taxes. In some instances the amount of the corporation tax for 1914 had not been ascertained when the report was prepared and the amount paid for 1913 was therefore given.

Value of products.—The amounts given under this heading represent the selling value or price at the factory of all products manufactured during the year, which may differ from the value of the products sold.

Value added by manufacture.—The value of products is not a satisfactory Value added by manufacture.—The value of products is not a satisfactory measure of either the absolute or the relative importance of a given industry, because only a part of this value is actually created by the manufacturing processes carried on in the industry itself. Another part, and often by far the larger one, represents the value of the materials used. For many purposes, therefore, the best measure of the importance of an industry is the value created by the manufacturing operations carried on within the industry. This value is calculated by deducting the cost of the materials used from the value of the products. The figure thus obtained is termed in the census reports "value added by manufacture."

Cost of manufacture and profits.—The census data do not show the entire cost of manufacture, and consequently can not be used for the calculation of profits. No account has been taken of interest or depreciation, rent of offices and buildings other than factory or works, insurance, ordinary repairs, advertising, and other sundry expenses.

Primary horsepower.—This item represents the total primary power generated by the manufacturing establishments plus the amount of power, principally electric, rented from other concerns. It does not cover the power of electric motors taking their current from dynamos driven by primary power machines operated by the same establishment, because the inclusion of such power would obviously result in duplication. The figures for primary horsepower represent the rated capacity of the engines, motors, etc., and not the amount of power in actual daily use, since in most cases an engine or motor is not required to deliver continuously its full rated horsepower.

Fuel.—Statistics of the quantity of fuel used are shown only for antibracite and bituminous coal, coke, oil, and gas. They relate to the quantity used during the year, which may be more or less than the quantity purchased. As only the principal varieties of fuel are shown, no comparison can be made with the total cost of all fuel.

OREGON.

By Edwin Carlson.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

General character of the state.—Oregon was admitted to the Union in 1859. With a gross area of 96,699 square miles, of which 95,607 represent land surface, it ranks ninth in size among the states. In 1914 there were in Oregon 24,953 square miles in unappropriated and unreserved public lands of the United States, 24,345 square miles in national forests, and 1,889 square miles in Indian reservations. At the census of 1900 the population of the state was 413,536; at the census of 1910, 672,765; and its estimated population in 1914 was 783,000. In total population Oregon ranked thirty-fifth among the states in 1910, and in density of population it ranked forty-first, with seven inhabitants per square mile, the corresponding number in 1900 being 4.3.

The urban population in 1910—that is, the population residing in incorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more—was 307,060, or 45.6 per cent of the total, as against 32.2 per cent in 1900. There were in Oregon in 1914 five cities—Astoria, Eugene, Medford, Portland, and Salem—each having an estimated population of more than 10,000. These cities, whose aggregate population formed 40 per cent of the total estimated population of the state in that year, reported 58.4 per cent of the value of its manufactured products. Portland alone, which is estimated to have contained 33.3 per cent of the population of Oregon in 1914, reported 50.7 per cent of the value of the state's manufactured products.

The steam-railway mileage in 1914 was 2,912, and the electric-railway mileage in 1912 was 464. The Columbia River, with its tributaries and canal connections, provides important transportation facilities for the northwestern part of the state.

Agriculture is the leading industry. The value of all farm crops grown in 1909 amounted to \$49,040,725, and the value of domestic animals sold or slaughtered on farms during the same year was \$17,433,774.

Importance and growth of manufactures.—Oregon's manufactured products in 1914 were valued at \$109,-761,951, and the average number of wage earners employed in its manufacturing industries was 28,829. In that year and also in 1909 the state ranked thirtythird in the former respect and thirty-fifth in the latter. The output of manufactured products in Oregon in 1914 represented five-tenths of 1 per cent of the total for the United States, as measured by value; the corresponding proportion for both 1909 and 1904 was four-tenths of 1 per cent.

Table 1 summarizes the more important data relative to all classes of manufactures combined for the censuses of 1914, 1909, 1904, and 1899, and gives the percentages of increase from census to census.

With the exception of proprietors and firm members which show a small decrease for the period 1909-1914 there is an increase for each successive census in all items, the per cent of increase, however, being greater for the five-year period 1904-1909.

Table 1		MANUFACTURIN	G INDUSTRIES.		PER CEN	T OF INC	REASE.1
	1914	1909	1904	1899	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904
Number of establishments Persons engaged. Proprietors and firm members Salaried employees. Wage earners (average number) Primary horsepower Capital Salaries and wages Salaries. Wages Paid for contract work. Rent and taxes (including internal revenue) Cost of materials. Value of products Value added by manufacture (value of products less cost of materials).	35,449 2,189 4,431 28,829 219,222 \$139,500,379 26,614,328 5,682,751 20,931,577 725,562 2,135,047 63,257,821	2, 246 34, 722 2, 499 3, 473 28, 750 175, 019 \$89, 081, 873 23, 946, 428 4, 047, 494 19, 901, 934 576, 699 1, 418, 564 50, 552, 470 93, 004, 845 42, 452, 375	1, 602 22, 018 1, 728 1, 769 18, 523 81, 348 \$44, 023, 548 13, 576, 026 2, 132, 514 11, 443, 512 459, 571 a 688, 506 30, 596, 763 55, 525, 123 24, 928, 360	1, 406 (2) (2) 1, 143 14, 459 60, 005 \$28, 359, 089 8, 044, 171 1, 222, 160 6, 822, 011 (2) 20, 788, 833 36, 592, 714 15, 803, 881	3.3 -12.4 -27.6 0.3 25.3 56.6 11.1 40.4 5.2 25.8 50.5 25.1 18.0 9.5	40. 2 57. 7 44. 8 96. 3 55. 5 115. 1 102. 4 76. 4 89. 8 73. 9 25. 5 65. 2 67. 5 70. 3	13.9 54.8 28.1 35.6 55.2 68.8 74.5 67.7 47.2 51.7 57.7

¹ A minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

manufacturing industries in 1914 and gives percent- | 1899 to 1914.

Table 2 shows the relative importance of the leading | ages of increase for the three five-year periods from

² Figures not available.

⁸ Exclusive of internal revenue.

Table 2				CENSUS OF 19	914.					P	ER CEN	T OF IN	CREASE	.1		
	Num-	Wage ea	rners.	Value of pro	ducts.	Value add manufact		Wa (aver	age earn age nun	ers aber).	Value	e of pro	ducts.		e addeo nufactu	
INDUSTRY.	ber of estab- lish- ments.	Average number.	Per cent dis- tribu- tion.	Amount.	Per cent dis- tribu- tion.	Amount.	Per cent dis- tribu- tion.	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904	1909- 1914	1904- 1909	1899- 1904	1909- 1914	1904 1909	1899- 1904
All industries	2,320	28,829	100.0	\$109,761,951	100.0	\$46,504,130	100.0	0.3	55.2	28.1	18.0	67.5	51.7	9.5	70.3	57. 7
Lumber and timber products	95 14 118	13,888 450 442 434 1,556	48. 2 1. 6 1. 5 1. 5 5. 4	30, 920, 407 11, 192, 573 7, 486, 920 6, 567, 949 6, 010, 857	28. 2 10. 2 6. 8 6. 0 5. 5	16, 521, 419 1, 365, 342 1, 284, 465 1, 065, 647 4, 448, 350	35. 5 2. 9 2. 8 2. 3 9. 6	-7.8 14.2 20.8 3.3 6.6	76. 0 -0. 3 48. 8	41. 3 -6. 0 43. 0	2. 4 25. 9 27. 3 33. 5 19. 2	95. 9 5. 0 102. 3	39. 1 38. 0 77. 5	7.1 11.5 48.6 10.1 13.0	86. 0 9. 7 67. 3	62.3 16.7 85.3
Canning and preserving	71 169 163 62	799 1,254 700 466	2.8 4.3 2.4 1.6	4,738,067 3,822,590 3,325,789 2,674,524	4.3 3.5 3.0 2.4	1,647,647 2,206,966 1,446,261 1,017,800	3. 5 4. 7 3. 1 2. 2	20.9 18.9 14.2 8.1	25. 0 34. 1 42. 6	-33.1 96.3 77.0	47.7 21.9 17.6 66.0	10.2 97.4 88.1	46. 0 87. 3 93. 1	61.6 32.9 19.7 31.2	0.3 76.0 92.0	46. 1 81. 7 100. 3
panies	14	1,601	5.6	2, 583, 653	2.4	1,564,346	3.4	106.0	-16.5	23.8	122. 2	-8.1	23.3	139.1	-25.6	62.2
Coffee, roasting and grindingLiquors, malt	10	99 189 648 336 385	0.3 0.6 2.3 1.2 1.3	2,049,844 1,810,440 1,701,587 1,580,735 1,528,060	1.9 1.6 1.6 1.4 1.4	517, 724 1, 302, 267 758, 601 768, 448 1, 124, 032	1. 1 2. 8 1. 6 1. 7 2. 4	-7.4 38.2 18.7 48.1	35.1 -17.1 112.8	11. 0 -15. 8 24. 3	43.7 - 2.5 83.2 30.1 68.1	76.0 66.1 -10.2 220.6 98.9	56.6 15.1 81.3	55.6 -7.2 88.8 15.3 58.5	112.1 103.6 -25.3 179.8 90.1	27. 4 24. 5 110. 6
FurnitureLeather goods	48 ا.	673 202	2.3	1,335,380 1,075,016	1.2 1.0	791, 182 402, 477	1.7 0.9	21.9 42.8	29.9 30.7	114.6 4.7	22. 0 -34. 0	38.5 76.1	164. 2 42. 3	29.7 37.2	35.0 67.1	232. 4 46. 7
Food preparations, not elsewhere spec- fied. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by electric-railroad com-	18	79	0.3	877, 544	0.8	252,780	0.5				51.4	63.4		11.0	105.4	-
panies	. 4	225	0.8	536, 237	0.5	231, 733	0.5			ļ		ļ				
elay products	42	382	1.3	521,368	0.5	355, 992	0.8	-0.8	45.8	20.0	-22.8	114.3	38.8	-31.5	106.3	32.6
Awnings, tents and sails	. 9	84 66 154 106	0.3 0.2 0.5 0.4	492, 871 445, 159 383, 048 375, 607	0.4 0.4 0.3 0.3	305, 268 167, 936 234, 864 257, 273	0.7 0.4 0.5 0.6	-17.7	14.7		7.3 -19.2 46.3	19.7 18.4	171. 2 87. 1	109. 8 22. 4 42. 0	333. 1 39. 6 2. 8	152.3 81.4
Marble and stone work. Shipbuilding, including boat building, stoves, hot-air furnaces, and ranges. All other industries.	24 20 10 359	88 163 80 3,280	0.3 0.6 0.3 11.4	346, 127 332, 074 289, 037 14, 758, 488	0.3 0.3 0.3 13.5	200, 033 217, 626 159, 759 5, 887, 892	0.4 0.5 0.3 12.7		25. 4		16. 5 -30. 4 -17. 7	60.6 152.5		8.7 20.1 27.6	56. 9 85. 7	

¹ Percentages are based on figures in Table 29; a minus sign (-) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100, or when comparable figures can not be given.

Separate statistics are presented for 27 industries, or industry groups, for each of which products valued at more than \$250,000 were reported for 1914. These industries include 1 with products exceeding \$30,000,-000, and 1 exceeding \$10,000,000, 3 with products between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000, 12 with products between \$1,000,000 and \$5,000,000, and 10 with products valued at less than \$1,000,000. Among those included under the head of "all other industries" are the following which have products in excess of those shown in the table, but for which statistics can not be shown separately without the possibility of disclosing the operations of individual establishments: Bags, other than paper; boots and shoes, including cut stock and findings; clothing, men's, including shirts; cordage and twine; oil, linseed; paper and wood pulp; soap; wood preserving; and wool pulling.

The industries in this table are arranged in the order of their importance as shown by value of products, but the arrangement would vary considerably from that given if based on average number of wage earners or value added by manufacture. Lumber and timber products is the only industry which ranked alike in all three respects. Among the industries showing the greatest differences in rank when based on each of the three factors shown in the table are flour-mill and

gristmill products, which is second in value of products, seventh in value added by manufacture, and tenth in the number of wage earners; slaughtering and meat packing, third in value of products, was ninth in value added by manufacture and eleventh in number of wage earners; butter, cheese, and condensed milk, fourth in value of products, was eleventh in value added by manufacture and twelfth in number of wage earners; printing and publishing, fifth in value of products, was second in value added by manufacture and third in number of wage earners.

In rank according to value of products, there were a few changes in 1914 as compared with 1909. Of the more important industries shown in the table, lumber and timber products, flour-mill and gristmill products, slaughtering and meat packing, canning and preserving, foundry and machine-shop products, and bread and other bakery products held the same rank in value of products at both censuses. Butter, cheese, and condensed milk advanced from fifth place in 1909 to fourth in 1914, having exchanged positions with printing and publishing. Liquors, malt, and leather goods, ranking ninth and tenth in 1909, dropped to twelfth and seventeenth, respectively, in 1914. Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products and cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies,

ranking ninth and tenth in 1914, were eleventh and thirteenth in 1909. For the remainder of the industries slight changes from census to census are noticeable.

Lumber and timber products.—This industry, embracing logging camps, sawmills, planing mills, woodenbox factories, and the manufacture of window and door screens, is by far the most important industry in the state, not only as to value of products but also in number of wage earners employed. During the period from 1909 to 1914 while the number of establishments decreased 187 and the number of wage earners 1,178, the value of products increased \$720,550, which is probably due to the advance in price of lumber and commodities. The decrease in the number of establishments and of wage earners is due in part to the fact that during the period between the censuses some of the smaller mills were merged with the larger plants or discontinued operations.

Flour-mill and gristmill products.—This industry, second in importance in the state, as measured by value of products, excludes custom mills grinding exclusively for tolls or local consumption. There was a slight decrease from 1909 to 1914 in the number of establishments, which is probably due to a greater centralization of the industry, causing the abandonment of some small local gristmills. During the five-year period, however, the value of products increased \$2,301,572, or 25.9 per cent; the value added by manufacture, 11.5 per cent, and the number of wage earners, 14.2 per cent.

In considering the statistics for the lumber mills and gristmills it should be remembered that mills engaged exclusively in custom sawing and grinding for consumption in the immediate neighborhood should not be included in the census of manufactures, but it is not always possible to conduct the enumeration in regard to these establishments on uniform lines in all sections of the country at different censuses.

Slaughtering and meat packing.—This industry, which is third in importance in value of products, does not include the operations of retail butcher shops. The value of products increased \$1,607,305, or 27.3 per cent, the value added by manufacture, \$419,696, or 48.6 per cent, and the average number of wage earners, 20.8 per cent.

Butter, cheese, and condensed milk.—Fourth in importance in value of products in the state, this industry showed a marked increase from 1909 to 1914. During the five-year period the value of products increased \$1,647,487, or 33.5 per cent, and the number of establishments, 24.2 per cent.

Printing and publishing.—This industry includes job printing; the printing and publishing of books, newspapers, and periodicals; bookbinding and blankbook making; engraving, steel and copper plate, including plate printing; and lithographing. Measured by value of products this industry ranked fourth in

1909, but dropped to fifth place in 1914. Notwithstanding its change in rank during the five-year period 1909-1914, the industry shows increases in all items. The value of products increased 19.2 per cent, the value added by manufacture, 13 per cent, and the number of establishments, 16.4 per cent.

Canning and preserving.—In value of products this industry ranked sixth at the last two censuses, and includes canning and preserving fruits and vegetables, fish and oysters, and the manufacture of pickles, preserves, and sauces. The increase in value of products for 1909–1914 was \$1,531,007, or 47.7 per cent; that of value added by manufacture, \$628,019, or 61.6 per cent; and that of average number of wage earners, 138, or 20.9 per cent.

Persons engaged in the manufacturing industries.— Table 3 shows, for 1909 and 1914, the number of persons engaged in manufactures, distributed by sex, the average number of wage earners being distributed also by age. The sex and age classification of the average number of wage earners in this and other tables is an estimate obtained by the method described in the "Explanation of terms."

Table 3		PERSON	S ENGAGI IND	ED IN MA		URING
CLASS,	Cen- sus year.	Total.	Male.	Fe-	Per co	
		Total.	Mate.	male.	Male.	Fe- male.
All classes	1914 1909	35, 449 34, 722	32, 625 31, 849	2,824 2,873	92.0 91.7	8.0 8.3
Proprietors and officials	1914 1909	3,630 3,719	3,545 3,667	85 52	97.7 98.6	2.3 1.4
Proprietors and firm members Salaried officers of corporations Superintendents and managers	1914 1909 1914 1909 1914 1909	2, 189 2, 499 537 344 904 876	2, 117 2, 453 527 340 901 874	72 46 10 4 3	96.7 98.2 98.1 98.8 99.7 99.8	3.3 1.8 1.9 1.2 0.3 0.2
Clerks and other subordinate salaried employees.	1914 1909	2,990 2,253	2,315 1,702	675 551	77.4 75.5	22.6 24.5
Wage earners (average number)	1914 1909	28, 829 28, 750	26, 765 26, 480	2,064 2,270	92.8 92.1	7.2 7.9
16 years of age and over Under 16 years of age	1914 1909 1914 1909	28,742 28,652 87 98	26, 728 26, 406 37 74	2,014 2,246 50 24	93.0 92.2	7.0 7.8

¹ Percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

In 1914 the number of persons engaged in manufactures was 35,449, of whom 28,829, or about eighttenths, were wage earners, 3,630 were proprietors and officials, and 2,990 were clerks and other subordinate salaried employees. Of the wage earners 16 years of age and over, 26,728, or 93 per cent, were males, and 2,014, or 7 per cent, were females. Figures for individual industries will be found in Table 29.

Table 4 gives, for the several classes of persons engaged in manufactures, the percentage of increase from 1909 to 1914 and the per cent distribution at the two censuses.

As shown by the table, there was a slight increase during the five-year period in the total of all classes and decreases in the number of "proprietors and officials," and in the subclass "proprietors and firm members." The largest percentage of increase for any class, 56.1, is shown for salaried officers of corpora-

tions. Wage earners 16 years of age and over represented 81.1 per cent of the total number of persons engaged in manufacturing industries in the state in 1914 and 82.5 per cent in 1909.

Table 4	PERSONS ENGAGED IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.												
	Per cent	of increase,1	1909–1914.		Р	er cent dis	tribution	•					
CLASS.	FB	25-1		Tot	tal.	Ma	le.	Fem	ale.				
	Total.	Male.	Female.	1914	1909	1914	1909	1914	1909				
All classes	2.1	2.4	-1.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0				
Proprietors and officials. Proprietors and firm members. Salaried officers of corporations. Superintendents and managers.	56. I			10. 2 6. 2 1. 5 2. 5	10.7 7.2 1.0 2.5	10.9 6.5 1.6 2.8	11. 5 7. 7 1. 1 2. 7	3.0 2.5 0.4 0.1	1.8 1.6 0.1 0.1				
Clerks and other subordinate salaried employees	32.7	36.0	22.5	8.4	6.5	7.1	5.3	23.9	19.2				
Wage earners (average number) 16 years of age and over Under 16 years of age	0.3 0.3	1.1	-9.1 -10.3	81.3 81.1 0.2	82. 8 82. 5 0. 3	82. 0 81. 9 0. 1	83. 1 82. 9 0. 2	73.1 71.3 1.8	79.0 78.2 0.8				

1 A minus sign (-) denotes decrease; percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

In order to compare the distribution of persons engaged in manufactures in 1914 with that shown at the census of 1904 it is necessary to use the classification employed at the earlier census. (See "Explanation of terms.") Table 5 makes this comparison according to occupational status.

Table 5	PERSON	NS ENGA	GED IN	MANU	FACT	URING	INDUS	TRIES.
CLASS.	ı	Number			er cer ribut		Per cent o increase.1	
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1909- 1914	1904- 1909
Total	35, 449	34, 722	22, 018	100.0	100.0	100.0	2.1	57.7
Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees Wage earners (average)	2, 189 4, 431 28, 829	3, 473	1,769	6.2 12.5 81.3	10.0	8.0		44. 8 96. 3 55. 2

 $^{^1}$ Λ minus sign (—) denotes decrease.

During the decade ending with 1914 there was a substantial increase in the number of persons engaged in the manufactures of the state, but the rate of increase was most rapid during the first five-year period. The decrease of 12.4 per cent in the number of proprietors and firm members for the period from 1909 to 1914 was due to the decrease in the number of small mills and also to the fact that some establishments operated by individuals or firms in 1909 became incorporated during the period between the censuses and were reported as corporations in 1914. It is probable that some of the persons reported as proprietors or firm members of such establishments in 1909 were returned as salaried officials of corporations in 1914.

The average number of wage earners employed and their per cent distribution as males 16 years of age and over, females 16 years of age and over, and children under 16 years of age are given in Table 6, for 1914, 1909, and 1904. This table also shows, for some of the important industries separately, a similar distribution of wage earners, for 1914 and 1909.

Table 6		W	AGE EA	RNERS.	
			Per c	ent of te	otal.
INDUSTRY.	Census year.	Average num- ber.1	16 year:	s of age over.	Un- der 16
			Male.	Fo- male.	years of age
All industries	1914 1909 1904	28, 829 28, 750 18, 523	92.7 91.8 90.9	7.0 7.8 8.0	0.3 0.4 1.1
Bread and other bakery products	1914 1909	700 613	74.8 71.1	24.6 28.5	0.6
Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and other clay products.	1914 1909	382 385	100.0 99.2		0.8
Butter, cheese, and condensed milk	1914 1909	434 420	92.6 91.4	6.9 7.6	0.5 1.0
Canning and preserving	1914 1909	799 661	56. 6 59. 6	41.9 36.9	1.5 3.5
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies.	1914 1909	1,601 777	99.9 100.0		0.1
Confectionery	1914 1909	336 283	30.9 32.2	68.5 67.8	0.6
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products	1914 1909	466 431	98.3 92.3	1.7 7.7	<u> </u>
Flour-mill and gristmill products	1914 1909	450 394	100.0 99.7	0.3	
Foundry and machine-shop products	1914 1909	1,254 1,055	99.9 100.0		0.1
Furniture	1914 1909	673 552	99.1 98.7	0.9 1.3	
Gas, illuminating and heating	1914 1909	385 260	100.0 100.0		
Leather goods	1914 1909	202 353	$\begin{array}{c} 97.5 \\ 96.6 \end{array}$	2.5 3.4	
Liquors, malt	1914 1909	189 204	100.0 100.0		
Lumber and timber products	1914 1909	13,888 15,066	99.5 99.6	0.4	0.1 0.1
Printing and publishing	1914 1909	1,556 1,459	84.5 83.7	14.3 14.3	$\frac{1.2}{2.0}$
Shipbuilding, including boat building	1914 1909	163 212	100.0 100.0		
Slaughtering and meat packing	1914 1909	442 366	$\frac{96.4}{99.2}$	3.6 0.8	
Tobacco, cigars	1914 1909	154 186	85. 1 85. 5	13.0 12.9	1.9 1.6
Woolen goods	1914 1909	648 466	61.4 59.2	37.7 37.4	0.9 3.4
All other industries	1914 1909	4,107 4,607	83. 0 78. 7	16.3 21.1	0.7 0.2

¹ For method of estimating the distribution, by sex and age periods, of the average number for all industries combined, see "Explanation of terms."

For all industries combined, the proportion of male wage earners 16 years of age and over has been slightly greater at each successive census, while the proportion of females 16 years of age and over and children under 16 years of age has decreased. Men predominate in all the industries shown in the table except confectionery. For six of the industries no females were reported at either 1914 or 1909.

Wage earners employed, by months.—The following table gives, for all industries combined, the total number of wage earners employed on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day, for 1914 and 1909, and the average number employed during each month in 1904, together with the percentage which the number reported for each month forms of the greatest number reported for any month.

The table shows that the period of greatest activity in employment in the manufactures of the state ranges from April to October. In 1914 the maximum number of wage earners appeared for May and the minimum for December. In 1909 the maximum month was September and the minimum January, and in 1904 the maximum number was employed in July and the minimum in February. The greatest actual difference between the maximum and minimum numbers employed

in any one of the three census years was 7,624, or 24.6 per cent of the maximum, in 1909.

Table 7	WAGE EARNERS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.												
MONTH.		Number.1		Per cen	t of max	imum.							
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904							
January February March April May June July Asgust September October November December	26, 154 26, 715 28, 527 30, 806 31, 596 31, 540 31, 095 30, 505 29, 243 28, 421 26, 531 24, 815	23, 354 24, 833 26, 859 29, 179 30, 302 30, 806 30, 175 30, 269 30, 978 30, 402 29, 423 28, 416	15, 930 15, 867 16, 693 18, 607 19, 679 20, 543 20, 687 20, 356 20, 425 18, 981 17, 711 16, 797	82. 8 84. 6 90. 3 97. 5 100. 0 99. 8 98. 4 96. 6 92. 6 90. 0 84. 0 78. 5	75. 4 80. 2 86. 2 94. 2 97. 8 99. 4 97. 4 97. 4 97. 1 00. 0 98. 1 95. 0 91. 7	77. 0 76. 7 80. 7 89. 9 95. 1 99. 3 100. 0 98. 4 98. 7 91. 8 85. 6 81. 2							

¹ The figures for 1914 and 1909 represent the number employed on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day; those for 1904, the average number employed during the month.

Table 8 gives the total average number of wage earners employed during 1914, together with the total number employed on the 15th of each month, or the nearest representative day, for the combined industries of the state, for a number of selected industries, and for the total industries of each of the five cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants.

Table 8	[Month	of maxin	numemp	oloyment	for each			RNERS: 1		igures an	d that of	minimur	n by itali	figures.]
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Aver-		Nu	mber em	ployed	n 15th d	ay of the	month	or neares	t represe	ntative	đay.		Per
	num- ber em- ployed during year.	Jan- uary.	Feb- ruary.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Sep- tember.	Octo- ber.	Novem- ber.	Decem- ber.	mini- mum is of maxi- mum.
All industries.	28, 829	26, 154	26,715	28, 527	30, 806	31, 596	31, 540	31,095	30, 505	29, 243	28, 421	26,531	24, 815	78.5
Bread and other bakery products. Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and other clay products. Butter, cheese, and condensed milk. Canning and preserving. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by	700 382 434 799	703 243 <i>354</i> 350	702 205 357 417	702 262 394 246	700 437 482 315	699 535 519 497	711 531 531 1,191	720 606 511 1,255	711 604 471 1,128	700 441 428 1,380	710 345 398 1,495	670 200 386 894	672 175 377 420	93. 1 28. 9 66. 7 16. 5
steam-railroad companies	1,601	1,620	1,404	1,403	1,618	1,616	1,563	1,702	1,724	1,701	1,680	1,598	1,583	81.4
Confectionery. Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products Flour-mill and gristmill products. Foundry and machine-shop products. Furniture.	336 466 450 1,254 673	330 367 477 1,184 723	308 420 426 1,319 711	320 471 413 1,357 695	343 461 <i>866</i> 1,342 683	351 507 395 1, 201 667	353 508 374 1,204 668	326 638 414 1,194 625	298 564 447 1,168 614	351 484 539 1,088 656	367 445 538 1,063 683	353 381 518 1,424 684	332 346 493 1,504 667	81. 2 54. 2 67. 9 70. 7 84. 9
Gas, illuminating and heating. Leather goods. Liquors, malt Lumber and timber products. Printing and publishing.	385 202 189 13,888 1,556	360 202 171 11, 792 1, 547	396 201 170 12, 482 1, 539	413 209 181 14, 105 1, 548	503 215 190 15, 727 1, 566	468 212 201 16, 317 1, 564	421 214 208 15, 951 1, 531	376 213 208 15, 395 1, 528	306 201 206 15, 265 1, 584	357 190 200 13,972 1,552	338 188 187 13,005 1,579	325 192 172 11,835 1,567	357 187 174 10,810 1,567	60. 8 87. 0 81. 7 66. 2 96. 5
Shipbuilding, including boat building. Slaughtering and meat packing. Tobacco, eigars. Woolen goods All other industries.	163 442 154 648 4,107	162 465 161 705 4, 238	208 436 160 691 4, 163	223 430 148 694 4, 313	196 428 146 712 4,376	208 400 146 707 4,386	165 411 155 651 4,199	155 427 154 641 4,007	146 438 164 572 3,894	126 441 154 <i>561</i> 3,922	121 465 159 628 4,027	140 465 160 616 3,951	106 498 141 598 3,808	47. 5 80. 3 86. 0 78. 8 86. 8
Total for cities	13, 474	13,031	12, 916	13,050	13,682	13, 713	14, 227	14, 363	13,786	13, 583	13, 480	13, 242	12,615	87.8
ASTORIA. EUGENE MEDFORD PORTLAND SALEM ,	1,172 238 59 11,273 732	1, 056 228 50 10, 998 699	1,062 230 51 10,863 710	1, 133 238 52 11, 064 563	1, 206 249 56 11, 615 556	1, 269 242 69 11, 545 588	1, 286 244 51 11, 731 915	1, 353 268 71 11, 936 735	1, 285 270 69 11, 386 776	1, 222 232 70 11, 243 816	1,096 219 66 11,172 927	1,103 215 54 11,068 802	993 221 49 10,655 697	73. 4 79. 6 69. 0 89. 3 60. 0

Of the selected industries, canning and preserving shows the greatest degree of fluctuation in the number of wage earners employed each month, the number in March being but 16.5 per cent of the number in October. The greatest stability of employ-

ment is shown for printing and publishing, for which industry the proportion the minimum number formed of the maximum was 96.5 per cent. Of the five cities, the greatest variation in numbers employed appears for Salem, for which the minimum number

is 60 per cent of the maximum, while Portland shows the least variation, the minimum number forming 89.3 per cent of the maximum.

Prevailing hours of labor.—In Table 9 the average number of wage earners reported, for 1914 and 1909, for all industries combined and for selected industries throughout the state, have been classified according to number of hours of labor per week prevailing in the establishments in which they were employed. A similar classification is given, for 1914 only, for all industries combined, in each city having more than 10,000 inhabitants. The number employed in each establishment is classified as a total, even though a few employees worked a greater or a smaller number of hours.

Table 9		,		AVERA	GE NUMB	ER OF WA	GE EARNE	rs.		
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Census		In esta	ablishmen	ts where	he prevail	ing hours	of labor p	er week	wore-
	year.	Total.	·48 and under.	Between 48 and 54.	54.	Between 54 and 60.	60.	Between 60 and 72.	72.	Over 72.
All industries.	1914 1909	28,829 28,750	3,979 3,396	775 762	6,917 3,880	1,324 1,030	14,839 17,861	528 1,485	420 194	47 142
Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909	700 613	61 50	191 31	314 108	16 221	101 161	15 32	· 2	4
Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and other clay products	1914 1909	382 385	59 43	7	154 96	2 8	160 238			
Butter, cheese, and condensed milk.	1914 1909	434 420	21 34	7 12	81 72	38 36	88 96	198 168	1	······ <u>2</u>
Canning and preserving	1914 1909	799 661	59 15	32 28	477 134	23	141 280	64 172	i	3 31
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies.	1914 1909	1,601 777	56 19		1,414 697		30 21	101 40		
Confectionery	1914 1909	336 283	24 19	89 75	129 24	93 127	1 37	i		
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products	1914 1909	466 - 431	183 188	4 1	279 98	7	137			
Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909	450 394	50 7	3	14 11		383 280	15	80	i
Foundry and machine-shop products	1914 1909	1,254 1,055	150 36	15 122	968 802	12 17	41 78	66	2	
Furniture	1914 1909	673 552	240	36	. 13	119 8	301 499			
Gas, illuminating and heating.	1914 1909	385 260	350		19	8 248	i	. 1		. 7 11
Leather goods	1914 1909	202 353	10 10	2 4	167 281	3 7	20 51			
Liquors, malt	1914 1909	189 204	176 170		9 2	19	4 12	1		
Lumber and timber products.	1914 1909	13,888 15,066	167 360	42 105	1,113 243	313 186	12,253 13,766	393		i3
Printing and publishing.	1914 1909	1,556 1,459	1,365 1,188	48 81	128 166	······································	13 13	, 2 4		
Shipbuilding, including boat building.	1914 1909	163 212	154 181	2	8 27		$_{2}^{1}$			
Slaughtering and meat packing.	1914 1909	442 366	9	. 7	5	14	395 340	11 5	5	1 16
Tobacco, cigars	1914 1909	154 186	149 183	2	5		i			
Woolen goods	1914 1909	648 466			25	226	397 466			
All other industries.	1914 1909	4,107 4,607	696 893	328 263	1,595 1,110	457 139	510 1,382	70 654	415 102	36 64
Total for cities.	1914	13,474	2,855	668	4,510	627	4,489	300	20	5
ASTORIA EUGENE MEDFORD	1914 1914	1,172 238	91 48	12	199 51	5 92	847 32	30		
PORTLAND. SALEM.	1914 1914 1914	11, 273 732	2,558 136	629 27	3,987 252	386 144	3,433 173	12 255	20	5

The figures in this table, for the state as a whole and for most of the selected industries, emphasize the tendency toward a shortening of the working day of wage earners. In 1909, 19,682, or more than two-thirds of the total average number of wage earners for all in-

dustries combined, were employed in establishments where the prevailing hours of labor were 60 or more per week, while but 15,834, or about four-sevenths, were so employed in 1914. On the other hand, for all industries combined, the number of wage earners

whose working hours were less than 60 per week increased from 9,068 in 1909 to 12,995 in 1914, forming 31.5 and 45.1 per cent, respectively, of the total.

In 1914 the lumber and timber industry reported 48.2 per cent of the total average number of wage earners in the state, and 88.2 per cent of them were in establishments where the prevailing hours of labor were 60 per week; for the combined industries in the state 82.6 per cent were so employed. In the printing and publishing industry, the prevailing hours for 87.7 per cent of the wage earners were 48 or under.

In 1914 the combined total average number of wage earners for the five cities having a population of 10,000 or over was 13,474, and of this number 8,660, or about two-thirds, were in establishments where the prevailing hours were fewer than 60 per week, while only 325 were in establishments in which the hours were more than 60 per week.

Location of establishments.—Table 10 shows, for 1914, 1909, and 1899, the extent to which the manufactures in Oregon were centralized in the cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants.

Table 10				CITI	ES HAVING	L POPULA	ATION OF 10,0	70 AO 00	ÆR.		DISTRICTS OF CITIES	
	Census year.	Aggregate.	Total	i.	10,000 to :	25,000.	25,000 to 10	00,000.	100,000 and	l over.	A POPULA 10,000 OR	TION OF
			Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.	Number or amount.	Per cent of aggre- gate.
Number of places	1914 1910 1900		5 2 1		4 1		1		1 1			
Population 1	1914 1910 1900	783, 239 672, 765 413, 536	313,577 221,308 90,426	40.0 32.9 21.9	52, 976 14, 094	6.8 2.1	90, 426	21.9	260, 601 207, 214	33. 3 30. 8	469,662 451,457 323,110	60.0 - 67.1 78.1
Number of establishments	1914 1909 1899	2,320 2,246 1,406	1,016 711 408	43. 8 31. 7 29. 0	179 62	7. 7 2. 8	408	29.0	837 649	36. 1 28. 9	1,304 1,535 998	56. 2 68. 3 71. 0
Average number of wage earners	1914 1909 1899	28, 829 28, 750 14, 459	13, 474 12, 811 5, 380	46.7 44.6 37.2	2, 201 597	7. 6 2. 1	5, 380	37. 2	11, 273 12, 214	39. 1 42. 5	15, 355 15, 939 9, 079	53. 3 55. 4 62. 8
Value of products	1914 1909 1899	\$109, 761, 951 93, 004, 845 36, 592, 714	\$64,123,954 49,068,798 16,903,707	58. 4 52. 8 46. 2	\$8, 426, 514 2, 208, 031	7. 7 2. 4	\$16,903,707	46.2	\$55, 697, 440 46, 860, 767	50. 7 50. 4	\$45, 637, 997 43, 936, 047 19, 689, 007	41.6 47.2 53.8
Value added by manufacture	1914 1909 1899	46, 504, 130 42, 452, 375 15, 803, 881	25, 466, 346 21, 815, 981 6, 726, 379	54.8 51.4 42.6	3, 667, 559 1, 030, 830	7. 9 2. 4	6,726,379	42.6	21, 798, 787 20, 785, 151	46.9 49.0	21, 037, 784 20, 636, 394 9, 077, 502	45. 2 48. 6 57. 4

¹ Census estimates of population for 1914

In accepting the statistics in this table, it must be remembered that some of the cities—Astoria, Eugene, and Medford—that had a population of 10,000 and over at the census of 1914, were included with those for the outside districts at prior censuses. The table shows, however, that for 1914 the cities, which represented 40 per cent of the estimated population of the state, reported 58.4 per cent of the total value of products, 54.8 per cent of the total value added by manufacture, 46.7 per cent of the total average number of wage earners, and 43.8 per cent of the total number of establishments.

Character of ownership.—Table 12 presents statistics concerning character of ownership, or legal organization, of manufacturing enterprises. For all industries, combined, comparative figures are given for 1914, 1909, and 1904; for selected industries, statistics for 1914 and 1909 are shown; and for individual cities the figures are for all industries combined, and relate only to 1914. In order to avoid disclosing the operations of individual establishments, it is necessary to omit several important industries from this table.

This table shows, for all industries combined, an increase from 1909 to 1914 in the number of establishments under corporate and individual ownership, and a decrease in all other forms of ownership, which includes general and limited partnerships and cooperative associations. Although corporate ownership comprised in 1914 only 30.6 per cent of the total number of establishments in the state, they reported 83.2 per cent of the total value of products, and 83.4 per cent of the total average number of wage earners; in 1909 and 1904 the corresponding proportions were slightly less. The proportions of the total average number of wage earners and value of products reported by corporations have been greater at each successive census.

The number of establishments under individual ownership represented 45.8 per cent of the total number of establishments in the state in 1914, and all other forms of ownership, 23.6 per cent. The proportion of the total average number of wage earners and value of products under individual ownership have decreased at each successive census.

Table 11		ESTAI	MBER BLISHM NED BY	ENTS	AVE	RAGE	NUMBE	R OF W	AGE E	ARNEF	.s.		V.	LUE OF PRO	DUCTS.			
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Indi-	Cor-	A11			tablishi vned by		Per c	ent of	total.1		Of establ	ishments ow	ned by—	Per	ent of	total.
		vid- uals.	pora- tions.	oth- ers.	Total.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All oth-	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All oth- ers.	Total.	Indi- viduals.	Corpo- rations.	All others.	Indi- vid- uals.	Cor- pora- tions.	All oth-
All industries 1	1914 1909 1904	1,062 1,031 746	710 640 409	548 575 447	28, 829 28, 750 18, 523	2,678 3,552 2,919	22,063	2,104 3,135 2,567	9.3 12.4 15.8	83. 4 76. 7 70. 4	7.3 10.9 13.8	93,004,845	\$9,860,214 11,482,192 8,414,059	\$91,351,338 70,781,269 40,034,288	10,741,384			11.
Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909	116 110	11 7	36 34	700 613	168 173	401 329	131 111	24.0 28.2	57. 3 53. 7	18. 7 18. 1	3,325,789 2,829,428	811,144 923,641	1,775,375 1,315,510	739, 270 590, 277	24. 4 32. 6	53. 4 46. 5	
Butter, cheese, and con- densed milk.	1914 1909	37 29	36 34	45 32	434 420	49 53	288 306	97 61	11.3 12.6	66. 4 72. 9	22.3 14.5	6,567,949 4,920,462	853, 620 928, 188	3,825,075 2,761,391	1,889,254 1,230,883	13.0 18.9	58. 2 56. 1	
Canning and preserving	1914 1909	18 23	42 34	11 14	799 661	70 82		77 74	8.8 12.4	81.6 76.4	9.6 11.2	4,738,067 3,207,060	168, 466 181, 279	4,083,334 2,820,570	486, 267 205, 211	3. 6 5. 7	86. 2 87. 9	
Cars and general shop con- struction and repairs by steam-railroad compa- nies.	1914 1909		14 8		1,601 777		1,601 777			100.0 100.0		2 583,653 1,163,395		2,583,653 1,163,395			100.0 100.0	
Confectionery	1914 1909	12 9	6 6	8 4	336 283	30 34	268 218	38 31	8. 9 12. 0	79.8 77.0	11.3 11.0	1,580,735 1,215,256	138,088 106,456	1,326,732 890,928	115,915 217,872		83. 9 73. 3	
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products.	1914 1909	31 20	15 5	16 14	466 431	101 175	332 201	33 55	21. 7 40. 6	71. 2 46. 6	7. 1 12. 8	2,674,524 1,611,244	234, 532 585, 838	2,316,607 805,795	123, 385 219, 611	8, 8 36, 4	86. 6 50. 0	4. 6 13. 6
Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909	34 45	40 45	21 24	450 394	46 88	372 259	32 47	10. 2 22. 3	82. 7 65. 7	7. 1 11. 9	11, 192, 573 8, 891, 001	1,050;684 1,845,411	9,586,401 6,039,597	555, 488 1, 005, 993	9. 4 20. 8	85. 7 67. 9	4. 9 11. 3
Foundry and machine- shop products.	1914 1909	67 31	62 33	40 18	1,254 1,055	263 170	873 800	118 85	21.0 16.1	69. 6 75. 8	9. 4 8. 1	3, 822, 590 3, 135, 068	680, 466 562, 277	2,700,496 2,337,860	441, 628 234, 931	17. 8 17. 9	70. 6 74. 6	11. (7. (
Furniture	1914 1909	9 5	8 9	4 5	673 552	14 34	655 492	26 26	2.1 6.2	97. 3 89. 1	0.6 4.7	1,335,380 1,093,743	39, 393 62, 522	1, 256, 600 972, 2 84	39, 387 58, 937	2. 9 5. 7	94. 1 88. 9	3. 0 5. 4
Gas, illuminating and heating.	1914 1909		9 8		385 260		385 260			100.0 100.0		1,528,060 909,115		1,528,060 \ 909,115			100.0 100.0	
Leather goods	1914 1909	33 28	8 9	7 11	202 353	· 54 82	125 235	23 36	26. 7 23. 2	61.9 66.6	11. 4 10. 2	1,075,016 1,629,441	251, 757 349, 444	714, 245 1,087,063	109,014 192,934	23. 4 21. 5	66. 5 66. 7	10. 1 11. 8
Lumber and timber prod- ucts.	1914 1909	198 263	162 204	166 24 6	13,888 15,066	744 1,178	12,306 12,304	838 1,584	5. 4 7. 8	88. 6 81. 7	6. 0 10. 5	30, 920, 407 30, 199, 857	1,226,810 2,068,739	28,009,632 25,212,397	1, 683, 965 2, 918, 721	4.0 6.8	90. 6 83. 5	5. 4 9. 7
Printing and publishing	1914 1909	221 200	87 69	69 55	1,556 1,459	334 375	1,095 912	127 172	21. 4 25. 7	70. 4 62. 5	8. 2 11. 8	6,010,857 5,040,523	1,184,288 1,108,857	4,287,903 3,419,957	538,666 511,709	19. 7 22. 0	71.3 67.8	9.0 10.2
Woolen goods	1914 1909		7 6	•	648 466		648 466			100.0 100.0		1,701,587 918,804		1,701,587 918,804			100.0 100.0	
Total for cities	1914	412	3 80	224	13,474	1,301	11,199	974	9.7	83.1	7. 2	64, 123, 954	5, 101, 995	54, 518, 579	4,503,380	8.0	85.0	7.0
PORTLAND	1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	23 14 12 336 29	22 9 6 325 18	12 14 2 176 20	1,172 238 59 11,273 732	69 54 1 17 1,077 84	1,059 135 42 9,467 496	44 49 729 152	5. 9 22. 7 128. 8 9. 5 11. 5	90. 4 56. 7 71. 2 84. 0 67. 7	3. 7 20. 6 6. 5 20. 8	4,587,301 810,346 183,023 55,697,440 2,845,844	227, 979 167, 382 1 56, 622 4, 263, 753 386, 259	4, 187, 168 388, 578 126, 401 48, 151, 708 1, 664, 724	172, 154 254, 386 3, 281, 979 794, 861	5. 0 20. 7 1 30. 9 7. 7 13. 6	91. 3 47. 9 69. 1 86. 4 58. 5	3. 7 31. 4 5. 9 27. 9

1 Includes the group "all others."

In 1914, measured by value of products and wage earners, the largest proportions for each of the 14 industries for which separate statistics are given are shown for corporate ownership.

Size of establishments.—The tendency for manufacturing to become concentrated in large establishments, or the reverse, is indicated by the statistics given in Table 12.

Table 12 VALUE OF PRODUCT.		UMBER (ABLISHMI		AVERAGE	NUMBER EARNERS.	OF WAGE	VAI	UE OF PRODUC	CTS.	VALUE ADDED BY MANUFACTURE.			
· · ·	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	. 1909	1904	
All classes	2,320	2,246	1,602	28,829	28,750	18,523	\$109,761,951	\$93,004,845	\$55, 525, 123	\$46,504,130	\$42,452,375	\$24,928,360	
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over.	907 752 451 197 13	789 786 482 181 8	584 567 332 114 5	927 2,618 5,549 16,447 3,288	957 3, 214 7, 104 15, 110 2, 365	747 2,820 5,228 8,620 1,108	2,220,810 7,809,972 19,682,477 54,902,863 25,145,829	1,926,913 8,203,981 21,453,056 47,022,078 14,398,817	1,529,491 5,821,749 14,162,072 26,138,494 7,873,317	1,522,178 4,684,557 8,990,230 24,344,165 6,963,005	1,343,938 5,082,474 10,626,549 20,766,801 4,632,613	1,040,739 3,658,379 6,969,113 11,579,967 1,680,162	
			,				PER CENT DIS	STRIBUTION.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
All classes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	39. 1 32. 4 19. 4 8 5 0. 6	35. 1 35. 0 21. 5 8. 1 0. 4	36. 5 35. 4 20. 7 7. 1 0. 3	3, 2 9 1 19, 2 57, 1 11, 4	3.3 11.2 24.7 52.6 8.2	4. 0 15. 2 28. 2 46. 5 6. 0	2. 0 7. 1 18. 0 50. 0 22. 9	2. 1 8. 8 23. 1 50. 6 15. 5	2. 8 10. 5 25. 5 47. 1 14. 2	3, 3 10, 1 19, 3 52, 3 15, 0	3. 2 12. 0 25. 0 48. 9 10. 9	4. 2 14. 7 28. 0 46. 5 6. 7	

For 1914, 210 establishments, or 9.1 per cent of the total number in the state, each reported products exceeding \$100,000 in value, as compared with 189, or 8.5 per cent of the total, in 1909, and 119, or 7.4 per cent, in 1904. For 1914 these establishments reported 19,735 wage earners, or 68.5 per cent of the total for the state, 72.9 per cent of the total value of products, and 67.3 per cent of the total added by manufacture. In the same year the small establishments, those having products less than \$5,000 in value, represented 39.1 per cent of the total number of establishments, but reported only 2 per cent of the total value of products.

The statistics indicate that the relative importance of larger establishments, those with an annual product of \$100,000 and over, has been constantly increasing. In 1904 the establishments of this class gave employment to 52.5 per cent of the wage earners, and their products formed 61.3 per cent of the total for all establishments. By 1914 these proportions had increased to 68.5 and 72.9 per cent, respectively.

Table 13 gives, for 1914 and 1909, for six of the more important industries, a classification of establishments, wage earners, value of products, and value added by manufacture, similar to that presented in Table 12 for all industries combined.

Table 13		BER OF BLISH- NTS.	AVERAG	GE NUMI		WAGE	VAI	UE OF PRODU	UCTS.		VALUE AD	DDED BY MANUFACTURE.		RE.
INDUSTRY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	1914	1909	1914	1909		cent oution.	1914	1909	Per distrik	cent oution.	1914	1909	Per o distrib	
		.,			1914	1909			1914	1909			1914	1909
BUTTER, CHEESE, AND CONDENSED MILK.	118	95	434	420	100,0	100.0	\$6,567,949	\$4,920,462	100.0	100.0	\$1,065,647	\$968, 242	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 and over 1	17 35 54 12	16 27 40 12	5 35 176 218	6 33 104 277	1, 2 8, 1 40, 6 50, 2	1. 4 7. 9 24. 8 66. 0	45, 166 446, 356 2, 539, 422 3, 537, 005	45, 021 345, 779 1, 834, 374 2, 695, 288	0. 7 6. 8 38. 7 53. 8	0.9 7.0 37.3 54.8	9,135 63,357 375,426 617,729	9,500 54,003 248,958 655,781	0. 9 5. 9 35. 2 58. 0	1. 0 5. 6 25. 7 67. 7
CANNING AND PRESERVING	71	71	799	661	100.0	100.0	4, 738, 067	3,207,060	100.0	100.0	1,647,647	1,019,628	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 . \$5,000 to \$20,000 . \$20,000 to \$100,000 . \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 .	21 12 20 18	25 17 19 10	39 47 184 529	36 98 264 263	4.9 5.9 23.0 66.2	5. 4 14. 8 39. 9 39. 8	46, 981 130, 054 828, 423 3, 732, 609	59, 234 194, 061 1, 025, 182 1, 928, 583	1. 0 2. 7 17. 5 78. 8	1.8 6.1 32.0 60.1	21, 537 50, 373 234, 604 1, 341, 133	26, 195 78, 701 355, 999 558, 733	1.3 3.1 14.2 81.4	2.6 7.7 34.9 54.8
FLOUR-MILL AND GRISTMILL PROD- UCTS	95	114	450	394	100.0	100.0	11, 192, 573	8, 891, 001	100.0	100.0	1,365,342	1, 224, 265	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000. \$1,000,000 and over.	10 31 35 16 3	8 35 55 1 16	3 28 83 141 195	6 28 134 226	0.7 6.2 18.4 31.3 43.4	1. 5 7. 1 34. 0 57. 4	31, 958 394, 850 1, 582, 655 3, 833, 184 5, 349, 926	27, 503 445, 286 2, 782, 962 5, 635, 250	0.3 3.5 14.1 34.3 47.8	0.3 5.0 31.3 63.4	7, 192 72, 103 244, 268 530, 752 511, 027	7,632 98,225 528,851 589,557	0. 5 5. 3 17. 9 38. 9 37. 4	0.6 8.0 43.2 48.2
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE-SHOP PRODUCTS	169	82	1,254	1,055	100.0	100.0	3, 822, 590	3, 135, 068	100.0	100.0	2,206,966	1,663,469	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$100,000. \$100,000 to \$1,000,000.	66 64 33 6	15 29 30 8	70 242 489 453	11 111 387 546	5.6 19.3 39.0 36.1	1. 0 10. 5 36. 7 51. 8	186, 881 677, 214 1, 397, 271 1, 561, 224	32,724 331,415 1,047,323 1,723,606	4. 9 17. 7 36. 6 40. 8	1. 0 10. 6 33. 4 55. 0	138, 836 453, 887 784, 028 830, 215	20,548 207,063 597,345 838,513	6.3 20.6 35.5 37.6	1.2 12.4 35.9 50.4
LUMBER AND TIMBER PRODUCTS	526	713	13,888	15,066	100.0	100.0	30, 920, 407	30, 199, 857	100.0	100.0	16,521,419	17, 786, 420	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 and over	144	284 224 139 63 3	374 838 1,605 9,768 1,303	484 1,382 3,493 8,538 1,169	2.7 6.0 11.6 70.3 9.4	3. 2 9. 2 23. 2 56. 7 7. 8	486, 728 1, 462, 430 3, 131, 226 21, 042, 175 4, 797, 848	646, 974 2, 210, 788 6, 210, 660 17, 390, 242 3, 732, 193	1.6 4.7 10.1 68.1 15.5	2. 1 7. 3 20. 6 57. 6 12. 4	381, 993 1,022, 166 1,899, 100 11,221,643 1,996,517	521, 251 1, 614, 397 4, 219, 587 9, 563, 248 1, 867, 937	2. 3 6. 2 11. 5 67. 9 12. 1	2.9 9.1 23.7 53.8 10.5
Printing and publishing	377	324	1,556	1,459	100.0	100.0	6,010,857	5,040,523	100.0	100.0	4,448,350	3,937,110	100.0	100.0
Less than \$5,000 . \$5,000 to \$20,000 . \$20,000 to \$100,000 . \$100,000 and over ¹ .	121	171 117 30 6	157 343 494 562	168 430 396 465	10.1 22.0 31.8 36.1	11. 5 29. 5 27. 1 31. 9	508, 733 1, 239, 068 1, 828, 460 2, 434, 596	437,672 1,212,096 1,174,676 2,216,079	8. 5 20. 6 30. 4 40. 5	8.7 24.0 23.3 44.0	413, 031 1,004, 334 1,404, 184 1,626, 801	348,614 971,398 874,804 1,742,294	9. 2 22. 6 31. 6 36. 6	8.9 24.7 22.2 44.3

1 Includes the group "\$1,000,000 and over."

Table 14 presents, for 1914, for all industries combined, for each of the five cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants, statistics similar to those given in Table 12 for the state as a whole.

The totals for Astoria, Portland, and Salem show the same general condition shown by Table 12 as prevailing in the totals for all industries in the state, namely, a preponderance as to value of products for establish-

ments in the group "\$100,000 and over." For these cities the products of the establishments in this class represented 84.9 per cent, 77 per cent, and 67.2 per cent of the totals for the three cities, respectively. For Eugene and Medford, however, the greatest value of products, 76.1 per cent and 55.4 per cent, appears for the group of establishments reporting products valued at \$20,000 to \$100,000.

Table 14	of estab- nents.	WA EARN		VALUE (VALUE AD		:	of estab- nents.	WA EARN		VALUE PRODUC		VALUE ADD MANUFACI	
CITY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	Number of lishment	Average number.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total.	CITY AND VALUE OF PRODUCT.	Number of lishmen	Average num- ber.	Per cent of total.	Amount.	Per cent of total,	Amount.	Per cent of total,
ASTORIA	57	1,172	100.0	\$4,587,301	100.0	\$1,938,419	100.0	PORTLAND	837	11,273	100.0	\$55,697,440	100.0	\$21,798,787	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$1,000,000	14 16 14 13	12 42 133 985	1. 0 3. 6 11. 4 84. 0	3,893,627	3.4 10.8 84.9	87, 251 232, 438 1, 592, 198	4.5 12.0 82.1	Less than \$5,000	255 305 189 80 8	174 985 2,509 5,778 1,827	1. 5 8. 7 22. 3 51. 3 16. 2	24, 979, 961	$5.9 \\ 15.9 \\ 44.9$	2,161,799 4,527,428 10,812,123	9. 9 20. 8 49. 6
EUGENE								SALEM	67	732	100.0	2,845,844	100.0	1,208,629	100.0
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 and over 1	11 14 12	10 46 182	4. 2 19. 3 76. 5	158,560	19.6	93,530	23.2	Less than \$5,000	22 18 17	17 58 177	2. 3 7. 9 24. 2		2. 0 6. 4 24. 4	93,902	7.8
Medford	18	59	100.0	183,023	100.0	117, 445	100.0	\$100,000 to \$1,000,000	10	480	65. 6	1,910,978	67. 2		
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$100,000	7 8 3	11 18 30	18.6 30.5 50.9	23,267 58,393 101,363	31.9	30,177	10. 7 25. 7 63. 6								

¹ Includes the group "\$100,000 to \$1,000,000."

Table 15 shows the size of establishments in 1914 as measured by the average number of wage earners employed. The figures given are for all industries combined and 19 of the more important industries, for the state as a whole; and for all industries combined in

each of the five cities having more than 10,000 inhabitants. Table 16 presents, for 1914, percentages based on the figures in Table 15, and for 1909, similar percentages for all industries combined and for individual industries in the state as a whole.

Table 15					ESTABLISH	MENTS E	MPLOYING-		
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	TC	OTAL.	No wage earners.		5 wage ners.		0 wage ners.		50 wago ners.
	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners (average number).	Estab- lish- ments.	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners.	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners.	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners.
All industries	2,320	28,829	362	1,343	2,926	388	4,002	105	3,323
Bread and other bakery products. Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and other clay products. Butter, cheese, and condensed milk. Canning and preserving. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies	42 118	700 382 434 799 1,601	39 1 11 3	104 25 92 35 1	192 76 160 80 4	13 12 10 22 2	115 126 99 250 15	5 2 4 8 2	160 53 110 224 62
Confectionery. Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products. Flour-mill and gristmill products. Foundry and machine-shop products. Furniture.	62	336 466 450 1,254 673	2 11 13 11 3	13 40 67 107	25 104 127 217 20	7 9 11 39 1	60 87 105 389 13	2 1 2 9 1	84 36 71 319 31
Gas, illuminating and heating. Leather goods. Liquors, malt Lumber and timber products. Printing and publishing.	48 10	385 202 189 13,888 1,556	32 123	5 31 2 291 197	16 41 7 704 406	3 7 6 99 48	31 76 63 1,040 495	3 1 38 5	85 32 1,273 164
Shipbuilding, including boat building. Slaughtering and meat packing. Tobacco, cigars. Woolen goods. All other industries.	14 63	163 442 154 648 4,107	6 1 25 74	8 8 33 273	14 23 80 630	3 4 4 2 86	35 38 52 25 888	2 1 1 18	54 22 28 515
Total for cities		13,474	173	516	1,215	214	2,258	57	1,704
ASTORIA. EUGENE. MEDFORD. PORTIAND. SALEM.	97	1,172 238 59 11,273 732	5 4 3 152 9	33 22 12 417 32	85 55 29 987 59	11 10 3 171 19	124 103 30 1,790 211	49 49	93 1,491 120

Table 15—Continued.				ESTÀBL	ISHMENT	S EMPLOY	ING			
INDUSTRY AND CITY.		00 wage ners.		250 wage ners.		500 wage ners.		,000 wage ners.		,000 wage ners.
	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners.	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners.	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage carners.	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners.	Estab- lish- ments.	Wage earners.
All industries	60	4,447	43	6,861	17	6,129	2	1,141		
Bread and other bakery products Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and other clay products Butter, cheese, and condensed milk Canning and preserving	2 1	127 65	2	233						
Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad companies	6	245 425	1	127	1	413	1	555		
Confectionery Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products. Flour-mill and gristmill products.	$\frac{2}{2}$	167 147	i	239						
Foundry and machine-shop products. Furniture	3	138 216	$\frac{1}{2}$	191 393						
Gas, illuminating and heating. Leather goods. Liquors, malt	·····i	87			1					
Lumber and timber products. Printing and publishing.	26 2	1,967 163	28 2	4,387 328	11	3,931	1	586		
Shipbuilding, including boat building. Slaughtering and meat packing. Tobacco, cigars.		60			1	381				
Woolen goods	1 8	80 560	3 3	515 448	3	1,066				
Total for cities	30	2,260	18	2,969	7	2,513	1	555		
ASTORIA EUGENE MEDFORD	1	78 80	2	353	1	439				
MEDIORD PORTLAND SALEM	27 1	2,017 85	$\overset{14}{\overset{2}{2}}$	2,359 257	6	2,074	1	555		

There were 362 establishments for which no wage earners are shown. In these establishments all the work is done by the proprietors or members of their families, firm members, or persons classed as salaried employees. For some of them the number of wage earners employed was so small and the term of employment so short that in computing the average, as described in the "Explanation of terms," the number was less than one person and the establishment was

classed as one having "no wage earners." The small establishments—those employing from 1 to 20 wage earners—formed 74.6 per cent of the total for the state, but gave employment to only 24 per cent of the total wage earners reported. The groups of establishments having more than 100 wage earners, although representing only 2.7 per cent of the total number of establishments in the state, gave employment to 49.1 per cent of the total wage earners.

Table 16	Cen-	w	AGE		VERS	IN	ESTA	BLISH	BER OF MENTS	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen-								
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	sus year.	to 5	6 to 20	21 to 50	51 to 100	101 to 250	251 to 500	501 to 1,000	Over 1,000	INDUSTRI AND CITI.		to 5	6 to 20	21 to 50	51 to 100	101 to 250	251 to 500	501 to 1,000	Over . 1,000
All industries	1914 1909	10. 1 10. 2	13. 9 16. 5	11.5 16.4	15. 4 14. 7	23. 8 20. 7	21. 3 15. 1	4. 0 6. 3		Leather goods	1914 1909	20.3 19.5	37. 6 13. 9	42. 1 49. 9	16.7				
Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909	27. 4 28. 2	16. 4 21. 9	22.9 9.8	11.1	33. 3 29. 0				Liquors, malt	1914 1909	3.7 7.8	33. 3 48. 5	17.0 11.3	46.0 32.4				
Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and other clay products.	1914 1909	19.9 27.0								Lumber and timber products	1914 1909	5.1 5.7	7. 5 12. 7	9. 2 15. 8	14. 1 15. 1	31.6 20.5	28. 3 24. 8	4. 2 5. 3	
Butter, cheese, and condensed milk.	1914 1909	36. 9 30. 2		25.3 13.8	$\frac{15.0}{29.8}$	 				Printing and publishing	1914 1909	26. 1 28. 5	34. 1	8. 1	14. 3				
Canning and preserving	1914 1909	10.0 17.9		28.0 26.0	30.7 21.6					Shipbuilding, including boat building.	1914 1909	8.6 11.8	21. 5 8. 0	33.1 80.2	36.8				}
Cars and general shop construc- tion and repairs by steam-	1914 1909	0.3	0.9 2.4		26. 5 18. 4	7.9		34.7 64.5		Slaughtering and meat packing.	1914 1909	5. 2 6. 8		9.8			73.8		
railroad companies. Confectionery	1914 1909	7.4 8.1	17. 9 34. 6	25.0 31.1	$\frac{49.7}{26.1}$					Tobacco, cigars	1914 1909	51.9 31.7	33. 8 33. 3	14.3 35.0					
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products.	1914 1909	22.3 12.5		7.7 34.1						Woolen goods	1914 1909		3.9	4.3 13.1	12.3 13.7	79. 5 73. 2			
Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909	28. 2 45. 7	23. 3 21. 8	15.8 18.5	32.7 14.0					All other industries	1914 1909	15.3 12.1	21. 6 17. 3	12. 5 12. 0	13.7 13.2	10.9 27.0	26.0 7.0	11.4	
Foundry and machine-shop products.	1914 1909	17.3 9.0		25. 5 23. 4	11.0 18.4	15. 2 20. 7				Total for cities	1914					22.0			
Furniture	1914 1909	3.0 3.4	1. 9 8. 5							ASTORIA EUGENE MEDFORD	1914 1914 1914	23. 1 49. 2	50.8		33. 6				
Gas, illuminating and heating	1914 1909	4. 1 6. 5	8. 1 3. 5			90.0				PORTLAND	1914 1914	18.8	15. 9	13. 2	17. 9 11. 6	20. 9 35. 1	18. 4	4.9	

Among the cities, the highest percentages of the total number of wage earners are reported by establishments employing more than 100 wage earners.

Engines and power.—Table 17 shows, for 1914, 1909, and 1904, for all industries combined, the number and total horsepower of engines or motors, classified according to their character, employed in generating power (including electric motors operated by purchased current). It also shows separately the number and horsepower of electric motors operated by current generated by the establishments reporting.

This table shows an increase in primary power

amounting to 44,203 horsepower, or 25.3 per cent, from 1909 to 1914. This increase is due largely to the increase in rented power. The use of rented power, almost wholly electric, has greatly increased since 1904, when 4,727 horsepower, representing 5.8 per cent of the total primary power, was reported. In 1909 the amount of such power had increased to 14,811 horsepower, or 8.4 per cent of the total, and, in 1914, to 44,010 horsepower, or 20.1 per cent of the total. The increase in the use of electric motors run by current generated within the same establishments has not kept pace with that in rented power.

Table 17	NUMBE	R OF ENGI	NES OR	HORSEPOWER.						
POWER.		MOTORS			Per cent distribution.					
	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	1914	1909	1904	
Primary power, total	5, 188	3,442	1,318	219, 222	175,019	81,348	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Owned. Steam engines and turbines ¹ . Internal-combustion engines. Water wheels, turbines, and motors.	1,719 1,308 133 278	1,921 1,572 81 268	1,318 1,008 58 252	175, 155 116, 591 1, 289 57, 275	160, 110 112, 244 428 47, 438	76, 543 55, 512 371 20, 660	79. 9 53. 2 0. 6 26. 1	91. 5 64. 1 0. 2 27. 1	94. 1 68. 2 0. 5 25. 4	
Rented Electric. Other.	3,469	1,521 1,521	(2) (2)	44,067 44,010 57	14,909 14,811 98	4,805 4,727 78	20. 1 20. 1	8.5 8.4 0.1	5.9 5.8 0.1	
Electric. Rented. Generated by establishments reporting	3,937 3,469 468	1,745 1,521 224	(²) 31	53,739 44,010 9,729	20,802 14,811 5,991	5, 223 4, 727 496	100.0 81.9 18.1	100.0 71.2 28.8	100.0 90.5 9.5	

 $^{^1}$ Figures for horsepower include for 1909 and 1904 the amount reported under the head of "other" owned power.

2 Not reported.

Fuel.—Closely related to the kind of power employed in manufactures is that of the fuel consumed in generating this power or otherwise used in the manufacturing processes.

Table 18 shows, for 1914, the quantity of each kind of fuel used for which data were obtained for all industries combined and for selected industries in the state as a whole, and for all industries combined in each city.

Table 18	cc	OAL.					C	DAL.			
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	An- thra- cite (tons, 2,240 lbs.).	Bitu- minous (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	Coke (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	Oil, in- cluding gasoline (barrels).	Gas (1,000 cubic feet).	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	An- thra- cite (tons, 2,240 lbs.).	Bitu- minous (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	Coke (tons, 2,000 lbs.).	Oil, in- cluding gasoline (barrels).	Gas (1,000 cuble feet).
All industries	1,821	14,437	6,106	940, 377	61,988	Ice, manufactured Liquors, malt Lumber and timber products Printing and publishing		1,000		45,382	
Bread and other bakery products	27	476	716	11,671	10,433	Lumber and timber products	1,220	440	597	14,065 53,587	
Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and other clay products. Butter, cheese, and condensed milk		3,382 315		5,630		Printing and publishing Slaughtering and meat packing Woolen goods. All other industries	1 4N	462 113 520	4	1,465 25,366 17,668	13,194
Canning and preserving. Cars and general shop construction and				16, 208	327	All other industries	42	2,188	864	253,007	5,183
repairs by steam-railroad companies. Coffee, roasting and grinding Confectionery and ice cream	21]	700 50 399	6	60, 965 7, 614	10,111 7,793	Total for cities	1,737	7,177	4,567	258,330	59,373
Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products Flour-mill and gristmill products Food preparations Foundry and machine-shop products Furniture	1	67 183 34	20	3,628 10,933	8,110 2,520	ASTORIA EUGENE MEDFORD	1,247	154 10	100	14,419	644 786
Foundry and machine-shop products Furniture Gas, illuminating and heating		411 286 3, 261	2,528 1,371	9,315 3,226 341,230	4,317	PORTLAND. SAMEM.	438 52	4,994 2,019	3,395 980	237, 430 6, 481	56,779 1,159
		!									

SPECIAL STATISTICS.

For certain industries the Census Bureau collects, by means of special schedules, details regarding the quantity and cost of materials, the quantity and value of products, and other information for securing which no provision is made on the general schedule. Certain data of this character for five important industries in Oregon are here presented, followed by statistics for laundries.

Flour-mill and gristmill products.—Table 19 gives the quantity and value of flour-mill and gristmill products for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 19	1914	1909	1904
Products, total value	\$11,192,573	\$8,891,001	\$8,467,613
Wheat flour:			
Barrels	1,791,334	1,360,281	1,740,849
Value	\$7,749,619	\$6,015,845	\$6,324,932
Rye flour:			
Barrels	4,127	1,299	285
Value	\$16,220	\$5,502	\$1,300
Barley meal: Pounds	1 000 010	4 00 4 00 .	
Value	1,836,918	1,095,604	2,693,000
Corn meal and corn flour:	\$34,806	\$17,963	\$32,750
Barrels	2,867	559	685
Value	\$14,050	\$2,236	\$3,395
Bran and middlings:	0×1,000	4200	φυ, υσυ
Tons	51,758	}	,
Value	\$1,185,918	104 000	00 77.77
Feed and offal:	, '	104,262	98,747
Tons	71, 254	\$2,688,095	\$2,061,170
Value	\$1,892,079	j	
Breakfast foods:	* 00 A 10 F		
Pounds	5,396,437		
Value	\$188,715	\$58,554	\$4,900
All other coroat products, value	\$93,469	J .	
All other products, value	\$17,697	\$102,806	\$39,166

Wheat flour constituted 69.2 per cent of the total value of products in 1914 and 67.7 per cent in 1909, and increased in production for the five-year period 431,053 barrels, or 31.7 per cent, and in value \$1,733,774, or 28.8 per cent.

The 95 establishments reporting in 1914 show a total equipment of 481 stands of rolls, 53 runs of stone, and 66 attrition mills, and 4 establishments reported the manufacture of sacks.

Slaughtering and meat packing.—Table 20 presents statistics in regard to the quantity and value of specified products reported by slaughtering and meatpacking establishments for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

The statistics given in this table represent the products of the wholesale slaughtering and meatpacking establishments. Beef and pork are the principal products of the industry. In addition to the products for which separate quantities and values are given, the total for "all other products" included pickled beef and other cured, meat puddings, scrapple, etc., lard compounds and substitutes, tallow, soap stock, sausage casings, fertilizer materials, glue, and wool. The growth of the industry during the census period 1909 to 1914 was not so remarkable as that from 1904 to 1909, when the value of products increased 102.2 per cent. The only decrease in pork products shown for the period 1909–1914 is in lard,

which decreased 2,117,728 pounds, or 37.1 per cent. This is due in large part to the increased manufacture and use of lard compounds and substitutes.

Table 20	1914	1909	1904
Products, total value	\$7,486,920	\$5,879,615	\$2,907,154
Fresh meat: Beef—			
Pounds. Value. Veal—	18,550,133 \$2,237,855	28, 759, 934 \$2, 235, 816	13, 525, 565 \$882, 814
PoundsValue	162, 928 \$19, 888	851,558 \$88,663	293, 980 \$19, 822
PoundsValuePork—	7, 242, 761 \$633, 165	3,866,798 \$351,170	3, 785, 414 \$223, 207
Pounds	10,635,553 \$1,213,683	4, 256, 595 \$517, 974	2, 148, 669 \$185, 657
Pounds	1,737,778 \$153,971	72,535 \$8,303	
PoundsValueSausage:	7,817,795 \$1,192,045	5, 123, 483 \$752, 137	9, 247, 347 \$898, 605
Pounds Value	2,180,304 \$307,751	2,069,163 \$250,822	1,041,720 \$79,150
Pounds	3,591,540 \$419,179	5,709,268 \$635,628	2,449,740 \$220,023
Cattle— Number Pounds. Value. Calt—	33,431 2,456,098 \$324,668	56,421 3,390,352	26,493
Number Pounds Value Sheep—	1,188 16,108 \$2,569	\$427,179	1,533,083 \$131,603
Number Value	141,892 \$103,966	92,038 \$52,589	13,267 \$9,996
All other products, value	\$878,180	\$559,334	\$256,277

Butter, cheese, and condensed milk.—This is a comparatively new industry in Oregon. Its growth is emphasized by the fact that in 1889 only 12 establishments were reported as engaged in the manufacture of butter, cheese, and condensed milk, while in 1914 the number had increased to 118 establishments, reporting a total product of \$6,567,949.

Table 21 gives the quantity and value of the products of the industry for 1914, 1909, and 1904.

The production of butter increased during the decade by 6,102,338 pounds, or 120.1 per cent. The quantity of cheese manufactured increased during the same period by 4,059,165 pounds, or 180 per cent. It is impossible to give the figures for the manufacture of condensed milk in the state for 1904 without disclosing the operations of individual establishments. The increase in the manufacture of this product, however, from 1909 to 1914 was 1,368,477 pounds, or 6.3 per cent. Butter constituted 50.3 per cent of the total value of the product for 1914 for the industry as a whole; cheese, 14.5 per cent; and condensed milk, 21.2 per cent. The total production of butter in 1914 was 11,182,937 pounds, and of this, 66.8 per cent was put up in prints or rolls.

The manufacture of cheese and condensed milk is practically confined to that of "full-cream cheese" and unsweetened and evaporated milk.

Products, total value. Butter: Pounds. Value. Packed solid— Pounds. Value. Prints or rolis— Pounds. Value. Cream sold: Pounds. Value. Cheese: Pounds. Value. Fult cream— Pounds. Value. Pult cream— Pounds. Value. Part cream—	\$6,567,949 11,182,937 \$3,306,464 3,714,736 \$1,022,496 7,468,201 \$2,283,968 2,300,099 \$276,561 6,314,757	\$4,920,462 8,472,660 \$2,682,106 992,102 \$298,721 7,480,558 \$2,383,385 1,019,239 \$132,097 4,218,953	\$1,629,343 5,080,599 \$1,266,891 855,962 \$193,691 4,224,637 \$1,073,200 477,218 \$40,798
Pounds. Value. Packed solid— Pounds. Value. Prints or rolls— Pounds. Value. Cream sold: Pounds. Value. Cheese: Pounds. Value. Tell cream— Pounds. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Value. Pull cream— Pounds. Part cream— Part cream—	\$3,306,464 3,714,736 \$1,022,496 7,468,201 \$2,283,968 2,300,099 \$276,561	\$2,682,106 992,102 \$298,721 7,480,558 \$2,383,385 1,019,239 \$132,097	\$1, 266, 891 855, 962 \$193, 691 4, 224, 637 \$1, 073, 200 477, 218 \$40, 798
Pounds. Value. Packed solid— Pounds. Value. Prints or rolls— Pounds. Value. Cream sold: Pounds. Value. Cheese: Pounds. Value. Tell cream— Pounds. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Value. Pull cream— Pounds. Part cream— Part cream—	\$3,306,464 3,714,736 \$1,022,496 7,468,201 \$2,283,968 2,300,099 \$276,561	\$2,682,106 992,102 \$298,721 7,480,558 \$2,383,385 1,019,239 \$132,097	\$1, 266, 891 855, 962 \$193, 691 4, 224, 637 \$1, 073, 200 477, 218 \$40, 798
Value Packed solid— Pounds. Value Prints or rolis— Pounds. Value. Cream sold: Pounds. Value. Cheese: Pounds. Value. Ful cream— Pounds. Value. Ful cream— Pounds. Value. Put cream— Pounds. Pat cream—	\$3,306,464 3,714,736 \$1,022,496 7,468,201 \$2,283,968 2,300,099 \$276,561	992,102 \$298,721 7,480,558 \$2,383,385 1,019,239 \$132,097	855, 962 \$193, 691 4, 224, 637 \$1, 073, 200 477, 218 \$40, 798
Pounds. Value. Prints or rolls— Founds. Value. Cream sold: Pounds. Value. Cheese: Pounds. Value. Ful cream— Pounds. Value. Ful cream— Pounds. Value. Part cream—	\$1,022,496 7,468,201 \$2,283,968 2,300,099 \$276,561	\$298, 721 7, 480, 558 \$2, 383, 385 1, 019, 239 \$132, 097	\$193, 691 4,224, 637 \$1,073, 200 477, 218 \$40,798
Pounds. Value Prints or rolls— Founds. Value. Cream sold: Pounds. Value. Cheese: Value. Value. Full cream— Full cream— Founds. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Part cream—	\$1,022,496 7,468,201 \$2,283,968 2,300,099 \$276,561	\$298, 721 7, 480, 558 \$2, 383, 385 1, 019, 239 \$132, 097	\$193, 691 4,224, 637 \$1,073, 200 477, 218 \$40,798
Prints or rolls— Pounds. Value. Cream sold: Pounds. Value. Cheese: Value. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Value. Part cream—	7, 468, 201 \$2, 283, 968 2, 300, 099 \$276, 561	7,480,558 \$2,383,385 1,019,239 \$132,097	4,224,637 \$1,073,200 477,218 \$40,798
Pounds. Value. Cream sold: Pounds. Value. Cheese: Pounds. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Value. Part cream— Part cream—	\$2,283,968 2,300,099 \$276,561	\$2,383,385 1,019,239 \$132,097	\$1,073,200 477,218 \$40,798
Value Cream sold: Pounds Value Cheese: Pounds Value Full cream— Pounds Value Part cream—	\$2,283,968 2,300,099 \$276,561	\$2,383,385 1,019,239 \$132,097	\$1,073,200 477,218 \$40,798
Cream sold: Pounds. Value. Cheese: Pounds. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Value. Pat cream— Pat ream— Pat ream—	2,300,099 \$276,561	1,019,239 \$132,097	477, 218 \$40, 798
Pounds. Value. Cheese: Pounds. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Value. Part cream—	\$276,561	\$132,097	\$40,7 98
Value. Cheese: Pounds. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Value. Part cream—	\$276,561	\$132,097	\$40,7 98
Cheese: Pounds. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Value. Part cream—	•	•	,
Pounds. Value. Full cream— Pounds. Value. Part cream—	6 314 757	4 010 059	
Value Full cream— Pounds Value Part cream—	6 314 757		
Full cream— Pounds Value. Part cream—		4, 210, 900	2, 255, 592
Pounds	\$952,101	\$640,868	\$249,376
Value Part cream—			
Part cream—	6, 236, 165	4,166,038	2, 214, 067
	\$942,824	\$631,259	\$244,621
	11 050	o=	
Pounds	11,270	37,415	
Value	\$1,247	\$ 5,369	
Other kinds—	CH 000	15 500	
Pounds Value.	67,322	15,500	41,525
Condensed and evaporated milk, un-	\$8,030	\$4,240	\$4,755
sweetened:2			
Pounds	09 157 414	01 700 007	
Value	23, 157, 414 \$1, 392, 698	21,788,937	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
All other butter, cheese, and condensed	φ±, υσ2, υσο	\$1,164,360	
milk, factory products, value	3 \$386, 474	\$22, 253	e17 700
min, motory products, value	- 4000,414	φ44, 200	\$17,792
All other products, value	\$253,651	\$278,778	\$54,486

1 Excludes two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
2 Includes one establishment in 1909 reporting condensed milk, sweetened.
3 Includes skimmed milk, buttermilk, and casin sold.

Printing and publishing.—The printing and publishing industry in Oregon shows a decided growth during the last semidecade, measured by both number of publications and aggregate circulation. The following table shows the number of publications and aggregate circulation per issue, classified according to period of issue, for the years 1914, 1909, and 1904.

Table 22		MBER LICATI			GATE CIRC	
PERIOD OF ISSUE.	1914	1909	1904	1914	PER ISSUE	1904
Total. Daily. Sunday Semiweekly Weekly. Monthly. All other classes.	201	254 31 6 2 11 176 27 3	221 23 8 18 152 16 4	917, 846 218, 449 146, 975 30, 009 349, 363 108, 850 64, 200	735, 363 150, 560 93, 142 26, 725 229, 585 219, 351 16, 000	92, 177 58, 800 27, 330 180, 398 81, 400 5, 850

Includes two triweeklies.
 Includes one triweekly.
 Includes four semimonthlies, six quarterlies, and one semiannual.

Increases from 1909 to 1914 are shown for all classes of publications, both in number and aggregate circulation, except monthlies. Weeklies showed the greatest increase for both items. In 1914, 22 of the 34 daily papers, with an aggregate circulation of 140,823, were evening editions. All of the publications were printed in the English language, except 1 daily in Japanese; 8 weeklies, of which 2 each were in German, Italian, and Finnish, and 1 each in Danish-and-Norwegian and English-and-German; and 1 semiannual in Finnish.

Canning and preserving.—Table 23 gives the quantity and value of the principal products reported in 1914, 1909, and 1904.

This is one of the important and distinctive industries of Oregon. The increase in value of products

from 1909 to 1914 was \$1,531,007, or 47.7 per cent, and from 1904 to 1909, \$295,696, or 10.2 per cent.

	<u> </u>	-	
Table 23	1914	1909	1904
Products, total value 1	\$4, 738, 067	\$3,207,060	. \$2,011,364
Canned vegetables	\$27,863	\$48,219	\$30,015
Cases	9, 292	12,831	4,000
	\$16, 231	\$26,179	\$10,892
CasesValue	6,099	10,565	9, 206
	\$11,632	\$22,040	\$19, 153
Canned fruits	\$539,675	\$177,818	\$214,363
Cases	24,872	8,557	15, 943
	\$40,148	\$15,918	\$35, 170
Cases	2,219	4,408	4,694
	\$4,114	\$9,321	\$8,635
Cases	38,479	22,770	27, 346
	\$112,926	\$49,203	\$72, 405
CasesValueRaspberries—	20,762	14,598	14, 174
	\$78,204	\$42,842	\$43, 464
CasesValueStrawberries—	29,641	9,658	4,342
	\$91,187	\$23,206	\$15,540
Cases	15,194	3,490	9,757
	\$55,692	• \$10,361	\$30,324
Cases Value Dried fruits:	50,061	14,033	3, 430
	\$157,404	\$26,967	\$8, 756
Pounds	12,863,689	14, 028, 251	863 000
	\$849,900	\$473, 008	\$31,000
Pounds	12,621,817	14, 009, 597	813_000
	\$822,837	\$470, 911	\$28_000
PoundsValue	241,872	18,654	59 000
	\$27,063	\$2,097	\$3,000
Canned fish, clams, etc	\$2,366,075	\$1, 352, 281	\$1,691,762
CasesValueAll other—	376, 492 \$2, 314, 771	\$1,341,481	\$1,694,762
Cases	\$51,304	\$10,800	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Pounds	3,672,277	5,333,674	7,004,081
	\$473,458	\$731,600	\$689,484
Pounds.	189,920	137,700	•••••
Value.	\$21,507	\$20,800	
All other products, including pickles, preserves, and sauces, value,	\$459,589	\$403,334	\$251,710

 $^1\,\rm Tn$ addition, products to the value of \$20,433 in 1914 and \$10,538 in 1909 were reported by establishments engaged primarily in other industries.

The products of the industry have been divided into seven general classes, as follows: Canned vegetables; canned fruits; dried fruits; canned fish, clams, etc.; salted fish; smoked and dried fish; and all other products, the latter classification including pickles, preserves, and sauces. The value of canned vegetables formed only six-tenths of 1 per cent of the total value of products for the industry in 1914, 1.5 per cent in 1909, and 1 per cent in 1904; that of canned fruits, 11.4 per cent in 1914, 5.5 per cent in 1909, and 7.4 per cent in 1904; that of dried fruits, 17.9 per cent in 1914, 14.7 per cent in 1909, and 1.1 per cent in 1904; that of fish products, 60.4 per cent in 1914, 65.6 per cent in 1909, and 81.9 per cent in 1904; and that of all other products, 9.7 per cent in 1914, 12.6 per cent in 1909, and 8.6 per cent in 1904.

Laundries.—Statistics for power laundries are not included in the general tables or in the totals for all manufacturing industries. Table 24, however, summarizes these statistics for Oregon for 1914 and 1909.

Table 24	POWER LAUNDRIES.						
•	Number o	r amount.	Per cent				
	1914	1909	crease, 1909- 1914 1				
Number of establishments. Persons engaged. Proprietors and firm members. Salaried employees. Wage earners (average number). Primary horsepower. Capital. Salaries and wages. Salaries. Wages. Rent and taxes. Cost of materials. Amount received for work done	1,969 74 1,745 2,338 \$1,669,317 1,136,059 174,382 961,677 49,055	58 1,674 163 1,457 1,585 \$991,017 845,314 160,547 684,767 33,217 263,593 1,669,982	17. 6 -8. 0 19. 8 47. 5 -68. 4 34. 4 40. 4 8. 6 47. 7 46. 1 36. 7				

¹ A minus sign (-)	denotes decrease;	percentages are	omitted where	base is less
than 100.				

In both 1914 and 1909 Oregon ranked eighteenth among the states in amount received for work done, and twenty-first in 1914 in number of persons engaged in the industry. The table shows an increase for all items given, with the exception of salaried employees, which shows a small decrease. In 1914, 27, and in 1909, 22 laundries were reported as under corporate ownership, these establishments reporting 75.5 and 74.5 per cent, respectively, of the amount received for work done.

Table 25 shows, for 1914 and 1909, the number of wage earners employed in the laundries on the 15th day of each month, or the nearest representative day, and the percentage which the number reported for each month formed of the greatest number reported for any month of the same year.

Table 26 shows statistics as to kinds and amounts of power used in the laundries of the state in 1914 and 1909, together with percentages of increase for the five-year period.

Table 27 shows the kinds and quantities of fuel used in the laundries, as reported at the censuses of 1914 and 1909, with percentages of increase.

Table 25		WAGE EA	RNERS.	
MONTH.	Num	ber.	Per cent o	
	1914	-1909	1914	1909
January Pebruary March April May June July August September October November December	1,820 1,793 1,804 1,796 1,786 1,757 1,807 1,747 1,690 1,688 1,638 1,619	1,371 1,374 1,392 1,411 1,439 1,482 1,504 1,499 1,497 1,512 1,505 1,497	100. 0 98. 5 99. 1 98. 7 98. 1 96. 5 90. 3 96. 0 92. 8 92. 7 90. 0 89. 0	90. 7 90. 9 92. 1 93. 3 95. 2 98. 0 99. 5 99. 1 99. 0 100. 0 99. 5

Table 26		ER OF	но	RSEPOW:	ER.
KIND.		es or ors.	Amo	unt.	Per cent of
	1914	1909	1914	1909	in- crease, 1909- 1914.1
Primary power, total	102	65	2,338	1,585	47.5
Owned	67 63 2	52 49 2	2,133 2,095 26	1,486 1,406 70	43. 5 49. 0
tors	2	1	12	10	
Rented Electric Other	35 35	13 13	205 205	99 96 3	
Electric—Generated by establishments reporting.	88		277		

¹ Percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

Table 27		QUAN	TITY.	Per cent of
KIND.	Unit.	1914	1909	in- crease, 1909- 1914.1
Anthracite coal Bituminous coal Coke Oil Gas	Tons (2,240 lbs.) Tons (2,000 lbs.) Tons (2,000 lbs.) Barrels 1,000 cubic feet	200 1,525 150 53,969 3,325	11 729 21,888 2,732	109. 2 146. 6 21. 7

Percentages are omitted where base is less than 100.

GENERAL TABLES.

Table 28 gives, for 1914, 1909, and 1904, the number of establishments, average number of wage earners, primary horsepower, wages, cost of materials, and value of products, for selected industries in the state and in cities having 50,000 inhabitants or more; and for cities having from 10,000 to 50,000 inhabitants, similar data for all industries combined.

Table 29 presents, for 1914, in the state as a whole and in cities having 50,000 inhabitants or more, statistics in detail for each industry that can be shown without the disclosure of the operations of individual establishments, and for each of the cities in the state having from 10,000 to 50,000 inhabitants, for all industries combined.

TABLE 28.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages	Cost. of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod ucts.
	year.	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expre	ssed in th	ousands.		your.	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	sed in th	ousands.
		TH	E STA	TE—ALI	. INDU	STRIES	в сомв	INED AND SELECTED	INDU	STRII	es.				
All industries	1914 1909 1904	2,320 2,246 1,602	28,829 28,750 18,523	219, 222 175, 019 81, 348	\$20,932 19,902 11,444	\$63,258 50,552 30,597	\$109,762 93,005 55,525	Gas, illuminating and heating.	1914 1909 1904	9 8 5	385 260 32	2,482 1,483 202	\$310 194 31	\$404 200 84	\$1,528 909 457
Awnings, tents, and sails	1914 1909 1904	5 5 4	84 95 22	29 23	45 29 12	188 314 90	493 459 123	Ice, manufactured	1914 1909 1904	27 25 20	106 69 75	2,650 1,569 1,416	92 53 57	118 76 41	376 257 217
Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909 1904	163 151 93	700 613 430	589 336 253	463 441 221	1,880 1,621 875	3,326 2,829 1,504	Leather goods	⁶ 1914 1909 1904	48 48 26	202 353 270	205 173 71	158 262 173	673 989 542	1,075 1,620 925
Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and other clay products.	1914 1909 1904	42 61 43	382 385 264	2,894 1,922 766	201 266 132	165 155 63	521 675 315	Liquors, malt	1914 1909 1904	10 18 24	189 204 151	2,028 2,018 1,091	228 206 137	508 454 429	1,810 1,857 1,118
Butter, cheese, and con- densed milk.	1914 1909 11904	118 95 98	434 420 130	1,827 1,935 715	325 290 81	5,502 3,952 1,361	6,568 4,920 1,629	Lumber and timber prod- ucts.	71914 1909 1904	526 713 477	13,888 15,066 8,558	101,832 95,213 43,364	9,942 10,172 5,450	14,399 12,413 5,856	30,920 30,200 15,418
Canning and preserving	21914 1909 11904	71 71 48	799 661 529	1,655 1,318 1,247	339 315 250	3,090 2,187 1,894	4,738 3,207 2,911	Marble and stone work	1914 1909 11904	24 23 8	88 76 38	278 159 13	85 75 42	146 113 77	346 207 190
Cars and general shop con- struction and repairs by steam-railroad compa- nies.	1914 1909 1904	14 8 12	1,601 777 930	1,370 933 955	1,343 544 677	1,019 509 386	2,584 1,163 1,265	Printing and publishing	⁸ 1914 1909 1904	377 324 245	1,556 1,459 1,018	7,230 1,927 993	1,407 1,448 724	1,563 1,103 658	6,011 5,041 2,776
Coffee, roasting and grind- ing.	1914 1909 1904	9 5 4	99 72 45	329 298	61 52 23	7,532 1,096 654	2,050 1,427 811	Shipbuilding, including boat building.	1914 1909 1904	20 24 11	163 212 169	445 287 70	158 190 122	114 204 123	332 477 297
Confectionery	1914 1909 1904	26 19 13	336 283 133	293 217 59	157 138 57	813 549 141	1,581 1,215 379	Slaughtering and meat packing.	1914 1909 1904	14 14 10	442 366 246	1,344 752 327	309 280 1 55	6,202 5,015 2,390	7,487 5,880 2,907
Copper, tin, and sheet- iron products.	3 1914 1909 4 1904	62 39 15	466 431 128	438 253 13	333 354 99	1,657 835 121	2,675 1,611 300	Stoves, hot-air furnaces, and ranges.	1914 1909 1904	10 11 3	80 86 30	88 183 28	75 79 26	129 130 20	289 351 139
Flour-mill and gristmill products.	1914 1909 1904	95 114 105	450 394 395	8,565 11,541 9,993	330 278 271	9,827 7,667 7,352	11, 193 8, 891 8, 468	Tobacco, cigars	1914 1909 1904	63 55 54	154 186 163	3	109 171 92	148 170 179	383 471 396
Food preparations, not elsewhere specified.	1914 1909 1904	18 8 6	79 50 61	633 275 153	53 36 31	625 352 244	878 580 355		1914 1909 1904	7 6 7	648 466 566	1,670 1,558 955	373 201 220	943 522 496	1,702 919 1,034
Foundry and machine- shop products.	⁵ 1914 1909 1904	169 82 42	1,254 1,055 787	4,238 2,709 1,172	1,035 892 596	1,616 1,472 643	3,823 3,135 1,588		1914 1909 1904	372 300 211	3,571 4,159 2,928	74, 434 46, 436 16, 790	2,579 2,613 1,532	9,453 7,970 5,540	15,738 13,511 9,213
Furniture	1914 1909 1904	21 19 18	673 552 425	1,674 1,501 699	422 323 233	544 484 338	1,335 1,094 790								

¹ Excludes statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
2 Includes "pickles, preserves, and sauces."
3 Includes "tinware, not elsewhere specified."
4 Excludes statistics for one establishment, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
5 Includes "automobile repairing;" "engines, steam, gas, and water;" "hardware, saddlery;" "iron, and steel, cast-iron pipe;" "steam fittings and steam and hot-water heating apparatus;" and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills."
5 Includes "pocketbooks;" "saddlery and harness;" and "trunks and valises."
7 Includes "boxes, wooden packing;" "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills;" and "window and door screens."
6 Includes "boxes, wooden packing;" "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills;" and "window and door screens."
6 Includes "boxes, wooden packing;" and "engraving, steel and copper plate, including plate printing."

TABLE 28.—COMPARATIVE SUMMARY FOR 1914, 1909, AND 1904—Continued.

INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages	Cost. of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	Cen- sus year.	Num- ber of estab- lish-	Wage earners (aver- age	Primary horse- power.	Wages.	Cost of ma- terials.	Value of prod- ucts.
	year.	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expre	ssed in th	ousands.		year.	ments.	num- ber).	power.	Expres	sed in th	ousands.
	CIT	ies oi	F 50,000	INHABI	TANTS	OR MO	RE—AL	L INDUSTRIES COMBI	VED A	AND SI	ELECT	ED INDU	JSTRIE	es.	
PORTLAND—All industries.	1914 1909 1904	837 649 437	11, 273 12, 214 8, 171	36, 188 32, 122	\$8,542 8,979 5,342	\$33,899 26,076 17,024	\$55,697 46,861 28,651	Food preparations	1914 1909 1904	18 8 6	79 50 61	633 275	\$53 36 31	\$625 352 244	\$878 580 355
Awnings, tents and sails	1914 1909 1904	5 5 4	84 95 22	29 23	45 29 12	188 314 90	493 459 123	Foundry and machine- shop products.	41914 1909 1904	114 44 21	1,012 799 601	3,323 2,080	854 704 481	1,311 1,222 455	3, 193 2, 527 1, 200
Bread and other bakery products.	1914 1909 1904	60 63 40	536 511 358	438 297	354 363 178	1,441 1,275 701	2,527 2,196 1,182	Furniture	1914 1909 1904	12 11 11	608 478 360	1,466 1,207	389 283 205	508 458 322	1,247 · 993 720
Butter, cheese, and con- densed milk.	1914 1909 1904	9 8 6	124 139 38	589 860	92 105 25	1,444 1,102 432	1,726 1,431 521	Ice, manufactured	1914 1909 1904	7 4 6	54 16 45	1,213 575	46 14 38	61 45 26	178 108 137
Canning and preserving	1914 1909 1904	6 8 7	135 133 129	192 77	72 49 41	316 250 240	585 464 352	Leather goods	⁵ 1914 1909 1904	24 26 15	170 304 242	186 136	130 220 154	583 868 488	911 1,386 800
Coffee, roasting and grinding.	1914 1909 1904	9 5 4	99 72 45	329 298	61 52 23	1,532 1,096 654	2, 050 1, 427 811	Lumber and timber prod- ucts.	6 1914 1909 7 1904	35 42 28	2,557 3,669 2,072	14, 130 13, 998	1,957 2,672 1,455	4, 628 5, 067 3, 101	7, 847 10, 111 5, 435
Confectionery	1914 1909 1904	17 11 10	301 268 115	260 203	137 130 50	743 519 126	1, 451 1, 128 342	Marble and stonework	1914 1909 1904	11 7 4	67 38 26	226 90	64 38 31	111 71 64	264 175 149
iron products.	21914 1909 31904	45 28	430 378	389 253	311 311	1,506 732	2, 447 1, 419	Printing and publishing	8 1914 1909 9 1904	149 132 78	1,029 952 534	1,505 1,402	975 1,036 458	1, 260 847 491	4,336 3,736 1,943
products.	1914 1909 1904	6 5 5	183 73 88	1,925 1,222	135 54 60	4,699 1,179 2,457	5, 229 1, 337 2, 713	All other industries	1914 1909 1904	310 242 192	3,805 4,239 3,435	9,355 9,126	2,867 2,883 2,100	12, 943 10, 679 7, 133	20, 335 17, 384 11, 868
		(CITIES	OF 10,000	тО 50	,000 INE	IABITAI	NTS—ALL INDUSTRIES	COMI	BINED.					
SALEM	1914	67	732	3,185	\$404	\$1,637	\$2,846	SALEM (Continued)	1909	62	597	1,688	\$367	\$1,177	\$2,208

¹ Includes "pickles, preserves, and sauces."
2 Includes "binware, not elsewhere specified."
3 Figures can not be shown without disclosing individual operations.
4 Includes "automobile repairing;" "engines, steam, gas; and water;" "hardware, saddlery;" and "structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills."
5 Includes "saddlery and harness," and "trunks and valises."
6 Includes "boxes, wooden packing," "lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills," and "window and door screens."
7 Excludes statistics for one establishment, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.
8 Includes "bookbinding and blank-book making;" "engraving, steel and copper plate, including plate printing;" and "lithographing."
8 Excludes statistics for two establishments, to avoid disclosure of individual operations.

TABLE 29.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE, AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

				PERSO	ns en	GAGED	IN THE	INDUSTRY.		WAG NEARE	E EARN ST REPI	ERS DI	EC. 15, ATIVE	OR DAY.	
	Num-			ried	Clerk	s, etc.		Wage earne	ers.		16 and	over.	Und	er 16.	
INDUSTRY AND CITY.	of estab- lish-	Т. 4-1	Pro- prie- tors	offi- cers, su-				Number, 15	th day of—						Capital.
	ments.	Total.	firm mem- bers.	perin- tend- ents, and man- agers.	Male.	Fe- male.	Average number.	Maximum month.	Minimum month.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fo- male.	

THE STATE—ALL INDUSTRIES COMBINED AND SPECIFIED INDUSTRIES.

_			11	11	,									.,	,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1			35,449	2, 189	1,441	2,315	675	28, 829	Му	31,596	De 2	24,815	(8)	(3)	(8)	(3)	(8)	\$130,500,379
2 3 4 5 6	Agricultural implements. Artificial stone products. Automobile bodies and parts. Automobile repairing. Awnings, tents, and sails.	3 19 6 55 5	9 66 46 273 116	2 17 6 46 3	1 7 3 20 7	1 13 15	2 1 9 7	6 40 35 185 84	Jy Au Jy	9 55 38 212 99	Ja Ja Ja	5 20 31 164 68	8 55 32 187 84	8 55 32 186 23	61	: ····i		
7 8 9 10 11	Baskets, and rattan and willow ware. Bookbinding and blank-book making Boxes and cartons, paper Boxes, wooden packing. Brass and bronze products.	1 6	21 75 104 363 48	1 4 2 16 5	3 4 8 13 4	4 2 6 4	1 3 2 1	16 60 90 327 35	Oc Se	21 82 102 444 38	Je Fe	13 51 74 185 32	13 57 81 363 32	13 23 30 344 32	34 51 16	3		35,557 44,340 158,236 617,108 135,048
12 13	Bread and other bakery products Brick and tile, terra-cotta and fire- clay products.	163 42	1,093 455	200 37	23 18	105 16	65 2	700 382	Ју	720	No	670	658 514	492 514	162		3	1,614,972 1,764,121
14 15 16 17	Building brick. Sewerpipe and draintile. Brooms. Butter.	5	359 96 53 477	33 4 1 47	11 7 14 56	8 8 2 68	2 1 46	307 75 35 260	Jy Oc Oc Jy	528 111 39 297	No Do Jy Ja 4	142 28 29 226	390 124 38 252	390 124 35 234	3 18			1,091,132 672,989 76,498 1,320,556
18 19	Canning and preserving, fish	25 37	425 ·497	3 24	40 28	73 19	8 9	301 417	Ју	535	Fe	80	578 1,450	522 486	55 922	1 5	37	3,850,595 737,313
20 21 22 23 24 25	Canned vegetables and fruits Dried fruits Dried fruits Canning and preserving, oysters Carriages, wagons, and repairs Carriages and wagons Repair work only	13 24 5 18 11 7	248 249 35 77 52 25	7 17 4 24 16 8	10 18 2	7 12 4 4	6 3	218 199 29 49 32 17	Je Oc My Je ⁴ Je ⁴	672 652 51 56 37	Ap 4 Je Ja Ja Fe 4	20 19 7 43 28	772 678 41 49 31	171 315 21 49 31 18			• • • • • •	302,303 434,920 20,501 63,520 30,020 33,500
26	Cars and general shop construction and repairs by electric-railroad	4	256		5	23	3	225	Ja	287	De	170	170	168	2			701,318
27	companies. Cars and general shop construction and repairs by steam-railroad	14	1,705		49	53	2	1,601	Au	1,724	My 1	1,403	1,654	1,653		1	•••••	1,348,651
28 29 30	Cheese Coffee, roasting and grinding Coffins, and burial cases, and under- takers' goods.	41 9 3	115 193 9	23 1 1	41 17	1 64 1	<u>i</u> 2	50 99 7	Je Au My 4	77 109 8	Ja Mh' 4 Fe 4	19 91 6	58 96 8	57 53 6	1 42 2	i		140,684 756,657 25,787
31	Condensed milk and milk products, other than butter and cheese.	5	141		8	5	4	124	Му	160	Se	104	114	103	9	1	1	812,625
32 33	Confectionery and ice cream Confectionery, including chew- ing gum	35 26	551 456	33 26	21 15	72 64	23 15	402 336	Oc	367	Au	298	417 367	136 114	261 251		20 2	1,353,318 1,040,256
34 35 36 37	Ice cream Cooperage, hogsheads and barrels Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products Engraving steel and copper plate, including plate printing.	9 62 7	95 35 614 52	7 7 65 2	6 3 21 5	8 1 43 8		66 24 466 36	Jy Jy Jy Ja	85 30 638 39	Ja Ja De Se	46 15 346 33	50 21 390 36	22 21 380 28	10 10 8		18	313,062 96,836 5,407,963 56,122
38 39 40	Flavoring extracts. Flour-mill and gristmill products. Food preparations, not elsewhere specified.	4 95 18	8 696 128	3 80 15	1 74 11	1 75 20	17 3	450 79	Se	5 2 539	Аp	5 2 366	2 497 91	1 497 76	₁₃ .	2		9,423 9,075,946 633,148
41	Breadstuff preparations, macaroni, and meat products. All other preparations for human	9	73	7	4	10		52	Oc	57	Му	48	55	42	11	2		247, 245
42	i consumption i	9	55	8	7	10	3	27	Мy	39	Mh 4	20	36	34	2			385,903
43 44	Foundry and machine-shop products. Fur goods	98 6	860 54	82 5	63	41 5	14 6	660 35	Fe De	718 51	No My	591 21	628 51	628 19	32			2,400,472 153,084
45 46	Furniture	21 16	751 647	17 15	25 19	25 18	11 11	673 584	Ja.	621	Au	529	669 591	663 585	6			1,874,131 1,720,538
47	Metal, including store and office fixtures.	5	104	2	. 6	7		89	Ја	102	No	77	78	78	i			153,593
48 49 50 51	Gas and electric fixtures. Gas, illuminating and heating. Glass, cutting, staining, and ornamenting. Hand stamps.	4 9 4	26	1	18 2	9 149 1	3 18 1	21 385 21	Ap 4 Ap Fe 4	24 503 23	No 4 Au Je	306 17	19 357 23	19 357 21	2			96, 836 12, 930, 138 155, 788
52	Ice, manufactured	3	18	2	1	6	2	7	Se 4	8	Ja	5	7	7 .				9, 475
53 54 55 56	Jewelry. Leather, tanned, curried, and finished Lime Liquors, malt	- 27 8 5 3 10	163 59 40 19 246	22 9 4 1 4	21 1 1 3 16	9 1 1 1 33	5 3 4	106 45 34 14 189	Au Ja Fe 4 Ap Jy 4	155 49 38 23 208	De 4 Jy 4 Se De Fe	71 42 30 6 170	101 43 31 24 185	101 43 31 24				1, 224, 047 28, 620 177, 494 179, 586 3, 615, 803
57 58	Looking-glass and picture framesLumber and timber products	3 439	8 14,030	500	324	311	1	1	De	3	Fe 4 De 9,	0	3	185 .				10,318 41,025,901
	¹ Owned power only. ² I	ncludes	rented p	ower.				.,	9.NT - 4	3	,و ت	, 202 []	14,988 1	14, 930	45	6	1	41,020,901

²Includes rented power, other than electric.

⁸ No figures shown for reasons given in "Explanation of terms,"

OR MORE, BY INDUSTRIES, AND FOR CITIES OF 10,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1914.

				EXPE	NSES.								POV	VER.			
	Sala	ries and wa	ges.		Rent an	d taxes.	For ma	terials.		Value		Primar	y horse	power.		Electric horse-	
O	fficials.	Clerks, etc.	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including internal revenue and corporation income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	In- ternal com- bus- tion en- gines.	Water wheels and mo- tors.1	Elec- tric (rent- ed).	power gene- rated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	THE	STATE	ALL INDU	STRIES C	OMBINED	AND SPE	CIFIED IN	DUSTRI	ES.					
\$2,	, 760, 425	\$2,922,326	\$20,931,577	\$725,562	\$878,709	\$1,256,338	\$61,199,376	\$2,058,445	\$109,761,951			116,591	1,346	57,275	44,010	9,729	1
	1,200 7,985 4,920 29 ,570 14 ,678	1,344 2,340 19,606 22,288	5,410 33,471 32,042 178,288 44,923		400 3,376 7,260 44,816 9,741	378 1,192 158 2,268 2,500	8,725 40,647 49,485 135,219 186,575	681 2,257 921 10,756 1,028	29,447 146,039 115,261° 533,961 492,871	20,041 103,135 64,855 387,986 305,268	28 252 42 293 29		47 8		28 205 42 285 29		
	3,000 10,800 17,940 24,020 8,760	257 5,502 3,273 9,900 2,640	10,943 34,274 48,720 196,256 33,688	30 716	576 5,558 9,330 2,190 1,915	158 869 1,198 3,675 780	9,112 22,095 71,418 545,799 55,165	264 1,168 1,653 3,156 4,093	27,826 98,302 219,202 1,027,246 139,647	18,450 75,039 146,131 478,291 80,389	8 63 50 1,263 138	40 878	10		8 63 10 375 138	5	10
	47,239 22,885	144,264 18,643	463,320 200,751	255 3,012	64,378 2,805	18,005 9,840	1,812,565 27,292	66,963 138,084	3,325,789 521,368	1,446,261 355,992	. 589 2,894	164 2,220	39 59	3	383 615	30 10	1:
	12,250 10,635 3,400 65,832	9,910 8,733 1,700 72,290	154,219 46,532 17,947 202,760	2,517 495 6,990	2,050 755 1,987 23,312	5,577 4,263 88 7,709	12,088 15,204 65,893 3,532,998	111,162 26,922 451 46,504	395,449 125,919 102,680 4,268,652	272,199 83,793 36,336 689,150	2,411 483 74 1,408	1,819 401 62 456	57 2 28	34	535 80 12 890	10 150	1: 1: 1: 1:
	72,115 26,564	71,607 10,648	171,679 131,764	118,963 254	17,741 7,076	29,659 5,982	1,847,606 1,047,425	27,889 10,734	2,929,657 1,552,077	1,054,162 493,918	1,016 567	796 403	55 5	3	162 159	4	1
	11,014 15,550 1,680	4,315 6,333	81,743 50,021 8,069	254	5,026 2,050	2,453 3,529 201	341,287 706,138 26,461	4,994 5,740 539	663,566 888,511 42,076	317, 285 176, 633 15, 076 109, 854 68, 711	338 229 20 95	261 142 20	5		77 82		22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22
 		2,760 2,760	42,630 24,623 18,007	351 351	9,307 6,124 3,183	1,525 1,085 440	26, 461 38, 519 17, 133 21, 386	4,596 2,420 2,176	152,969 88,264 64,705	68,711 41,143	51 44		5		90 51 39		2
	10,020	24,900	196,136		648	25	300,858	3,646	536,237	231,733	737	200			537		2
	77,992	52,795	1,343,158			1,990	939,667	79,640	2,583,653	1,564,346	1,370	689	22		659	•••••	2
	7,573 46,520	240 132,108 294	46,073 61,354 5,390	865 2,462	1,486 17,372 960	1,189 7,020 149	818,028 1,521,754 13,506	7,910 10,366 484	906,599 2,049,844 37,168	80,661 517,724 23,178	132 329 27	132			329 27		24 63
	15,935	8,320	76,215			9,794	1,070,998		1,392,698 2,025,894	295,836 936,384	287 713	180 125	4	3	107 581	2	69.69
	51,260 34,388	108, 955 95, 845	207, 856 156, 645	120 120	36,440 27,315	15,236 13,332	1,059,142 797,950 261,192	14, 337	1,580,735 445,159	768, 448	293 420	40 85	4	. 3	250 331		
	16,872 3,600 60,942 13,649	13,110 1,000 52,892 8,186	51, 211 24, 658 332, 624 38, 235	724 2,815 60	9, 125 1, 400 18, 813 7, 356	1,904 1,449 13,983 350	39, 350 1, 646, 350 14, 041	853 10,374	106, 152 2, 674, 524 95, 691	65,949	76 438 17	8	5		63 438 17	5	
	897 1:0,065 5,824	526 100, 410 25, 721	364 329, 948 52, 733	50 423 270	390 40, 400 6, 944	49 48, 438 4, 114	4,701 9,726,888 610,996	100,343	10, 463 11, 192, 573 877, 544	5,703 1,365,342 252,780	8, 565 633	534 515	212	3, 453	4,366 118	57 600	
	,624	i	35,081	070	2,350	2,757	382, 108		539, 550 337, 994	148, 503 104, 277	574 59	505 10			69	600	
	11,200 103,387 2,750		17,652 543,159	4,476	4,594 27,966	1,357 23,039 1,438	228, 888 730, 292 59, 222	50,000	1,870,540 189,554	1 1	2,573	70	151	62	2,290 8		-
	65, 403	41 332	29, 261 421, 732	75	9,330 1,770	1	526, 675	17, 523	1,335,380 1,123,050	791, 182	1,674 1,492	563 473	21 21	32 32	1,058 966	520 520	
	52, 14: 13, 26		352, 433 69, 299		7,560		73,634		212,330	136, 387	182	90			. 92		-
	11,59 40,99 2,40	11,742 0 128,207 0 480	17,797 309,895 13,597		3,471 1,340	102,307	106, 875 60, 113 8, 694	1,619 343,915 1,092	167, 297 1,528, 060 43,585	58,803 1,124,032 33,799	2,482 48	2,449	-	3	30 25 48	1,112	;
	1,50	0 5,520	4,988	807	1 '	1	5,541		28,722 375,607		2,650	1,490	,	248	912	75	-
	32,44 65 1,20 1,84 41,47	0 720 8 403	92, 488 32, 787 20, 090 8, 200 228, 313		4,429	9,062 160 1,080 288 237,426	0,574	536 3,247 8,686	86,575 187,602 25,661	65,112 39,845 11,401	2,028 2,028	49			. 34		
	714,26	832	1,120		1,200	73	2,403	172	9,550 27,509,638		3	86,371	i i8	3,85	5,518	6,894	

6 Same number reported throughout the year.

⁴ Same number reported for one or more months.

TABLE 29.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE, AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

_	IABUE							710 111		111111	,		710 013) I. OU		T1/11/	TDITTWITS
_	·				PERSO	ONS EN	GAGEI	IN THE	INDU	STRY.				GE EARN EST REPI				
		Num- ber	,		Sala- ried	Clerk	s, etc.		w	age earn	ers.			16 and	over.	Und	er 16.	
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	of estab- lish-		Pro- prie- tors	offi- cers, su-				Nu	ımber, 1	5th day	y of—						Capital.
		ments.	Total.	and firm mem-	perin- tend- ents,	Male.	Fe- male.	Aver- age			.		Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male,	Fe-	
				bers.	and man-		mare.	num- ber.		ximum ionth.		mum nth.			mare.		male.	
-	WITTE OR	0.400	177 72	DIIG	agers.	9015						~~~~				<u> </u>		
_	1	69	905	1	1	ī	ī	1	1		1			ntinued	•		1	
1	Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.			62	50	52	9	732			De	625	733	733				\$2, 823, 421
3	Marble and stone work. Mattresses and spring beds	24 8	135 77	25 8	8 4	11 4	3 2	88 59	1	68	De Je	74 49	91 64	91 55	9			246, 640 165, 709
5	Mineral and soda waters Models and patterns, not including paper patterns.	33 6	105 20	37 9	* 7	2	2 1	57 10	Se Ap	66 14	Mh Au 8	45 8	57 9	54 9	3			167, 891 14, 273
6	Musical instruments, drums, violins, and other stringed instruments. Optical goods	6 5	23	3	6	3		1 11	Oc	4 1 13	Ja. 8	4 1 10	1 12	1 11				6, 170 33, 031
9	Paints Patent medicines and compounds	5 20	30 97	4 39	3 6	4 7 2	1 3	18 42	Oc Ja	23 49	De ^B	17 36	18 55	16 45	10			302, 010
10 11	Paving materials. Printing and publishing, book and job.	112	35 754	111	5 54	47	27	26 515	Му	61	De 8	3	44 527	441 441	80	5	1	227, 781 1, 250, 941
12 13	Job printing. Book printing, publishing, and linotype work.	105 7	699 55	100 11	53 1	33 14	22 5	491 24	Ap Oc	503 26	Je De s	474 22	503 24	417 24	80	5	1	1, 157, 189 93, 752
14 15	Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals. Printing and publishing	251 12	1,880	242 7	95 18	457 190	141	945	No	251	Jv	221	961 232	846 223	103	11	1	2, 870, 709 503, 281
16 17	Printing, publishing and job printing. Publishing, without printing	189 50	1,240 172	195 40	53 24	210 57	70 51	712	Му	727	Jy Ja	693	729	623	95	10	i	2, 216, 544 150, 884
18 19	Saddlery and harness	41 20	250 199	45 31	10	26	. 6	163 163	Му	178	Oc	148	163 161	161 161	2			743, 410 435, 190
20 21	boat building. New vessels Small boats, including repair	9 11	166 33	14 17	1	2	1	148 15	Mh Mh	205 18	De Se 8	91 12	149	149 12				308,088
22	work. Signs and advertising novelties, other than electric.	13	55	13	1	3	2	36	Ap	40	Fe	33	12 38	37	1			37, 111 181, 016
23 24	Slaughtering and meat packing Stoves, hot-air furnaces, and ranges	14 10	563 104	8 7	25 12	78 3	10 2	442 80	De My	498 93	My Ja	400 53	500 82	482 82 .				3,477,641 301,875
25 26	Structural ironwork not made in steel works or rolling mills. Tobacco, cigars	7 63	193 232	5 72	11	15	1	161	Oc	200	Je	119	154	154 .				598,099
27 28	Tobacco, cigars Vinegar and cider Wirework, including wire rope and cable.	5 4	26 11	1 4	3 1	2	1	154 19 6	Au De Mh	164 41 9	De Ap ⁸ Se	141 7 3	167 42 7	142 42 7				157, 106 119, 208 17, 460
29 30	Wood, turned and carved	5	23 24	$\frac{1}{7}$	1			21 17	Ap My	24 31	Au ⁸ Ja ⁸	19 4	21 26	21 26				35,827 14,280
31 32	Woolen goodsAll other industries *	7 151	3, 388	121	15 130	27 275	83 83	648 2,779	Ар 	712	Se	561	633	389	238		6	1,867,087 27,718,300
Art	* All other industries embrace: ificial limbs	Carriag Charco	ge and wa	gon m	aterial	s	3	Engra	ving s	and die	sinking		2	Hosier	y and	knit g	oods	
Ba Ba	s, other than paper. 2	Cordag	ing prepa ing men's e and twi	ino	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	1	Furnis Furs. c	hing dresse	goods, n	10n's	•••••	2	tific.	nents,	protes: I, steel	works	and roll- washas,
Blu		Dairyn	anu nar	voring	sirups.		2	Grease	and t	mittens, tallow, s	leathe oan ste	r	1	Iron ar	nd stee	ol, bolt	, nuts,	washas, 2 pe1
Bru			sts' prepa and finis					Hardw Hardw	are	addlery os other	•••••		2	Labels Lapida	and to	i, cust-i igs	ron pi	ore speci-
Car	pets, rag 2	Engine	s, steam,	gas, aı	nd wat	er		Hats,	fur-fe	lt		· · · · · · ·	2	mea.			lsowh	ore speci-
1	CITIES OF 50,000 IN	- 11	li	OR MO	ORE-	ALL	INDU	STRIES	S CO	MBINE	D AN	D SP	ECIFIE	D INDU	JSTRI	ŒS.		
2	PORTLAND—All industries Artificial stone products	11	14, 421 34	716	3	360	408				De 10,	=====		<u> </u>	419	15	37	\$8,670,058
4 5	Automobile repairing. Awnings, tents, and sails	6 49 5	46 255 116	39 3 2	3 19	1 12 15	1 9 7	35	Ap Au 3 Jy Jy	38 197	Ja Ja Ja	8 31 158	34 32 177	34 32 176		1		57, 261 47, 965 180, 370 345, 596
٠,	Bread and other bakery products Brick and tile, terra-cotta, and fire-	60 7	104 774 143	71	7 8 22	2 99	2 46	90 536	Oc Ja	102 553	De 3 Je No	68 74 509	84 81 487	23 30 358	61 51 129			345,596 158,236 1,222,775
9	clay products. Butter, cheese, and condensed milk. Canning and preserving Carriages, wagons, and repairs	9	221 168	7 4	18 8	8 48 17	1 24 4	124	Au Je Iv	140	De ⁸ Fe	81 110	201	201	14			840, 591 675, 589
$\begin{array}{c c} 12 & 0 \\ 13 & 0 \end{array}$	Coffee, roasting and grinding	13 9 17	62 193	18	17	4 64	12	40 99	Jy Je Au	10	Fe De Mh ³	53 4 91	325 36 96		226	5		267, 749 43, 981 756, 657
15	Copper, tin, and sheet-iron products. Engraving, steel and copper-plate, including plate printing.	45 7	409 556 52	1 17 45 2	14 20 5	64 43 8	13 18 1	301 430	Oc Jy Ja	336 603	Au	262 326 33	330 332 36	96 323 28	232			987, 545 5, 292, 511 56, 122
16 1	Flavoring extracts. 1 Owned p	4 Dower of	8 ∥ nlv.	3	1	1	1	2	ol 7	4 2		42	2	1	1			9, 423
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							* III	cinde	s rented	power	, other	than ele	etric.				

OR MORE, BY INDUSTRIES, AND FOR CITIES OF 10,000 TO 50,000 INHABITANTS: 1914—Continued.

\$71,979 \$71,979 \$13,120 5,508 4,360 60 2,200 5,000 5,709 1,740 74,824 57,341 17,483 549,709	Wage earners.	For contract work. HE STAT: \$11,125 474 100 401	Rent ar Rent of factory. E—ALL I \$18,707 9,090 6,343 5,124 1,754 1,008	Taxes, including internal revenue and corporation income. NDUSTRI \$20,826	For ma Principal materials. ES COMBI \$1,322,160 141,540	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	Value added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines.1	In- ternal com- bus- tion en- gines.2	Water wheels and mo-tors.1	Electric (rented).	Electric horse- power gene- rated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.
\$71,979 13,120 5,508 4,360 60 2,200 5,060 5,799 1,740 74,824 57,341 17,483 549,709	\$547,897 \$547,897 \$5,001 40,386 36,796 11,220 1,248 10,139 13,454	tract work. HE STAT: \$11,125	E—ALL I \$18,707 9,090 6,343 5,124 1,754	including internal revenue and corporation income. NDUSTRI \$20,826	materials. ES COMBI \$1,322,160	rent of power.	products.	by manu- facture.	Total.	en- gines.1	ternal com- bus- tion en- gines.2	wheels and mo-	tric (rent-	power gene- rated in estab- lish- ments report-
13, 120 5, 508 4, 360 60 2, 200 5, 060 5, 799 1, 740 74, 824 57, 341 17, 483 549, 709	\$547,897 85,001 40,386 36,796 11,220 1,248 10,139 13,454	\$11,125 474 100	\$18,707 9,090 6,343 5,124 1,754	\$20,826 1,532 1,104	\$1,322,160		SPECIFIE							
13, 120 5, 508 4, 360 60 2, 200 5, 060 5, 799 1, 740 74, 824 57, 341 17, 483 549, 709	85,001 40,386 36,796 11,220 1,248 10,139 13,454	474 100	9,090 6,343 5,124 1,754	1,532 1,104		\$36,389		D INDUST	RIES—C	ontinued	L.			
5,508 4,360 60 2,200 5,060 5,799 1,740 74,824 57,341 17,483 549,709	40,386 36,796 11,220 1,248 10,139 13,454	100	6,343 5,124 1,754	1,104	1/1 5/0		\$2,378,642	\$1,020,093	4,633	2, 295	1	70	2,267	
2,200 5,060 5,799 1,740 74,824 57,341 17,483 549,709	36,796 11,220 1,248 10,139 13,454	401	5,124 1,754	•	112,484	4,554 2,226	346, 127 210, 885	200,033 96,175	278 171		29		249 171	
2,200 5,060 5,799 1,740 74,824 57,341 17,483 549,709	1,248 10,139 13,454			2,272 86	82,671 4,201	2,926 756	211,094 32,815	125,497 27,858	135 47	25	6.	3	101 47	
5,760 5,799 1,740 74,824 57,341 17,483 549,709	13,454		2,000	46	5,477	203	17, 132	11,452	4				4	
1,740 74,824 57,341 17,483 549,709	21,813 21,858 471,539		3,708 2,353	103 1,783	21,084 120,729	171 1,726	63,566 160,935	42,311 38,480	11 137				11 137	
57,341 17,483 549,709	411,000	491 33,648	5,795 	376 2,020 8,107	107,973 89,976 525,167	740 7,728 20,115	216,714 130,752 1,688,827	108,001 33,048 1,143,545	25 1,201 680	20 716	3 ₁	2	2 485 676	6 20
549,709	438,926	24,179	75,593	7,756 351	513,840 11,327	18,404 1,711	1,578,306 110,521	1,046,062 97,483	667		2	2.	663	20
	32, 613 863, 263	9,469 185,867	2,186 102,357	23,234	935,639	42,961	4,126,752	3,148,152	6,470		72	30	6,368	
177,774 286,324	229,797 633,466	2,304 12,288	24,967 63,254	4,159 18,487	290,059 611,278	9,122 33,359	1,074,898 2,519,620	775,717 1,874,983	441 6,026		2 70	30	439 5,926	
85,611 28,910	135,582	171,275 326	14,136 21,840	588 4,822	34,302 607,139	480 4,228	532, 234 952, 394	497,452 341,027	3 190	41			3 149	
3,070	157,960		4,369	3,734	111,557	2,891	332,074	217,626	445	247	51		147	
3,070	142,681 15,279		3,566 803	3,005 729	95, 652 15, 905	2,481 410	292, 165 39, 909	194,032 23,594	324 121	213 34	7 44		104 43	
5,230	39,777		12,964	395	50,922	141	152,627	101,564	1 344	187		7	1.144	
4,350	74,724				125,535	3,743	289,037	159,759	88				88	
2,640	108,614	114	10,214	23,004	147.238	946	383,048	234, 864	2				2	
2,645	13,438 5,184	458	1,900 780	346 216	47,924 10,064	580 300	113,314 30,085	64,810 19,721	22	30			22	
	$11,064 \\ 12,264$	350	1,285 874	295 21	13,701 10,366	198 454	36,514 27,187	22,615 16,367	60 74	60 25			49	
42,009 321,679	372,957 1,932,604	10,331	$^{1,474}_{93,394}$	12,898 117,214	898,430 7,332,527	44,556 540,843	1,701,587 12,640,998	758,601 4,767,628	1,670 71,462	353 12,787	202 111	625 48,821	490 9,743	239
greaseslace goods dand uni pastements, pi ruments, and hook	s ramed anos piano, ma rs and eyes	1 Pr 1 Pr 2 Pr 1 Pr 1 Pr 1 Pr 1 Rr 1 Rr 1 Rr 1 Sa 5 Sa	octoengravickies and spes, tobacc atted ware. ocketbooks ottery, eart inting mat ce, cleanin mother good les	hen and sterials g and polisherials, metas	one ware ning	2 Ship 4 Shir 1 Shov 2 Soar 1 Spor 1 Stea 1 Stea 1 Stea 2 Stea 2 Ster 1 Surg	building, iroits v. cases ting and ath lary and art m fitting an ter heating m packing cils and brausotyping and ical applianc	etic goods goods d steam an apparatus ds electrotypin	1 4 4 1 d hot 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Tool Trui Typ Um Upl Wal Was Wir Woo Woo	ls	valises s and stand can mater r. d door sillation.erving.ng	ippliesesials, exc	elsior
i		1	l .	1	1	T	ĺl .	ī	ĪI .	li .			17.558	1,644
,830,081	\$8,541,997	\$239, 229	3, 280	553	25 149	574	84 203	58, 570	35				33	
2,340 18,606 22,288 3,273	32,042 171,955 44,923	7,666	7,260 42,676 9,741 9,330	158 1,841 2,500 1,198	49, 485 128, 884 186, 575 71, 418	921 10, 278 1, 028 1, 653	219, 202	146, 131	269 29 50	40		-	269 29 10	
131, 935 7, 824	353, 543 62, 072	967	36,937 1,160	14,748 6,150	1,393,541 15,728	37,914 61,159	2,526,548 212,804	135, 917	947	757		-	190	30 10
45,361 27,686 2,760	91,688 72,274 34,124	351	14, 128 6, 303 8, 350	2,819 2,184 1,472	1,423,156 311,441 26,310	21,248 4,260 3,590	1,726,341 585,403 120,934			141			51 70	
132, 108 94, 805 52, 592 8, 186	61,354 137,315 311,321 38,235	2,462 2,710 60	17,372 19,390 15,935 7,356	7,020 12,744 13,569 350	1,521,754 731,692 1,496,638 14,041	10, 366 11, 193 9, 082 1, 306	2,049,844 1,450,922 2,446,524 95,691	517, 724 708, 037 940, 804 80, 344	329 260 389 17	1		-	. 220 389	
526	364 ne number re	50	390	49	4,701	59	10,463	5,703		1.0	1	1 .		
g rile o	5,230 98,577 4,350 17,545 2,640 2,645 42,009 321,679 Is. cases good: 1 and unipaste ments, pi ments, pi ments, pi ments, pi 380,081 2,340 22,288 3,278 31,935 7,824 45,361 27,686 22,288 3,278 31,935 7,824 45,361 27,686 27,686 27,686 27,889 48,955 52,592 8,186	5,230 39,777 98,577 308,717 4,350 74,724 17,545 140,890 2,640 108,614 2,645 13,438 5,184 11,064 12,264 42,009 372,957 1,932,604 18. 18. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19.	15,279	15,279 803 5,230 39,777 12,964 98,577 308,717 7,750 7,403 17,545 140,890 900 10,732 2,640 108,614 114 10,214 2,645 13,438 458 1,900 12,645 12,264 350 1,285 12,264 350 1,285 12,264 350 1,285 12,264 350 1,285 321,679 1,932,604 10,331 93,394 332,679 1,932,604 10,331 93,394 351 360,395 360	15,279	15,279	15,279	15,279	15,279	1,004 350 1,285 295 13,701 198 36,514 22,615 60 12,264 360 1,285 295 13,701 198 36,514 22,615 60 12,264 360 1,337 12,364 360 37,297 308,717 308,	5,230 39,777 12,964 395 55,922 141 152,627 101,564 6 98,677 308,717 7,750 9,528 6,142,410 60,045 7,486,902 1,284,465 1,344 187 4,350 74,724 7,7403 1,337 125,535 3,743 2289,037 129,759 88 17,545 140,890 900 10,732 3,338 395,162 6,398 649,604 248,044 195 2,640 108,614 114 10,214 23,004 147,233 946 383,048 234,864 2 46,810 94 22,645 13,448 465 1,900 216 10,064 300 30,085 119,721 22 11,064 350 1,285 295 13,701 198 36,514 22,615 60 40 12,264 198,264 199 113,264 199 113,264 199 12,264 199 12,264 199 113	5,230 39,777 12,964 395 50,922 141 152,627 101,564 6	5,230 39,777 12,964 395 50,922 141 152,627 101,564 6	5,230 39,777 12,964 395 50,922 141 152,627 101,564 0 0 0 98,677 308,717 7,750 9,528 6,124,410 60,045 7,485,203 1,284,465 1,344 187 6 7 1,144 4,550 74,724 7,750 1,337 125,535 3,743 289,037 159,769 88 117,645 140,890 900 10,732 3,338 305,102 6,308 649,604 248,044 195 195 2,645 13,438 458 1,900 346 47,924 580 113,11 04,810 94 30 30 30,088 13,721 22 24 22 11,044 350 1,285 295 13,701 198 38,643 244,864 2

TABLE 29.—DETAIL STATEMENT FOR THE STATE, AND FOR CITIES OF 50,000 INHABITANTS

=					PERS	ONS EI	NGAGEI	IN THE	E IND	USTRY.			WA NEAR	GE EAR EST RE	NERS D	EC. 15,	OR DAY.	
		Num-			Sala-	Cler	ks, etc.		V	Vage ear	ners.			16 ar	d over	Uno	der 16.	-
	INDUSTRY AND CITY.	of estab- lish-		Pro- prie- tors	offi- cers, su-				- 1	umber,	15th d	lay of—	- 11			-		Capital,
		ments.	Total.	and firm mem- bers.	ents,		Fe- male.	Average number.	M	aximun month.		nimun ionth.	Total.	Male	· Fe-male	Male	Fe- male.	
	CITIES OF 50,000 INHA	BITAN	TS OR	Mori	E—AL	L INI	OUSTI	RIES C	ОМЕ	SINED	AND	SPEC	IFIED I	ndus	TRIES	—Cont	inued.	
1 2	PORTLAND—Continued. Flour-mill and gristmill products Food preparations, not elsewhere specified.	1 1	258 128	4 15	18 11	45 20	8	183 79	·			· · · · · ·	. 91	209 76	13	2	1 1	\$4,648,208 633,148
3	Breadstuff preparations, maca- roni and meat products. All other preparations for human consumption.	9	73 55	7 8	7	10 10	3	52 27		5 57 4 5	1 "	48 48	55 36	34	11 2	2		247, 245 385, 903
5 6	Foundry and machine-shop products Fur goods	53 6	588 54	35 5	43 3	26 5	13 6	471 35	Fo			· 428	445 51	445 19	32			1,680,641 153,084
7 8 9	Furniture Wood, other than rattan and willow.	12 7	671 567	6 4	22 16	24 17	11 11	608 519	Fe		1	465	600 522	595 517	5 5			1, 765, 010 1, 611, 417
10	Metal, including store and office fixtures. Gas and electric fixtures. Glass, cutting, staining, and orna- menting.	5 4 4	104 38 26	2 1 1	6 4 2	7 9 1	3 1	89 21 21	Ja Ap Fe	102 3 24 3 23	No		78 19 23	78 19 21	2	•••••		153, 593 98, 157 155, 788
3	Hand stamps	1 1	18 75	2	1	6	2	7	Se			5.	7	7				9,475
4 5 6	Ice, manufactured Jewelry Lumber and timber products Lumber, planing-mill products, not including planing mills connected with sawmills.	8 12 19	2, 208 456	9 1 8	10 1 52 21	4 1 60 32	3 15 3	54 45 2,080 392	Au Ja Ap Mh	49	Jу De	39 42 1,620 333	45 43 2,130 394	45 43 2, 129 394	1			715, 459 28, 620 7, 500, 535 1, 207, 193
7 8	Marble and stone work	11 3	96 24	11 4	8	7	3	67 18	Му		De	53	67	67				168,480
- 1	Mineral and soda waters. Models and patterns, not including paper patterns. Musical instruments, drums, violins, and other stringed instruments.	6	20 8	9 7		1	1	10 1	Se Ap	21 14	De Au	3 15 8	17 9 1	16 9	1		:::::	14, 281 14, 273
١.	Optical goods	5	23	3	6	3		11	Oc	13	Ja. 8	10	12	11		1		6, 179 33, 031
1	Printing and publishing, book and job Job printing. Book printing, publishing, and linotype work.	79 72 7	662 607 55	69 58 11	51 50 1	30 14	26 21 5	472 448 24	Ap Oc	464 8 26	Je De	432 22	481 457 24	408 384 24	69 69	3 3	1 1	1,071,658 977,906 93,752
3	Printing and publishing, newspapers and periodicals. Printing and publishing Printing, publishing, and job printing.	57 4 9	1,011 440 417	42 1 4	47 15 12	356 187 118	95 19 30	471 218 253	No De	236	Ţу	206	476 215	459 208	7			1, 414, 442 446, 770
	Saddlery and harness.	44 18 5	154 187 48	37 20 7	20 8	51 22 1	46 6	131 40	My My	261 144	Ja Se	243	261	251 129	10			842, 103 125, 509 503, 834
2	building. Signs and advertising novelties, other than electric. Structural incompany not made in	13	55	13	1	3	2	36	Ap	72 40	De Fe	6 33	52 38	52 37	1 .			236, 856 181, 916
	Structural ironwork, not made in steel works or rolling mills. Tobacco, cigars	7 22 4	193 95	23	11 1 1 .	15 2	1	161 69	Oc Fe	200 83	Je Au	119 64	154 71	154 60		1		508,009
- 1	cable. All other industries*	197	4, 268	175	192	287	64	6 3,550	Mh	9	Se	3	7	7	11			62,749 17,460 14,751,111
ablags aki ask elti laci lui ook oot oxe	bitt metal and solder	Carriage Carriage Cars and and r compa Cars and and r compa Charcoa Cleansin Clothing	s, toilet. s, rag q and wa d genera eepairs anies d genera repairs anies l	gon ma I shop by elect I shop by sterations	aterials constructric-ra constru eam-ra	uction ilroad uction ilroad	2 2 3 1 1 1 1	Cooper Cordag Cordia Drugg Dyeing Electri Supp Engine Engra Fertili Furnis Galvan Gas, ill	goods rage ye and ists'; g and ical n lies es, ste ving zers thing nizing lumin	d twine d flavor: preparat finishin tachiner aam, gas and die goods, 1	ing exions. g text y app , and sinkir nen's	tracts. tiles aratus water g	2 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Hair Hardy Hardy Hats stra Hats, Hosier Ice cre Instru tific Iron as ing r Iron a	work ware ware, se and c w, and fur-felt yand learn ments, and stee mills	ddlery aps, o wool mit goo profess l,steel	ods sional a	or 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 1 1
A	STORIA	11			T	1	TI.	NTS-A	LL	INDUS	TRIE	s con	BINED		·			
N N	UGENE. fEDFORD.	57 37 18 67	1,375 322 89 934	46 40 12 62	38 14 9 46	94 21 4 74	25 9 5 20	238	Jy Au Jy Oc	270 71	De No De Ap	993 215 49 556	1, 254 225 66 1, 084	1,204 177 57 606		1		\$5, 293, 138 651, 351 230, 209 2, 365, 366

¹ Owned power only.

² Includes rented power, other than electric.

Salar	EXPENSES.									POWER.					
Salaries and wages.			Rent and taxes.		For materials.			Value	Primary horsepower.			h	horse- power		
officials.	Clerks,	Wage earners.	For contract work.	Rent of factory.	Taxes, including internal revenue and corporation income.	Principal materials.	Fuel and rent of power.	Value of products.	added by manu- facture.	Total.	Steam en- gines. ¹	com- bus- tion	Water wheels and mo- tors.1	Electric (rented).	gene- rated in estab- lish- ments report- ing.
	CITIES	OF 50,000	TIBAHNI	ANTS OI	R MORE-	ALL IND	USTRIES	COMBINEI	AND SPE	CIFIED	INDUS	STRIES-	Conti	nued.	
\$56,884 15,821	\$65,478 25,721	\$134, 985 52, 733	\$270	\$37,890 6,944	\$18,997 4,114	\$4,651,837 610,996	\$47,007 13,768	\$5,228,912 877,544	\$5,300,068 252,780	1,925 633 574	10 515 505			1,915 118 69	600
4,621	10,367	35,081	270	2,350 4,594	2,757 1,357	382, 108 228, 888	8,939 4,829	539, 550 337, 994	148,503 104,277	59	10			49	
11, 200 80, 614	15,354 32,526	17,652 396,659	4, 137	21, 100	17, 498	519, 901 59, 222	32,430 544	1,383,591 189,554	831,260 129,788	1,813				1,813 8	
2, 750 58, 122	15, 215 40, 072	29, 261 388, 647		15, 120 8, 750 1, 190	9,436 8,913	492, 415 418, 781	16, 033 13, 724	1,247,005 1,034,675	738,557 602,170	1,466 1,284	443 353			1,023 931	520 520
44, 862 13, 260	30, 293 9, 779	319, 348 69, 299		7,560	523	73, 634	2,309	212,330	, 136, 387	182	90			92	
11,591 2,400	11,742 480	17, 797 13, 597	300	3,471 1,340	1,448 1,501	106, 875 8, 694	1,619 1,092	167, 297 43, 585	58, 803 33, 799	30 48			. , 	30 48	
1,500	5,520	4,988	807	1,644	131	5,541	196	28,722	22,985	4				4	
20, 890 650 131, 677 41, 580	5, 956 2, 001 105, 784 40, 727	45,610 32,787 1,620,057 296,289	180 19,398 323	14,580 4,429 24,449 12,175	4,643 160 103,159 9,425	13, 691 20, 927 3, 943, 127 578, 827	47, 476 536 14, 474 9, 969	177, 590 86, 575 6, 586, 719 1, 082, 843	116, 423 65, 112 2, 629, 118 494, 047	1, 213 34 12, 181 1, 793	960 11,461 1,090			253 34 720 703	75 144
13,490	8,400	64, 440	275	7,806	817	107, 708	3,569	264, 265	152, 988	226		29		197	.,
800	1,800 60	12,330 11,220		880 1,754	128 86	15, 768 4, 201	347 756	45,590 32,815	29, 475 27, 858	9 47	2			7 47	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1,248		1,008	46	5, 477	203	17,132	11,452	4				4	
5,280	2, 200	10, 139		3,708	103	21,084	171	63,566 1,520,306	42, 311 1, 020, 431	11 592	,			11 592	20
107, 805 105, 725 2, 080	71,634 54,151 17,483	427, 541 394, 928 32, 613	31,972 22,503 9,469	67, 822 65, 636 2, 186	6, 722 6, 371 351	483,034 471,707 11,327	16, 841 15, 130 1, 711	1, 320, 300 1, 409, 785 110, 521	922, 948 97, 483	579 13				579 13	20
129,611	424,696	478, 684	156, 206	57,602	13,675	703,947	18,008	2, 634, 823	1,912,868	845		-		845 421	
47, 990 50, 484	173, 822 172, 502	216, 099 262, 585	2,023 6,412	23, 167 22, 651	3,896 9,204	284, 952 385, 053	8,007 9,521	1,028,832 1,134,151	1	421 421		-		421	
31, 137 14, 312	78, 372 24, 880 1, 220	107, 572 37, 464	. 147,771 326	11, 784 13, 635 2, 074	575 2, 737 2, 460	33, 942 519, 840 18, 572	2, 974 160	471, 840 790, 154 79, 925	267, 340 61, 193	3 171 84	41 46			130 38 6	
2,080	5, 230	39,777		1	395	50, 922 395, 162			101,564 248,044	6 195				195	
23,553 1,451	17,545 2,640	140, 890 51, 785		4,742	9,542	61,357	219	160,358	,	11 .	 	-		22	
1,451 1,200 380,013		5, 184 2, 642, 915	200	1	1			11	1	i.i	2,770	5	ļ	6,397	245

³ Same number reported throughout the year.